## Appendix A Introduction to the Electronic Codebook

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This appendix supplies a brief introduction to the Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002/04) base-year to first follow-up data in electronic codebook (ECB) format. General instructions are provided for using the ELS:2002/04 data, along with an orientation to ECB and variance estimation software that can be used to manipulate the data.

### A.1 Obtaining the ELS:2002/04 ECB

The ELS:2002/04 base-year to first follow-up ECB on CD-ROM carries the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) product/publication number NCES 2006–346. This data product contains

- ELS:2002/04 data from the base year and first follow-up;
- ECB software; and
- documentation.

A single copy of an ELS:2002/04 public-use CD-ROM may be obtained without cost from the Education Publications Center (ED Pubs), until supplies are exhausted. This group can be contacted by telephone at 1-877-4ED-PUBS or by writing

ED Pubs P.O. Box 1398 Jessup, MD 20794–1398

Requests can also be made electronically to <u>http://www.edpubs.org/</u> or to <u>customerservice@edpubs.org</u>. Requesters will need the title of the data product and the NCES number (NCES 2006–346 for the ELS:2002/04 base-year to first follow-up ECB).

A restricted-use version of the ECB is available to institutionally based users in the United States whose research requires this additional level of information. A restricted-use license agreement is required for this version. Contact NCES at <u>http://nces.ed.gov/pubsearch/licenses.asp</u>.

### A.2 Features and Content of the ELS:2002/04 ECB

ECBs allow the user to

- search a list of variables based on keywords or labels;
- tag (i.e., select) variables for analysis;
- generate SAS and SPSS syntax for system files;
- produce printed codebooks of selected variables;

- import tag files; and
- access database files for extraction.

The overall organization of data reflects two integrated and comprehensive data files, or megafiles. One megafile is at the student level; the other is at the school level. School-level variables include information collected in the base-year school administrator questionnaire, library media center questionnaire, and facilities checklist, as well as data from the first follow-up school administrator questionnaire. Users are cautioned that only the base-year school-level files generalize to the nation's high schools (specifically, to regular high schools with a 10th grade in the 2001–02 school year). First follow-up school-level data do not provide national estimates for the nation's high schools with a 12th grade in the 2003–04 school year. Nonetheless, because the first follow-up returned to the base-year schools, the first follow-up school data permit analysis of the nation's high schools 2 years later, in 2002 (also, of course, providing contextual data that can be attached to the student record).

At the student level, data from the base-year and first follow-up student (and related<sup>1</sup>) questionnaires, the base-year and first follow-up assessments, the base-year teacher and parent questionnaires, and school-level variables at the individual level are represented. Universe variables, weights, participation flags and status indicators, and composite variables (also called constructed variables, derived variables, or created variables) are located at the beginning of the file, followed by the questionnaire variables.

Some important variable naming conventions (typically embedded in the first three to four characters of each variable name) may be noted. Normally, the first three to four characters of each variable name identify the instrument from which the variable is taken. BYS stands for base-year student; BYS21 stands for question 21 in the student questionnaire. BYP stands for base-year parent, BYA for the base-year administrator questionnaire, and so on. Likewise, F1 is the prefix used for first follow-up variables (hence, F1S45 represents question 45 in the first follow-up student questionnaire). A label with the terminal characters WT is indicative of a weight (e.g., BYSTUWT is the final or nonresponse-adjusted student weight for the base year). Test variables contain the characters TX, while flags are indicated by FLG or FG and status variables by STAT (e.g., BYTXSTAT refers to test completion status in the base year). The contents of the student and school megafiles are described more specifically in the sections below.

#### A.2.1 Student Megafile

The student-level file contains variables from the base-year student, parent, and teacher questionnaires, as well as scores for the assessments in reading and mathematics. The student-level file also contains questionnaire and assessment data for the first follow-up sample. School-level data are also included, attached to the student record.

The main contents of the student file, in order of appearance, and associated naming conventions are as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The first follow-up data represent two student cohorts: sophomores in 2002 and seniors in 2004. Not all sophomore cohort members were high school students 2 years later. Some were dropouts, some were early graduates, and some were being homeschooled. Data for these individuals are provided on the "student" file regardless of whether the individual was a student, dropout, or early graduate or was being homeschooled in 2004.

- *IDs and universe variables*. Student and school identifications (IDs) and universe variables are at the beginning of the data file.
- *BY weights and composites*. The weights (BYSCHWT, BYSTUWT) lead this section. They are followed by student-level composites, participation flags, status flags, imputation flags, school-level composites, and Common Core of Data (CCD) and Private School Study (PSS) data, as well as confidential geocode data and linkages to external sources.
- *F1 weights and composites*. The weights (F1QWT and F1PNLWT) lead this section. They are followed by student-level composites, participation flags, status flags, imputation flags, school-level composites, and CCD/PSS data, as well as confidential geocode data and linkages to external sources.
- *BY student questionnaire (BYS\*)*. These data come from scanned forms filled out by the student or from the computer-assisted telephone interview (CATI).
- *F1 student questionnaire (F1S\*, F1D\*, F1T\*, F1E\*, F1N\*)*. These data come from currently enrolled students, dropouts, transfer students, early graduates, or homeschoolers. Data come from completed forms or from the CATI interview.
- *BY school (BYA\*, BYL\*, BYF\*)*. These data come from BY school administrator questionnaires, library and facilities questionnaires, and facilities checklists. The data are linked to BY eligible students and replicated at the student level.
- *F1 school (F1A\*)*. These data come from F1 school administrator questionnaires. The data are linked to F1 currently enrolled students and replicated at the student level.
- *BY parent questionnaire (BYP\*)*. These data come from scanned forms filled out by the parent or from the CATI interview.
- *BY teacher questionnaire—English (BYTE\*)*. These data come from scanned teacher questionnaires filled out by the student sample member's English teacher. English teacher data have been linked to the appropriate student(s).
- *BY teacher questionnaire—math (BYTM\*)*. These data come from the scanned teacher questionnaire and have been linked to the appropriate student(s).

### A.2.2 School Megafile

The school-level file contains all questionnaires administered at the school level. This includes the school administrator questionnaires (base year and first follow-up) and the base-year library media center questionnaire and facilities checklist.

Variable prefixes on the school file identify the contents:

- *IDs and weights*. Student and school IDs and the school weight (BYSCHWT) are at the beginning of the data file. Note that there is no first follow-up school weight.
- *BY school-level composites*. School-level composites are produced from questionnaire data, allowing an analyst access to data in an easier format.

- *BY data from outside sources*. Licensed users of the restricted-use file will have access to CCD/PSS data via the NCES identification number (NCESID), geocodes, and other information for linking to external sources.
- *F1 school-level composites*. School-level composites are produced from questionnaire data, allowing an analyst access to data in an easier format.
- *F1 data from outside sources*. Licensed users of the restricted-use file will have access to CCD/PSS data via the NCESID, geocodes, and other information for linking to external sources.
- *BY school administrator data (BYA\*)*. These data come from scanned forms filled out by the BY school principal and other administrative staff.
- *F1 school administrator data (F1A\*)*. These data come from scanned forms filled out by the F1 school principal and other administrative staff.
- *BY library section data (BYL\*)*. These data come from scanned forms filled out by the librarian or library media center specialist.
- *BY school facilities data (BYF\*)*. These data come from scanned forms filled out by the survey administrator during the student surveys at the school.

The school ID is constructed such that student file records can merge with the school data.

### A.3 Installing the ECB

### A.3.1 Hardware/Software Requirements

The ECB program is designed to run on a PC with Windows 95 or higher versions.

#### A.3.2 Installation Procedures

To install the ECB, complete the following steps:

- 1. Close all applications on your computer.
- 2. Place the CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive.
- 3. From Windows, click on "START" and then "RUN."
- 4. Browse through the CD-ROM drive for the "ecbw" folder and open the "SETUP.exe" file.
- 5. Setup will guide you through the installation of the ECB.
- 6. Click on the ECB icon to run.

### A.4 Using the ECB

#### A.4.1 Understanding the File Structure and Capacity

The ECB is ready to use once it is installed. Familiarity with the "hot" keys and some practice can help the user to more quickly understand the structure of the file and the power provided by the ECB to produce data files:

- 1. On the toolbar found at the top of the ECB screen, click on each "hot" key.
- 2. Consult the "Electronic Codebook Help Guide" available on the CD-ROM (file named "HELP.pdf") for an overview of the ECB functions.

#### A.4.2 Examining the Frequencies Available for Each Variable on the ECB

By examining these data descriptions, the ELS:2002 user will begin to appreciate the complexity of collecting data from respondents (legitimate values, legitimate skips, refusals, etc.). It is important to realize that some respondents

- did not respond to an entire instrument;
- skipped individual items;
- refused to complete selected items;
- did not reach the end of the questionnaire in the time they were given;
- completed abbreviated versions of the instrument;
- made illegal skips; and/or
- responded outside predefined valid ranges.

The following reserve code conventions are used in the ELS:2002 data files:

• -1 = "Don't know"

This reserve code applies to questions in the hardcopy questionnaires that allow a "Don't know" response. The CATI interview by default allows "Don't know" for most questions that a respondent does not know so that the subsequent question can be administered.

• -2 = "Refused"

Respondents are free to refuse to answer any question. In the hardcopy questionnaire, such refusals are explicitly captured only for critical items (items that, because of their importance, are subject to onsite edit and retrieval). CATI interviews, by default, allow refusals to be recorded on a question-by-question basis.

• -3 = "Item legitimate skip/NA"

Questions that are not answered because prior answers route the respondent elsewhere are filled with "Legitimate skip/NA." This value applies to variables from all data collection modes.

• -4 = "Nonrespondent"

"Nonrespondent" variables from questionnaires that have no respondent are filled with the "Nonrespondent" reserve code. This code applies to both the student file and the school file, because each file is composed of multiple interviews. For example, the school file may contain school administrator questionnaire data and facilities data, but the school's librarian may not have responded to the library media questionnaire; hence, all library media variables appear with the "Nonrespondent" reserve code.

• -5 = "Out of range"

This code applies to values reported by the respondent that are out of range. Responses are set to this value if they are beyond the reasonable limits for the given item. For example, a teacher may have indicated teaching at a particular school for a longer period of time than he/she taught overall.

• -6 = "Multiple response"

Non-CATI applications are unable to prevent respondents from giving multiple responses to a question that requires one answer. The scanning process for hardcopy questionnaires routes these instances to a verifier to determine whether the respondent "intended" to choose one answer (e.g., eraser marks interpreted by the optical scanning equipment as a second answer). If the verifier cannot determine a single unique answer, the item is assigned the reserve code for "Multiple response."

• -7 = "Partial interview-breakoff"

Questions that are not answered because the respondent does not wish to continue the interview, or, in timed sessions, because they have run out of time, are filled with a "Partial/not reached" reserve code. This code is also used for CATI interviews that encounter breakoffs during the interview (and the respondent cannot be reached for completion of the interview). The code is also used for an abbreviated version of the questionnaire in which particular items are not included.

• -8 = "Survey component legitimate skip/NA"

Survey components that do not apply to the sample member will have questions with values of -8. For example, a student who is currently enrolled would not be administered the early graduate questionnaire, so questions that are specific to that questionnaire will have values of -8. Another example are freshened students, who will have values of -8 for questions that were administered in BY questionnaires.

• -9 = "Missing"

This code applies to questions that are not answered in the scanned hardcopy questionnaires. These questions are typically missed accidentally (e.g., respondent did not understand the routing pattern) and are not an indication of the respondent filling out only part of the questionnaire. This reserve code can also apply to CATI data where, for reasons associated with different versions, an item is not administered.

#### A.4.3 Creating a Taglist, Extracting Data, and Generating Program Code

The following procedures can be used to tag variables, extract data, and generate program codes on the ECB:

- 1. Tag variables of interest by clicking on the "tag box" next to each variable.
- 2. Choose the appropriate weights and flags for the population of interest. In each megafile, flags can be selected to identify a particular part of the population. For example, flags are available to identify whether a student questionnaire completer also completed a test. Weights are variables placed on the dataset to compensate for the unequal probabilities of selection and to adjust for nonresponse. When used with flags, weights allow the analyst to make generalizations about the national populations represented by the various ELS:2002 samples (e.g., schools versus students within schools). When weights are not used or a flag is used inappropriately, the estimates generated will not be representative of the population.
- 3. After tagging the variables of interest, go to "File" and then "Output."
- 4. Select the program (e.g., SPSS to generate SPSS program code).
- 5. Specify the directory and the name of the program code file.
- 6. Select the appropriate button in the "Confirmation" box.
- 7. To view the program code, select "File" and then "View Output."
- 8. Open the program code in the appropriate software (e.g., SPSS) to generate a working system file and run analyses. It may be necessary to modify the program slightly (check for "execute" statements, period locations, and file names). The code should identify the ASCII data file location, which will be the CD-ROM. Users should be aware of a possible SPSS syntax error associated with continuous variables: the "VALUE LABELS" statement is missing when the first tagged item for a data file is continuous and has no reserve codes.

#### A.4.4 Variance Estimation

Because the ELS:2002 sample design involved stratification, disproportionate sampling of certain strata (e.g., oversampling of Asians and of private schools), and clustered (e.g., students within a school) probability sampling, the resulting statistics are more variable than they would have been had they been based on data collected from a simple random sample of the same size. A number of statistical packages (e.g., SUDAAN, WesVar, Stata, and AM) take account of complex sampling designs in the calculation of standard errors. (For an assessment of strengths and limitations of SUDAAN, Stata, and WesVar, see Broene and Rust 2000.) AM variance estimation software can be downloaded for free from the following website: <a href="http://am.air.org/">http://am.air.org/</a>.

# A.5 Additional Sources of Information (NCES Reports, Bibliographic Resources)

A number of reports using ELS:2002 data have been produced to date. ELS:2002 reports can be found in electronic format on the NCES website under

<u>http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/els2002/</u>. From that website, documents can be searched and downloaded. The NCES website also includes an ELS:2002 Bibliography (<u>http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/els2002/</u>), noting these and additional reports, articles, and conference papers on or using the study. In addition, many of the National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988 (NELS:88) reports may be of interest, both for what they suggest about possible cross-cohort analyses and for issues that can be examined cross-sectionally and longitudinally in ELS:2002 and NELS:88. In addition to the ELS:2002 Bibliography, the NELS:88 Bibliography may be of interest to data users (<u>http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/nels88/</u>).

### A.6 Appendix A Reference

Broene, P., and Rust, K. (2000). *Strengths and Limitations of Using SUDAAN, Stata, and WesVarPC for Computing Variances from NCES Data Sets* (NCES 2000–03). U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC: National Center for Education Statistics.

## Appendix B Base-Year and First Follow-up Questionnaires

## Appendix B Base-Year and First Follow-up Questionnaires

Web-published PDF files of the Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002) base-year and first follow-up questionnaires are available at <u>http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/els2002/index.asp</u>.

## Appendix C Documentation for Imputed Variables

### Appendix C Documentation for Imputed Variables

### C.1 Introduction

Appendix C comprises tables that provide further documentation of imputation procedures. Table C-1 reports on the imputation status of eight groups of sample members, based on their combined base-year and first follow-up response and eligibility status. (Note that the expanded "contextual" sample members are individuals deemed incapable, owing to limited English proficiency or a severe disability, of completing the questionnaire. For these students, only contextual information, such as parent or school or teacher reports, was collected.) With the imputation variables forming the rows and sample disposition the columns, the table indicates whether imputation for these cases was performed in the base year or the first follow-up.

Table C-2 provides further information about the questionnaire variables imputed through the weighted sequential hotdeck method. It lists each imputation variable, the imputation class, and the sort variables.

Table C-3 provides further information about the assessment variables (the ability estimate, or theta) that were approached through multiple imputation. Specifically, the table lists all variables included in the multiple imputation model.

Table C-4 shows before-and-after distributions (sample size and weighted percent) for all imputed questionnaire variables.

Finally, tables C-5 through C-39B show the comparisons between unimputed and imputed point estimates for select variables and the respective standard errors. A discussion outlining the analytical approach and general findings follows on page C-12. The comparisons are based on the forthcoming report: *United States High School Sophomores: A Twenty-Two Year Comparison, 1980-2002.* 

|  | Sample disposition                    |                                       |                                 |                      |                                    |                                       |                                    |                      |  |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Imputation variable  | BY<br>nonrespondent/<br>F1 respondent | BY<br>respondent/<br>F1<br>respondent | BY contextual/<br>F1 respondent | Freshened respondent | BY<br>contextual/<br>F1 contextual | BY<br>nonrespondent/<br>F1 contextual | BY<br>respondent/<br>F1 contextual | Freshened contextual |  |
| Sample size <sup>1</sup>   | 651                                   | 14,062                                | 105                             | 171                  | 53                                 | 2                                     | 14                                 | 31                   |  |
| Student sex  | Х                                     | Х                                     | Х                               | Х                    | Х                                  | Х                                     | Х                                  | Х                    |  |
| Student race/ethnicity   | Х                                     | Х                                     | Х                               | Х                    | Х                                  | Х                                     | Х                                  | Х                    |  |
| Student language minority status                                   | х                                     | х                                     | Х                               | х                    | Х                                  | Х                                     | Х                                  | Х                    |  |
| Student Hispanic subgroup  | Х                                     | Х                                     | Х                               | Х                    | Х                                  | Х                                     | Х                                  | Х                    |  |
| Student Asian subgroup   | Х                                     | Х                                     | Х                               | Х                    | Х                                  | Х                                     | Х                                  | Х                    |  |
| School program type  | Х                                     | 0                                     | Ø                               | Ø                    | Ø                                  | Ø                                     | 0                                  | Ø                    |  |
| Student postsecondary educational expectations                     | Х                                     | Х                                     | Х                               | Х                    | Ø                                  | Ø                                     | Ø                                  | Ø                    |  |
| Parental aspirations for student postsecondary achievement         | Х                                     | 0                                     | Х                               | Ø                    | Х                                  | Х                                     | 0                                  | Ø                    |  |
| Family composition   | Х                                     | Х                                     | Х                               | Х                    | Х                                  | Х                                     | Х                                  | Х                    |  |
| Mother's educational attainment                                    | Х                                     | х                                     | Х                               | х                    | Х                                  | Х                                     | Х                                  | Х                    |  |
| Mother's occupation  | Х                                     | Х                                     | Х                               | Х                    | Х                                  | Х                                     | Х                                  | Х                    |  |
| Father's educational attainment                                    | Х                                     | х                                     | Х                               | Х                    | Х                                  | Х                                     | Х                                  | Х                    |  |
| Father's occupation  | Х                                     | Х                                     | Х                               | Х                    | Х                                  | Х                                     | Х                                  | Х                    |  |
| Family income (2001)   | Х                                     | 0                                     | Х                               | Х                    | Х                                  | Х                                     | 0                                  | Х                    |  |
| Enrollment status (in school vs. out, grade)                       | Х                                     | Х                                     | Х                               | Х                    | Х                                  | Х                                     | Х                                  | Х                    |  |
| 12th-grade student ability<br>estimates (theta) for<br>mathematics | Х                                     | х                                     | Х                               | Х                    | Ø                                  | Ø                                     | Ø                                  | Ø                    |  |
| 10th-grade student ability<br>estimates (theta) for<br>mathematics | Х                                     | 0                                     | Ø                               | Ø                    | Ø                                  | Ø                                     | 0                                  | Ø                    |  |
| 10th-grade student ability estimates (theta) for reading           | Х                                     | 0                                     | Ø                               | Ø                    | Ø                                  | Ø                                     | 0                                  | Ø                    |  |

#### Table C-1. ELS:2002 imputation variables, by respondent status: 2004

<sup>1</sup> Total sample size is 15,089.

NOTE: BY = base year; F1 = first follow-up. X denotes that these cases were imputed in the first follow-up study, O denotes that these cases were imputed in the base-year study, and Ø denotes that these cases were not imputed in either the base-year or first follow-up study.

| Imputation variable                            | Imputation class variables  | Sort variables           |
|--|---|--------------------------|
| Student race (F1RACE)                          | School identifier (SCHOOLID)  | Census region (BYREGION) |
|  |   | Urbanicity (BYURBAN)     |
|  |   | School type (BYSCTRL)    |
| English as native language (F1STLANG)          | Student race (F1RACE)   | Census region (BYREGION) |
|  |   | Urbanicity (BYURBAN)     |
|  |   | School type (BYSCTRL)    |
|  |   | Student race (F1RACE)    |
| Student Hispanic origin (F1HISPAN)             | Student race (F1RACE)   | Census region (BYREGION) |
|  | English as native language (F1STLANG)   | Urbanicity (BYURBAN)     |
|  |   | School type (BYSCTRL)    |
|  |   | Student race (F1RACE)    |
| Student Asian origin (F1ASIAN)                 | Student race (F1RACE)   | Census region (BYREGION) |
|  | English as native language (F1STLANG)   | Urbanicity (BYURBAN)     |
|  |   | School type (BYSCTRL)    |
|  |   | Student race (F1RACE)    |
| Type of school program (BYSCHPRG)              | School coed status (BYA11)  | Census region (BYREGION) |
|  | Percent 10th-graders in general high school   | Urbanicity (BYURBAN)     |
|  | (BYA14A)  | School type (BYSCTRL)    |
|  | Percent 10th-graders in college prep (BY14B)<br>Percent 10th-graders in voc/tech (BYA14D) | Student race (F1RACE)    |
|  |   |                          |
| Student postsecondary aspirations (F1STEXP)    | Student sex (F1SEX)   | Census region (BYREGION) |
|  | PROGTYPE (program)  | Urbanicity (BYURBAN)     |
|  |   | School type (BYSCTRL)    |
|  |   | Student race (F1RACE)    |
| Parental aspirations for student postsecondary | Student race (F1RACE)   | Census region (BYREGION) |
| achievement (BYPARASP)                         | Student postsecondary aspirations (F1STEXP)   | Urbanicity (BYURBAN)     |
|  |   | School type (BYSCTRL)    |
|  |   | Student race (F1RACE)    |

#### Table C-2. ELS:2002 imputation variables, by imputation class and sort variables: 2004

| Imputation variable                        | Imputation class variables                    | Sort variables               |
|--|---|------------------------------|
| Family composition (F1FCOMP)               | Student race (F1RACE)                         | Census region (BYREGION)     |
|  | English as native language (F1STLANG)         | Urbanicity (BYURBAN)         |
|  |   | School type (BYSCTRL)        |
|  |   | Student race (F1RACE)        |
| Mother's educational attainment (F1MOTHED) | Student race (F1RACE)                         | Census region (BYREGION)     |
|  | Student postsecondary aspirations (F1STEXP)   | Urbanicity (BYURBAN)         |
|  |   | School type (BYSCTRL)        |
|  |   | Student race (F1RACE)        |
| Father's educational attainment (F1FATHED) | Student race (F1RACE)                         | Census region (BYREGION)     |
|  | Student postsecondary aspirations (F1STEXP)   | Urbanicity (BYURBAN)         |
|  |   | School type (BYSCTRL)        |
|  |   | Student race (F1RACE)        |
| Mother's occupation (F1OCCUM)              | Student race (F1RACE)                         | Census region (BYREGION)     |
|  | Mother's educational attainment (F1MOTHED)    | Urbanicity (BYURBAN)         |
|  |   | School type (BYSCTRL)        |
|  |   | Student race (F1RACE)        |
| Father's occupation (F1OCCUF)              | Student race (F1RACE)                         | Census region (BYREGION)     |
|  | Father's educational attainment (F1FATHED)    | Urbanicity (BYURBAN)         |
|  |   | School type (BYSCTRL)        |
|  |   | Student race (F1RACE)        |
| Household income (BYINCOME)                | Mother's educational attainment (F1MOTHED)    | Census region (BYREGION)     |
|  | Father's educational attainment (F1FATHED)    | Urbanicity (BYURBAN)         |
|  | Family composition (F1FCOMP)                  | School type (BYSCTRL)        |
|  |   | Student race (F1RACE)        |
| Student enrollment status (F1RISTAT)       | Student grade (GRADE)                         | IMPGRP                       |
| · · · · · ·                                | Student final F1 enrollment status (F1ENRFIN) | School identifier (SCHOOLID) |

#### Table C-2. ELS:2002 imputation variables, by imputation class and sort variables: 2004—Continued

| Imputation variable                                     | Variables included in multiple imputation model                          |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Student ability estimates (theta) for base-year         | School type (BYSCTRL)  |  |  |  |
| mathematics and reading and first follow-up mathematics | Census region (BYREGION)   |  |  |  |
|   | Census urbanicity (BYURBAN)  |  |  |  |
|   | Student sex (F1SEX)  |  |  |  |
|   | Student race (F1RACE)  |  |  |  |
|   | Student language (F1STLANG)  |  |  |  |
|   | Mother's occupation (F1OCCUM)  |  |  |  |
|   | Father's occupation (F1OCCUF)  |  |  |  |
|   | Student postsecondary aspirations (F1STEXP)                              |  |  |  |
|   | Parental aspirations for student postsecondary achievement<br>(BYPARASP) |  |  |  |
|   | Mother's educational attainment (F1MOTHED)                               |  |  |  |
|   | Father's educational attainment (F1FATHED)                               |  |  |  |
|   | Household income (BYINCOME)  |  |  |  |
|   | Family composition (F1FCOMP)   |  |  |  |
|   | 10th-grade student ability estimates for math and reading                |  |  |  |
|   | 12th-grade student ability estimates for math                            |  |  |  |

