

# New College Graduates at Work: Employment Among 1992–93, 1999–2000, and 2007–08 Bachelor’s Degree Recipients 1 Year After Graduation (NCES 2014-003)

## Errata Sheet

**March 2015**

In the Stats in Brief, *New College Graduates at Work—Employment Among 1992–93, 1999–2000, and 2007–08 Bachelor’s Degree Recipients 1 Year After Graduation*, data labels in Figure 2, in Figure 8, and in the corresponding text were revised to correct errors that appeared in the original release. In addition, the data in Figures 7, 8, and 9 were corrected to omit enrolled students. The findings of the original report did not change except for engineering and humanities majors. Specifically, the difference in median annual salary for engineering majors between 2001 and 2009 reported in the original report was not significant (page 10). The reported difference in the salary of humanities majors who reported jobs unrelated and closely related to their major in 2009 was also not significant (page 12).

The key findings text on page 3:

“In constant dollars, median annual salaries after 1 year were lower in 2009 than in 2001 for graduates in computer and information sciences, **engineering**, social sciences, humanities, business, and other applied fields. In contrast, median annual salaries were higher in 2001 than in 1994 for all majors except health care (figure 7).”

was changed to:

“In constant dollars, median annual salaries after 1 year were lower in 2009 than in 2001 for graduates in computer and information sciences, social sciences, humanities, business, and other applied fields. In contrast, median annual salaries were higher in 2001 than in 1994 for all majors except health care (figure 7).”

The key findings text on page 3:

“In 2009, recent graduates who reported that their jobs were closely related to their majors earned more than graduates reporting jobs that were either somewhat or unrelated to their major (\$40,000 vs. **\$35,000** and \$31,000, respectively) (figure 8).”

was changed to:

“In 2009, recent graduates who reported that their jobs were closely related to their majors earned more than graduates reporting jobs that were either somewhat or unrelated to their major (\$40,000 vs. **\$35,100** and \$31,000, respectively) (figure 8).”

The original data label on page 5, Figure 2. UNEMPLOYMENT AND JOB UNRELATED TO MAJOR BY SEX, for the category:

Job unrelated to major, Female, 2009: **28**

was changed to:

Job unrelated to major, Female, 2009: **27**

The corresponding text description on page 5:

“...The percentage of respondents who reported unrelated employment was higher in 2009 than in 2001 and among both women (**28** percent vs. 22 percent) and men (26 percent vs. 23 percent).”

was changed to:

“...The percentage of respondents who reported unrelated employment was higher in 2009 than in 2001 and among both women (**27** percent vs. 22 percent) and men (26 percent vs. 23 percent).”

The original data labels of page 10, Figure 7. MEDIAN SALARIES AND UNDERGRADUATE MAJOR, for categories:

Total, 2001:	<b>38,800</b>
Total, 2009:	<b>36,500</b>
Computer and information sciences, 2009:	<b>50,000</b>
Engineering, 2009:	<b>54,200</b>
Other STEM fields, 1994:	<b>29,500</b>
Other STEM fields, 2009:	<b>34,400</b>
Social sciences, 1994:	<b>29,000</b>
Humanities, 1994:	<b>26,300</b>
Humanities, 2001:	<b>35,900</b>
Health care fields, 2009:	<b>45,800</b>
Education, 1994:	<b>26,900</b>
Education, 2001:	<b>33,900</b>
Education, 2009:	<b>34,000</b>
Other applied, 1994:	<b>27,800</b>

were changed to:

Total, 2001:	<b>39,400</b>
Total, 2009:	<b>37,000</b>
Computer and information sciences, 2009:	<b>48,000</b>
Engineering, 2009:	<b>55,000</b>
Other STEM fields, 1994:	<b>30,100</b>
Other STEM fields, 2009:	<b>35,000</b>
Social sciences, 1994:	<b>29,500</b>
Humanities, 1994:	<b>26,900</b>
Humanities, 2001:	<b>36,200</b>
Health care fields, 2009:	<b>46,000</b>
Education, 1994:	<b>27,500</b>
Education, 2001:	<b>33,100</b>
Education, 2009:	<b>33,700</b>
Other applied, 1994:	<b>28,000</b>

The corresponding text descriptions on page 10:

“Median annual salaries were lower in 2009 than in 2001 for computer and information sciences (**\$50,000** vs. \$59,400), **engineering (\$54,200 vs. \$58,100)**, social sciences (\$32,000 vs. \$36,300), humanities (\$30,000 vs. **\$35,900**), business (\$40,000 vs. \$44,800), and other applied fields (\$32,000 vs. \$36,300) majors.”

“In contrast, the salary range for health care, computer and information sciences, and engineering majors was **\$45,800 to \$54,200.**”

were changed to:

“Median annual salaries were lower in 2009 than in 2001 for computer and information sciences (**\$48,000** vs. \$59,400), social sciences (\$32,000 vs. \$36,300), humanities (\$30,000 vs. **\$36,200**), business (\$40,000 vs. \$44,800), and other applied fields (\$32,000 vs. \$36,300) majors.”