## Table C-3. Variables included in multiple imputation model for student ability estimates for reading and mathematics: 2002 and 2004

|  | Before imp  | utation  | After imputation |          |
|--|-------------|----------|------------------|----------|
|  |             | Weighted |                  | Weighted |
| Characteristic                           | Sample size | percent  | Sample size      | percent  |
| Student sex (F1SEX)                      | 15,086      | 100.00   | 15,089           | 100.00   |
| Male                                     | 7,537       | 50.64    | 7,538            | 50.63    |
| Female                                   | 7,549       | 49.36    | 7,551            | 49.37    |
| Student race (F1RACE)                    | 15,074      | 100.00   | 15,089           | 100.00   |
| American Indian                          | 127         | 0.98     | 127              | 0.98     |
| Asian                                    | 1,536       | 4.23     | 1,537            | 4.23     |
| Black                                    | 1,996       | 14.32    | 1,999            | 14.34    |
| Hispanic, no race specified              | 1,004       | 7.27     | 1,005            | 7.27     |
| Hispanic, race specified                 | 1,229       | 9.15     | 1,232            | 9.18     |
| Multiracial, non-Hispanic                | 679         | 4.02     | 679              | 4.02     |
| White                                    | 8,503       | 60.02    | 8,510            | 60.00    |
| English as native language (F1STLANG)    | 14,970      | 100.00   | 15,089           | 100.00   |
| No                                       | 2,608       | 14.49    | 2,632            | 14.47    |
| Yes                                      | 12,362      | 85.51    | 12,457           | 85.53    |
| Student Hispanic origin (F1HISPAN)       | 14,274      | 100.00   | 15,089           | 100.00   |
| Not applicable                           | 12,066      | 82.84    | 12,077           | 78.26    |
| Mexican, Mexican-American, Chicano       | 1,423       | 11.55    | 1,907            | 14.39    |
| Cuban                                    | 87          | 0.64     | 116              | 0.83     |
| Dominican                                | 81          | 0.79     | 102              | 0.90     |
| Puerto Rican                             | 286         | 1.93     | 413              | 2.7      |
| Central American                         | 161         | 1.16     | 226              | 1.41     |
| South American                           | 170         | 1.08     | 248              | 1.50     |
| Student Asian origin (F1ASIAN)           | 14,270      | 100.00   | 15,089           | 100.00   |
| Not applicable                           | 12,459      | 93.97    | 12,473           | 87.33    |
| Chinese                                  | 402         | 1.30     | 554              | 2.53     |
| Filipino                                 | 277         | 1.17     | 482              | 2.78     |
| Japanese                                 | 131         | 0.46     | 225              | 1.27     |
| Korean                                   | 277         | 0.89     | 391              | 1.81     |
| Southeast Asian                          | 450         | 1.28     | 568              | 2.28     |
| South Asian                              | 274         | 0.92     | 396              | 2.00     |
| Type of school program (BYSCHPRG)        | 14,438      | 100.00   | 15,089           | 100.00   |
| Missing                                  | 362         | 2.99     | 362              | 2.84     |
| General                                  | 4,845       | 37.06    | 5,088            | 37.10    |
| College preparatory, academic            | 7,888       | 49.79    | 8,229            | 49.84    |
| Vocational, including technical/business | 1,343       | 10.16    | 1,410            | 10.22    |

| Table C-4. ELS:2002 im | nputation variable distributions before and after imputation: 20 | )04 |
|------------------------|--|-----|
|------------------------|--|-----|

|   | Before imputation |          | After impu  | Itation  |
|---|-------------------|----------|-------------|----------|
|   |                   | Weighted |             | Weighted |
| Characteristic  | Sample size       | percent  | Sample size | percent  |
| Student postsecondary aspirations                             |                   |          |             |          |
| (F1STEXP)   | 14,998            | 100.00   | 15,089      | 100.00   |
| Missing   | 100               | 0.69     | 100         | 0.69     |
| Less than high school graduation                              | 48                | 0.42     | 50          | 0.44     |
| GED only  | 182               | 1.68     | 185         | 1.70     |
| High school graduation  | 669               | 4.95     | 679         | 4.99     |
| Attend or complete a 2-year school                            | 2,041             | 15.34    | 2,055       | 15.33    |
| Attend college, but not complete a 4-year                     |                   |          |             |          |
| degree  | 500               | 3.90     | 506         | 3.90     |
| Graduate from college   | 4,780             | 31.23    | 4,796       | 31.14    |
| Obtain a master's degree or equivalent                        | 3,286             | 20.12    | 3,294       | 20.05    |
| Obtain a PhD, MD, or other advanced                           | 0.000             | 10.00    | 0.400       | 10.07    |
| degree  | 2,089             | 12.06    | 2,100       | 12.07    |
| Other   | 1,303             | 9.61     | 1,324       | 9.69     |
| Parental aspirations for student<br>postsecondary achievement |                   |          |             |          |
| (BYPARASP)  | 14,367            | 100.00   | 15,089      | 100.00   |
| Missing   | 202               | 1.93     | 202         | 1.82     |
| Less than high school graduation                              | 11                | 0.08     | 12          | 0.07     |
| High school graduation or GED only                            | 473               | 3.77     | 504         | 3.83     |
| Attend or complete a 2-year school                            | 1,061             | 8.54     | 1,117       | 8.53     |
| Attend college, but not complete a 4-year                     | ,                 |          | ,           |          |
| degree  | 132               | 1.04     | 142         | 1.05     |
| Graduate from college   | 6,278             | 44.29    | 6,596       | 44.36    |
| Obtain a master's degree or equivalent                        | 3,003             | 19.80    | 3,162       | 19.86    |
| Obtain a PhD, MD, or other advanced                           |                   |          |             |          |
| degree  | 3,207             | 20.56    | 3,354       | 20.48    |
| Family composition (F1FCOMP)                                  | 14,959            | 100.00   | 15,089      | 100.00   |
| Mother and father   | 9,066             | 57.66    | 9,138       | 57.62    |
| Mother and male guardian                                      | 1,752             | 13.03    | 1,763       | 12.96    |
| Father and female guardian                                    | 454               | 3.12     | 458         | 3.13     |
| Two guardians   | 240               | 1.73     | 243         | 1.73     |
| Mother only   | 2,612             | 18.54    | 2,642       | 18.61    |
| Father only   | 445               | 3.19     | 450         | 3.20     |
| Female guardian only  | 190               | 1.37     | 194         | 1.39     |
| Male guardian only  | 48                | 0.29     | 49          | 0.29     |
| Lives with student less than half time                        | 152               | 1.07     | 152         | 1.06     |

#### Table C-4. ELS:2002 imputation variable distributions before and after imputation: 2004— Continued

|   | Before imputation |          | After impu  | Itation  |
|---|-------------------|----------|-------------|----------|
|   |                   | Weighted |             | Weighted |
| Characteristic                          | Sample size       | percent  | Sample size | percent  |
| Mother's educational attainment         |                   |          |             |          |
| (F1MOTHED)                              | 14,911            | 100.00   | 15,089      | 100.00   |
| Did not finish high school              | 1,872             | 13.31    | 1,909       | 13.43    |
| Graduated from high school or GED       | 3,960             | 27.84    | 4,016       | 27.88    |
| Attended 2-year school, no degree       | 1,789             | 12.77    | 1,813       | 12.78    |
| Graduated from 2-year school            | 1,574             | 11.04    | 1,587       | 11.04    |
| Attended college, no 4-year degree      | 1,517             | 10.06    | 1,526       | 9.99     |
| Graduated from college                  | 2,801             | 16.82    | 2,821       | 16.72    |
| Completed master's degree or equivalent | 1,088             | 6.37     | 1,106       | 6.39     |
| Completed PhD, MD, advanced degree      | 310               | 1.79     | 311         | 1.77     |
| Father's educational attainment         |                   |          |             |          |
| (F1FATHED)                              | 14,839            | 100.00   | 15,089      | 100.00   |
| Did not finish high school              | 1,946             | 14.01    | 1,998       | 14.12    |
| Graduated from high school or GED       | 4,175             | 30.22    | 4,249       | 30.26    |
| Attended 2-year school, no degree       | 1,366             | 9.65     | 1,384       | 9.58     |
| Graduated from 2-year school            | 1,144             | 7.93     | 1,159       | 7.93     |
| Attended college, no 4-year degree      | 1,346             | 8.97     | 1,364       | 8.94     |
| Graduated from college                  | 2,705             | 17.14    | 2,741       | 17.13    |
| Completed master's degree or equivalent | 1,296             | 7.60     | 1,323       | 7.60     |
| Completed PhD, MD, advanced degree      | 861               | 4.48     | 871         | 4.45     |
| Mother's occupation (F1OCCUM)           | 14,846            | 100.00   | 15,089      | 100.00   |
| No job                                  | 567               | 3.08     | 582         | 3.11     |
| Clerical                                | 2,400             | 16.46    | 2,442       | 16.52    |
| Craftsperson                            | 331               | 2.34     | 338         | 2.33     |
| Farmer, farm manager                    | 73                | 0.53     | 75          | 0.54     |
| Homemaker                               | 768               | 5.39     | 785         | 5.43     |
| Laborer                                 | 632               | 4.56     | 652         | 4.65     |
| Manager, administrator                  | 1,590             | 10.77    | 1,612       | 10.76    |
| Military                                | 27                | 0.17     | 27          | 0.17     |
| Operative                               | 605               | 4.42     | 623         | 4.47     |
| Professional A                          | 2,158             | 13.87    | 2,181       | 13.77    |
| Professional B                          | 568               | 3.64     | 575         | 3.62     |
| Proprietor, owner                       | 348               | 2.27     | 357         | 2.29     |
| Protective service                      | 107               | 0.70     | 108         | 0.70     |
| Sales                                   | 640               | 4.36     | 654         | 4.36     |
| Schoolteacher                           | 999               | 6.37     | 1,004       | 6.27     |
| Service                                 | 2,282             | 16.03    | 2,317       | 16.02    |
| Technical                               | 742               | 4.93     | 748         | 4.88     |
| Other                                   | 9                 | 0.10     | 9           | 0.09     |

#### Table C-4. ELS:2002 imputation variable distributions before and after imputation: 2004— Continued

|                                      | Before in | nputation | After imputation |          |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|----------|
|                                      | Sample    | Weighted  | Sample           | Weighted |
| Characteristic                       | size      | percent   | size             | percent  |
| Father's occupation (F1OCCUF)        | 14,794    | 100.00    | 15,089           | 100.00   |
| No job                               | 162       | 0.75      | 167              | 0.75     |
| Clerical                             | 349       | 2.51      | 358              | 2.52     |
| Craftsperson                         | 1,860     | 13.62     | 1,904            | 13.69    |
| Farmer, farm manager                 | 284       | 2.07      | 296              | 2.14     |
| Homemaker                            | 354       | 2.45      | 360              | 2.45     |
| Laborer                              | 1,519     | 10.68     | 1,561            | 10.76    |
| Manager, administrator               | 2,206     | 14.88     | 2,248            | 14.82    |
| Military                             | 187       | 1.26      | 191              | 1.25     |
| Operative                            | 1,696     | 12.23     | 1,728            | 12.24    |
| Professional A                       | 1,599     | 9.94      | 1,624            | 9.94     |
| Professional B                       | 892       | 4.90      | 906              | 4.91     |
| Proprietor, owner                    | 902       | 5.90      | 910              | 5.83     |
| Protective service                   | 503       | 3.41      | 512              | 3.40     |
| Sales                                | 772       | 5.18      | 783              | 5.15     |
| Schoolteacher                        | 213       | 1.45      | 216              | 1.44     |
| Service                              | 600       | 3.96      | 614              | 3.95     |
| Technical                            | 685       | 4.65      | 700              | 4.64     |
| Other                                | 11        | 0.14      | 11               | 0.14     |
| Household income (BYINCOME)          | 14,154    | 100.00    | 15,089           | 100.00   |
| None                                 | 67        | 0.41      | 73               | 0.46     |
| \$1,000 or less                      | 154       | 1.13      | 161              | 1.09     |
| \$1,001–\$5,000                      | 252       | 1.73      | 273              | 1.78     |
| \$5,001-\$10,000                     | 293       | 2.17      | 318              | 2.22     |
| \$10,001–\$15,000                    | 594       | 4.24      | 630              | 4.27     |
| \$15,001–\$20,000                    | 668       | 4.86      | 707              | 4.83     |
| \$20,001-\$25,000                    | 872       | 6.55      | 933              | 6.61     |
| \$25,001-\$35,000                    | 1,625     | 12.07     | 1,725            | 11.98    |
| \$35,001-\$50,000                    | 2,652     | 19.81     | 2,826            | 19.74    |
| \$50,001-\$75,000                    | 2,929     | 21.19     | 3,132            | 21.17    |
| \$75,001\$100,000                    | 1,922     | 12.99     | 2,057            | 13.08    |
| \$100,001-\$200,000                  | 1,611     | 10.15     | 1,710            | 10.10    |
| \$200,001 or more                    | 515       | 2.67      | 544              | 2.68     |
| Student enrollment status (F1RISTAT) | 15,944    | 100.00    | 16,374           | 100.00   |
| In school and in grade 12            | 13,899    | 85.50     | 14,305           | 85.72    |
| In school and not in grade 12        | 1,015     | 7.33      | 1,033            | 7.25     |
| Out of school                        | 909       | 6.49      | 915              | 6.36     |
| Out of scope                         | 121       | 0.68      | 121              | 0.67     |

#### Table C-4. ELS:2002 imputation variable distributions before and after imputation: 2004— Continued

### C.2 Examining the Effects of Imputation

Surveys often produce an incomplete data record due to respondent item nonresponse. Even though most of the questionnaire was completed, the respondent may choose to ignore some items, refuse to answer a particular question, provide an improbable response, break off an interview, fail to complete the last items of a timed interview, or mistakenly skip a question. The greatest concern with item nonresponse is that respondent answers are systematically different from nonrespondent answers, resulting in biased estimates of means, proportions, variances, and covariances (Federal Committee on Statistical Methodology 2001; Groves 1989; Seastrom 2003).

For items with some level of nonresponse, the researchers can address the potential for bias after the collection process has ended through imputation. Imputation is the process of estimating the value that a respondent might have reported. Typically, the information used to impute data is based on other responses the respondent gave during the interview or from information based on other respondents.

Following the standards developed by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), key items for the Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002) were statistically or logically imputed for missing data. Although past studies, such as the National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988 (NELS:88) and the High School and Beyond Study (HS&B), had data editing and some logical imputations, statistical imputations (the multiple imputations and hotdeck imputations of ELS:2002 provide relevant examples) were generally not performed (see chapter 3 for more detail on the ELS:2002 imputation strategy).

To assess the impact that imputation has on point estimates, the distributions for key items were compared before and after imputation. The organization and selection of the variables were driven in part by the intercohort comparisons between ELS:2002, NELS:88, and HS&B made in the forthcoming NCES report, *United States High School Sophomores: A Twenty-Two Year Comparison, 1980-2002.* The reason for employing the tables in this particular report reflects the concern with whether, for cross-cohort comparisons, ELS:2002 imputed data should be used. The imputed data should be the most precise and accurate but may not be as strictly comparable as the unimputed version of the ELS:2002 data, in that imputation was not performed in the prior studies. (Tables C-39A and C-39B speak in particular to this issue.)

Because the variables (unimputed and imputed) are dependent and can be thought of as paired, the difference of these two variables is treated as if it were a single sample. In other words, the two variables are treated as repeated measures. The comparisons were tested in SUDAAN using *t*-test statistics. To guard against errors of inference based upon multiple comparisons, the Bonferroni procedure adjusts significance tests for multiple contrasts. This method corrects the significance (or alpha) level for the total number of contrasts made with a particular classification variable. For each classification variable, there are (K \* (K - 1))/2 possible contrasts (or nonredundant pairwise comparisons), where *K* is the number of categories. For example, if a classification variable such as race has six categories, *K*=6 and there are (6\*5)/2=15 possible comparisons between the categories. The Bonferroni procedure divides the

alpha-level for a single *t*-test (in this case, .05) by the number of possible pairwise comparisons (15) to derive a new alpha corrected for the fact that multiple contrasts are being made.

The reader should recognize that because of the dependent observations and large sample size, many small differences were found to be statistically significant. As presented in the tables below, these small differences would not normally be thought of as having substantive or practical significance. The sample sizes between the two variables being compared differed by only the amount of missing data. Table C-4 presents the sample sizes and weighted distributions for key variables.

The analysis was divided by item topic: student demographics (tables C-6A to C-12B), school experiences (C-13A to C-17B), tested achievement (C-18A to C-26B), afterschool activities (C-27A to C-30B), life values (C-31A to C-34B), and plans and expectations (C-35A to C-38B). A sample of items was selected from the questionnaire for each topic. Summary statistics for the differences between imputed and unimputed estimates are presented in table C-5 by topic area. A final analysis shown in tables C-39A and 39B compares the NELS:88 and HS&B sophomore cohorts with both the imputed and unimputed ELS:2002 sophomore cohort data. These comparisons demonstrate to some degree the potential impact that imputation has on bivariate statistics in intercohort analysis.

An important analytical variable is the socioeconomic status indicator (SES). This variable is not imputed directly but contains elements from five other variables that were imputed. As with the other comparisons, SES was recomputed using the unimputed values, and these estimates were compared to the imputed estimates, testing for differences.

Table C-5 summarizes the general findings for the imputation comparisons by ELS:2002 topical area. Generally, differences were very small, ranging from an average of 0.01 percent for life value items to 0.06 percent for tested achievement. Of these differences, only a fraction of comparisons, were statistically significant. For example, out of 53 student demographics comparisons, only 9 percent (or 5) were statistically significant, the largest being a 0.6 percentage point difference (mother and father family living arrangement and Asian/Pacific Islander race categories).

However, for one variable in particular, there were significant and large differences for students by parents' education level, especially those students who had at least one parent with a graduate/professional degree. Table C-16A shows a moderate decline (-5.1 percentage points) in the percentage of students in this category who felt disruptions interfered with learning. Larger differences between imputed and unimputed estimates for this group of students were seen in the use of calculators (table C-17A, -14.2 percentage points) and in tested achievement (C-20A, C-21A, C-23A, C-24A, C-25A, C-26A). For example, students who had a least one parent with a graduate or professional degree saw significant differences in the probability of proficiency in reading level 2 (18.7 percentage points or a 40 percent increase from the unimputed score), reading level 3 (10.7 percentage points or a 153 percent increase), math level 2 (12.4 percentage points or a 107 percentage points or a 47 percent increase), math level 4 (19.6 percentage points or a 107 percent increase), and math level 5 (2.5 percentage points or a 417 percent increase). In each case, the imputed mean was significantly greater than the unimputed mean. It is of interest to note that the univariate distributions for mother's and

father's education levels (tables C-8A and C-9A) did not show any large differences. These findings must be tempered by the fact that they are the exception. Most comparisons did not reveal any difference between imputed and unimputed estimates, and any difference that was detected was usually very small (< 1 percentage point).

An important issue is how imputation affected SES, particularly whether the results would differ greatly depending on whether it was constructed in accordance with the earlier (e.g., NELS:88) specifications or constructed in accord with the new ELS:2002 specifications. This composite variable is critical for research on tested achievement and other educational outcomes as a major nonschool factor that correlates highly with school success. For ELS:2002 and for its predecessor studies as well, the five components of the SES variable are mother's and father's education, mother's and father's occupation, and family income. In prior studies (such as NELS:88), a student-derived household items index was substituted when parent-reported income data were missing. In addition, when parent-reported data were missing for parent education or occupation, student-reported data were substituted.

In ELS:2002 (unlike NELS:88), the household items index was not used in the construction of SES. If missing from the parent survey, family income was directly imputed. However, as in NELS:88, if parental occupation and education reports were missing from the parent survey, student-reported data were substituted. Only if the occupation and education variables were missing from both the parent and student surveys were these data elements imputed.

Examination of the relationships between SES and race, and SES and school sector, reveals no statistically significant differences between SES in ELS:2002 when constructed according to the NELS:88 criteria (inclusion of the household index when income data are missing) versus the ELS:2002 criteria (direct imputation of missing income data (see tables C-11A and C-12A). Other tables using SES as a row variable show small differences—all smaller than 2 percentage points (and most below 1 percentage point).

Finally, to demonstrate to some degree the potential impact that imputation has on bivariate statistics in intercohort analysis, tables C-39A and C-39B provide comparisons between imputed and unimputed point estimates from ELS:2002 to NELS:88 and HS&B data files. Of the 36 comparisons between the unimputed ELS:2002 and NELS:88, only 2 changed in statistical significance (one became significantly different and the other was no longer significant). For the ELS:2002 and HS&B comparisons, no changes in the number of statistically significant comparisons or in the direction of these differences were detected. This limited analysis suggests that imputation has a limited impact on intercohort comparisons.

This appendix examines the potential impact that imputation had on point estimates and intercohort comparisons. The general findings reveal a number of differences, but these differences were very small and in most cases lack any practical or substantive magnitude. Some estimates experienced significant differences, but these estimates were not part of a larger pattern and usually involved a relatively small, select population, suggesting a limited impact from imputation. Although this analysis cannot specify how well the imputation worked, it demonstrates, in general, that the imputation did not introduce large shifts from unimputed point

estimates, allowing analysts to take advantage of the larger sample sizes when conducting statistical analyses.

### C.3 Appendix C References

Federal Committee on Statistical Methodology. (2001). *Measuring and Reporting Sources of Error in Surveys* (Statistical Policy Working Paper 31). Washington, DC: Office of Management and Budget.

Groves, R.M. (1989). Survey Errors and Survey Costs. New York: Wiley.

Seastrom, M. (2003). NCES Statistical Standards (NCES 2003–601). U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office. Available: <u>http://nces.ed.gov/pubsearch/pubsinfo.asp?pubid=2003601</u>

| Торіс                  | Mean<br>relative<br>difference<br>(percent) | Median<br>relative<br>difference<br>(percent) | Number of<br>comparisons<br>made | Percentage<br>of significant<br>differences | Percentage of<br>unimputed<br>estimates ><br>imputed<br>estimates (all<br>estimates) | Percentage of<br>unimputed<br>estimates ><br>imputed<br>estimates<br>(estimates with<br>significant<br>differences) |
|------------------------|---|---|----------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Student demographics   | 0.0158                                      | 0.0082  | 53                               | 9.4   | 49.1   | 40.0  |
| School experiences     | 0.0256                                      | 0.0053  | 219                              | 12.8  | 60.7   | 67.9  |
| Tested achievement     | 0.0617                                      | 0.0163  | 192                              | 57.8  | 55.7   | 49.5  |
| Afterschool activity   | 0.0068                                      | 0.0025  | 117                              | 0.9   | 46.2   | 100.0   |
| Life values            | 0.0058                                      | 0.0026  | 108                              | 12.0  | 54.6   | 30.8  |
| Plans and expectations | 0.0092                                      | 0.0011  | 146                              | 4.8   | 49.3   | 28.6  |

#### Table C-5. Summary of differences between imputed and unimputed data, by topic: 2002

| Sex    | Unimputed | Imputed | Difference |
|--------|-----------|---------|------------|
| Male   | 50.5      | 50.5    | #          |
| Female | 49.5      | 49.5    | #          |

# Rounds to zero.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "Base Year, 2002."

## Table C-6B. Standard errors for table C-6A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores, by sex): 2002

| Sex    | Unimputed | Imputed |
|--------|-----------|---------|
| Male   | 0.53      | 0.53    |
| Female | 0.53      | 0.53    |

| Family living arrangement     | Unimputed | Imputed | Difference |
|-------------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|
| Mother and father             | 57.4      | 56.8    | -0.6*      |
| Mother and guardian           | 13.3      | 13.4    | 0.1        |
| Father and guardian           | 3.1       | 3.2     | 0.1        |
| Mother only                   | 18.9      | 19.0    | 0.1        |
| Father only                   | 3.2       | 3.2     | #          |
| Other relative or nonrelative | 4.1       | 4.3     | 0.2        |

#### Table C-7A. Percentage of high school sophomores, by family living arrangement: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "Base Year, 2002."

## Table C-7B. Standard errors for table C-7A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores, by family living arrangement): 2002

| Family living arrangement     | Unimputed | Imputed |
|-------------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Mother and father             | 0.58      | 0.57    |
| Mother and guardian           | 0.37      | 0.36    |
| Father and guardian           | 0.18      | 0.16    |
| Mother only                   | 0.46      | 0.44    |
| Father only                   | 0.21      | 0.20    |
| Other relative or nonrelative | 0.22      | 0.21    |

| Highest level of education                      | Unimputed | Imputed | Difference |
|---|-----------|---------|------------|
| Did not finish high school                      | 12.9      | 13.2    | 0.3*       |
| Graduated from high school or GED               | 27.8      | 27.9    | 0.1        |
| Some postsecondary education (PSE)              | 34.8      | 34.6    | -0.2*      |
| Graduated from college                          | 16.7      | 16.6    | -0.1       |
| Completed master's or equivalent                | 6.0       | 6.0     | #          |
| Completed Ph.D., M.D., or other advanced degree | 1.7       | 1.7     | #          |

#### Table C-8A. Percentage of high school sophomores, by mother's highest level of education: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "Base Year, 2002."

## Table C-8B. Standard errors for table C-8A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores, by mother's highest level of education): 2002

| Highest level of education                      | Unimputed | Imputed |
|---|-----------|---------|
| Did not finish high school                      | 0.53      | 0.54    |
| Graduated from high school or GED               | 0.50      | 0.49    |
| Some postsecondary education (PSE)              | 0.54      | 0.53    |
| Graduated from college                          | 0.48      | 0.46    |
| Completed master's or equivalent                | 0.28      | 0.27    |
| Completed Ph.D., M.D., or other advanced degree | 0.15      | 0.15    |

| Unimputed | Imputed                             | Difference  |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|---|
| 13.6      | 13.9                                | 0.3*  |
| 29.9      | 30.1                                | 0.2   |
| 27.7      | 27.4                                | -0.2  |
| 16.9      | 16.7                                | -0.2  |
| 7.5       | 7.4                                 | -0.1  |
| 4.5       | 4.4                                 | -0.1  |
|           | 13.6<br>29.9<br>27.7<br>16.9<br>7.5 | 13.6         13.9           29.9         30.1           27.7         27.4           16.9         16.7           7.5         7.4 |

#### Table C-9A. Percentage of high school sophomores, by father's highest level of education: 2002

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "Base Year, 2002."

## Table C-9B. Standard errors for table C-9A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores, by father's highest level of education): 2002

| Highest level of education                      | Unimputed | Imputed |
|---|-----------|---------|
| Did not finish high school                      | 0.57      | 0.54    |
| Graduated from high school or GED               | 0.59      | 0.53    |
| Some postsecondary education (PSE)              | 0.52      | 0.48    |
| Graduated from college                          | 0.46      | 0.43    |
| Completed master's or equivalent                | 0.33      | 0.30    |
| Completed Ph.D., M.D., or other advanced degree | 0.28      | 0.26    |

| race/ethnicity: 2002             |           |         |            |
|----------------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|
| Race/ethnicity <sup>1</sup>      | Unimputed | Imputed | Difference |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 83.8      | 83.7    | -0.1       |
| Asian or Pacific Islander        | 36.3      | 36.9    | 0.6*       |
| Black or African American        | 94.5      | 94.4    | -0.1       |
| Hispanic or Latino               | 47.6      | 47.7    | 0.1        |
| More than one race               | 92.8      | 92.5    | -0.3       |
| White                            | 97.0      | 97.0    | #          |

## Table C-10A. Percentage of high school sophomores whose native language is English, by race/ethnicity: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

<sup>1</sup> All race categories exclude individuals of Hispanic or Latino origin.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "Base Year, 2002."

## Table C-10B. Standard errors for table C-10A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores whose native language is English, by race/ethnicity): 2002

| Race/ethnicity <sup>1</sup>      | Unimputed |      |
|----------------------------------|-----------|------|
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 4.55      | 4.46 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander        | 2.07      | 2.01 |
| Black or African American        | 0.62      | 0.64 |
| Hispanic or Latino               | 1.97      | 1.93 |
| More than one race               | 0.99      | 1.04 |
| White                            | 0.28      | 0.28 |

<sup>1</sup> All race categories exclude individuals of Hispanic or Latino origin.

|                                     |      | Unimputed |      |      | Imputed |      | _    | Difference |      |
|-------------------------------------|------|-----------|------|------|---------|------|------|------------|------|
| Race/ethnicity <sup>1</sup>         | Low  | Middle    | High | Low  | Middle  | High | Low  | Middle     | High |
| American Indian or<br>Alaska Native | 33.8 | 52.7      | 13.5 | 31.4 | 54.9    | 13.7 | -2.4 | 2.3        | 0.2  |
| Asian or Pacific Islander           | 28.5 | 39.9      | 31.6 | 28.0 | 40.5    | 31.5 | -0.5 | 0.6        | -0.1 |
| Black or African American           | 36.5 | 50.5      | 13.0 | 35.2 | 51.9    | 12.9 | -1.3 | 1.4        | -0.1 |
| Hispanic or Latino                  | 49.9 | 40.4      | 9.7  | 50.1 | 40.2    | 9.7  | 0.2  | -0.2       | #    |
| More than one race                  | 23.2 | 55.4      | 21.4 | 23.6 | 56.0    | 20.4 | 0.4  | 0.6        | -1.0 |
| White                               | 15.5 | 52.7      | 31.8 | 15.6 | 52.3    | 32.0 | 0.1  | -0.3       | 0.2  |

## Table C-11A. Percentage of high school sophomores, by socioeconomic status and race/ethnicity: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

<sup>1</sup> All race categories exclude individuals of Hispanic or Latino origin.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "Base Year, 2002."

## Table C-11B. Standard errors for table C-11A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores, by socioeconomic status and race/ethnicity): 2002

|                             | l    | Jnimputed |      |      | Imputed |      |
|-----------------------------|------|-----------|------|------|---------|------|
| Race/ethnicity <sup>1</sup> | Low  | Middle    | High | Low  | Middle  | High |
| American Indian or Alaska   |      |           |      |      |         |      |
| Native                      | 4.73 | 4.87      | 3.78 | 5.42 | 4.87    | 3.48 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander   | 2.24 | 1.91      | 2.34 | 2.16 | 1.69    | 2.15 |
| Black or African American   | 1.44 | 1.30      | 0.95 | 1.38 | 1.37    | 0.89 |
| Hispanic or Latino          | 1.78 | 1.46      | 0.87 | 1.86 | 1.54    | 0.86 |
| More than one race          | 2.01 | 2.41      | 1.95 | 2.01 | 2.33    | 1.76 |
| White                       | 0.66 | 0.79      | 0.95 | 0.63 | 0.80    | 0.94 |

<sup>1</sup> All race categories exclude individuals of Hispanic or Latino origin.

| Unimputed               |        |          |               |        | Imputed  |               | Difference |          |               |  |
|-------------------------|--------|----------|---------------|--------|----------|---------------|------------|----------|---------------|--|
| Socioeconomic<br>status | Public | Catholic | Other private | Public | Catholic | Other private | Public     | Catholic | Other private |  |
| Lowest quarter          | 98.1   | 0.9      | 1.0           | 98.0   | 1.0      | 1.0           | -0.1       | 0.1      | #             |  |
| Middle quarters         | 94.0   | 3.5      | 2.5           | 94.0   | 3.5      | 2.6           | #          | -0.1     | 0.1           |  |
| Highest quarter         | 83.3   | 9.1      | 7.6           | 83.5   | 9.0      | 7.5           | 0.2        | -0.1     | -0.2          |  |

### Table C-12A. Percentage of high school sophomores, by school sector and socioeconomic status: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "Base Year, 2002."

# Table C-12B. Standard errors for table C-12A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores, by school sector and socioeconomic status): 2002

|                      |        | Unimputed |                  | Imputed |          |               |  |
|----------------------|--------|-----------|------------------|---------|----------|---------------|--|
| Socioeconomic status | Public | Catholic  | Other<br>private | Public  | Catholic | Other private |  |
| Lowest quarter       | 0.23   | 0.14      | 0.18             | 0.24    | 0.16     | 0.17          |  |
| Middle quarters      | 0.30   | 0.19      | 0.23             | 0.31    | 0.19     | 0.25          |  |
| Highest quarter      | 1.00   | 0.60      | 0.82             | 0.98    | 0.59     | 0.81          |  |

|                                  |         | Unimputed                           |            |         |                                     |            |         | Difference                          |            |
|----------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|------------|---------|-------------------------------------|------------|---------|-------------------------------------|------------|
| Characteristic                   | General | Academic/<br>college<br>preparatory | Vocational | General | Academic/<br>college<br>preparatory | Vocational | General | Academic/<br>college<br>preparatory | Vocational |
| Sex                              | Conordi | propulatory                         | Voodaonai  | Conordi | propulatory                         | Voodalondi | Contrai | propulatory                         | voodional  |
| Male                             | 39.0    | 48.1                                | 12.9       | 39.3    | 47.9                                | 12.8       | 0.3     | -0.2                                | -0.1       |
| Female                           | 37.7    | 53.7                                | 8.5        | 37.8    | 53.5                                | 8.7        | 0.1     | -0.2                                | 0.1        |
|                                  |         |                                     | 1          | mputed  |                                     |            |         |                                     |            |
| Socioeconomic status             |         |                                     |            |         |                                     |            |         |                                     |            |
| Lowest quarter                   | 43.8    | 39.9                                | 16.4       | 42.8    | 41.6                                | 15.7       | -1.0    | 1.7*                                | -0.7       |
| Middle quarters                  | 40.2    | 49.0                                | 10.8       | 40.8    | 48.3                                | 10.9       | 0.6     | -0.7                                | 0.2        |
| Highest quarter                  | 29.0    | 65.9                                | 5.0        | 29.9    | 64.5                                | 5.5        | 0.9     | -1.4*                               | 0.5        |
| Composite achievement test score |         |                                     |            |         |                                     |            |         |                                     |            |
| Lowest quarter                   | 48.6    | 34.1                                | 17.3       | 48.0    | 35.0                                | 17.0       | -0.6    | 0.9*                                | -0.3       |
| Second quarter                   | 44.8    | 41.8                                | 13.4       | 44.5    | 42.4                                | 13.1       | -0.3    | 0.6                                 | -0.3       |
| Third quarter                    | 36.3    | 56.1                                | 7.7        | 36.8    | 55.3                                | 7.9        | 0.5     | -0.7*                               | 0.2        |
| Highest quarter                  | 24.4    | 70.7                                | 4.8        | 24.9    | 69.9                                | 5.1        | 0.5     | -0.8*                               | 0.3        |

#### Table C-13A. Percentage of high school sophomores, by high school program and selected student characteristics: 2002

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

|                                  |         | Unimputed        |            |         | Imputed          |            |  |
|----------------------------------|---------|------------------|------------|---------|------------------|------------|--|
|                                  |         | Academic/college |            |         | Academic/college |            |  |
| Characteristic                   | General | preparatory      | Vocational | General | preparatory      | Vocational |  |
| Sex                              |         |                  |            |         |                  |            |  |
| Male                             | 0.80    | 0.88             | 0.66       | 0.79    | 0.88             | 0.67       |  |
| Female                           | 0.80    | 0.81             | 0.44       | 0.79    | 0.80             | 0.43       |  |
| Socioeconomic status             |         |                  |            |         |                  |            |  |
| Lowest quarter                   | 1.10    | 1.07             | 0.93       | 1.04    | 1.01             | 0.86       |  |
| Middle quarters                  | 0.82    | 0.86             | 0.56       | 0.77    | 0.83             | 0.55       |  |
| Highest quarter                  | 1.11    | 1.19             | 0.50       | 1.13    | 1.21             | 0.52       |  |
| Composite achievement test score |         |                  |            |         |                  |            |  |
| Lowest quarter                   | 1.06    | 0.94             | 0.90       | 1.01    | 0.90             | 0.88       |  |
| Second quarter                   | 1.12    | 1.08             | 0.76       | 1.07    | 1.06             | 0.75       |  |
| Third quarter                    | 1.07    | 1.17             | 0.60       | 1.07    | 1.15             | 0.58       |  |
| Highest quarter                  | 1.06    | 1.16             | 0.55       | 1.04    | 1.15             | 0.54       |  |

# Table C-13B. Standard errors for table C-13A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores, by high school program and selected student characteristics): 2002

|  |                     | Unin             | nputed               |                       |                     | Imp              | outed                |                       |                     | Diffe            | erence               |                       |
|--|---------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
|  |                     |                  | Bilingual<br>or      |                       |                     |                  | Bilingual<br>or      |                       |                     |                  | Bilingual<br>or      |                       |
| Characteristic                         | Remedial<br>English | Remedial<br>math | bicultural education | Advanced<br>Placement | Remedial<br>English | Remedial<br>math | bicultural education | Advanced<br>Placement | Remedial<br>English | Remedial<br>math | bicultural education | Advanced<br>Placement |
| Sex                                    |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |
| Male                                   | 10.1                | 11.5             | 26.9                 | 17.1                  | 10.1                | 11.5             | 26.9                 | 17.1                  | -0.002              | #                | #                    | #                     |
| Female                                 | 6.9                 | 8.4              | 29.5                 | 18.3                  | 6.9                 | 8.4              | 29.5                 | 18.3                  | 0.006               | #                | #                    | #                     |
| Socioeconomic<br>status                |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |
| Lowest<br>quarter                      | 10.5                | 12.4             | 19.1                 | 12.6                  | 10.1                | 12.0             | 20.0                 | 13.2                  | -0.408              | -0.4             | 0.9*                 | 0.6                   |
| Middle                                 |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |
| quarters                               | 8.1                 | 9.4              | 28.9                 | 16.5                  | 8.4                 | 9.7              | 28.3                 | 16.1                  | 0.267               | 0.3              | -0.6*                | -0.4                  |
| Highest                                |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |
| quarter                                | 7.0                 | 8.5              | 35.9                 | 25.2                  | 7.2                 | 8.4              | 36.0                 | 25.1                  | 0.162               | #                | #                    | -0.2                  |
| Composite<br>achievement<br>test score |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |
| Lowest                                 |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |
| quarter                                | 14.5                | 16.0             | 12.8                 | 9.5                   | 14.6                | 16.0             | 12.8                 | 9.5                   | 0.017               | #                | #                    | #                     |
| Second                                 |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |
| quarter                                | 7.3                 | 9.6              | 21.1                 | 11.6                  | 7.4                 | 9.6              | 20.9                 | 11.5                  | 0.037               | #                | -0.2                 | #                     |
| Third quarter                          | 6.8                 | 8.6              | 34.6                 | 17.9                  | 6.7                 | 8.5              | 34.3                 | 17.9                  | -0.099*             | #                | -0.2                 | #                     |
| Highest                                |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |                     |                  |                      |                       |
| quarter                                | 5.4                 | 5.7              | 44.2                 | 31.6                  | 5.4                 | 5.7              | 44.1                 | 31.4                  | -0.050              | #                | -0.1                 | -0.1                  |

# Table C-14A. Percentage of high school sophomores who report having been in various kinds of courses or programs in high school, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

|                                  |                     | Unim             | puted                                   |                       |                     | Imp              | outed                                   |                       |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Characteristic                   | Remedial<br>English | Remedial<br>math | Bilingual or<br>bicultural<br>education | Advanced<br>Placement | Remedial<br>English | Remedial<br>math | Bilingual or<br>bicultural<br>education | Advanced<br>Placement |
| Sex                              |                     |                  |   |                       |                     |                  |   |                       |
| Male                             | 0.44                | 0.51             | 0.76                                    | 0.60                  | 0.44                | 0.51             | 0.76                                    | 0.60                  |
| Female                           | 0.37                | 0.44             | 0.80                                    | 0.68                  | 0.37                | 0.44             | 0.80                                    | 0.68                  |
| Socioeconomic status             |                     |                  |   |                       |                     |                  |   |                       |
| Lowest quarter                   | 0.66                | 0.74             | 0.83                                    | 0.71                  | 0.66                | 0.76             | 0.87                                    | 0.73                  |
| Middle quarters                  | 0.43                | 0.47             | 0.76                                    | 0.62                  | 0.43                | 0.46             | 0.76                                    | 0.62                  |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.52                | 0.58             | 1.02                                    | 1.06                  | 0.51                | 0.55             | 1.04                                    | 1.03                  |
| Composite achievement test score |                     |                  |   |                       |                     |                  |   |                       |
| Lowest quarter                   | 0.77                | 0.89             | 0.71                                    | 0.60                  | 0.76                | 0.88             | 0.70                                    | 0.60                  |
| Second quarter                   | 0.50                | 0.61             | 0.91                                    | 0.70                  | 0.49                | 0.60             | 0.89                                    | 0.69                  |
| Third quarter                    | 0.51                | 0.57             | 1.05                                    | 0.88                  | 0.50                | 0.56             | 1.04                                    | 0.87                  |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.48                | 0.48             | 1.10                                    | 1.26                  | 0.47                | 0.48             | 1.10                                    | 1.25                  |

 Table C-14B. Standard errors for table C-14A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores who report having been in various kinds of courses or programs in high school, by selected student characteristics): 2002

|  |  | Uni   | mputed                                   |   |  |  |  |   |  | Di   | ifference                                |   |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|
| Characteristic                         | Come<br>to<br>school<br>without<br>books | Come to<br>school<br>without<br>paper,<br>pen, or<br>pencil | Come to<br>school<br>without<br>homework | Come to<br>school<br>without<br>books<br>and/or<br>homework | Come<br>to<br>school<br>without<br>books | Come<br>to<br>school<br>without<br>paper,<br>pen, or<br>pencil | Come to<br>school<br>without<br>homework | Come to<br>school<br>without<br>books<br>and/or<br>homework | Come<br>to<br>school<br>without<br>books | Come<br>to<br>school<br>without<br>paper,<br>pen, or<br>pencil | Come to<br>school<br>without<br>homework | Come to<br>school<br>without<br>books<br>and/or<br>homework |
| Sex                                    |  |   |  |   | Imputed                                  |  |  |   |  |  |  |   |
| Male                                   | 18.5                                     | 22.0  | 30.5                                     | 35.2  | 18.5                                     | 22.0   | 30.5                                     | 35.2  | #  | #  | #  | #   |
| Female                                 | 15.1                                     | 13.1  | 21.3                                     | 25.6  | 15.1                                     | 13.1   | 21.3                                     | 25.6  | #  | #  | #  | #   |
| Socioeconomic status                   |  |   |  |   |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |   |
| Lowest quarter                         | 22.0                                     | 21.8  | 31.7                                     | 37.3  | 21.8                                     | 21.1   | 31.8                                     | 37.1  | -0.2                                     | -0.7   | #  | -0.2  |
| Middle quarters                        | 16.2                                     | 16.9  | 25.8                                     | 30.4  | 16.1                                     | 17.1   | 25.8                                     | 30.4  | -0.1                                     | 0.3  | #  | -0.1  |
| Highest quarter                        | 12.9                                     | 14.6  | 20.1                                     | 23.7  | 13.4                                     | 14.9   | 20.2                                     | 24.0  | 0.5                                      | 0.3  | 0.1                                      | 0.3   |
| Composite<br>achievement<br>test score |  |   |  |   |  |  |  |   |  |  |  |   |
| Lowest quarter                         | 29.6                                     | 29.6  | 37.9                                     | 44.4  | 29.5                                     | 29.6   | 37.8                                     | 44.4  | #  | #  | -0.1                                     | #   |
| Second quarter                         | 16.0                                     | 16.2  | 26.1                                     | 30.7  | 15.9                                     | 16.4   | 26.1                                     | 30.6  | #  | 0.2  | #  | -0.1  |
| Third quarter                          | 12.3                                     | 13.0  | 22.1                                     | 26.2  | 12.2                                     | 13.0   | 22.1                                     | 26.1  | -0.1                                     | #  | #  | #   |
| Highest quarter                        | 9.7                                      | 11.0  | 17.7                                     | 20.8  | 9.7                                      | 11.1   | 17.7                                     | 20.8  | #  | #  | #  | #   |

# Table C-15A. Percentage of high school sophomores saying they usually or often come to school unprepared, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

|  |                              | Unim   | outed                                 |   |                                    | Im   | outed                                 |   |
|--|------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| Characteristic                         | Come to school without books | Come to school<br>without paper,<br>pen, or pencil | Come to school<br>without<br>homework | Come to school<br>without books<br>and/or<br>homework | Come to<br>school without<br>books | Come to school<br>without paper,<br>pen, or pencil | Come to school<br>without<br>homework | Come to school<br>without books<br>and/or<br>homework |
| Sex                                    |                              |  |                                       |   |                                    |  |                                       |   |
| Male                                   | 0.57                         | 0.60   | 0.71                                  | 0.77  | 0.57                               | 0.60   | 0.71                                  | 0.77  |
| Female                                 | 0.57                         | 0.51   | 0.64                                  | 0.69  | 0.57                               | 0.51   | 0.64                                  | 0.69  |
| Socioeconomic status                   |                              |  |                                       |   |                                    |  |                                       |   |
| Lowest quarter                         | 0.90                         | 0.78   | 0.99                                  | 1.06  | 0.88                               | 0.78   | 0.97                                  | 1.03  |
| Middle quarters                        | 0.54                         | 0.54   | 0.66                                  | 0.70  | 0.55                               | 0.54   | 0.66                                  | 0.70  |
| Highest quarter                        | 0.70                         | 0.82   | 0.89                                  | 0.92  | 0.71                               | 0.78   | 0.90                                  | 0.95  |
| Composite<br>achievement test<br>score |                              |  |                                       |   |                                    |  |                                       |   |
| Lowest quarter                         | 1.01                         | 0.93   | 1.09                                  | 1.14  | 1.01                               | 0.93   | 1.09                                  | 1.13  |
| Second quarter                         | 0.80                         | 0.82   | 1.02                                  | 1.04  | 0.78                               | 0.81   | 1.01                                  | 1.03  |
| Third quarter                          | 0.66                         | 0.64   | 0.82                                  | 0.87  | 0.65                               | 0.64   | 0.81                                  | 0.86  |
| Highest guarter                        | 0.57                         | 0.62   | 0.75                                  | 0.80  | 0.57                               | 0.62   | 0.75                                  | 0.79  |

# Table C-15B. Standard errors for table C-15A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores saying they usually or often come to school unprepared, by selected student characteristics): 2002

|                                    |                      | Unimputed                               |             |              | Imputed  |             |              | Difference                                     |             |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|---|-------------|--------------|--|-------------|--------------|--|-------------|
|                                    | l don't<br>feel safe | Disruptions<br>by other<br>students get | The         |              | Disruptions by<br>other students<br>get in the | The         |              | Disruptions by<br>other students<br>get in the | The         |
| Characteristic                     | at this              | in the way of                           | teaching is | safe at this | way of my                                      | teaching is | safe at this | way of my                                      | teaching is |
|                                    | school               | my learning                             | good        | school       | learning                                       | good        | school       | learning                                       | good        |
| Sex                                |                      |   |             |              |  |             |              |  |             |
| Mala                               | 12.7                 | 43.6                                    | 79.0        | 12.7         | 43.6   | 79.0        | #            | #  | #           |
| Mademale                           | 11.1                 | 47.8                                    | 82.2        | 11.1         | 47.8   | 82.2        | #            | #  | #           |
| Socioeconomic status               |                      |   |             |              |  |             |              |  |             |
| Lowest quarter                     | 17.0                 | 52.5                                    | 79.3        | 16.4         | 51.9   | 79.4        | -0.5         | -0.7   | 0.1         |
| Middle quarters                    | 11.5                 | 44.9                                    | 79.7        | 12.0         | 45.4   | 79.6        | 0.5          | 0.4  | -0.1        |
| Highest quarter                    | 7.5                  | 40.3                                    | 84.0        | 7.3          | 40.2   | 83.9        | -0.2         | #  | -0.2        |
| Parents' education                 |                      |   |             |              |  |             |              |  |             |
| High school or less                | 18.5                 | 53.7                                    | 84.3        | 15.2         | 50.4   | 79.7        | -3.4*        | -3.3   | -4.5        |
| Some college                       | 13.1                 | 48.7                                    | 78.8        | 12.0         | 45.6   | 79.4        | -1.1*        | -3.1   | 0.5         |
| College graduation                 | 12.3                 | 44.8                                    | 79.6        | 9.7          | 42.5   | 82.2        | -2.6*        | -2.3   | 2.6         |
| Graduate or professional           |                      |   |             |              |  |             |              |  |             |
| degree                             | 11.1                 | 47.4                                    | 78.3        | 9.2          | 42.3   | 82.7        | -1.9*        | -5.1*  | 4.3         |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |                      |   |             |              |  |             |              |  |             |
| English                            | 11.0                 | 44.0                                    | 80.2        | 11.1         | 44.3   | 80.1        | 0.2*         | 0.3*   | #           |
| Non-English                        | 16.4                 | 54.3                                    | 83.8        | 16.7         | 54.4   | 83.6        | 0.2          | #  | -0.2        |
| Student's educational expectations |                      |   |             |              |  |             |              |  |             |
| High school or less                | 22.6                 | 50.2                                    | 68.5        | 22.8         | 50.7   | 68.6        | 0.2          | 0.5  | 0.1         |
| Some college                       | 16.6                 | 46.2                                    | 76.1        | 16.7         | 46.6   | 76.2        | #            | 0.5  | 0.1         |
| College graduation                 | 9.3                  | 44.5                                    | 81.7        | 9.6          | 44.7   | 81.5        | 0.3*         | 0.2  | -0.2        |
| Graduate or professional           |                      |   |             |              |  |             |              |  |             |
| degree                             | 9.1                  | 44.8                                    | 85.6        | 9.1          | 45.0   | 85.4        | #            | 0.3*   | -0.1        |
| Don't know                         | 16.4                 | 46.4                                    | 74.6        | 16.2         | 46.6   | 74.5        | -0.1         | 0.2  | -0.1        |

 Table C-16A. Percentage of high school sophomores who agreed or strongly agreed with various statements about the school's climate and teaching, by selected student characteristics: 2002

See notes at end of table.

|                                  | Unimputed                                 |   |                            |  | Imputed   |                            |  | Difference  |                            |
|----------------------------------|---|---|----------------------------|--|---|----------------------------|--|---|----------------------------|
| Characteristic                   | l don't<br>feel safe<br>at this<br>school | Disruptions<br>by other<br>students get<br>in the way of<br>my learning | The<br>teaching is<br>good | l don't feel<br>safe at this<br>school | Disruptions by<br>other students<br>get in the<br>way of my<br>learning | The<br>teaching is<br>good | l don't feel<br>safe at this<br>school | Disruptions by<br>other students<br>get in the<br>way of my<br>learning | The<br>teaching is<br>good |
| Composite achievement test score |   |   |                            |  |   |                            |  |   |                            |
| Lowest quarter                   | 21.1                                      | 55.2  | 73.8                       | 21.1                                   | 55.3  | 73.9                       | -0.1                                   | #   | 0.1                        |
| Second quarter                   | 12.4                                      | 48.9  | 78.5                       | 12.7                                   | 49.0  | 78.3                       | 0.3                                    | 0.2   | -0.2                       |
| Third quarter                    | 8.7                                       | 42.7  | 82.5                       | 8.6                                    | 42.5  | 82.5                       | #                                      | -0.2  | #                          |
| Highest quarter                  | 5.2                                       | 35.8  | 87.7                       | 5.2                                    | 35.9  | 87.7                       | #                                      | 0.1   | #                          |

Table C-16A. Percentage of high school sophomores who agreed or strongly agreed with various statements about the school's climate and teaching, by selected student characteristics: 2002—Continued

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

|                                    |  | Unimputed   |                      |                                     | Imputed   |                      |
|------------------------------------|--|---|----------------------|-------------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| Characteristic                     | I don't feel<br>safe at this<br>school | Disruptions by other<br>students get in the<br>way of my learning | The teaching is good | I don't feel safe at<br>this school | Disruptions by other<br>students get in the<br>way of my learning | The teaching is good |
| Sex                                |  |   |                      |                                     |   |                      |
| Male                               | 0.5                                    | 0.8   | 0.7                  | 0.5                                 | 0.8   | 0.7                  |
| Female                             | 0.5                                    | 0.8   | 0.6                  | 0.5                                 | 0.8   | 0.6                  |
| Socioeconomic status               |  |   |                      |                                     |   |                      |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.8                                    | 0.9   | 0.9                  | 0.8                                 | 1.0   | 0.8                  |
| Middle quarters                    | 0.5                                    | 0.8   | 0.7                  | 0.5                                 | 0.8   | 0.7                  |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.6                                    | 1.1   | 0.8                  | 0.6                                 | 1.1   | 0.9                  |
| Parents' education                 |  |   |                      |                                     |   |                      |
| High school or less                | 1.5                                    | 1.8   | 1.4                  | 0.7                                 | 1.0   | 0.8                  |
| Some college                       | 0.8                                    | 1.2   | 1.0                  | 0.6                                 | 0.8   | 0.8                  |
| College graduation                 | 1.0                                    | 1.5   | 1.3                  | 0.7                                 | 1.1   | 1.0                  |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 1.0                                    | 1.6   | 1.4                  | 0.7                                 | 1.3   | 1.1                  |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |  |   |                      |                                     |   |                      |
| English                            | 0.4                                    | 0.6   | 0.6                  | 0.4                                 | 0.6   | 0.6                  |
| Non-English                        | 1.1                                    | 1.2   | 0.9                  | 1.1                                 | 1.2   | 1.0                  |
| Student's educational expectations |  |   |                      |                                     |   |                      |
| High school or less                | 1.6                                    | 1.7   | 1.7                  | 1.6                                 | 1.7   | 1.7                  |
| Some college                       | 1.2                                    | 1.8   | 1.4                  | 1.2                                 | 1.8   | 1.4                  |
| College graduation                 | 0.5                                    | 0.9   | 0.8                  | 0.5                                 | 0.9   | 0.7                  |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.5                                    | 0.9   | 0.7                  | 0.5                                 | 0.9   | 0.7                  |
| Don't know                         | 1.2                                    | 1.6   | 1.4                  | 1.2                                 | 1.5   | 1.4                  |
| Composite achievement test score   |  |   |                      |                                     |   |                      |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.8                                    | 1.0   | 1.0                  | 0.8                                 | 1.0   | 1.0                  |
| Second quarter                     | 0.7                                    | 1.0   | 0.9                  | 0.7                                 | 1.0   | 0.8                  |
| Third quarter                      | 0.6                                    | 1.1   | 0.8                  | 0.6                                 | 1.1   | 0.8                  |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.5                                    | 1.0   | 0.7                  | 0.5                                 | 1.0   | 0.7                  |

# Table C-16B. Standard errors for table C-16A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores who agreed or strongly agreed with various statements about the school's climate and teaching, by selected student characteristics): 2002

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

|                                    |             | Unimputed   |           |             | Imputed     |           |             | Difference  |           |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| Characteristic                     | Use         | Use graphic | Use       | Use         | Use graphic | Use       | Use         | Use graphic | Use       |
|                                    | calculators | calculators | computers | calculators | calculators | computers | calculators | calculators | computers |
| Sex                                |             |             |           |             |             |           |             |             |           |
| Mala                               | 7.4         | 31.6        | 58.5      | 7.4         | 31.6        | 58.5      | #           | #           | #         |
| Mademale                           | 4.6         | 33.7        | 62.8      | 4.6         | 33.7        | 62.8      | #           | #           | #         |
| Socioeconomic status               |             |             |           |             |             |           |             |             |           |
| Lowest quarter                     | 8.6         | 38.5        | 54.8      | 8.7         | 38.1        | 54.8      | 0.1         | -0.5        | 0.1       |
| Middle quarters                    | 5.9         | 34.4        | 62.4      | 5.8         | 34.7        | 62.1      | #           | 0.2         | -0.3      |
| Highest quarter                    | 3.4         | 22.9        | 63.2      | 3.7         | 23.1        | 63.5      | 0.2         | 0.3         | 0.3       |
| Parents' education                 |             |             |           |             |             |           |             |             |           |
| High school or less                | 13.2        | 40.7        | 57.2      | 8.5         | 37.6        | 57.8      | -4.7        | -3.0        | 0.6*      |
| Some college                       | 7.1         | 36.8        | 59.4      | 5.7         | 35.5        | 60.3      | -1.4        | -1.3        | 0.9*      |
| College graduation                 | 5.9         | 35.5        | 60.3      | 5.0         | 28.2        | 62.6      | -0.9        | -7.3*       | 2.3       |
| Graduate or professional           |             |             |           |             |             |           |             |             |           |
| degree                             | 5.7         | 38.0        | 61.9      | 3.8         | 23.8        | 63.5      | -1.9        | -14.2*      | 1.6       |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |             |             |           |             |             |           |             |             |           |
| English                            | 5.2         | 31.7        | 61.9      | 5.3         | 31.7        | 61.6      | 0.1         | #           | -0.3*     |
| Non-English                        | 10.6        | 38.4        | 55.1      | 10.6        | 38.3        | 54.8      | #           | -0.1        | -0.3      |
| Student's educational expectations |             |             |           |             |             |           |             |             |           |
| High school or less                | 12.9        | 42.9        | 54.8      | 13.3        | 42.6        | 54.0      | 0.4         | -0.2        | -0.8      |
| Some college                       | 8.1         | 40.3        | 57.7      | 8.0         | 40.2        | 57.0      | #           | -0.2        | -0.7*     |
| College graduation                 | 4.7         | 32.5        | 61.6      | 4.7         | 32.4        | 61.2      | #           | -0.1        | -0.4*     |
| Graduate or professional           |             |             |           |             |             |           |             |             |           |
| degree                             | 3.9         | 26.2        | 62.1      | 4.0         | 26.3        | 61.7      | 0.1         | 0.1         | -0.3*     |
| Don't know                         | 10.0        | 40.2        | 64.1      | 9.9         | 40.1        | 63.8      | -0.1        | -0.1        | -0.3      |
| Composite achievement test score   |             |             |           |             |             |           |             |             |           |
| Lowest quarter                     | 10.9        | 39.7        | 48.4      | 10.9        | 39.6        | 48.4      | #           | #           | #         |
| Second quarter                     | 5.8         | 36.5        | 61.4      | 5.7         | 36.5        | 61.1      | -0.1*       | #           | -0.3*     |
| Third quarter                      | 4.2         | 33.3        | 65.1      | 4.2         | 32.9        | 64.7      | -0.1*       | -0.3        | -0.3      |
| Highest guarter                    | 3.3         | 21.7        | 68.7      | 3.3         | 21.6        | 68.4      | #           | -0.1        | -0.2      |