“In contrast, the salary range for health care, computer and information sciences, and engineering majors was **\$46,000** to **\$55,000**.”

The original data labels on page 11, Figure 8. MEDIAN SALARIES AND EMPLOYMENT RELATED TO UNDERGRADUATE MAJOR, for categories:

Undergraduate major related to occupation, 1994, Not at all:	<b>29,000</b>
Undergraduate major related to occupation, 1994, Somewhat:	<b>31,600</b>
Undergraduate major related to occupation, 1994, Closely:	<b>36,100</b>
Undergraduate major related to occupation, 2001, Closely:	<b>40,000</b>
Undergraduate major related to occupation, 2009, Somewhat:	<b>35,000</b>

were changed to:

Undergraduate major related to occupation, 1994, Not at all:	<b>26,300</b>
Undergraduate major related to occupation, 1994, Somewhat:	<b>31,300</b>
Undergraduate major related to occupation, 1994, Closely:	<b>34,700</b>
Undergraduate major related to occupation, 2001, Closely:	<b>41,200</b>
Undergraduate major related to occupation, 2009, Somewhat:	<b>35,100</b>

The corresponding text descriptions on page 11:

“In 2009, the annual median salary for those who reported that their job was closely related to their major was \$40,000, compared with **\$35,000** for those reporting jobs that were somewhat related...”

“The median salary of graduates with jobs closely related to their major (**\$40,000**) in 2001 exceeded that of their peers who reported unrelated jobs (\$36,300).”

“...In 1994, graduates who reported jobs closely related to their major had higher salaries (**\$36,100**) than those with jobs that were not at all related (**\$29,000**) or somewhat related (**\$31,600**).”

were changed to:

“In 2009, the annual median salary for those who reported that their job was closely related to their major was \$40,000, compared with **\$35,100** for those reporting jobs that were somewhat related...”

“The median salary of graduates with jobs closely related to their major (**\$41,200**) in 2001 exceeded that of their peers who reported unrelated jobs (\$36,300).”

“...In 1994, graduates who reported jobs closely related to their major had higher salaries (**\$34,700**) than those with jobs that were not at all related (**\$26,300**) or somewhat related (**\$31,300**).”

The original data labels on page 12, Figure 9. MEDIAN SALARIES AND EMPLOYMENT RELATED TO UNDERGRADUATE FIELDS OF STUDY, for categories:

Computer and information sciences, Closely:	<b>52,400</b>
Other STEM fields, Not at all:	<b>25,000</b>
Other STEM fields, Somewhat:	<b>32,000</b>
Other STEM fields, Closely:	<b>35,900</b>
Social sciences, Not at all:	<b>30,200</b>
Social sciences, Closely:	<b>33,800</b>
Humanities, Not at all:	<b>27,500</b>
Humanities, Closely:	<b>33,800</b>
Health care fields, Not at all:	<b>28,100</b>
Health care fields, Closely:	<b>47,800</b>
Business, Closely:	<b>43,000</b>
Education, Somewhat:	<b>30,000</b>
Education, Closely:	<b>34,500</b>
Other applied, Not at all:	<b>29,700</b>

were changed to:

Computer and information sciences, Closely:	<b>52,000</b>
Other STEM fields, Not at all:	<b>24,700</b>
Other STEM fields, Somewhat:	<b>31,200</b>
Other STEM fields, Closely:	<b>36,500</b>
Social sciences, Not at all:	<b>30,000</b>
Social sciences, Closely:	<b>34,400</b>
Humanities, Not at all:	<b>28,700</b>
Humanities, Closely:	<b>33,500</b>
Health care fields, Not at all:	<b>28,700</b>
Health care fields, Closely:	<b>48,000</b>
Business, Closely:	<b>42,000</b>
Education, Somewhat:	<b>29,100</b>
Education, Closely:	<b>34,000</b>
Other applied, Not at all:	<b>30,000</b>

The corresponding text description on page 12:

“In 2009, graduates who reported jobs closely related to their major earned more than those reporting unrelated jobs in computer and information sciences (**\$52,400** vs. \$35,600), other STEM fields (**\$35,900** vs. **\$25,000**), **humanities (\$33,800 vs. \$27,500)**, health care (**\$47,800** vs. **\$28,100**), business (**\$43,000** vs. \$34,500), and other applied fields (\$33,300 vs. **\$29,700**) (figure 9).”

was changed to:

“In 2009, graduates who reported jobs closely related to their major earned more than those reporting unrelated jobs in computer and information sciences (**\$52,000** vs. \$35,600), other STEM fields (**\$36,500** vs. **\$24,700**), health care (**\$48,000** vs. **\$28,700**), business (**\$42,000** vs. \$34,500), and other applied fields (\$33,300 vs. **\$30,000**) (figure 9).”