#### Table C-17A. Percentage of high school sophomores' use of calculators and computers, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

|                                    |                 | Unimputed                  |               |                 | Imputed                    |               |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| Characteristic                     | Use calculators | Use graphic<br>calculators | Use computers | Use calculators | Use graphic<br>calculators | Use computers |
| Sex                                |                 |                            |               |                 |                            |               |
|                                    | 0.46            | 0.94                       | 0.92          | 0.46            | 0.94                       | 0.92          |
| Mademale                           | 0.34            | 1.01                       | 0.86          | 0.34            | 1.01                       | 0.86          |
| Socioeconomic status               |                 |                            |               |                 |                            |               |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.66            | 1.17                       | 1.11          | 0.68            | 1.19                       | 1.12          |
| Middle quarters                    | 0.40            | 1.06                       | 0.94          | 0.39            | 1.03                       | 0.90          |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.43            | 1.10                       | 1.24          | 0.44            | 1.09                       | 1.24          |
| Parents' education                 |                 |                            |               |                 |                            |               |
| High school or less                | 1.54            | 2.20                       | 2.13          | 0.61            | 1.18                       | 1.14          |
| Some college                       | 0.68            | 1.34                       | 1.33          | 0.41            | 1.13                       | 1.02          |
| College graduation                 | 0.76            | 1.74                       | 1.62          | 0.47            | 1.16                       | 1.26          |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.72            | 1.84                       | 1.76          | 0.47            | 1.33                       | 1.35          |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |                 |                            |               |                 |                            |               |
| English                            | 0.32            | 0.91                       | 0.82          | 0.32            | 0.90                       | 0.82          |
| Non-English                        | 1.01            | 1.63                       | 1.50          | 1.02            | 1.61                       | 1.50          |
| Student's educational expectations |                 |                            |               |                 |                            |               |
| High school or less                | 1.27            | 1.82                       | 1.99          | 1.24            | 1.76                       | 1.95          |
| Some college                       | 0.90            | 1.92                       | 1.77          | 0.89            | 1.90                       | 1.75          |
| College graduation                 | 0.42            | 1.08                       | 1.02          | 0.41            | 1.07                       | 1.02          |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.32            | 0.96                       | 1.02          | 0.32            | 0.95                       | 1.01          |
| Don't know                         | 1.09            | 1.91                       | 1.68          | 1.06            | 1.86                       | 1.66          |
| Composite achievement test score   |                 |                            |               |                 |                            |               |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.67            | 1.13                       | 1.24          | 0.67            | 1.13                       | 1.23          |
| Second quarter                     | 0.50            | 1.16                       | 1.19          | 0.50            | 1.14                       | 1.18          |
| Third quarter                      | 0.44            | 1.32                       | 1.26          | 0.44            | 1.31                       | 1.26          |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.42            | 1.15                       | 1.24          | 0.41            | 1.14                       | 1.24          |

# Table C-17B. Standard errors for table C-17A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores' use of calculators and computers, by selected student characteristics): 2002

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

| Characteristic               | Unimputed<br>(mean) | Imputed (mean) | Difference<br>(mean) |
|------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Sex                          |                     |                |                      |
| Male                         | 37.6                | 38.0           | 0.5                  |
| Female                       | 38.0                | 37.1           | -1.0                 |
| Socioeconomic status         |                     |                |                      |
| Lowest quarter               | 31.2                | 31.5           | 0.3*                 |
| Middle quarters              | 37.6                | 37.3           | -0.3*                |
| Highest quarter              | 44.1                | 44.0           | -0.1                 |
| High school program          |                     |                |                      |
| General                      | 35.1                | 35.0           | -0.1                 |
| Academic/college preparatory | 40.8                | 40.5           | -0.4*                |
| Vocational                   | 33.0                | 33.0           | 0.1                  |

# Table C-18A. Item Response Theory (IRT)-estimated number-right scores for mathematics, by selected student characteristics: 2002

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "Base Year, 2002."

| Characteristic               | Unimputed<br>SE (mean) | Imputed<br>SE (mean) |
|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Sex                          |                        |                      |
| Male                         | 0.24                   | 0.24                 |
| Female                       | 0.25                   | 0.25                 |
| Socioeconomic status         |                        |                      |
| Lowest quarter               | 0.29                   | 0.28                 |
| Middle quarters              | 0.19                   | 0.21                 |
| Highest quarter              | 0.25                   | 0.25                 |
| High school program          |                        |                      |
| General                      | 0.26                   | 0.26                 |
| Academic/college preparatory | 0.24                   | 0.24                 |
| Vocational                   | 0.46                   | 0.44                 |

#### Table C-18B. Standard errors for table C-18A estimates (Item Response Theory [IRT]-estimated number-right scores for mathematics, by selected student characteristics): 2002

NOTE: SE = standard error.

|                                    | Unimputed | Imputed | Difference |
|------------------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|
| Characteristic                     | (mean)    | (mean)  | (mean)     |
| Sex                                |           |         |            |
| Male                               | 87.1      | 87.6    | 0.5*       |
| Female                             | 91.0      | 91.3    | 0.3*       |
| Socioeconomic status               |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | 79.0      | 80.7    | 1.7*       |
| Middle quarters                    | 90.9      | 90.4    | -0.5*      |
| Highest quarter                    | 95.8      | 96.2    | 0.4        |
| Parents' education                 |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | 77.5      | 83.5    | 6.0        |
| Some college                       | 85.9      | 89.8    | 3.9*       |
| College graduation                 | 89.4      | 92.5    | 3.1*       |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 91.7      | 94.5    | 2.8*       |
| Student's educational expectations |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | 68.5      | 69.8    | 1.3*       |
| Some college                       | 82.6      | 82.7    | 0.1        |
| College graduation                 | 91.9      | 91.6    | -0.2       |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 95.4      | 95.2    | -0.2       |
| Don't know                         | 84.7      | 84.0    | -0.7*      |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |           |         |            |
| English                            | 91.5      | 91.5    | -0.1       |
| Non-English                        | 76.7      | 76.8    | 0.1        |
| Composite achievement test score   |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | 59.5      | 60.1    | 0.5*       |
| Second quarter                     | 97.7      | 97.8    | 0.1*       |
| Third quarter                      | 99.9      | 99.9    | #          |
| Highest quarter                    | 100.0     | 100.0   | #          |
| High school program                |           |         |            |
| General                            | 87.4      | 87.1    | -0.3       |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 93.1      | 92.5    | -0.6       |
| Vocational                         | 82.9      | 83.1    | 0.2        |

# Table C-19A. High school sophomore probability of proficiency at reading level 1, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

| Observatoristic                    | Unimputed |           |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Characteristic                     | SE (mean) | SE (mean) |
| Sex                                | 0.50      | 0.40      |
| Male                               | 0.50      | 0.48      |
| Female                             | 0.45      | 0.44      |
| Socioeconomic status               |           |           |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.83      | 0.77      |
| Middle quarters                    | 0.36      | 0.39      |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.42      | 0.38      |
| Parents' education                 |           |           |
| High school or less                | 1.46      | 0.70      |
| Some college                       | 0.78      | 0.46      |
| College graduation                 | 0.74      | 0.53      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.69      | 0.56      |
| Student's educational expectations |           |           |
| High school or less                | 1.46      | 1.37      |
| Some college                       | 0.96      | 0.93      |
| College graduation                 | 0.48      | 0.47      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.34      | 0.34      |
| Don't know                         | 1.01      | 0.99      |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |           |           |
| English                            | 0.33      | 0.33      |
| Non-English                        | 1.16      | 1.13      |
| Composite achievement test score   |           |           |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.83      | 0.82      |
| Second quarter                     | 0.15      | 0.14      |
| Third quarter                      | 0.02      | 0.02      |
| Highest quarter                    | #         | #         |
| High school program                |           |           |
| General                            | 0.56      | 0.55      |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 0.40      | 0.41      |
| Vocational                         | 1.00      | 0.96      |

# Table C-19B. Standard errors for table C-19A estimates (high school sophomore probability of proficiency at reading level 1, by selected student characteristics): 2002

# Rounds to zero.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

NOTE: SE = standard error.

| Characteristic                     | Unimputed | Imputed | Difference |
|------------------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|
| Characteristic                     | (mean)    | (mean)  | (mean)     |
| Sex                                |           |         | 0.5*       |
| Male                               | 43.6      | 44.2    | 0.5*       |
| Female                             | 48.3      | 48.2    | -0.1       |
| Socioeconomic status               |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | 25.0      | 26.2    | 1.2*       |
| Middle quarters                    | 46.1      | 45.2    | -0.9*      |
| Highest quarter                    | 67.6      | 68.0    | 0.4        |
| Parents' education                 |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | 21.6      | 30.5    | 8.8*       |
| Some college                       | 34.6      | 43.6    | 9.0*       |
| College graduation                 | 42.7      | 56.2    | 13.5*      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 46.3      | 65.0    | 18.7*      |
| Student's educational expectations |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | 15.7      | 15.5    | -0.2       |
| Some college                       | 26.8      | 27.1    | 0.3        |
| College graduation                 | 46.9      | 46.4    | -0.5*      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 62.0      | 61.9    | -0.1       |
| Don't know                         | 35.1      | 34.2    | -0.9*      |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |           |         |            |
| English                            | 49.7      | 49.2    | -0.5*      |
| Non-English                        | 27.3      | 27.6    | 0.3        |
| Composite achievement test score   |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | 2.6       | 2.6     | #          |
| Second quarter                     | 22.7      | 22.6    | -0.2       |
| Third quarter                      | 65.3      | 65.5    | 0.2*       |
| Highest quarter                    | 93.8      | 94.0    | 0.1*       |
| High school program                |           |         |            |
| General                            | 38.6      | 38.5    | -0.1       |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 56.7      | 55.6    | -1.1*      |
| Vocational                         | 28.9      | 29.2    | 0.4        |

# Table C-20A. High school sophomore probability of proficiency at reading level 2, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

|                                    | Unimputed | Imputed   |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Characteristic                     | SE (mean) | SE (mean) |
| Sex                                |           |           |
| Male                               | 0.80      | 0.78      |
| Female                             | 0.88      | 0.85      |
| Socioeconomic status               |           |           |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.85      | 0.84      |
| Middle quarters                    | 0.70      | 0.68      |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.89      | 0.88      |
| Parents' education                 |           |           |
| High school or less                | 1.37      | 0.80      |
| Some college                       | 0.98      | 0.83      |
| College graduation                 | 1.29      | 0.96      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 1.32      | 1.17      |
| Student's educational expectations |           |           |
| High school or less                | 1.07      | 0.98      |
| Some college                       | 1.11      | 1.07      |
| College graduation                 | 0.89      | 0.85      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.89      | 0.85      |
| Don't know                         | 1.27      | 1.22      |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |           |           |
| English                            | 0.70      | 0.68      |
| Non-English                        | 1.21      | 1.18      |
| Composite achievement test score   |           |           |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.12      | 0.12      |
| Second quarter                     | 0.45      | 0.42      |
| Third quarter                      | 0.56      | 0.53      |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.22      | 0.21      |
| High school program                |           |           |
| General                            | 0.86      | 0.83      |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 0.82      | 0.79      |
| Vocational                         | 1.46      | 1.39      |

# Table C-20B. Standard errors for table C-20A estimates (high school sophomore probability of proficiency at reading level 2, by selected student characteristics): 2002

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

NOTE: SE = standard error.

|                                    | Unimputed | Imputed | Difference |
|------------------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|
| Characteristic                     | (mean)    | (mean)  | (mean)     |
| Sex                                |           |         |            |
| Male                               | 8.2       | 8.1     | -0.1       |
| Female                             | 8.8       | 8.5     | -0.3*      |
| Socioeconomic status               |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | 2.5       | 2.5     | #          |
| Middle quarters                    | 6.7       | 6.3     | -0.4*      |
| Highest quarter                    | 18.2      | 17.8    | -0.3       |
| Parents' education                 |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | 1.3       | 3.0     | 1.7*       |
| Some college                       | 3.8       | 6.1     | 2.2*       |
| College graduation                 | 6.0       | 11.5    | 5.4*       |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 7.0       | 17.7    | 10.7*      |
| Student's educational expectations |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | 0.8       | 0.8     | #          |
| Some college                       | 2.1       | 2.1     | -0.1       |
| College graduation                 | 7.6       | 7.2     | -0.4*      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 13.9      | 13.5    | -0.4*      |
| Don't know                         | 5.8       | 5.6     | -0.2       |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |           |         |            |
| English                            | 9.4       | 9.0     | -0.4*      |
| Non-English                        | 3.9       | 3.8     | -0.1       |
| Composite achievement test score   |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | #         | #       | #*         |
| Second quarter                     | 0.1       | 0.1     | #*         |
| Third quarter                      | 2.2       | 2.1     | -0.1*      |
| Highest quarter                    | 31.4      | 30.9    | -0.5*      |
| High school program                |           |         |            |
| General                            | 4.9       | 4.8     | -0.1       |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 12.7      | 12.1    | -0.6*      |
| Vocational                         | 2.8       | 2.8     | #          |

### Table C-21A. High school sophomore probability of proficiency at reading level 3, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

|                                    | Unimputed | Imputed  |
|------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| Characteristic                     | SE (mean) | SE (mean |
| Sex                                |           |          |
| Male                               | 0.34      | 0.32     |
| Female                             | 0.39      | 0.37     |
| Socioeconomic status               |           |          |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.25      | 0.23     |
| Middle quarters                    | 0.26      | 0.25     |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.72      | 0.71     |
| Parents' education                 |           |          |
| High school or less                | 0.33      | 0.24     |
| Some college                       | 0.34      | 0.28     |
| College graduation                 | 0.53      | 0.57     |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.60      | 0.84     |
| Student's educational expectations |           |          |
| High school or less                | 0.23      | 0.20     |
| Some college                       | 0.31      | 0.29     |
| College graduation                 | 0.39      | 0.36     |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.51      | 0.48     |
| Don't know                         | 0.62      | 0.59     |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |           |          |
| English                            | 0.31      | 0.29     |
| Non-English                        | 0.44      | 0.41     |
| Composite achievement test score   |           |          |
| Lowest quarter                     | #         | #        |
| Second quarter                     | 0.01      | 0.01     |
| Third quarter                      | 0.11      | 0.11     |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.66      | 0.63     |
| High school program                |           |          |
| General                            | 0.30      | 0.28     |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 0.46      | 0.43     |
| Vocational                         | 0.42      | 0.39     |

# Table C-21B. Standard errors for table C-21A estimates (high school sophomore probability of proficiency at reading level 3, by selected student characteristics): 2002

# Rounds to zero.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

NOTE: SE = standard error.

|                                    | Unimputed | Imputed | Difference |
|------------------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|
| Characteristic                     | (mean)    | (mean)  | (mean)     |
| Sex                                |           |         |            |
| Male                               | 91.4      | 91.7    | 0.3*       |
| Female                             | 91.3      | 91.6    | 0.3*       |
| Socioeconomic status               |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | 83.2      | 84.5    | 1.4*       |
| Middle quarters                    | 92.8      | 92.5    | -0.3       |
| Highest quarter                    | 97.2      | 97.1    | -0.1       |
| Parents' education                 |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | 81.6      | 87.4    | 5.7        |
| Some college                       | 89.5      | 91.6    | 2.2*       |
| College graduation                 | 90.4      | 94.3    | 3.9*       |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 93.8      | 95.6    | 1.8*       |
| Student's educational expectations |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | 77.0      | 77.6    | 0.6        |
| Some college                       | 86.0      | 85.7    | -0.2       |
| College graduation                 | 93.7      | 93.6    | -0.1       |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 96.0      | 95.9    | -0.1       |
| Don't know                         | 87.9      | 87.5    | -0.4       |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |           |         |            |
| English                            | 93.0      | 93.0    | -0.1       |
| Non-English                        | 83.8      | 83.7    | -0.1       |
| Composite achievement test score   |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | 69.1      | 69.5    | 0.4*       |
| Second quarter                     | 97.5      | 97.6    | 0.1*       |
| Third quarter                      | 99.7      | 99.7    | #*         |
| Highest quarter                    | 100.0     | 100.0   | #*         |
| High school program                |           |         |            |
| General                            | 89.8      | 89.5    | -0.2       |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 94.7      | 94.3    | -0.4*      |
| Vocational                         | 87.1      | 87.1    | 0.1        |

### Table C-22A. High school sophomore probability of proficiency at math level 1, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

|                                    | Unimputed | Imputed   |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Characteristic                     | SE (mean) | SE (mean) |
| Sex                                |           |           |
| Male                               | 0.36      | 0.35      |
| Female                             | 0.36      | 0.35      |
| Socioeconomic status               |           |           |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.66      | 0.56      |
| Middle quarters                    | 0.30      | 0.33      |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.26      | 0.26      |
| Parents' education                 |           |           |
| High school or less                | 1.24      | 0.48      |
| Some college                       | 0.53      | 0.37      |
| College graduation                 | 0.68      | 0.37      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.52      | 0.46      |
| Student's educational expectations |           |           |
| High school or less                | 1.11      | 1.05      |
| Some college                       | 0.87      | 0.85      |
| College graduation                 | 0.34      | 0.33      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.30      | 0.30      |
| Don't know                         | 0.72      | 0.72      |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |           |           |
| English                            | 0.25      | 0.26      |
| Non-English                        | 0.84      | 0.81      |
| Composite achievement test score   |           |           |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.67      | 0.66      |
| Second quarter                     | 0.09      | 0.09      |
| Third quarter                      | 0.01      | 0.01      |
| Highest quarter                    | #         | #         |
| High school program                |           |           |
| General                            | 0.42      | 0.41      |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 0.30      | 0.30      |
| Vocational                         | 0.80      | 0.76      |

# Table C-22B. Standard errors for table C-22A estimates (high school sophomore probability of proficiency at math level 1, by selected student characteristics): 2002

# Rounds to zero.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

NOTE: SE = standard error.

|                                    | Unimputed | Imputed | Difference |
|------------------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|
| Characteristic                     | (mean)    | (mean)  | (mean)     |
| Sex                                |           |         |            |
| Male                               | 68.0      | 68.4    | 0.4*       |
| Female                             | 65.3      | 65.7    | 0.5*       |
| Socioeconomic status               |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | 44.9      | 46.4    | 1.4*       |
| Middle quarters                    | 68.2      | 67.8    | -0.4       |
| Highest quarter                    | 86.3      | 86.2    | -0.1       |
| Parents' education                 |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | 41.6      | 52.0    | 10.5*      |
| Some college                       | 57.0      | 65.9    | 8.9*       |
| College graduation                 | 64.1      | 76.1    | 11.9*      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 70.5      | 82.9    | 12.4*      |
| Student's educational expectations |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | 32.2      | 32.4    | 0.2        |
| Some college                       | 48.1      | 48.3    | 0.3        |
| College graduation                 | 70.7      | 70.1    | -0.6*      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 81.0      | 80.9    | -0.1       |
| Don't know                         | 55.3      | 54.4    | -0.9*      |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |           |         |            |
| English                            | 70.2      | 69.9    | -0.3*      |
| Non-English                        | 49.7      | 49.7    | 0.1        |
| Composite achievement test score   |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | 9.9       | 9.8     | -0.2*      |
| Second quarter                     | 63.4      | 63.2    | -0.2       |
| Third quarter                      | 95.1      | 95.3    | 0.2*       |
| Highest quarter                    | 99.9      | 99.9    | #*         |
| High school program                |           |         |            |
| General                            | 59.2      | 59.2    | -0.1       |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 77.5      | 76.4    | -1.1*      |
| Vocational                         | 50.9      | 51.2    | 0.3        |

### Table C-23A. High school sophomore probability of proficiency at math level 2, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

| Characteristic                     | Unimputed<br>SE (mean) | Imputed<br>SE (mean) |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Sex                                |                        |                      |
| Male                               | 0.86                   | 0.84                 |
| Female                             | 0.90                   | 0.89                 |
|                                    | 0.00                   | 0.00                 |
| Socioeconomic status               |                        |                      |
| Lowest quarter                     | 1.19                   | 1.15                 |
| Middle quarters                    | 0.73                   | 0.75                 |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.75                   | 0.73                 |
| Parents' education                 |                        |                      |
| High school or less                | 2.00                   | 1.02                 |
| Some college                       | 1.19                   | 0.88                 |
| College graduation                 | 1.40                   | 0.91                 |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 1.31                   | 1.09                 |
| Student's educational expectations |                        |                      |
| High school or less                | 1.50                   | 1.42                 |
| Some college                       | 1.53                   | 1.48                 |
| College graduation                 | 0.92                   | 0.89                 |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.83                   | 0.81                 |
| Don't know                         | 1.51                   | 1.46                 |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |                        |                      |
| English                            | 0.71                   | 0.71                 |
| Non-English                        | 1.66                   | 1.62                 |
| Composite achievement test score   |                        |                      |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.46                   | 0.44                 |
| Second quarter                     | 0.75                   | 0.72                 |
| Third quarter                      | 0.28                   | 0.26                 |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.01                   | 0.01                 |
| High school program                |                        |                      |
| General                            | 0.99                   | 0.99                 |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 0.76                   | 0.75                 |
| Vocational                         | 1.83                   | 1.77                 |

# Table C-23B. Standard errors for table C-23A estimates (high school sophomore probability of proficiency at math level 2, by selected student characteristics): 2002

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

NOTE: SE = standard error.

|                                    | Unimputed | Imputed | Difference |
|------------------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|
| Characteristic                     | (mean)    | (mean)  | (mean)     |
| Sex                                |           |         |            |
| Male                               | 48.0      | 48.0    | #          |
| Female                             | 44.7      | 44.7    | -0.1       |
| Socioeconomic status               |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | 24.8      | 25.1    | 0.3        |
| Middle quarters                    | 45.5      | 44.7    | -0.8*      |
| Highest quarter                    | 70.7      | 70.9    | 0.2        |
| Parents' education                 |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | 20.8      | 29.5    | 8.7*       |
| Some college                       | 34.3      | 42.9    | 8.6*       |
| College graduation                 | 41.7      | 56.6    | 14.9*      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 46.9      | 68.8    | 21.9*      |
| Student's educational expectations |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | 13.7      | 13.2    | -0.4       |
| Some college                       | 24.0      | 23.9    | -0.1       |
| College graduation                 | 48.4      | 47.5    | -1.0*      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 63.4      | 63.1    | -0.3       |
| Don't know                         | 33.7      | 32.9    | -0.7*      |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |           |         |            |
| English                            | 49.6      | 49.0    | -0.6*      |
| Non-English                        | 30.2      | 30.1    | -0.1       |
| Composite achievement test score   |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.7       | 0.7     | #*         |
| Second quarter                     | 17.3      | 16.4    | -0.9*      |
| Third quarter                      | 69.5      | 69.6    | 0.1        |
| Highest quarter                    | 98.6      | 98.6    | 0.1*       |
| High school program                |           |         |            |
| General                            | 36.5      | 36.3    | -0.2       |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 59.0      | 57.5    | -1.5*      |
| Vocational                         | 29.7      | 29.8    | 0.1        |

### Table C-24A. High school sophomore probability of proficiency at math level 3, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

|                                    | Unimputed | Imputed   |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Characteristic                     | SE (mean) | SE (mean) |
| Sex                                |           |           |
| Male                               | 0.93      | 0.92      |
| Female                             | 0.95      | 0.92      |
| Socioeconomic status               |           |           |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.96      | 0.96      |
| Middle quarters                    | 0.82      | 0.81      |
| Highest quarter                    | 1.04      | 1.02      |
| Parents' education                 |           |           |
| High school or less                | 1.57      | 0.95      |
| Some college                       | 1.17      | 0.93      |
| College graduation                 | 1.48      | 1.13      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 1.50      | 1.32      |
| Student's educational expectations |           |           |
| High school or less                | 1.22      | 1.13      |
| Some college                       | 1.39      | 1.33      |
| College graduation                 | 1.04      | 1.00      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 1.04      | 1.00      |
| Don't know                         | 1.50      | 1.44      |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |           |           |
| English                            | 0.80      | 0.79      |
| Non-English                        | 1.48      | 1.44      |
| Composite achievement test score   |           |           |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.11      | 0.11      |
| Second quarter                     | 0.62      | 0.59      |
| Third quarter                      | 0.79      | 0.76      |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.14      | 0.13      |
| High school program                |           |           |
| General                            | 0.98      | 0.97      |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 0.94      | 0.91      |
| Vocational                         | 1.76      | 1.64      |

# Table C-24B. Standard errors for table C-24A estimates (high school sophomore probability of proficiency at math level 3, by selected student characteristics): 2002

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

NOTE: SE = standard error.

|                                    | Unimputed | Imputed | Difference |
|------------------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|
| Characteristic                     | (mean)    | (mean)  | (mean)     |
| Sex                                |           |         |            |
| Male                               | 22.7      | 22.3    | -0.3*      |
| Female                             | 18.9      | 18.5    | -0.4*      |
| Socioeconomic status               |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | 7.5       | 7.6     | 0.1        |
| Middle quarters                    | 18.6      | 17.7    | -0.9*      |
| Highest quarter                    | 39.1      | 38.7    | -0.4       |
| Parents' education                 |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | 5.3       | 9.8     | 4.5*       |
| Some college                       | 12.2      | 16.4    | 4.2*       |
| College graduation                 | 16.5      | 27.4    | 10.8*      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 18.4      | 38.0    | 19.6*      |
| Student's educational expectations |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | 3.2       | 3.1     | -0.1       |
| Some college                       | 6.6       | 6.5     | -0.1       |
| College graduation                 | 20.2      | 19.4    | -0.9*      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 32.4      | 31.7    | -0.7*      |
| Don't know                         | 13.0      | 12.7    | -0.3       |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |           |         |            |
| English                            | 22.4      | 21.7    | -0.7*      |
| Non-English                        | 12.8      | 12.6    | -0.2       |
| Composite achievement test score   |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.1       | 0.1     | #*         |
| Second quarter                     | 1.5       | 1.4     | -0.1*      |
| Third quarter                      | 14.7      | 14.1    | -0.6*      |
| Highest quarter                    | 66.6      | 66.1    | -0.5*      |
| High school program                |           |         |            |
| General                            | 13.9      | 13.6    | -0.2       |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 28.9      | 27.7    | -1.2*      |
| Vocational                         | 10.7      | 10.6    | -0.1       |

# Table C-25A. High school sophomore probability of proficiency at math level 4, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

|                                    | Unimputed | Imputed   |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Characteristic                     | SE (mean) | SE (mean) |
| Sex                                |           |           |
| Male                               | 0.65      | 0.63      |
| Female                             | 0.66      | 0.63      |
| Socioeconomic status               |           |           |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.46      | 0.45      |
| Middle quarters                    | 0.52      | 0.52      |
| Highest quarter                    | 1.01      | 0.95      |
| Parents' education                 |           |           |
| High school or less                | 0.66      | 0.54      |
| Some college                       | 0.73      | 0.56      |
| College graduation                 | 0.97      | 0.86      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 1.03      | 1.19      |
| Student's educational expectations |           |           |
| High school or less                | 0.46      | 0.43      |
| Some college                       | 0.65      | 0.61      |
| College graduation                 | 0.70      | 0.66      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.85      | 0.82      |
| Don't know                         | 0.99      | 0.95      |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |           |           |
| English                            | 0.57      | 0.55      |
| Non-English                        | 0.95      | 0.91      |
| Composite achievement test score   |           |           |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.01      | 0.01      |
| Second quarter                     | 0.10      | 0.09      |
| Third quarter                      | 0.45      | 0.43      |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.68      | 0.67      |
| High school program                |           |           |
| General                            | 0.59      | 0.56      |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 0.77      | 0.73      |
| Vocational                         | 0.90      | 0.87      |

# Table C-25B. Standard errors for table C-25A estimates (high school sophomore probability of proficiency at math level 4, by selected student characteristics): 2002

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

NOTE: SE = standard error.

|                                    | Unimputed | Imputed | Difference |
|------------------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|
| Characteristic                     | (mean)    | (mean)  | (mean)     |
| Sex                                |           |         |            |
| Male                               | 1.4       | 1.3     | -0.1*      |
| Female                             | 0.6       | 0.6     | #*         |
| Socioeconomic status               |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.2       | 0.2     | #          |
| Middle quarters                    | 0.5       | 0.5     | -0.1       |
| Highest quarter                    | 2.7       | 2.6     | -0.1       |
| Parents' education                 |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | 0.2       | 0.2     | #*         |
| Some college                       | 0.3       | 0.4     | 0.1*       |
| College graduation                 | 0.3       | 1.2     | 0.9        |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.6       | 3.1     | 2.5*       |
| Student's educational expectations |           |         |            |
| High school or less                | #         | #       | #          |
| Some college                       | 0.1       | #       | #          |
| College graduation                 | 0.6       | 0.6     | #*         |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 2.0       | 1.9     | -0.1*      |
| Don't know                         | 0.6       | 0.6     | #*         |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |           |         |            |
| English                            | 1.0       | 0.9     | -0.1*      |
| Non-English                        | 1.2       | 1.1     | -0.1*      |
| Composite achievement test score   |           |         |            |
| Lowest quarter                     | #         | #       | #          |
| Second quarter                     | #         | #       | #          |
| Third quarter                      | #         | #       | #*         |
| Highest quarter                    | 3.9       | 3.8     | -0.1*      |
| High school program                |           |         |            |
| General                            | 0.4       | 0.4     | #*         |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 1.6       | 1.5     | -0.1*      |
| Vocational                         | 0.3       | 0.3     | #*         |

### Table C-26A. High school sophomore probability of proficiency at math level 5, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

|                                    | Unimputed | Imputed   |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Characteristic                     | SE (mean) | SE (mean) |
| Sex                                |           |           |
| Male                               | 0.14      | 0.13      |
| Female                             | 0.07      | 0.07      |
| Socioeconomic status               |           |           |
| Lowest quarter                     | 0.05      | 0.05      |
| Middle quarters                    | 0.06      | 0.06      |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.25      | 0.23      |
| Parents' education                 |           |           |
| High school or less                | 0.12      | 0.05      |
| Some college                       | 0.06      | 0.06      |
| College graduation                 | 0.07      | 0.17      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.14      | 0.31      |
| Student's educational expectations |           |           |
| High school or less                | 0.03      | 0.02      |
| Some college                       | 0.03      | 0.02      |
| College graduation                 | 0.08      | 0.07      |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.18      | 0.17      |
| Don't know                         | 0.17      | 0.16      |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>       |           |           |
| English                            | 0.09      | 0.08      |
| Non-English                        | 0.21      | 0.19      |
| Composite achievement test score   |           |           |
| Lowest quarter                     | #         | #         |
| Second quarter                     | #         | #         |
| Third quarter                      | 0.01      | 0.01      |
| Highest quarter                    | 0.28      | 0.27      |
| High school program                |           |           |
| General                            | 0.07      | 0.06      |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 0.14      | 0.13      |
| Vocational                         | 0.12      | 0.11      |

# Table C-26B. Standard errors for table C-26A estimates (high school sophomore probability of proficiency at math level 5, by selected student characteristics): 2002

# Rounds to zero.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

NOTE: SE = standard error.

|                                  |                   | Unimpute  | d                           |                | Imputed   |                             |                   | Differenc | е                           |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| Characteristic                   | Academic<br>clubs | Athletics | Cheerleading/<br>drill team | Academic clubs | Athletics | Cheerleading/<br>drill team | Academic<br>clubs | Athletics | Cheerleading/<br>drill team |
| Sex                              |                   |           |                             |                |           |                             |                   |           |                             |
| Male                             | 6.8               | 61.0      | 8.1                         | 6.8            | 61.0      | 8.1                         | #                 | #         | #                           |
| Female                           | 9.9               | 48.5      | 19.2                        | 9.9            | 48.5      | 19.2                        | #                 | #         | #                           |
| Socioeconomic status             |                   |           |                             |                |           |                             |                   |           |                             |
| Lowest quarter                   | 5.5               | 44.1      | 13.0                        | 5.6            | 44.9      | 13.5                        | 0.1               | 0.8       | 0.4                         |
| Middle quarters                  | 7.2               | 55.4      | 14.1                        | 7.2            | 54.9      | 14.2                        | #                 | -0.5      | 0.1                         |
| Highest quarter                  | 13.6              | 64.0      | 13.1                        | 13.3           | 64.3      | 12.8                        | -0.3              | 0.3       | -0.3                        |
| Composite achievement test score |                   |           |                             |                |           |                             |                   |           |                             |
| Lowest quarter                   | 4.2               | 47.9      | 15.0                        | 4.3            | 47.7      | 15.0                        | 0.1               | -0.2*     | #                           |
| Second quarter                   | 5.0               | 52.6      | 14.7                        | 5.2            | 52.5      | 14.5                        | 0.2               | -0.1      | -0.2                        |
| Third quarter                    | 7.8               | 56.6      | 13.8                        | 8.2            | 56.5      | 13.7                        | 0.4               | -0.1      | -0.2                        |
| Highest quarter                  | 15.6              | 62.2      | 11.7                        | 15.5           | 62.3      | 11.6                        | -0.1              | 0.2       | -0.1                        |

 Table C-27A. Percentage of high school sophomores who participate in academic clubs, athletics, and cheerleading/drill team, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at *p* < .05. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "Base Year, 2002."

|                                  |                | Unimputed | Imputed                     |                |           |                             |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| Characteristic                   | Academic clubs | Athletics | Cheerleading/<br>drill team | Academic clubs | Athletics | Cheerleading/<br>drill team |
| Sex                              |                |           |                             |                |           |                             |
| Male                             | 0.38           | 0.81      | 0.52                        | 0.38           | 0.81      | 0.52                        |
| Female                           | 0.46           | 0.85      | 0.63                        | 0.46           | 0.85      | 0.63                        |
| Socioeconomic status             |                |           |                             |                |           |                             |
| Lowest quarter                   | 0.46           | 1.13      | 0.72                        | 0.46           | 1.09      | 0.73                        |
| Middle quarters                  | 0.38           | 0.86      | 0.58                        | 0.38           | 0.82      | 0.60                        |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.73           | 1.08      | 0.78                        | 0.74           | 1.05      | 0.78                        |
| Composite achievement test score |                |           |                             |                |           |                             |
| Lowest quarter                   | 0.42           | 1.04      | 0.83                        | 0.42           | 1.03      | 0.82                        |
| Second quarter                   | 0.42           | 1.05      | 0.75                        | 0.44           | 1.03      | 0.75                        |
| Third quarter                    | 0.55           | 1.07      | 0.75                        | 0.55           | 1.06      | 0.74                        |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.83           | 1.04      | 0.74                        | 0.80           | 1.04      | 0.73                        |

# Table C-27B. Standard errors for table C-27A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores who participate in academic clubs, athletics, and cheerleading/drill team, by selected student characteristics): 2002

|                                  | Unimputed      |       |                  |                | Imputed |                  | D              | ifference |                  |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-------|------------------|----------------|---------|------------------|----------------|-----------|------------------|
| Characteristic                   | Hobby<br>clubs | Music | Vocational clubs | Hobby<br>clubs | Music   | Vocational clubs | Hobby<br>clubs | Music     | Vocational clubs |
| Sex                              |                |       |                  |                |         |                  |                |           |                  |
| Male                             | 8.1            | 16.2  | 7.6              | 8.1            | 16.3    | 7.6              | #              | #         | #                |
| Female                           | 10.9           | 26.8  | 9.1              | 10.9           | 26.8    | 9.1              | #              | #         | #                |
| Socioeconomic status             |                |       |                  |                |         |                  |                |           |                  |
| Lowest quarter                   | 6.5            | 15.2  | 9.1              | 6.7            | 15.6    | 9.2              | 0.2            | 0.4       | 0.1              |
| Middle quarters                  | 8.8            | 21.6  | 8.6              | 8.8            | 21.6    | 8.6              | 0.1            | #         | #                |
| Highest quarter                  | 13.8           | 27.4  | 7.0              | 13.5           | 27.1    | 7.0              | -0.3           | -0.3      | -0.1             |
| Composite achievement test score |                |       |                  |                |         |                  |                |           |                  |
| Lowest quarter                   | 6.3            | 15.4  | 8.8              | 6.4            | 15.4    | 8.8              | #              | #         | #                |
| Second quarter                   | 7.0            | 19.1  | 9.3              | 7.2            | 18.8    | 9.5              | 0.2            | -0.2      | 0.2              |
| Third quarter                    | 10.3           | 22.7  | 7.8              | 10.8           | 22.7    | 7.7              | 0.4            | #         | -0.1             |
| Highest quarter                  | 13.1           | 28.9  | 7.5              | 13.4           | 28.7    | 7.4              | 0.4            | -0.2      | -0.1             |

 Table C-28A. Percentage of high school sophomores who participate in hobby clubs, music, and vocational clubs, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

|                                  |             | Unimputed |                  | Imputed     |       |                  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-----------|------------------|-------------|-------|------------------|--|--|
| Characteristic                   | Hobby clubs | Music     | Vocational clubs | Hobby clubs | Music | Vocational clubs |  |  |
| Sex                              |             |           |                  |             |       |                  |  |  |
| Male                             | 0.41        | 0.60      | 0.53             | 0.41        | 0.60  | 0.53             |  |  |
| Female                           | 0.50        | 0.71      | 0.53             | 0.50        | 0.71  | 0.53             |  |  |
| Socioeconomic status             |             |           |                  |             |       |                  |  |  |
| Lowest quarter                   | 0.47        | 0.74      | 0.72             | 0.50        | 0.75  | 0.76             |  |  |
| Middle quarters                  | 0.40        | 0.67      | 0.54             | 0.39        | 0.64  | 0.50             |  |  |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.80        | 1.02      | 0.56             | 0.79        | 1.02  | 0.57             |  |  |
| Composite achievement test score |             |           |                  |             |       |                  |  |  |
| Lowest quarter                   | 0.53        | 0.79      | 0.63             | 0.52        | 0.79  | 0.63             |  |  |
| Second quarter                   | 0.50        | 0.82      | 0.73             | 0.49        | 0.79  | 0.72             |  |  |
| Third quarter                    | 0.63        | 0.92      | 0.68             | 0.64        | 0.86  | 0.65             |  |  |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.75        | 1.04      | 0.70             | 0.75        | 1.02  | 0.67             |  |  |

 Table C-28B. Standard errors for table C-28A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores who participate in hobby clubs, music, and vocational clubs, by selected student characteristics): 2002

|  |  | Unimp  | outed  |   |  | Imputed Difference                                       |   |  | ence                                     |  |   |  |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| Characteristic                         | Ever<br>worked<br>for pay or<br>employed | Worked<br>for pay or<br>employed<br>at time of<br>survey | Worked<br>more<br>than 10<br>hours<br>per week<br>at time<br>of survey | Worked<br>more<br>than 15<br>hours<br>per<br>week at<br>time of<br>survey | Ever<br>worked<br>for pay or<br>employed | Worked<br>for pay or<br>employed<br>at time of<br>survey | Worked<br>more than<br>10 hours<br>per week<br>at time of<br>survey | Worked<br>more<br>than 15<br>hours<br>per week<br>at time<br>of survey | Ever<br>worked for<br>pay or<br>employed | Worked<br>for pay or<br>employed<br>at time of<br>survey | Worked<br>more than<br>10 hours<br>per week<br>at time of<br>survey | Worked<br>more<br>than 15<br>hours per<br>week at<br>time of<br>survey |
| Sex                                    |  |  |  | -   |  |  |   | -  |  |  | -   |  |
| Male                                   | 62.9                                     | 27.6   | 66.2   | 57.2  | 62.9                                     | 27.7   | 66.2  | 57.2   | #  | #  | #   | #  |
| Female                                 | 56.6                                     | 23.6   | 57.0   | 44.4  | 56.6                                     | 23.6   | 57.0  | 44.5   | #  | #  | 0.1   | 0.1  |
| Socioeconomic<br>status<br>Lowest      |  |  | 70.0   |   |  |  |   | <u></u>  |  |  |   |  |
| quarter                                | 54.0                                     | 22.9   | 70.2   | 61.4  | 55.1                                     | 23.4   | 69.9  | 60.5   | 1.0                                      | 0.5  | -0.3  | -0.9   |
| Middle<br>quarters                     | 62.2                                     | 27.3   | 65.3   | 53.2  | 61.8                                     | 27.2   | 65.3  | 53.4   | -0.4                                     | -0.1   | #   | 0.2  |
| Highest<br>quarter                     | 59.7                                     | 24.6   | 47.6   | 38.4  | 59.8                                     | 24.5   | 47.8  | 38.7   | 0.1                                      | -0.1   | 0.2   | 0.3  |
| Composite<br>achievement<br>test score |  |  |  |   |  |  |   |  |  |  |   |  |
| Lowest                                 |  |  |  |   |  |  |   |  |  |  |   |  |
| quarter                                | 56.1                                     | 25.3   | 69.8   | 61.9  | 56.1                                     | 25.3   | 69.8  | 61.7   | 0.1                                      | #  | #   | -0.2   |
| Second guarter                         | 60.2                                     | 26.3   | 70.8   | 60.4  | 59.9                                     | 26.2   | 71.0  | 60.6   | -0.3                                     | -0.1   | 0.2   | 0.1  |
| Third quarter                          | 60.9                                     | 25.8   | 61.1   | 49.9  | 60.9                                     | 25.8   | 61.3  | 50.0   | -0.1                                     | #  | 0.3   | 0.2  |
| Highest                                |  |  |  |   |  |  |   |  |  |  |   |  |
| quarter                                | 61.3                                     | 25.0   | 47.2   | 34.7  | 61.3                                     | 25.1   | 47.1  | 34.8   | #  | 0.1  | -0.1  | #  |

#### Table C-29A. Percentage of high school sophomores, by employment status and selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

|  | Unimputed                                |  |   |   | Imputed                               |  |   |   |
|--|--|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|
|  |  | Worked for                                 |   |   |                                       | Worked for                                 |   |   |
| Characteristic                         | Ever<br>worked for<br>pay or<br>employed | pay or<br>employed at<br>time of<br>survey | Worked more<br>than 10 hours<br>per week at<br>time of survey | Worked more<br>than 15 hours<br>per week at<br>time of survey | Ever worked<br>for pay or<br>employed | pay or<br>employed at<br>time of<br>survey | Worked more<br>than 10 hours<br>per week at<br>time of survey | Worked more<br>than 15 hours<br>per week at<br>time of survey |
| Sex                                    |  |  |   |   |                                       |  |   |   |
| Male                                   | 0.82                                     | 0.71                                       | 1.45  | 1.52  | 0.82                                  | 0.71                                       | 1.45  | 1.52  |
| Female                                 | 0.80                                     | 0.69                                       | 1.50  | 1.55  | 0.80                                  | 0.69                                       | 1.50  | 1.54  |
| Socioeconomic<br>status                |  |  |   |   |                                       |  |   |   |
| Lowest quarter                         | 1.31                                     | 1.00                                       | 2.08  | 2.21  | 1.26                                  | 0.98                                       | 1.98  | 2.25  |
| Middle quarters                        | 0.75                                     | 0.72                                       | 1.34  | 1.39  | 0.77                                  | 0.73                                       | 1.35  | 1.39  |
| Highest quarter                        | 1.05                                     | 0.93                                       | 2.29  | 2.23  | 1.05                                  | 0.91                                       | 2.38  | 2.27  |
| Composite<br>achievement<br>test score |  |  |   |   |                                       |  |   |   |
| Lowest quarter                         | 1.24                                     | 1.01                                       | 1.95  | 2.01  | 1.25                                  | 1.01                                       | 1.94  | 2.01  |
| Second quarter                         | 1.08                                     | 0.96                                       | 1.82  | 1.93  | 1.07                                  | 0.94                                       | 1.81  | 1.92  |
| Third quarter                          | 1.05                                     | 0.92                                       | 2.21  | 2.03  | 1.04                                  | 0.91                                       | 2.19  | 2.02  |
| Highest quarter                        | 1.05                                     | 0.97                                       | 2.06  | 2.07  | 1.04                                  | 0.97                                       | 2.04  | 2.05  |

Table C-29B. Standard errors for table C-29A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores, by employment status and selected student characteristics): 2002

|  |                                | Unimputed  |   |                                | Imputed  |   |                                | Difference   |   |
|--|--------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Characteristic                         | Driving or<br>riding<br>around | Visiting with<br>friends or<br>meeting at a<br>hangout | Talking with<br>friends on the<br>telephone | Driving or<br>riding<br>around | Visiting with<br>friends or<br>meeting at a<br>hangout | Talking with<br>friends on the<br>telephone | Driving or<br>riding<br>around | Visiting with<br>friends or<br>meeting at a<br>hangout | Talking with<br>friends on the<br>telephone |
| Sex                                    |                                |  |   |                                |  |   |                                |  |   |
| Male                                   | 59.5                           | 80.3   | 64.9  | 59.5                           | 80.3   | 64.9  | #                              | #  | #   |
| Female                                 | 57.1                           | 78.6   | 83.3  | 57.1                           | 78.6   | 83.3  | #                              | #  | #   |
| Socioeconomic status                   |                                |  |   |                                |  |   |                                |  |   |
| Lowest quarter                         | 56.3                           | 73.5   | 69.6  | 56.6                           | 74.3   | 69.7  | 0.2                            | 0.8  | 0.1   |
| Middle quarters                        | 60.6                           | 81.1   | 75.9  | 60.5                           | 80.5   | 75.9  | -0.1                           | -0.6   | #   |
| Highest quarter                        | 55.9                           | 82.2   | 75.0  | 55.7                           | 82.2   | 74.7  | -0.2                           | 0.1  | -0.3  |
| Composite<br>achievement test<br>score |                                |  |   |                                |  |   |                                |  |   |
| Lowest quarter                         | 59.4                           | 74.4   | 72.1  | 59.2                           | 74.3   | 72.1  | -0.2                           | #  | #   |
| Second quarter                         | 63.7                           | 81.9   | 76.2  | 63.6                           | 81.7   | 75.9  | #                              | -0.2   | -0.2  |
| Third quarter                          | 59.5                           | 82.6   | 75.1  | 59.4                           | 82.6   | 75.1  | #                              | #  | #   |
| Highest quarter                        | 51.0                           | 79.1   | 73.0  | 51.2                           | 79.1   | 73.2  | 0.2                            | 0.1  | 0.2   |

 Table C-30A. Percentage of high school sophomores who report that they engage in various activities at least once or twice a week, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

|                                  |                          | Unimputed                                |                                       |                          | Imputed                                  |                                       |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Characteristic                   | Driving or riding around | Visiting with<br>friends at a<br>hangout | Talking with friends on the telephone | Driving or riding around | Visiting with<br>friends at a<br>hangout | Talking with friends on the telephone |
| Sex                              |                          |  |                                       |                          |  |                                       |
| Male                             | 0.76                     | 0.65                                     | 0.68                                  | 0.76                     | 0.65                                     | 0.68                                  |
| Female                           | 0.84                     | 0.65                                     | 0.56                                  | 0.84                     | 0.65                                     | 0.56                                  |
| Socioeconomic status             |                          |  |                                       |                          |  |                                       |
| Lowest quarter                   | 1.05                     | 0.98                                     | 0.94                                  | 1.07                     | 0.96                                     | 0.92                                  |
| Middle quarters                  | 0.72                     | 0.58                                     | 0.69                                  | 0.72                     | 0.63                                     | 0.67                                  |
| Highest quarter                  | 1.14                     | 0.81                                     | 0.86                                  | 1.15                     | 0.82                                     | 0.84                                  |
| Composite achievement test score |                          |  |                                       |                          |  |                                       |
| Lowest quarter                   | 1.10                     | 1.02                                     | 0.93                                  | 1.10                     | 1.02                                     | 0.93                                  |
| Second quarter                   | 1.05                     | 0.81                                     | 0.85                                  | 1.05                     | 0.81                                     | 0.85                                  |
| Third quarter                    | 1.04                     | 0.80                                     | 0.87                                  | 1.03                     | 0.79                                     | 0.86                                  |
| Highest quarter                  | 1.14                     | 0.85                                     | 0.88                                  | 1.13                     | 0.84                                     | 0.87                                  |

 Table C-30B. Standard errors for table C-30A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores who report that they engage in various activities at least once or twice a week, by selected student characteristics): 2002

|                                  |  | Unimputed                               |                            |  | Imputed                                 |                            |  | Difference                              |                            |
|----------------------------------|--|---|----------------------------|--|---|----------------------------|--|---|----------------------------|
| Characteristic                   | Being<br>successful<br>in my line of<br>work | Being able<br>to find<br>steady<br>work | Having<br>lots of<br>money | Being<br>successful<br>in my line<br>of work | Being able<br>to find<br>steady<br>work | Having<br>lots of<br>money | Being<br>successful<br>in my line<br>of work | Being able<br>to find<br>steady<br>work | Having<br>lots of<br>money |
| Sex                              |  |   |                            |  |   |                            |  |   |                            |
| Male                             | 84.1   | 82.0                                    | 51.0                       | 84.1   | 81.9                                    | 51.0                       | #  | #                                       | #                          |
| Female                           | 88.5   | 86.7                                    | 33.3                       | 88.5   | 86.7                                    | 33.3                       | #  | #                                       | #                          |
| Socioeconomic status             |  |   |                            |  |   |                            |  |   |                            |
| Lowest quarter                   | 81.9   | 81.2                                    | 46.8                       | 81.9   | 81.9                                    | 47.3                       | #  | 0.7                                     | 0.5                        |
| Middle quarters                  | 86.9   | 85.2                                    | 42.4                       | 86.9   | 84.6                                    | 42.6                       | #  | -0.5                                    | 0.2                        |
| Highest quarter                  | 89.2   | 85.7                                    | 36.5                       | 89.1   | 85.9                                    | 36.2                       | -0.1   | 0.3                                     | -0.3                       |
| Composite achievement test score |  |   |                            |  |   |                            |  |   |                            |
| Lowest quarter                   | 76.7   | 76.8                                    | 55.8                       | 76.7   | 76.9                                    | 55.5                       | #  | 0.2                                     | -0.3                       |
| Second quarter                   | 85.9   | 86.6                                    | 47.4                       | 85.8   | 86.5                                    | 46.9                       | -0.1   | -0.1                                    | -0.6                       |
| Third quarter                    | 90.6   | 87.9                                    | 38.0                       | 90.6   | 87.6                                    | 37.6                       | #  | -0.2                                    | -0.4                       |
| Highest quarter                  | 91.4   | 85.6                                    | 29.4                       | 91.4   | 85.7                                    | 29.5                       | #  | 0.2                                     | 0.1                        |

Table C-31A. Percentage of high school sophomores who report that various life values related to work are very important to them, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

|                                  |   | Unimputed                            |                      |   | Imputed                              |                         |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Characteristic                   | Being<br>successful in<br>my line of work | Being able to<br>find steady<br>work | Having lots of money | Being<br>successful in<br>my line of work | Being able to<br>find steady<br>work | Having lots<br>of money |
| Sex                              |   |                                      |                      |   |                                      |                         |
| Male                             | 0.52                                      | 0.58                                 | 0.79                 | 0.52                                      | 0.58                                 | 0.79                    |
| Female                           | 0.49                                      | 0.45                                 | 0.71                 | 0.49                                      | 0.45                                 | 0.71                    |
| Socioeconomic status             |   |                                      |                      |   |                                      |                         |
| Lowest quarter                   | 0.81                                      | 0.79                                 | 0.97                 | 0.82                                      | 0.80                                 | 0.99                    |
| Middle quarters                  | 0.47                                      | 0.50                                 | 0.75                 | 0.48                                      | 0.49                                 | 0.79                    |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.67                                      | 0.77                                 | 0.92                 | 0.65                                      | 0.77                                 | 0.92                    |
| Composite achievement test score |   |                                      |                      |   |                                      |                         |
| Lowest quarter                   | 0.83                                      | 0.85                                 | 1.10                 | 0.82                                      | 0.85                                 | 1.08                    |
| Second quarter                   | 0.74                                      | 0.66                                 | 1.11                 | 0.72                                      | 0.63                                 | 1.05                    |
| Third quarter                    | 0.60                                      | 0.69                                 | 0.95                 | 0.58                                      | 0.68                                 | 0.91                    |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.61                                      | 0.77                                 | 1.02                 | 0.60                                      | 0.75                                 | 0.98                    |

#### Table C-31B. Standard errors for table C-31A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores who report that various life values related to work are very important to them, by selected student characteristics): 2002

|                                  |   | Unimputed          |   |   | Imputed            |   |   | Difference         |   |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------------|---|---|--------------------|---|---|--------------------|---|
| Characteristic                   | Finding right<br>person to<br>marry and<br>having a<br>happy family<br>life | Having<br>children | Being able to<br>give my<br>children better<br>opportunities<br>than I've had | Finding right<br>person to<br>marry and<br>having a<br>happy family<br>life | Having<br>children | Being able to<br>give my<br>children better<br>opportunities<br>than I've had | Finding right<br>person to<br>marry and<br>having a<br>happy family<br>life | Having<br>children | Being able to<br>give my<br>children better<br>opportunities<br>than I've had |
| Sex                              |   |                    |   |   |                    |   |   |                    |   |
| Male                             | 73.4  | 45.1               | 78.9  | 73.4  | 45.1               | 78.9  | #   | #                  | #   |
| Female                           | 79.3  | 49.7               | 81.6  | 79.3  | 49.7               | 81.6  | #   | #                  | #   |
| Socioeconomic status             |   |                    |   |   |                    |   |   |                    |   |
| Lowest quarter                   | 71.6  | 42.0               | 83.4  | 71.4  | 43.5               | 83.6  | -0.2  | 1.5*               | 0.2   |
| Middle quarters                  | 76.5  | 48.0               | 81.9  | 76.6  | 47.3               | 81.6  | #   | -0.7*              | -0.3  |
| Highest quarter                  | 81.0  | 51.3               | 73.9  | 80.9  | 51.2               | 74.4  | -0.2  | -0.1               | 0.5   |
| Composite achievement test score |   |                    |   |   |                    |   |   |                    |   |
| Lowest quarter                   | 70.3  | 44.5               | 80.3  | 70.4  | 44.2               | 80.6  | 0.1   | -0.3               | 0.3*  |
| Second quarter                   | 75.3  | 46.4               | 84.0  | 75.2  | 46.4               | 84.4  | -0.1  | -0.1               | 0.3   |
| Third quarter                    | 79.2  | 49.0               | 82.2  | 79.0  | 48.7               | 82.5  | -0.2  | -0.3               | 0.3   |
| Highest quarter                  | 80.7  | 50.2               | 73.2  | 80.7  | 50.0               | 73.6  | #   | -0.2               | 0.4*  |

#### Table C-32A. Percentage of high school sophomores who report that various life values related to family are very important to them, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

|                                  |   | Unimputed       |   |   | Imputed         |   |
|----------------------------------|---|-----------------|---|---|-----------------|---|
|                                  | Finding right<br>person to marry<br>and having a<br>happy family life | Having children | Being able to give<br>my children<br>better<br>opportunities than<br>I've had | Finding right<br>person to marry<br>and having a<br>happy family life | Having children | Being able to give<br>my children<br>better<br>opportunities than<br>I've had |
| Sex                              |   |                 |   |   |                 |   |
| Male                             | 0.68  | 0.82            | 0.63  | 0.68  | 0.82            | 0.63  |
| Female                           | 0.60  | 0.76            | 0.57  | 0.60  | 0.76            | 0.57  |
| Socioeconomic status             |   |                 |   |   |                 |   |
| Lowest quarter                   | 0.87  | 1.11            | 0.74  | 0.89  | 1.12            | 0.74  |
| Middle quarters                  | 0.64  | 0.82            | 0.58  | 0.61  | 0.81            | 0.58  |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.84  | 0.97            | 0.87  | 0.87  | 0.96            | 0.88  |
| Composite achievement test score |   |                 |   |   |                 |   |
| Lowest quarter                   | 0.87  | 1.00            | 0.85  | 0.85  | 0.99            | 0.83  |
| Second quarter                   | 0.95  | 1.09            | 0.76  | 0.91  | 1.05            | 0.74  |
| Third quarter                    | 0.84  | 1.04            | 0.73  | 0.82  | 1.02            | 0.70  |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.86  | 1.05            | 0.95  | 0.84  | 1.04            | 0.91  |

 Table C-32B. Standard errors for table C-32A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores who report that various life values related to family are very important to them, by selected student characteristics): 2002

|                                  |                                 | Unimputed  |   |                                 | Imputed  |   |                                 | Difference   |   |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|--|---|
| Characteristic                   | Having<br>strong<br>friendships | Having<br>leisure time<br>to enjoy<br>own<br>interests | Getting<br>away from<br>this area of<br>the country | Having<br>strong<br>friendships | Having<br>leisure time<br>to enjoy<br>own<br>interests | Getting<br>away from<br>this area of<br>the country | Having<br>strong<br>friendships | Having<br>leisure time<br>to enjoy<br>own<br>interests | Getting<br>away from<br>this area of<br>the country |
| Sex                              |                                 |  |   |                                 |  |   |                                 |  |   |
| Male                             | 79.3                            | 68.8   | 21.5  | 79.3                            | 68.8   | 21.5  | #                               | #  | #*  |
| Female                           | 86.2                            | 67.4   | 21.1  | 86.2                            | 67.4   | 21.1  | #                               | #  | #   |
| Socioeconomic status             |                                 |  |   |                                 |  |   |                                 |  |   |
| Lowest quarter                   | 75.3                            | 59.1   | 22.9  | 76.0                            | 59.6   | 22.7  | 0.6                             | 0.5  | -0.2  |
| Middle quarters                  | 83.9                            | 68.8   | 22.5  | 83.5                            | 69.0   | 22.6  | -0.3                            | 0.3  | 0.1   |
| Highest quarter                  | 87.7                            | 75.3   | 17.2  | 87.7                            | 74.4   | 17.4  | #                               | -1.0*  | 0.2   |
| Composite achievement test score |                                 |  |   |                                 |  |   |                                 |  |   |
| Lowest quarter                   | 73.5                            | 58.8   | 27.3  | 73.8                            | 58.9   | 27.1  | 0.3*                            | 0.1  | -0.2  |
| Second quarter                   | 82.1                            | 68.2   | 21.8  | 81.9                            | 68.1   | 21.8  | -0.2                            | -0.1   | #   |
| Third quarter                    | 86.9                            | 71.3   | 19.9  | 86.8                            | 71.0   | 19.7  | -0.2                            | -0.3   | -0.2  |
| Highest quarter                  | 88.2                            | 73.6   | 17.1  | 88.0                            | 73.8   | 17.0  | -0.2                            | 0.1  | -0.1  |

### Table C-33A. Percentage of high school sophomores who report that various life values related to friendships and leisure time are very important to them, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

|                                  |                              | Unimputed  |  |                              | Imputed  |  |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| Characteristic                   | Having strong<br>friendships | Having leisure<br>time to enjoy<br>own interests | Getting away from<br>this area of the<br>country | Having strong<br>friendships | Having leisure<br>time to enjoy<br>own interests | Getting away from<br>this area of the<br>country |
| Sex                              |                              |  |  |                              |  |  |
| Male                             | 0.58                         | 0.70   | 0.64   | 0.58                         | 0.70   | 0.64   |
| Female                           | 0.51                         | 0.69   | 0.61   | 0.51                         | 0.70   | 0.61   |
| Socioeconomic status             |                              |  |  |                              |  |  |
| Lowest quarter                   | 0.84                         | 1.02   | 0.84   | 0.91                         | 0.99   | 0.84   |
| Middle quarters                  | 0.51                         | 0.65   | 0.68   | 0.54                         | 0.64   | 0.67   |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.63                         | 0.84   | 0.73   | 0.61                         | 0.87   | 0.74   |
| Composite achievement test score |                              |  |  |                              |  |  |
| Lowest quarter                   | 0.94                         | 0.96   | 0.97   | 0.91                         | 0.97   | 0.95   |
| Second quarter                   | 0.82                         | 0.91   | 0.93   | 0.80                         | 0.88   | 0.90   |
| Third quarter                    | 0.73                         | 0.93   | 0.87   | 0.69                         | 0.89   | 0.84   |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.61                         | 0.89   | 0.73   | 0.59                         | 0.88   | 0.71   |

 Table C-33B. Standard errors for table C-33A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores who report that various life values related to friendships and leisure time are very important to them, by selected student characteristics): 2002

|  |   | Unimputed  |  |   | Imputed  |  |   | Difference   |  |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| Characteristic                         | Helping other<br>people in<br>community | Working to<br>correct social<br>and economic<br>inequalities | Living close<br>to parents<br>and<br>relatives | Helping other<br>people in<br>community | Working to<br>correct social<br>and economic<br>inequalities | Living close<br>to parents<br>and<br>relatives | Helping other<br>people in<br>community | Working to<br>correct social<br>and economic<br>inequalities | Living close<br>to parents<br>and<br>relatives |
| Sex                                    |   |  |  |   |  |  |   |  |  |
| Male                                   | 29.9                                    | 18.7   | 28.0   | 29.9                                    | 18.7   | 28.0   | #*                                      | #  | #  |
| Female                                 | 42.6                                    | 20.0   | 31.3   | 42.6                                    | 20.0   | 31.3   | #                                       | #  | #  |
| Socioeconomic<br>status                |   |  |  |   |  |  |   |  |  |
| Lowest quarter                         | 38.3                                    | 25.5   | 35.6   | 38.7                                    | 25.2   | 35.2   | 0.4                                     | -0.3   | -0.3   |
| Middle quarters                        | 35.0                                    | 17.9   | 29.4   | 35.0                                    | 18.2   | 29.4   | #                                       | 0.3  | 0.1  |
| Highest quarter                        | 36.9                                    | 16.0   | 24.3   | 36.6                                    | 16.0   | 24.8   | -0.3                                    | -0.1   | 0.5  |
| Composite<br>achievement test<br>score |   |  |  |   |  |  |   |  |  |
| Lowest quarter                         | 41.6                                    | 28.6   | 40.5   | 41.9                                    | 28.7   | 40.7   | 0.3                                     | 0.1  | 0.2  |
| Second quarter                         | 35.3                                    | 19.5   | 31.5   | 36.7                                    | 20.5   | 31.8   | 1.3*                                    | 1.0*   | 0.3  |
| Third quarter                          | 32.6                                    | 14.9   | 27.1   | 33.7                                    | 15.3   | 27.0   | 1.1*                                    | 0.4  | -0.2   |
| Highest quarter                        | 32.4                                    | 13.1   | 19.9   | 33.3                                    | 13.5   | 20.0   | 0.9*                                    | 0.4*   | 0.1  |

#### Table C-34A. Percentage of high school sophomores who report that various life values related to community are very important to them, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

|                                  |   | Unimputed  |                                       |   | Imputed  |   |
|----------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Characteristic                   | Helping other<br>people in<br>community | Working to<br>correct social and<br>economic<br>inequalities | Living close to parents and relatives | Helping other<br>people in<br>community | Working to<br>correct social<br>and economic<br>inequalities | Living close to<br>parents and<br>relatives |
| Sex                              |   |  |                                       |   |  |   |
| Male                             | 0.63                                    | 0.60   | 0.69                                  | 0.63                                    | 0.60   | 0.69  |
| Female                           | 0.70                                    | 0.65   | 0.70                                  | 0.70                                    | 0.65   | 0.70  |
| Socioeconomic status             |   |  |                                       |   |  |   |
| Lowest quarter                   | 0.93                                    | 1.00   | 0.95                                  | 0.93                                    | 0.97   | 0.98  |
| Middle quarters                  | 0.71                                    | 0.60   | 0.69                                  | 0.71                                    | 0.61   | 0.67  |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.87                                    | 0.69   | 0.88                                  | 0.87                                    | 0.69   | 0.89  |
| Composite achievement test score |   |  |                                       |   |  |   |
| Lowest quarter                   | 1.03                                    | 0.97   | 1.07                                  | 1.02                                    | 0.96   | 1.05  |
| Second quarter                   | 1.01                                    | 0.86   | 0.96                                  | 0.99                                    | 0.85   | 0.91  |
| Third quarter                    | 0.97                                    | 0.76   | 0.95                                  | 0.92                                    | 0.75   | 0.91  |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.88                                    | 0.64   | 0.86                                  | 0.88                                    | 0.64   | 0.84  |

#### Table C-34B. Standard errors for table C-34A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores who report that various life values related to community are very important to them, by selected student characteristics): 2002

|  |                                      | Unir  | nputed              |                                     |                                      |  |                     |                                     |                                      | Diff   | erence              |                                     |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Characteristic                         | High<br>school<br>diploma<br>or less | Two years<br>or less of<br>college or<br>vocational<br>school | College<br>graduate | Graduate/<br>professional<br>degree | High<br>school<br>diploma<br>or less | Two<br>years or<br>less of<br>college or<br>vocational<br>school | College<br>graduate | Graduate/<br>professional<br>degree | High<br>school<br>diploma<br>or less | Two<br>years or<br>less of<br>college or<br>vocational<br>school | College<br>graduate | Graduate/<br>professional<br>degree |
| Sex                                    |                                      |   |                     |                                     |                                      |  |                     |                                     |                                      |  |                     |                                     |
| Male                                   | 11.9                                 | 13.3  | 41.7                | 33.2                                | 12.5                                 | 13.2   | 41.5                | 32.8                                | 0.6*                                 | -0.1   | -0.2                | -0.4*                               |
| Female                                 | 5.6                                  | 9.7   | 38.0                | 46.7                                | 12.5<br>Imputed<br>5.8               | 9.7  | 37.8                | 46.6                                | 0.2*                                 | #  | -0.1                | -0.1                                |
| Socioeconomic status                   |                                      |   |                     |                                     |                                      |  |                     |                                     |                                      |  |                     |                                     |
| Lowest                                 |                                      |   |                     |                                     |                                      |  |                     |                                     |                                      |  |                     |                                     |
| quarter                                | 17.4                                 | 17.7  | 37.3                | 27.6                                | 16.8                                 | 17.0   | 38.2                | 28.0                                | -0.6                                 | -0.8   | 0.9                 | 0.4                                 |
| Middle                                 | <b>.</b>                             |   | 10.0                |                                     |                                      |  |                     |                                     | 0.0t                                 |  |                     |                                     |
| quarters                               | 8.1                                  | 12.1  | 42.2                | 37.6                                | 8.9                                  | 12.4   | 41.5                | 37.2                                | 0.8*                                 | 0.3  | -0.7                | -0.4                                |
| Highest                                |                                      | 4 -   | 074                 | 50.4                                | 0.5                                  | 4.0  | 07.0                | 55.0                                | 0.5                                  | 0.4  |                     | 0.0                                 |
| quarter                                | 2.0                                  | 4.5   | 37.4                | 56.1                                | 2.5                                  | 4.6  | 37.6                | 55.2                                | 0.5                                  | 0.1  | 0.2                 | -0.8                                |
| Composite<br>achievement<br>test score |                                      |   |                     |                                     |                                      |  |                     |                                     |                                      |  |                     |                                     |
| Lowest                                 |                                      |   |                     |                                     |                                      |  |                     |                                     |                                      |  |                     |                                     |
| quarter                                | 23.2                                 | 20.7  | 35.2                | 20.9                                | 24.1                                 | 20.1   | 35.3                | 20.5                                | 0.9*                                 | -0.6*  | 0.1                 | -0.3                                |
| Second                                 |                                      |   |                     |                                     |                                      |  |                     |                                     |                                      |  |                     |                                     |
| quarter                                | 8.3                                  | 15.7  | 44.6                | 31.4                                | 9.1                                  | 15.3   | 44.9                | 30.8                                | 0.7*                                 | -0.5   | 0.3                 | -0.6                                |
| Third quarter                          | 3.5                                  | 7.8   | 43.1                | 45.5                                | 3.7                                  | 8.0  | 43.1                | 45.2                                | 0.2                                  | 0.1  | #                   | -0.3                                |
| Highest<br>guarter                     | 1.0                                  | 3.4   | 35.7                | 59.9                                | 1.0                                  | 3.4  | 35.5                | 60.1                                | 0.1                                  | #  | -0.2                | 0.2                                 |

### Table C-35A. Percentage of high school sophomores who expect to attain various levels of education, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

|                                  |                                | Unimput  | ed                  |                                     |                                | Imputed  |                     |                                     |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Characteristic                   | High school<br>diploma or less | Two years or<br>less of college<br>or vocational<br>school | College<br>graduate | Graduate/<br>professional<br>degree | High school<br>diploma or less | Two years or<br>less of college or<br>vocational<br>school | College<br>graduate | /Graduate<br>professional<br>degree |
| Sex                              |                                |  |                     |                                     |                                |  |                     |                                     |
| Male                             | 0.53                           | 0.53   | 0.74                | 0.73                                | 0.52                           | 0.52   | 0.71                | 0.72                                |
| Female                           | 0.37                           | 0.47   | 0.70                | 0.80                                | 0.38                           | 0.47   | 0.70                | 0.80                                |
| Socioeconomic status             |                                |  |                     |                                     |                                |  |                     |                                     |
| Lowest quarter                   | 0.89                           | 0.81   | 1.09                | 1.00                                | 0.82                           | 0.75   | 0.99                | 0.99                                |
| Middle quarters                  | 0.41                           | 0.47   | 0.74                | 0.78                                | 0.43                           | 0.48   | 0.77                | 0.77                                |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.32                           | 0.42   | 0.96                | 0.98                                | 0.35                           | 0.42   | 0.95                | 0.95                                |
| Composite achievement test score |                                |  |                     |                                     |                                |  |                     |                                     |
| Lowest quarter                   | 1.04                           | 0.91   | 1.04                | 1.00                                | 0.98                           | 0.87   | 0.99                | 0.94                                |
| Second quarter                   | 0.58                           | 0.92   | 1.15                | 1.10                                | 0.60                           | 0.85   | 1.11                | 1.06                                |
| Third quarter                    | 0.40                           | 0.57   | 1.04                | 1.07                                | 0.39                           | 0.55   | 0.97                | 1.00                                |
| Highest guarter                  | 0.20                           | 0.39   | 1.00                | 1.07                                | 0.20                           | 0.38   | 0.96                | 1.02                                |

#### Table C-35B. Standard errors for table C-35A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores who expect to attain various levels of education, by selected student characteristics): 2002

|  |                               | Unimpu          | uted                            |                  |                               | Imput           | ed                              |                  |                               | Differe         | nce                             |                  |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Characteristic                         | Right<br>after high<br>school | After a<br>year | After<br>more<br>than a<br>year | No/don't<br>know | Right<br>after high<br>school | After a<br>year | After<br>more<br>than a<br>year | No/don't<br>know | Right<br>after high<br>school | After a<br>year | After<br>more<br>than a<br>year | No/don't<br>know |
| Sex                                    |                               |                 |                                 |                  |                               |                 |                                 |                  |                               |                 |                                 |                  |
| Male                                   | 71.7                          | 16.6            | 3.2                             | 8.5              | 71.7                          | 16.6            | 3.2                             | 8.6              | #                             | #               | #                               | #                |
| Female                                 | 78.8                          | 14.3            | 0.8                             | 6.1              | 78.8                          | 14.3            | 0.8                             | 6.1              | #                             | #               | #                               | #                |
| Socioeconomic<br>status                |                               |                 |                                 |                  |                               |                 |                                 |                  |                               |                 |                                 |                  |
| Lowest quarter                         | 66.9                          | 20.2            | 2.5                             | 10.4             | 67.2                          | 20.1            | 2.6                             | 10.2             | 0.3                           | -0.2            | #                               | -0.2             |
| Middle quarters                        | 73.6                          | 16.9            | 1.9                             | 7.6              | 73.3                          | 17.2            | 1.8                             | 7.7              | -0.3                          | 0.3             | -0.1                            | 0.1              |
| Highest quarter                        | 85.4                          | 9.0             | 1.4                             | 4.3              | 85.7                          | 8.7             | 1.4                             | 4.2              | 0.4                           | -0.3            | 0.1                             | -0.1             |
| Composite<br>achievement<br>test score |                               |                 |                                 |                  |                               |                 |                                 |                  |                               |                 |                                 |                  |
| Lowest quarter                         | 67.9                          | 20.4            | 3.1                             | 8.6              | 67.9                          | 20.4            | 3.1                             | 8.6              | 0.1                           | #               | #                               | #                |
| Second quarter                         | 68.7                          | 21.4            | 1.8                             | 8.1              | 68.7                          | 21.4            | 1.8                             | 8.1              | #                             | -0.1            | #                               | #                |
| Third quarter                          | 76.4                          | 14.7            | 1.7                             | 7.2              | 76.4                          | 14.7            | 1.7                             | 7.2              | #                             | -0.1            | #                               | #                |
| Highest quarter                        | 85.3                          | 7.9             | 1.3                             | 5.5              | 85.3                          | 7.8             | 1.3                             | 5.5              | #                             | #               | #                               | #                |

Table C-36A. Percentage of high school sophomores who report various intentions with regard to entering college after high school graduation, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

|                                  |                            | Unimp        | outed                  |                  | Imputed                    |              |                        |                  |  |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|--------------|------------------------|------------------|--|
| Characteristic                   | Right after<br>high school | After a year | After more than a year | No/don't<br>know | Right after<br>high school | After a year | After more than a year | No/don't<br>know |  |
| Sex                              |                            |              |                        |                  |                            |              |                        |                  |  |
| Male                             | 0.75                       | 0.60         | 0.31                   | 0.49             | 0.75                       | 0.60         | 0.31                   | 0.49             |  |
| Female                           | 0.67                       | 0.57         | 0.13                   | 0.35             | 0.67                       | 0.57         | 0.13                   | 0.35             |  |
| Socioeconomic status             |                            |              |                        |                  |                            |              |                        |                  |  |
| Lowest quarter                   | 1.16                       | 1.05         | 0.35                   | 0.78             | 1.21                       | 1.05         | 0.37                   | 0.72             |  |
| Middle quarters                  | 0.75                       | 0.63         | 0.21                   | 0.45             | 0.79                       | 0.67         | 0.21                   | 0.46             |  |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.74                       | 0.61         | 0.28                   | 0.44             | 0.70                       | 0.58         | 0.28                   | 0.44             |  |
| Composite achievement test score |                            |              |                        |                  |                            |              |                        |                  |  |
| Lowest quarter                   | 1.24                       | 1.06         | 0.46                   | 0.72             | 1.23                       | 1.04         | 0.45                   | 0.72             |  |
| Second quarter                   | 1.08                       | 0.97         | 0.28                   | 0.63             | 1.07                       | 0.96         | 0.27                   | 0.62             |  |
| Third quarter                    | 1.02                       | 0.82         | 0.26                   | 0.57             | 1.00                       | 0.81         | 0.26                   | 0.57             |  |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.80                       | 0.58         | 0.28                   | 0.53             | 0.80                       | 0.57         | 0.28                   | 0.53             |  |

#### Table C-36B. Standard errors for table C-36A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores who report various intentions with regard to entering college after high school graduation, by selected student characteristics): 2002

|  |        | Unin   | nputed              |                                      |                 |        |                     |                                      |        | Diff   | erence              |                                      |
|--|--------|--------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Characteristic                         | Father | Mother | School<br>counselor | Teacher<br>or<br>favorite<br>teacher |                 | Mother | School<br>counselor | Teacher<br>or<br>favorite<br>teacher |        | Mother | School<br>counselor | Teacher<br>or<br>favorite<br>teacher |
| Sex                                    |        |        |                     |                                      |                 |        |                     |                                      |        |        |                     |                                      |
| Male                                   | 67.5   | 72.4   | 60.7                | 61.3                                 | Father 67.5     | 72.4   | 60.7                | 61.3                                 | Father | # #    | #                   | #                                    |
| Female                                 | 74.2   | 78.6   | 68.8                | 70.4                                 | 74.2<br>Imputed | 78.5   | 68.8                | 70.5                                 |        | # #    | #                   | #                                    |
| Socioeconomic status                   |        |        |                     |                                      |                 |        |                     |                                      |        |        |                     |                                      |
| Lowest quarter                         | 61.1   | 68.6   | 59.9                | 62.9                                 | 60.8            | 67.9   | 59.7                | 63.0                                 | -0.    | 3 -0.7 | -0.2                | 0.2                                  |
| Middle quarters                        | 69.3   | 74.4   | 63.8                | 64.2                                 | 69.5            | 74.9   | 63.8                | 64.0                                 | 0.     | 2 0.5  | #                   | -0.2                                 |
| Highest quarter                        | 82.5   | 83.7   | 71.6                | 72.5                                 | 82.3            | 83.5   | 71.6                | 72.6                                 | -0.    | 2 -0.2 | #                   | 0.1                                  |
| Composite<br>achievement test<br>score |        |        |                     |                                      |                 |        |                     |                                      |        |        |                     |                                      |
| Lowest quarter                         | 58.7   | 65.4   | 57.5                | 58.4                                 | 58.6            | 65.2   | 57.4                | 58.2                                 | -0.    | 1 -0.1 | -0.1                | -0.2                                 |
| Second quarter                         | 67.6   | 73.4   | 65.4                | 64.4                                 | 67.6            | 73.5   | 65.4                | 64.5                                 |        | # #    | 0.1                 | 0.1                                  |
| Third quarter                          | 76.1   | 79.9   | 67.5                | 68.8                                 | 76.0            | 79.7   | 67.5                | 68.7                                 | -0.    | 1 -0.2 | #                   | -0.1                                 |
| Highest quarter                        | 79.1   | 81.9   | 68.1                | 71.2                                 | 79.1            | 81.9   | 68.1                | 71.2                                 |        | # #    | #                   | #                                    |

#### Table C-37A. Percentage of high school sophomores who report that fathers, mothers, school counselors, and teachers think college is the most important thing for them to do right after high school, by selected student characteristics: 2002

# Rounds to zero.

|                                  |        | Unimp  | outed               |                                   | Imputed |        |                     |                                   |  |
|----------------------------------|--------|--------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|--------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Characteristic                   | Father | Mother | School<br>counselor | Teacher or<br>favorite<br>teacher | Father  | Mother | School<br>counselor | Teacher or<br>favorite<br>teacher |  |
| Sex                              |        |        |                     |                                   |         |        |                     |                                   |  |
| Male                             | 0.80   | 0.74   | 0.83                | 0.76                              | 0.80    | 0.74   | 0.83                | 0.76                              |  |
| Female                           | 0.68   | 0.67   | 0.72                | 0.63                              | 0.68    | 0.67   | 0.72                | 0.63                              |  |
| Socioeconomic status             |        |        |                     |                                   |         |        |                     |                                   |  |
| Lowest quarter                   | 1.13   | 1.09   | 1.08                | 1.06                              | 1.08    | 1.08   | 1.14                | 1.09                              |  |
| Middle quarters                  | 0.70   | 0.67   | 0.79                | 0.70                              | 0.68    | 0.65   | 0.78                | 0.70                              |  |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.81   | 0.86   | 1.02                | 0.95                              | 0.80    | 0.88   | 1.05                | 0.98                              |  |
| Composite achievement test score |        |        |                     |                                   |         |        |                     |                                   |  |
| Lowest quarter                   | 1.28   | 1.18   | 1.23                | 1.13                              | 1.28    | 1.17   | 1.22                | 1.12                              |  |
| Second quarter                   | 1.04   | 1.01   | 1.03                | 1.04                              | 1.02    | 0.99   | 1.01                | 1.03                              |  |
| Third quarter                    | 0.92   | 0.83   | 1.03                | 1.02                              | 0.92    | 0.82   | 1.03                | 1.01                              |  |
| Highest quarter                  | 0.86   | 0.90   | 1.03                | 1.01                              | 0.85    | 0.89   | 1.03                | 1.00                              |  |

 Table C-37B. Standard errors for table C-37A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores who report that fathers, mothers, school counselors, and teachers think college is the most important thing for them to do right after high school, by selected student characteristics): 2002

|                        | Unim | outed  | Impu | ted    | Difference |        |  |
|------------------------|------|--------|------|--------|------------|--------|--|
| Occupation             | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male       | Female |  |
| Clerical               | 0.1  | 0.4    | 0.1  | 0.4    | #          | #      |  |
| Craftsman              | 4.6  | 0.8    | 4.6  | 0.8    | #          | #      |  |
| Farmer, farm manager   | 0.2  | #      | 0.2  | #      | #          | #      |  |
| Homemaker              | #    | 0.2    | #    | 0.2    | #          | #      |  |
| Laborer                | 0.7  | #      | 0.7  | #      | #          | #      |  |
| Manager, administrator | 2.2  | 1.7    | 2.2  | 1.7    | #          | #      |  |
| Military               | 1.7  | 0.2    | 1.7  | 0.2    | #          | #      |  |
| Operative              | 1.1  | 0.1    | 1.1  | 0.1    | #          | #      |  |
| Professional (1)       | 25.5 | 23.9   | 25.5 | 23.9   | #          | #      |  |
| Professional (2)       | 11.6 | 28.5   | 11.6 | 28.5   | #          | #      |  |
| Proprietor or owner    | 2.6  | 1.6    | 2.6  | 1.6    | #          | #      |  |
| Protective service     | 3.3  | 1.2    | 3.3  | 1.2    | #          | #      |  |
| Sales                  | 0.8  | 0.3    | 0.8  | 0.3    | #          | #      |  |
| School teacher         | 0.6  | 2.6    | 0.6  | 2.6    | #          | #      |  |
| Service                | 0.4  | 4.6    | 0.4  | 4.6    | #          | #      |  |
| Technical              | 4.5  | 2.2    | 4.5  | 2.2    | #          | #      |  |
| Plan not to work       | 0.5  | 0.5    | 0.5  | 0.5    | #          | #      |  |
| Other                  | 1.1  | 0.9    | 1.1  | 0.9    | #          | #      |  |
| Don't know             | 38.4 | 30.3   | 38.4 | 30.3   | #          | #      |  |

#### Table C-38A. Percentage of high school sophomores' expected occupation at age 30, by sex:2002

# Rounds to zero.

NOTE: The occupational list given to sophomores was as follows: Clerical such as bank teller, bookkeeper, secretary, typist, mail carrier, ticket agent; Craftsman such as baker, automobile mechanic, machinist, painter, plumber, telephone installer, carpenter; Farmer, farm manager; Homemaker or housewife only; Laborer such as construction worker, car washer, sanitary worker, farm laborer; Manager, administrator such as sales manager, office manager, school administrator, buyer, restaurant manager, government official; Military such as career officer, enlisted man or woman in the Armed Forces; Operative such as meat cutter, assembly worker, machine operator, welder, taxicab, bus or truck driver; Professional (1) such as accountant, artist, registered nurse, engineer, librarian, writer, social worker, actor, actress, athlete, politician, but not including school teacher; Professional (2) such as clergyman, dentist, physician, lawyer, scientist, college teacher; Proprietor or owner such as owner of small business, contractor, restaurant owner; Protective service such as detective, police officer or guard, sheriff, fire fighter; Sales such as salesperson, advertising or insurance agent, real estate broker; School teacher such as elementary or secondary; Service such as barber, beautician, practical nurse, private household worker, janitor, waiter; Technical such as draftsman, medical or dental technician, computer programmer; Plan not to work; and Other. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "Base Year, 2002."

|                        | Unimputed | b      | Imputed | ł      |
|------------------------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|
| Occupation             | Male      | Female | Male    | Female |
| Clerical               | 0.04      | 0.10   | 0.04    | 0.10   |
| Craftsman              | 0.32      | 0.13   | 0.32    | 0.13   |
| Farmer, farm manager   | 0.06      | 0.03   | 0.06    | 0.03   |
| Homemaker              | 0.01      | 0.06   | 0.01    | 0.06   |
| Laborer                | 0.12      | #      | 0.12    | #      |
| Manager, administrator | 0.22      | 0.19   | 0.22    | 0.19   |
| Military               | 0.19      | 0.08   | 0.19    | 0.08   |
| Operative              | 0.19      | 0.04   | 0.19    | 0.04   |
| Professional (1)       | 0.70      | 0.61   | 0.70    | 0.61   |
| Professional (2)       | 0.49      | 0.61   | 0.49    | 0.61   |
| Proprietor or owner    | 0.23      | 0.19   | 0.23    | 0.19   |
| Protective service     | 0.32      | 0.15   | 0.32    | 0.15   |
| Sales                  | 0.14      | 0.08   | 0.14    | 0.08   |
| School teacher         | 0.12      | 0.24   | 0.12    | 0.24   |
| Service                | 0.09      | 0.33   | 0.09    | 0.33   |
| Technical              | 0.32      | 0.22   | 0.32    | 0.22   |
| Plan not to work       | 0.11      | 0.10   | 0.11    | 0.10   |
| Other                  | 0.14      | 0.16   | 0.14    | 0.16   |
| Don't know             | 0.73      | 0.68   | 0.73    | 0.68   |

#### Table C-38B. Standard errors for table C-38A estimates (percentage of high school sophomores' expected occupation at age 30, by sex): 2002

# Rounds to zero.

NOTE: The occupational list given to sophomores was as follows: Clerical such as bank teller, bookkeeper, secretary, typist, mail carrier, ticket agent; Craftsman such as baker, automobile mechanic, machinist, painter, plumber, telephone installer, carpenter; Farmer, farm manager; Homemaker or housewife only; Laborer such as construction worker, car washer, sanitary worker, farm laborer; Manager, administrator such as sales manager, office manager, school administrator, buyer, restaurant manager, government official; Military such as career officer, enlisted man or woman in the Armed Forces; Operative such as meat cutter, assembly worker, machine operator, welder, taxicab, bus or truck driver; Professional (1) such as accountant, artist, registered nurse, engineer, librarian, writer, social worker, actor, actress, athlete, politician, but not including school teacher; Professional (2) such as clergyman, dentist, physician, lawyer, scientist, college teacher; Proprietor or owner such as owner of small business, contractor, restaurant owner; Protective service such as detective, police officer or guard, sheriff, fire fighter; Sales such as salesperson, advertising or insurance agent, real estate broker; School teacher such as elementary or secondary; Service such as barber, beautician, practical nurse, private household worker, janitor, waiter; Technical such as draftsman, medical or dental technician, computer programmer; Plan not to work; and Other. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "Base Year, 2002."

|  | ELS:2     | 002     |         |      |                                   |                                 |                         |                                |                              |                         |
|--|-----------|---------|---------|------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Variable   | Unimputed | Imputed | NELS:88 | HS&B | ELS:2002<br>unimputed<br>–NELS:88 | ELS:2002<br>imputed–<br>NELS:88 | Change in significance? | ELS:2002<br>unimputed<br>–HS&B | ELS:2002<br>imputed–<br>HS&B | Change in significance? |
| Father's education (composite)                     |           |         |         |      |                                   |                                 |                         |                                |                              |                         |
| Did not finish high school                         | 13.6      | 13.9    | 15.2    | 22.6 | -1.6                              | -1.3                            | No                      | -9.0*                          | -8.7*                        | No                      |
| Graduated from high school or GED                  | 29.9      | 30.1    | 25.8    | 31.1 | 4.1*                              | 4.3*                            | No                      | -1.2                           | -1.0                         | No                      |
| Some postsecondary education (PSE)                 | 27.7      | 27.4    | 33.3    | 23.5 | -5.6*                             | -5.9*                           | No                      | 4.2*                           | 3.9*                         | No                      |
| Graduated from college                             | 16.9      | 16.7    | 14.2    | 12.3 | 2.7*                              | 2.5*                            | No                      | 4.6*                           | 4.4*                         | No                      |
| Completed master's or equivalent                   | 7.5       | 7.4     | 6.5     | 6.2  | 1.0                               | 0.9                             | No                      | 1.3*                           | 1.2*                         | No                      |
| Completed Ph.D., M.D., or other<br>advanced degree | 4.5       | 4.4     | 5.0     | 4.3  | -0.5                              | -0.6                            | No                      | 0.2                            | 0.1                          | No                      |
| Mother's education (composite)                     |           |         |         |      |                                   |                                 |                         |                                |                              |                         |
| Did not finish high school                         | 12.9      | 13.2    | 13.0    | 17.8 | -0.1                              | 0.2                             | No                      | -4.9*                          | -4.6*                        | No                      |
| Graduated from high school or GED                  | 27.8      | 27.9    | 30.8    | 46.5 | -3.0*                             | -2.9*                           | No                      | -18.7*                         | -18.6*                       | No                      |
| Some postsecondary education (PSE)                 | 34.8      | 34.6    | 39.0    | 21.9 | -4.2*                             | -4.4*                           | No                      | 12.9*                          | 12.7*                        | No                      |
| Graduated from college                             | 16.7      | 16.6    | 11.9    | 9.1  | 4.8*                              | 4.7*                            | No                      | 7.6*                           | 7.5*                         | No                      |
| Completed master's or equivalent                   | 6.0       | 6.0     | 4.5     | 3.4  | 1.5*                              | 1.5*                            | No                      | 2.6*                           | 2.6*                         | No                      |
| Completed Ph.D., M.D., or other<br>advanced degree | 1.7       | 1.7     | 0.7     | 1.3  | 1.0*                              | 1.0*                            | No                      | 0.4                            | 0.4                          | No                      |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>                       |           |         |         |      |                                   |                                 |                         |                                |                              |                         |
| English  | 86.2      | 86.0    | 90.2    | 94.6 | -4.0*                             | -4.2*                           | No                      | -8.4*                          | -8.6*                        | No                      |
| Non-English  | 13.8      | 14.0    | 9.8     | 5.4  | 4.0*                              | 4.2*                            | No                      | 8.4*                           | 8.6*                         | No                      |
| IRT-estimated number-right score in<br>mathematics | 37.2      | 37.2    | 36.5    | 32.8 | 0.7*                              | 0.7*                            | No                      | 4.4*                           | 4.4*                         | No                      |
| Probability of proficiency in reading <sup>2</sup> |           |         |         |      |                                   |                                 |                         |                                |                              |                         |
| Level 1  | 89.0      | 89.4    | 91.1    | +    | -2.1*                             | -1.7*                           | No                      | +                              | +                            | †                       |
| Level 2  | 46.0      | 46.2    | 49.9    | +    | -3.9*                             | -3.7*                           | No                      | +                              | †                            | †                       |
| Level 3  | 8.5       | 8.3     | 12.7    | +    | -4.2*                             | -4.4*                           | No                      | +                              | +                            | +                       |

### Table C-39A. Comparison of estimates between ELS:2002 imputed and unimputed data, NELS:88 data, and HS&B data, by selected student characteristics: 1980, 1990, and 2002

|  | ELS:2     | 002     |         |      |                                   |                                 |                         |                                |                              |                         |
|--|-----------|---------|---------|------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Variable   | Unimputed | Imputed | NELS:88 | HS&B | ELS:2002<br>unimputed<br>–NELS:88 | ELS:2002<br>imputed–<br>NELS:88 | Change in significance? | ELS:2002<br>unimputed<br>–HS&B | ELS:2002<br>imputed–<br>HS&B | Change in significance? |
| Probability of proficiency in mathematics <sup>3</sup> |           |         |         |      |                                   |                                 |                         |                                |                              |                         |
| Level 1  | 91.4      | 91.7    | 90.7    | +    | 0.7                               | 1.0*                            | Yes                     | +                              | †                            | †                       |
| Level 2  | 66.6      | 67.1    | 63.0    | +    | 3.6*                              | 4.1*                            | No                      | +                              | +                            | +                       |
| Level 3  | 46.4      | 46.4    | 43.5    | †    | 2.9*                              | 2.9*                            | No                      | †                              | †                            | †                       |
| Level 4  | 20.8      | 20.4    | 19.0    | †    | 1.8*                              | 1.4*                            | No                      | †                              | †                            | †                       |
| Level 5  | 1.0       | 1.0     | 0.4     | †    | 0.6*                              | 0.6*                            | No                      | †                              | †                            | †                       |
| Family composition                                     |           |         |         |      |                                   |                                 |                         |                                |                              |                         |
| and father   | 57.4      | 56.8    | 67.2    | 70.2 | -9.8*                             | -10.4*                          | No                      | -12.8*                         | -13.4*                       | No                      |
| Mother and guardian                                    | 13.3      | 13.4    | 11.2    | 6.9  | 2.1*                              | 2.2*                            | No                      | 6.4*                           | 6.5*                         | No                      |
| Motanier and guardian                                  | 3.1       | 3.2     | 2.7     | 2.1  | 0.4                               | 0.5                             | No                      | 1.0*                           | 1.1*                         | No                      |
| only   | 18.9      | 19.0    | 13.9    | 15.5 | 5.0*                              | 5.1*                            | No                      | 3.4*                           | 3.5*                         | No                      |
| Motanier only  | 3.2       | 3.2     | 2.5     | 3.1  | 0.7                               | 0.7                             | No                      | 0.1                            | 0.1                          | No                      |
| Other relative or nonrelative                          | 4.1       | 4.3     | 2.5     | 2.2  | 1.6*                              | 1.8*                            | No                      | 1.9*                           | 2.1*                         | No                      |
| Student's educational expectations                     |           |         |         |      |                                   |                                 |                         |                                |                              |                         |
| High school or less                                    | 8.7       | 9.2     | 10.2    | 26.5 | -1.5*                             | -1.0                            | Yes                     | -17.8*                         | -17.3*                       | No                      |
| Some college   | 11.5      | 11.5    | 30.3    | 32.9 | -18.8*                            | -18.8*                          | No                      | -21.4*                         | -21.4*                       | No                      |
| College graduation                                     | 39.8      | 39.7    | 32.1    | 22.7 | 7.7*                              | 7.6*                            | No                      | 17.1*                          | 17.0*                        | No                      |
| Graduate or professional degree                        | 40.0      | 39.7    | 27.4    | 17.9 | 12.6*                             | 12.3*                           | No                      | 22.1*                          | 21.8*                        | No                      |
| High school program                                    |           |         |         |      |                                   |                                 |                         |                                |                              |                         |
| General  | 38.4      | 38.6    | 49.6    | 46.0 | -11.2*                            | -11.0*                          | No                      | -7.6*                          | -7.4*                        | No                      |
| Academic/college preparatory                           | 50.9      | 50.7    | 39.3    | 33.1 | 11.6*                             | 11.4*                           | No                      | 17.8*                          | 17.6*                        | No                      |
|  | 10.8      | 10.8    | 11.1    | 21.0 | -0.3                              | -0.3                            | No                      | -10.2*                         | -10.2*                       | No                      |

#### Table C-39A. Comparison of estimates between ELS:2002 imputed and unimputed data, NELS:88 data, and HS&B data, by selected student characteristics: 1980, 1990, and 2002—Continued

<sup>†</sup>Not applicable.

\* Denotes statistical significance at p < .05.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

<sup>2</sup> Level 1 = simple comprehension; level 2 = simple inference; level 3 = complex inference.

<sup>3</sup> Level 1 = simple arithmetic operations on whole numbers; level 2 = simple operations with decimals, fractions, powers, and roots; level 3 = simple problem solving, requiring the understanding of low-level mathematical concepts; level 4 = understanding of intermediate-level mathematical concepts and/or having the ability to formulate multistep solutions to word problems; level 5 = proficiency in solving complex multistep word problems and/or the ability to demonstrate knowledge of mathematics material found in advanced mathematics courses.

NOTE: IRT = Item Response Theory.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002); National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988 (NELS:88); High School and Beyond (HS&B).

|  | ELS:20    | 02      |         |      |
|--|-----------|---------|---------|------|
| Variable   | Unimputed | Imputed | NELS:88 | HS&B |
| Father's education (composite)                         |           |         |         |      |
| Did not finish high school                             | 0.57      | 0.54    | 0.62    | 0.53 |
| Graduated from high school or GED                      | 0.59      | 0.53    | 0.61    | 0.49 |
| Some postsecondary education (PSE)                     | 0.52      | 0.48    | 0.63    | 0.40 |
| Graduated from college                                 | 0.46      | 0.43    | 0.49    | 0.38 |
| Completed master's or equivalent                       | 0.33      | 0.30    | 0.41    | 0.25 |
| Completed Ph.D., M.D., or other advanced degree        | 0.28      | 0.26    | 0.38    | 0.26 |
| Mother's education (composite)                         |           |         |         |      |
| Did not finish high school                             | 0.53      | 0.54    | 0.54    | 1.14 |
| Graduated from high school or GED                      | 0.50      | 0.49    | 0.64    | 1.28 |
| Some postsecondary education (PSE)                     | 0.54      | 0.53    | 0.68    | 1.00 |
| Graduated from college                                 | 0.48      | 0.46    | 0.46    | 0.75 |
| Completed master's or equivalent                       | 0.28      | 0.27    | 0.25    | 0.44 |
| Completed Ph.D., M.D., or other advanced degree        | 0.15      | 0.15    | 0.08    | 0.30 |
| Native language <sup>1</sup>                           |           |         |         |      |
| English  | 0.60      | 0.60    | 0.68    | 0.31 |
| Non-English  | 0.60      | 0.60    | 0.68    | 0.31 |
| IRT-estimated number-right score in mathematics        | 0.23      | 0.23    | 0.21    | 0.22 |
| Probability of proficiency in reading <sup>2</sup>     |           |         |         |      |
| Level 1  | 0.40      | 0.39    | 0.40    | †    |
| Level 2  | 0.72      | 0.70    | 0.70    | †    |
| Level 3  | 0.29      | 0.28    | 0.50    | †    |
| Probability of proficiency in mathematics <sup>3</sup> |           |         |         |      |
| Level 1  | 0.31      | 0.30    | 0.30    | †    |
| Level 2  | 0.77      | 0.77    | 0.80    | †    |
| Level 3  | 0.82      | 0.81    | 0.80    | †    |
| Level 4  | 0.56      | 0.54    | 0.50    | †    |
| Level 5  | 0.08      | 0.08    | #       | †    |
| Family composition                                     |           |         |         |      |
| Mother and father                                      | 0.58      | 0.57    | 0.72    | 0.49 |
| Mother and guardian                                    | 0.37      | 0.36    | 0.45    | 0.29 |
| Father and guardian                                    | 0.18      | 0.16    | 0.32    | 0.10 |
| Mother only  | 0.46      | 0.44    | 0.48    | 0.37 |
| Father only  | 0.21      | 0.20    | 0.31    | 0.12 |
| Other relative or nonrelative                          | 0.22      | 0.21    | 0.22    | 0.12 |

# Table C-39B. Standard errors for table C-39A estimates (comparison of estimates betweenELS:2002 imputed and unimputed data, NELS:88 data, and HS&B data, by selectedstudent characteristics): 1980, 1990, and 2002

# Table C-39B. Standard errors for table C-39A estimates (comparison of estimates between ELS:2002 imputed and unimputed data, NELS:88 data, and HS&B data, by selected student characteristics): 1980, 1990, and 2002—Continued

|                                    | ELS:20    | 02      |         |      |
|------------------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|------|
| Variable                           | Unimputed | Imputed | NELS:88 | HS&B |
| Student's educational expectations |           |         |         |      |
| High school or less                | 0.36      | 0.36    | 0.42    | 0.50 |
| Some college                       | 0.38      | 0.37    | 0.65    | 0.39 |
| College graduation                 | 0.50      | 0.50    | 0.59    | 0.38 |
| Graduate or professional degree    | 0.62      | 0.60    | 0.64    | 0.40 |
| High school program                |           |         |         |      |
| General                            | 0.63      | 0.63    | 0.95    | 0.71 |
| Academic/college preparatory       | 0.68      | 0.68    | 0.96    | 0.74 |
| Vocational                         | 0.46      | 0.46    | 0.37    | 0.61 |

† Not applicable.

# Rounds to zero.

<sup>1</sup> The first language students learned to speak when they were children.

<sup>2</sup> Level 1 = simple comprehension; level 2 = simple inference; level 3 = complex inference.

<sup>3</sup> Level 1 = simple arithmetic operations on whole numbers; level 2 = simple operations with decimals, fractions, powers, and roots; level 3 = simple problem solving, requiring the understanding of low-level mathematical concepts; level 4 = understanding of intermediate-level mathematical concepts and/or having the ability to formulate multistep solutions to word problems; level 5 = proficiency in solving complex multistep word problems and/or the ability to demonstrate knowledge of mathematics material found in advanced mathematics courses.

NOTE: IRT = Item Response Theory.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002); National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988 (NELS:88); High School and Beyond (HS&B).

Appendix D Public-Use Masked/Suppressed Variables Available on Restricted Files for Licensed Users

#### Appendix D Public-Use Masked/Suppressed Variables Available on Restricted Files for Licensed Users

The restricted-use electronic codebook (ECB) files contain all variables on the public-use file. However, to protect confidentiality, versions may differ in the amount of available detail (e.g., a given variable may appear in categorical form in the public-use file but appear in continuous form in the restricted-use file, or it may include additional breakouts of collapsed categories, such as a restricted-use breakout for Native Hawaiians). In addition, a number of variables appear on the restricted file that have no counterpart on the public-use files (e.g., various geocode variables below the level of the four U.S. Census regions reported on the public-use file). The list provided in table D-1 follows the variable position order on the ECB.

#### Table D-1. Restricted-use unique variables in base-year to first follow-up student-level and school-level megafiles: 2004

Student-level restricted-use only variables

|    |                     | -   |
|----|---------------------|---|
|    | F1UNIVR1            | Sample member status in BY and F1 rounds (restricted)     |
|    | F1UNIVR2            | How sample member entered study                           |
|    | BYEXPWT             | Student expanded sample weight                            |
|    | BYRACE_R            | Student's race/ethnicity—composite (restricted)           |
|    | BYRACE2             | Student's race/ethnicity—64 category                      |
|    | BYSARACE            | Student's race/ethnicity—school roster                    |
|    | BYRACE_1            | Student is White—composite                                |
|    | BYRACE_2            | Student is Black or African American—composite            |
|    | BYRACE_3            | Student is Asian—composite                                |
|    | BYRACE_4            | Student is Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander—composite     |
|    | BYRACE_5            | Student is American Indian/Alaska Native—composite        |
|    | BYHISPAN            | Student's Hispanic subgroup—composite                     |
|    | BYASIAN             | Student's Asian subgroup—composite                        |
|    | BYDOB_R             | Student's date of birth: Year-month-day                   |
|    | BYPARACR            | Parent's race/ethnicity—composite (restricted)            |
|    | BYQXDATR            | Date of base-year student questionnaire administration    |
|    | PISARFLG            | Whether included in PISA reading score concordance sample |
|    | PISAMFLG            | Whether included in PISA math score concordance sample    |
|    | BYIEPTYP            | Federal disability category for base-year IEPs            |
|    | BYACCTYP            | Base-year questionnaire/test accommodations               |
|    | BYTXMTH             | Math test theta T score                                   |
|    | BYTXMTI1            | Math theta T score—multiple imputation value 1 of 5       |
|    | BYTXMTI2            | Math theta T score—multiple imputation value 2 of 5       |
|    | BYTXMTI3            | Math theta T score—multiple imputation value 3 of 5       |
|    | BYTXMTI4            | Math theta T score—multiple imputation value 4 of 5       |
|    | BYTXMTI5            | Math theta T score—multiple imputation value 5 of 5       |
|    | BYTXRTH             | Reading test theta T score                                |
|    | BYTXRTI1            | Reading theta T score—multiple imputation value 1 of 5    |
|    | BYTXRTI2            | Reading theta T score—multiple imputation value 2 of 5    |
|    | BYTXRTI3            | Reading theta T score—multiple imputation value 3 of 5    |
| C, | an note at end of t |   |

## Table D-1. Restricted-use unique variables in base-year to first follow-up student-level and<br/>school-level megafiles: 2004—Continued

| school-level megames: 2004—Continued |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Student-level restr                  | icted-use only variables—Continued                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYTXRTI4                             | Reading theta T score—multiple imputation value 4 of 5                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYTXRTI5                             | Reading theta T score—multiple imputation value 5 of 5                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYRESZIP                             | Residential zip code for student/family                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYSF1R_R                             | 1st friend's race (restricted)  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYSF2R_R                             | 2nd friend's race (restricted)  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYSF3R_R                             | 3rd friend's race (restricted)  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYERAC_R                             | English teacher's race/ethnicity—composite (restricted)                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYMRAC_R                             | Math teacher's race/ethnicity—composite (restricted)                    |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYG10ER                              | Grade 10 enrollment—2001–02 school roster                               |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYCENDIV                             | Census division of school locale  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYSTATE                              | State code for school locale  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYCOUNTY                             | County code for school locale   |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYSCHZIP                             | School zip code   |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYHISPIM                             | Imputation flag—HISPANIC  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYASNIM                              | Imputation flag—ASIAN   |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1EXPWT                              | F1 expanded sample weight   |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1XPNLWT                             | F1 expanded sample panel weight   |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1DOB_R                              | F1 student's date of birth: Year-month-day                              |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1ESSTAT                             | F1 expanded sample status   |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1EXPFLG                             | F1 expanded sample member dropout                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1DOFLG                              | F1 dropout status in spring term 2004                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1RDSTAT                             | F1 dropout status (restricted)  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1SEPS03                             | Date separated from BY school—spring 2003                               |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1SEPF03                             | Date separated from BY school—fall 2003                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1SEPS04                             | Date separated from BY school—spring 2004                               |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1TXMTH                              | F1 math theta T score (restricted)                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1TXMTI1                             | F1 math theta T score—multiple imputation value 1 of 5                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1TXMTI2                             | F1 math theta T score—multiple imputation value 2 of 5                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1TXMTI3                             | F1 math theta T score—multiple imputation value 3 of 5                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1TXMTI4                             | F1 math theta T score—multiple imputation value 4 of 5                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1TXMTI5                             | F1 math theta T score—multiple imputation value 5 of 5                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1RESZIP                             | F1 residential zip code for student/family                              |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1TRSZIP                             | F1 zip code of the spring 2004 destination schools of transfer students |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1QXDATR                             | Date completed interview  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1HISPIM                             | Imputation flag—F1HISPAN  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F1ASNIM                              | Imputation flag—F1ASIAN   |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYS16                                | Student's Hispanic subgroup   |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYS17A                               | Student is White  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYS17B                               | Student is Black/African American                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYS17C                               | Student is Asian  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYS17D                               | Student is Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander                             |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYS17E                               | Student is American Indian/Alaska Native                                |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYS18                                | Student's Asian subgroup  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYS25CAA                             | 1st friend is White   |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYS25CAB                             | 1st friend is Black/African American                                    |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYS25CAC                             | 1st friend is Asian   |  |  |  |  |  |

## Table D-1. Restricted-use unique variables in base-year to first follow-up student-level and school-level megafiles: 2004—Continued

| School-level megames. 2004—Continued                  |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| Student-level restricted-use only variables—Continued |   |  |
| BYS25CAD  | 1st friend is Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander        |  |
| BYS25CAE  | 1st friend is American Indian/Alaska Native           |  |
| BYS25CBA  | 2nd friend is White                                   |  |
| BYS25CBB  | 2nd friend is Black/African American                  |  |
| BYS25CBC  | 2nd friend is Asian                                   |  |
| BYS25CBD  | 2nd friend is Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander        |  |
| BYS25CBE  | 2nd friend is American Indian/Alaska Native           |  |
| BYS25CCA  | 3rd friend is White                                   |  |
| BYS25CCB  | 3rd friend is Black/African American                  |  |
| BYS25CCC  | 3rd friend is Asian                                   |  |
| BYS25CCD  | 3rd friend is Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander        |  |
| BYS25CCE  | 3rd friend is American Indian/Alaska Native           |  |
| BYS63   | Occupation expects to have after high school—verbatim |  |
| BYS64   | Occupation expects to have at age 30—verbatim         |  |
| BYS68   | Student's native language                             |  |
| BYS81A  | Mother/female guardian's occupation—verbatim          |  |
| BYS81B  | Mother/female guardian's main job duties—verbatim     |  |
| BYS82A  | Father/male guardian's occupation—verbatim            |  |
| BYS82B  | Father/male guardian's main job duties—verbatim       |  |
| F1N14A  | Mother/female guardian's occupation—verbatim          |  |
| F1N14B  | Mother/female guardian's main job duties—verbatim     |  |
| F1N15A  | Father/male guardian's occupation—verbatim            |  |
| F1N15B  | Father/male guardian's main job duties—verbatim       |  |
| F1S51A  | 1st postsecondary school applied to                   |  |
| F1S51B  | City of 1st postsecondary school applied to           |  |
| F1S51D  | 2nd postsecondary school applied to                   |  |
| F1S51E  | City of 2nd postsecondary school applied to           |  |
| F1S56   | Occupation expects to have after high school—verbatim |  |
| F1S57   | Occupation expects to have at age 30—verbatim         |  |
| F1T16EA   | Other reasons for transferring                        |  |
| F1E24A  | Other way in which GED was earned (EG)                |  |
| F1E50   | Current/most recent job or occupation (EG)            |  |
| F1D42   | Program in which GED was earned (DO)                  |  |
| F1D42A  | Other way in which GED was earned (DO)                |  |
| F1D60   | Current/most recent job or occupation (DO)            |  |
| F1D66   | Occupation expects to have at age 30—verbatim (DO)    |  |
| BYP14   | Parent's Hispanic subgroup                            |  |
| BYP15A  | Parent is White                                       |  |
| BYP15B  | Parent is Black or African American                   |  |
| BYP15C  | Parent is Asian                                       |  |
| BYP15D  | Parent is Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander            |  |
| BYP15E  | Parent is American Indian/Alaska Native               |  |
| BYP16   | Parent's Asian subgroup                               |  |
| BYP19A  | Mother's occupation before coming to US               |  |
| BYP19B  | Mother's main job duties outside US                   |  |
| BYP22A  | Father's occupation before coming to US               |  |
| BYP22B  | Father's job main duties outside US                   |  |
| BYP29   | Native language of parent respondent                  |  |

#### Table D-1. Restricted-use unique variables in base-year to first follow-up student-level and school-level megafiles: 2004—Continued

| school                                     | I-level megafiles: 2004—Continued                      |  |
|--|--|--|
| Student-level restrie                      | cted-use only variables—Continued                      |  |
| BYP39A                                     | Parent's current/most recent job for pay in US         |  |
| BYP39B                                     | Parent's main job duties                               |  |
| BYP43A                                     | Spouse/partner's current/most recent job for pay in US |  |
| BYP43B                                     | Spouse/partner's main job duties                       |  |
| BYTE24A                                    | Teacher is White (English)                             |  |
| BYTE24B                                    | Teacher is Black/African Ámerican (English)            |  |
| BYTE24C                                    | Teacher is Asian (English)                             |  |
| BYTE24D                                    | Teacher is Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander (English)  |  |
| BYTE24E                                    | Teacher is American Indian/Alaska Native (English)     |  |
| BYTM24A                                    | Teacher is White (math)                                |  |
| BYTM24B                                    | Teacher is Black/African American (math)               |  |
| BYTM24C                                    | Teacher is Asian (math)                                |  |
| BYTM24D                                    | Teacher is Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander (math)     |  |
| BYTM24E                                    | Teacher is American Indian/Alaska Native (math)        |  |
| School-level restricted-use only variables |  |  |
| BYSCMDST                                   | Base-year library media center questionnaire status    |  |
| BYG10ER                                    | Grade 10 enrollment—2001–02 school roster              |  |
| BYCENDIV                                   | Census division of school locale                       |  |
| BYSTATE                                    | State code for school locale                           |  |
| BYCOUNTY                                   | County code for school locale                          |  |
| BYSCHZIP                                   | School zip code  |  |
| BYNCESDI                                   | NCES school district ID number                         |  |
| BYNCESSI                                   | School identification number from CCD or PSS           |  |
| BYA01                                      | Total student enrollment as of October 2001            |  |
| BYA02A                                     | School has prekindergarten                             |  |
| BYA02B                                     | School has kindergarten                                |  |
| BYA02C                                     | School has 1st grade                                   |  |
| BYA02D                                     | School has 2nd grade                                   |  |
| BYA02E                                     | School has 3rd grade                                   |  |
| BYA02F                                     | School has 4th grade                                   |  |
| BYA02G                                     | School has 5th grade                                   |  |
| BYA02H                                     | School has 6th grade                                   |  |
| BYA02I                                     | School has 7th grade                                   |  |
| BYA02J                                     | School has 8th grade                                   |  |
| BYA02K                                     | School has 9th grade                                   |  |
| BYA02L                                     | School has 10th grade                                  |  |
| BYA02M                                     | School has 11th grade                                  |  |
| BYA02N                                     | School has 12th grade                                  |  |
| BYA02O                                     | School has 13th grade or higher                        |  |
| BYA03A                                     | Comprehensive public school                            |  |
| BYA03B                                     | Public magnet school                                   |  |
| BYA03C                                     | Public magnet school with theme                        |  |
| BYA03D                                     | Public school of choice                                |  |
| BYA03E<br>BYA03F                           | Year-round school<br>Area vocational school/center     |  |
|  | Full-time technical/vocational school                  |  |
| BYA03G                                     | Other technical or vocational school                   |  |
| BYA03H<br>BYA03I                           | Catholic diocesan school                               |  |
| See note at end of                         |  |  |

#### Table D-1. Restricted-use unique variables in base-year to first follow-up student-level and school-level megafiles: 2004—Continued

| School-level restricted-use only variables—Continued |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| BYA03J   | Catholic parish                                    |  |
| BYA03K   | Catholic religious order                           |  |
| BYA03L   | Catholic independent school                        |  |
| BYA03M   | Other private school with religious affiliation    |  |
| BYA03N   | Private school without religious affiliation       |  |
| BYA03O   | Boarding school                                    |  |
| BYA03P   | Indian reservation school                          |  |
| BYA03Q   | Military academy                                   |  |
| BYA03R   | Alternative/dropout prevention/continuation school |  |
| BYA03S   | Charter school                                     |  |
| BYA21  | % 10th-graders receive free/reduced-price lunch    |  |
| BYA22A   | # of full-time teachers                            |  |

Appendix E Glossary of Terms

#### Appendix E Glossary of Terms

Accommodations (testing): In ELS:2002, certain accommodations were offered to students with barriers to participation, such as students with disabilities or English-language learners with limited English proficiency. An accommodation is a change in how a test is presented, in how a test is administered, or in how the test taker is allowed to respond. This term generally refers to changes that do not substantially alter what the test measures. The proper use of accommodations does not substantially change academic level or performance criteria. Appropriate accommodations are made to provide equal opportunity to demonstrate knowledge. Examples of test accommodations include allowing extra time, use of a large-print version of a test, or conveying instructions in sign language. Cases in which accommodations were implemented in ELS:2002 are specially flagged (the indicators are BYTXACC and F1TXACC).

Adaptive testing: In the ELS:2002 base year, multiple test forms of varying levels of difficulty were assigned based on the examinee's score on a routing test. Thus, the specific sequence of questions that each student answered was tailored to that student's ability level. An advantage of adaptive tests is that reliability per unit of testing time is greater than in a nonadaptive test. Adaptive procedures help to minimize floor and ceiling effects (see "Ceiling effect" and "Floor effect"). ELS:2002 adaptive testing relies on Item Response Theory (see "IRT") assumptions to place students who have taken different test forms on the same vertical score scale. In the first follow-up, each student's test form was assigned on the basis of base-year test performance.

American Indian or Alaska Native: An American Indian or Alaska Native is a person who has origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and who maintains tribal affiliation or community attachment.

**Asian:** An Asian is a person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Base weights: See "Design weights."

**Bias:** Bias is the difference between the reported value and the true value. Thus, the bias of an estimate is the difference between the expected value of a sample estimate and the corresponding true value for the population. Response bias is the difference between respondent reports and their behavior or characteristics. Nonresponse bias is the difference that occurs when respondents differ as a group from nonrespondents on a characteristic being studied. Sample bias is the unequal selection or the omission of members of the population, without appropriate weighting. Relatedly, undercoverage bias arises because some portion of the potential sampling frame is missed or excluded, or there are duplicate units. For example, if the school list from which a school sample is drawn is incomplete or inaccurate (owing, for example, to the birth of new schools subsequent to the time the list was drawn up), school undercoverage may occur. (See also "Nonresponse bias" and "Bias analysis.")

**Bias analysis:** Nonresponse bias analysis compares the characteristics of respondents and nonrespondents. Both unit nonresponse (school, student) and item nonresponse on

questionnaires were subject to bias analyses in ELS:2002. For example, certain key data items were obtained for both responding and nonresponding schools, so that a school nonresponse analysis could be conducted and bias in school-level estimates quantified.

**Black or African American:** A person having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa.

**Burden:** Formally, burden is the aggregate hours realistically required for data providers to participate in a data collection. Burden also has a subjective or psychological dimension: the degree to which providing information is regarded as onerous may depend on the salience to the respondent of the questions that are being posed and on other factors, such as competing time demands.

**Carnegie unit:** A standard of measurement used for secondary education that represents the completion of a course that meets one period per day for 1 year.

**CAPI:** Computer-assisted personal interviewing, in which the questionnaire is loaded into a field interviewer's laptop computer.

CATI: Computer-assisted telephone interviewing.

**CCD:** Common Core of Data. Data annually collected from all public schools in the United States by NCES. Data from the CCD supplied the public school sampling frame for the ELS:2002 base year.

**CD-ROM:** ELS:2002 data are distributed primarily in an optical laser disc medium, specifically, CD-ROM (Compact Disc Read-Only Memory). A CD-ROM is a computer storage disc in the same physical form as an audio CD; it can store approximately 650 megabytes of digital data.

**Ceiling effect:** The result of a test having insufficient numbers of the more difficult items. In a longitudinal study, ceiling effects in the follow-up can cause change scores to be artificially constrained for high-ability examinees. The measurement problems related to floor and ceiling effects in combination with regression effects found at the extreme score ranges seriously hamper the accuracy of change measures in longitudinal studies. More information (i.e., smaller error of measurement) is obtained with respect to ability level if high-ability individuals receive relatively harder items (and if low-ability individuals receive proportionately easier items). The matching of item difficulty to a person's ability level yields increased reliability at the extremes of the score distribution, where it is most needed for studies of longitudinal change. A strategy employed in ELS:2002 to minimize ceiling (and floor) effects is to employ test forms that are "adaptive" to the ability level of the examinee. Multilevel tests—with second stage test assignment that is based on the first stage (routing test) performance work—minimize the possibility that ceiling effects might bias the estimates of the score gains. (See also "Floor effect" and "Adaptive testing.")

**Classical test theory:** Classical test theory postulates that a test score can be decomposed into two parts—a true score and an error component; that the error component is random with a mean

of zero and is uncorrelated with true scores; and that true scores, observed scores, and error components are linearly related.

**Closed-ended:** A type of question in which the data provider's responses are limited to given alternatives (as opposed to an open-ended question). (See also "Open-ended.")

**Clustering:** A sample selection method in which small geographical areas such as schools (as is the case in ELS:2002), school districts, counties, or residential blocks are selected as an initial stage, with individuals selected in a subsequent step. (See also "Primary sampling unit.")

Cluster size: The number of ELS:2002 sample members attending a particular high school.

**Codebook:** Documentation of each variable being measured, including variable name, columns occupied by each variable in the data matrix, values used to define each variable, unweighted frequencies, unweighted percents, and weighted valid percents. (See "Electronic codebook.")

**Coefficient of variation:** The ratio of the standard deviation of an estimate to the value of the estimate.

**Cognitive test battery:** One of the two parts of the student survey (the second part being the student questionnaire). Two achievement areas (mathematics and reading) were measured in the base year. Mathematics achievement will be measured again in the first follow-up.

**Cohort:** A group of individuals who have a statistical factor in common—for example, year of birth, grade in school, or year of high school graduation. ELS:2002 is a sophomore-grade cohort based on the spring term of the 2001–02 school year. It also contains, however, a nationally representative sample of high school seniors in the spring term of the 2003–04 school year (see "Freshening"). In contrast, the Program for International Student Assessment (PISA) is an age cohort, based on students who were 15.25 years of age in April of 2000 or 2003.

**Composite variable:** A composite variable is one that is either constructed through the combination of two or more variables (socioeconomic status, for example, combines mother's education, father's education, mother's occupation, father's occupation, and family income) or calculated through the application of a mathematical function or transformation to a variable (e.g., conversion of raw test scores to percentile ranks). Also called a derived variable, created variable, or constructed variable.

**Concordance**: Concordance is a weaker form of test linkage than equating in that the link is based on population distributions rather than the equivalence of interchangeable scores. Implementation of PISA scale scores in ELS:2002 was through a method of concordance. (See also "Equating" and "Equated test score.")

**Confidence interval:** A sample-based estimate expressed as an interval or range of values within which the true population value is expected to be located (with a specified degree of confidence).

**Confidentiality protections:** NCES is required by law to protect individually identifiable data from unauthorized disclosure. To this end, the ELS:2002 data have been subject to a disclosure

risk analysis to determine which records require masking to produce the public-use data file from the restricted-use data file. Disclosure coarsening techniques (such as recoding of continuous variables into categorical, top and bottom coding, and so on) and data perturbation techniques (e.g., data swapping) have been used to provide disclosure protection to the ELS:2002 data. (See also "Data swapping" and "Disclosure risk analysis.")

**Consent, active (explicit):** One variety of informed consent is called active or explicit consent. Typically, in active consent, a signed agreement to participate in a study must be obtained. In ELS:2002, permission of parents was required before students could be surveyed. Some schools required active parental consent (i.e., that a signed permission form be obtained).

**Consent, passive (implied):** Another variety of informed consent is called passive or implied consent. In passive consent, a permission form is sent to the relevant party (in ELS:2002, normally the parent or guardian of the sampled student), who has the opportunity to return the form to indicate denial of permission. If the form is not returned, it is assumed that the individual has no objection to survey participation. In ELS:2002, most schools allowed passive parental consent for their child's participation in the study.

**Constructed response item:** In the ELS:2002 assessment battery in the base year, a nonmultiple-choice item that required some type of written response.

**Contextual data:** In ELS:2002, the primary unit of analysis is the student, and information from the other study components, referred to as contextual data, should be viewed as extensions of the student data. For example, observations made in school administrator, teacher, librarian, and parent reports on the student's school learning environment or home situation would be considered contextual data.

**Coverage rate:** In ELS:2002 base-year contextual samples, the proportion of the responding student sample with a report from a given contextual source (e.g., the parent survey, the teacher survey, or the school administrator survey). For the teacher survey, the student coverage rate can be calculated as either the percentage of participating students with two teacher reports or the percentage with at least one teacher report. The teacher and parent surveys in ELS:2002 are purely contextual. The base-year school-level surveys (school administrator, library media center, facilities checklist) can be used contextually (with the student as the unit of analysis) or in standalone fashion (with the school as the unit of analysis). (See "Response rate.") Finally, test completions (reading assessments, mathematics assessments) are also calculated on a base of the student questionnaire completers (in the first follow-up, for the in-school student sample only), rather than on the entire sample, and thus express a coverage rate. "Coverage" can also refer to the issue of missed target population units on the sampling frame (undercoverage), or duplicated or erroneously enumerated units (overcoverage) (see "Bias" for discussion of undercoverage bias).

**Cross-sectional analysis:** A cross-sectional design represents events and statuses at a single point in time. For example, a cross-sectional survey may measure the cumulative educational attainment (achievements, attitudes, statuses) of students at a particular stage of schooling, such as 10th or 12th grade. In contrast, a longitudinal survey (or repeated measurement of the same sample units) measures the change or growth in educational attainment that occurs over a

particular period of schooling. The longitudinal design of ELS:2002 generates two representative cross sections (high school sophomores in 2002 and, through sample freshening, seniors in 2004). It also permits analysis of individual-level change over time through longitudinal analysis and of group-level and intercohort change through the cross-sectional comparisons to past studies of similarly defined grade cohorts. (See also "Longitudinal or panel survey" and "Cross-cohort analysis.")

**Cross-cohort (or intercohort) analysis:** The ELS:2002 base-year and first follow-up surveys contained many data elements that were comparable to items from prior studies. These repeated items will supply a basis for comparison with earlier sophomore cohorts (such as 1980 sophomores in the High School and Beyond [HS&B] longitudinal study and 1990 sophomores in the National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988 [NELS:88]). With a freshened senior sample, the ELS:2002 first follow-up supports comparisons to 1972 (National Longitudinal Study of the High School Class of 1972 [NLS-72]), 1980 (HS&B), and 1992 (NELS:88). The first follow-up academic transcript component will offer a further opportunity for cross-cohort comparisons with the high school transcript studies of HS&B, NELS:88, and the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP). With three or more timepoints, trend analyses are possible. With ELS:2002, this condition has now been met for both the sophomore and senior cohorts. Essentially, three kinds of intercohort comparison are possible. First, cohorts can be compared on an *intergenerational or cross-cohort time-lag basis*. Both cross-sectional and longitudinal time-lag comparisons may be made. An example of a cross-sectional time-lag comparison would be looking at the status of HS&B (1980), NELS:88 (1990), and ELS:2002 (2002) sophomores to see how the situation of sophomores has changed over time. An example of longitudinal time-lag comparison would be an examination of the magnitude and correlates of achievement gain of HS&B, NELS:88, and ELS:2002 sophomores over the last 2 years of high school. Second, fixed-time comparisons are also possible, in which groups within each study are compared at different ages but the same point in time (e.g., the NLS-72, HS&B senior, and HS&B sophomore cohorts all could be looked at in 1986, some 14, 6, and 4 years after each respective cohort graduated from high school). Such a perspective would permit one to compare, for example, employment rates for 22-, 24-, and 32-year-old high school graduates. Finally, longitudinal comparative analysis of the cohorts can be performed by modeling the history of the grade cohorts.

**Data element:** The most basic unit of information. In data processing, it is the fundamental data structure. It is defined by its size (in characters) and data type (e.g., alphanumeric, numeric only, true/false, date) and may include a specific set of values or range of values.

**Data swapping:** Data swapping is defined in the *NCES Statistical Standards* (Seastrom 2003) as a perturbation disclosure limitation technique that results in a confidentiality edit. An example of data swapping would be to assume a data file has two potential individual identifying variables, for example, sex and age. If a sample case needs disclosure protection, it is paired with another sampled case so that each element of the pair has the same age, but different sexes. The data on these two records are then swapped. After the swapping, anyone thinking they have identified either one of the paired cases gets the data of the other case, so they have not made an accurate match and the data have been protected. (See also "Confidentiality protections.")

**Design effect:** A measure of sample efficiency. The design effect (DEFF) is the variance of an estimate divided by the variance of the estimate that would have occurred if a sample of the same size had been selected using simple random sampling. Sometimes it is more useful to work with standard errors than with variances. The root design effect (DEFT) expresses the relation between the actual standard error of an estimate and the standard error of the corresponding estimates from a simple random sample. (See also "Effective sample size.")

**Design weights:** Design weights compensate for unequal probabilities of selection. More specifically, the design weight is the inverse of the probability of selection. Design weights are also called raw weights, base weights, unadjusted weights, or sampling weights. Design weights may be contrasted to adjusted weights (adjusted to compensate for nonresponse, and also called final weights or analysis weights). Roughly, the design weight is calculated as the inverse of the probability of selection, taking into account all stages of the sample selection process. More precisely, design weights are the inverses of the expected frequencies with which population units appear in conceptually repeated samples selected using the sampling design developed for the study. Unlike the final weights, design weights are generated for all sample members, respondents and nonrespondents alike. Design weights do not appear on the ELS:2002 publicuse files. (See also "Final weights" and "Sampling weights.")

**Differential Item Functioning (DIF):** DIF exists when examinees of equal ability differ on an item solely because of their membership in a particular group (e.g., if an item favors males over females, or one racial or ethnic group over another, and cannot be explained by relevant factors such as differential coursetaking). DIF for ELS:2002 items was examined in the base-year and first follow-up field tests. Items with DIF problems were revised or deleted.

**Disability:** A disability is a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities (Title 42 U.S.C. Section 12102).

**Disclosure risk analysis:** Investigation of study data to evaluate and minimize the risk of identification of individual sample units to preserve the confidentiality of the data. ELS:2002 data have been subjected to a disclosure risk analysis to protect confidential information about individual respondents (see "Public-use data file"). For a more detailed account of disclosure risk analysis, and of means of altering data (including masking, data perturbation, and data swapping) to prevent disclosure, see the *NCES Statistical Standards* (Seastrom 2003).

**Domain:** A domain refers to a defined universe of knowledge, skills, abilities, attitudes, interests, or other human characteristics.

**Dropouts**: A dropout was defined as a sophomore cohort member who, during spring term 2004, had not been in school for 4 consecutive weeks or more and was not absent due to accident or illness. Also surveyed as a dropout were students who, at the time of their school's survey day, had been back in school less than 2 weeks after a period in which the student had missed school for 4 or more consecutive weeks not due to accident or illness. (See also "Not currently in school questionnaire [NCSQ].")

**Early graduate questionnaire (EGQ)**: This first follow-up questionnaire was administered to individuals who had graduated or received high school equivalency certification (e.g., the GED) prior to March 15, 2004.

**Effective sample size:** Effective sample size may be defined as the ratio of the raw sample size divided by the design effect. (For example, the sampling variance of a mean standard score is equal to the reciprocal of the effective sample size, not the reciprocal of the raw sample size.) In essence, then, effective sample size is the sample size under a simple random sample design that is equivalent to the actual sample under the complex sample design, wherein the actual sample size is determined by multiplying the effective sample size by the anticipated design effect. (See also "Design effect.")

**Electronic codebook (ECB):** While hardcopy codebooks with item stems, response categories, associated response frequency distributions, unweighted percents, and weighted valid percents are contained within the ELS:2002 base-year user's manual, ELS:2002 data are also available on CD-ROM in an electronic codebook (ECB) format. Electronic codebooks are menu-driven systems that allow users to perform functions such as the following: (a) search a list of database variables based upon key words or variable names/labels, (b) display unweighted percentages for each variable in the database, (c) display question text for each variable in the database, (d) select or tag variables for subsequent analysis, (e) generate SAS-PC or SPSS-PC+ program code/command statements for subsequently constructing a system file of the selected variables, and (f) generate a codebook of the selected variables.

**Equating:** Equating of two tests is established when examinees of every ability level and from every population group can be indifferent about which of two tests they take. Not only should they have the same expected mean score on each test, but they should also have the same errors of measurement. In contrast, test *linkage* results from placing two or more tests on the same scale, so that scores can be used interchangeably. (See also "Equated test score" and "Concordance.")

**Equated test score:** Test equating takes place in two distinct contexts in ELS:2002. One context is *vertical equating* of forms for use in successive grades, such that the achievement growth of individual ELS:2002 sample members over time can be accurately measured. Another context is *cross-sectional equating* and *linking*, as to other tests (e.g., placing ELS:2002 sophomores and HS&B or NELS:88 sophomores on an equivalent scale).

**ETS:** Educational Testing Service. RTI's subcontractor for ELS:2002 cognitive test development, scoring, and scaling.

**Expanded sample:** Although no sophomores were excluded from ELS:2002, those who could not validly be assessed or could not validly complete the student questionnaire (e.g., students with a severe disability or limitation in their knowledge of the English language) were not eligible for these components. Contextual data (parent, teacher, school administrator) reports were collected for this group. Later in the study, their transcripts will be collected. The base-year expanded sample comprises all ELS:2002 sophomores, that is, both those who were eligible to complete the student questionnaire and test and those who were not. The first follow-up expanded sample also includes freshened cases. Some students who were eligible for

questionnaire completion in 2002 suffered an impairment that led to their reclassification as ineligible in 2004. With greater frequency, some 2002 sophomores who were not capable of questionnaire completion became eligible in 2004, as their status changed. The expanded sample comprises all sample members regardless of eligibility for questionnaire completion.

**Facilities checklist:** Completed by the RTI survey administrator in the base year of the study, the facilities checklist is designed to extend the information available about the school by providing data on the school buildings and grounds that will help researchers understand the adequacy and appearance of the school's physical plant, its safety and security features, and its role as a constituent of the school's general environment.

File: Refers to a data file containing a set of related computerized records.

**Final weights:** Final weights are sometimes called nonresponse-adjusted weights, adjusted weights, or analysis weights. Building on the design (raw) weight, they compensate for nonresponse. (See "Design weights.")

**Floor effect:** The result of a cognitive test being too difficult for a large number of the examinees, causing the low-ability examinees to receive chance scores on the first testing, and on subsequent testings if the test remains too difficult. Floor effects result in an inability to discriminate among low-ability individuals at time one or time two and, thus, no reliable discrimination among examinees with respect to amounts of change. A possible solution, used in ELS:2002, is to develop test forms that are "adaptive" to the ability level of the examinee, which tends to minimize the possibility of floor effects biasing the estimates of the score gains. (See also "Ceiling effect" and "Adaptive testing.")

**Frame:** A list of all the sampling units that represent the population. The Common Core of Data (CCD) and Private School Survey (PSS) were drawn upon for the ELS:2002 school frame. For an implicit list of the nation's high school sophomores as of spring term 2002, school rosters from participating schools listing their sophomore class were relied on.

**Frame population:** The set of elements (e.g., schools) that can be enumerated prior to the selection of a survey sample.

**Freshening:** A freshened sample includes cases from the longitudinal sample of a dataset, plus new cases added to produce cross-sectional estimates of the population at the time of a subsequent wave of a longitudinal data collection. In the ELS:2002 first follow-up, freshening was the means by which high school seniors were added in who had not been in the 10th grade in the United States 2 years before. A similar freshening procedure was implemented in NELS:88. (See also "Half-open interval.")

**Half-open interval:** A technique used to increase coverage. It is usually applied to a new list that includes cases that were covered in a previous frame, as well as new in-scope units not included in the previous frame. In this technique, new in-scope units between unit A on the previous frame up to, but not including, unit B (the next unit on the previous frame) are associated with unit A. These new units have the same selection probability as do unit As. This process is repeated for every unit on the previous frame. The new units associated with the actual sample cases are now included in the sample with their respective selection probabilities

(freshening). Student sample freshening in the NELS:88 first and second follow-ups, and the freshening conducted in the ELS:2002 first follow-up, relied on such a procedure. The half-open interval procedure was also used for ELS:2002 base-year sample updating prior to survey day. (See also "Freshening" and "Sample updating or *refreshing*.")

**Hispanic or Latino:** A person of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race. The term "Spanish origin" can be used in addition to "Hispanic or Latino."

**Homeschool student questionnaire (HSQ)**: In the first follow-up, this questionnaire was administered to sophomore cohort members who were in a homeschool situation as of the spring term of the 2003–04 school year.

**HS&B:** High School and Beyond. The second in the series of longitudinal high school cohort studies sponsored by NCES. The HS&B base-year study surveyed sophomore and senior students in 1980. The sophomore cohort was last interviewed in 1992 and their postsecondary transcripts collected in 1993. The senior cohort was last interviewed in 1986.

**Imputation:** Imputation involves substituting values for missing or inconsistent data in a dataset. Prediction of a missing value is typically based on a procedure that uses a mathematical model in combination with available information. Missing data for key items in ELS:2002 have been imputed.

**Individualized Education Program (IEP):** A written statement or plan for each individual with a disability that is developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with Title 42 U.S.C. Section 1414(d).

**Individually identifiable data:** Data from any record, response form, completed survey, or aggregation about an individual or individuals from which information about particular individuals may be revealed.

**Instrument:** An evaluative device that includes tests, scales, and inventories to measure a domain using standardized procedures.

**IRT:** Item Response Theory. A method of estimating achievement level by considering the pattern of right, wrong, and omitted responses on all items administered to an individual student. IRT postulates that the probability of correct responses to a set of test questions is a function of true proficiency and of one or more parameters specific to each test question. Rather than merely counting right and wrong responses, the IRT procedure also considers characteristics of each of the test items, such as their difficulty and the likelihood that they could be guessed correctly by low-ability individuals. IRT scores are less likely than simple number-right or formula scores to be distorted by correct guesses on difficult items if a student's response vector also contains incorrect answers to easier questions. Another attribute of IRT that makes it useful for ELS:2002 is the calibration of item parameters for all items administered to all students. This makes it possible to obtain scores on the same scale for students who took harder or easier forms of the test. IRT also was used to vertically scale across ELS:2002 rounds, that is, between the two grade levels (10th grade in 2002, 12th grade in 2004). (See, in contrast, "Classical test theory.")

**Item nonresponse:** The amount of missing information when a valid response to an item or variable was expected. (See also "Unit nonresponse" and "Bias analysis.")

**LEP:** Limited English proficient. A concept developed to assist in identifying those languageminority students (individuals from non-English language backgrounds) who need language assistance services, in their own language or in English, in the schools. (See also "NEP" and "LM.") An LEP student is one who meets one or more of the following conditions:

- a. the student was born outside of the United States or the student's native language is not English,
- b. the student comes from an environment in which a language other than English is dominant, or
- c. the student is an American Indian or Alaska Native and comes from an environment in which a language other than English has had a significant impact on his/her level of English language proficiency,

and who has such difficulty speaking, reading, writing, or understanding the English language as to deny him or her the opportunity to learn successfully in English-only classrooms.

**LM:** Language Minority. A non-, limited-, or fully English-proficient student in whose home a non-English language is typically spoken.

**Library media center questionnaire:** This base-year instrument supplies information about library/media center organization and staffing, technology resources, extent of library and media holdings, student access to and use of the library/media center, and its role in supporting the school's curriculum.

**Longitudinal or panel survey:** In a longitudinal design, similar measurements—of the same sample of individuals, institutions, households, or of some other defined unit—are taken at multiple timepoints. ELS:2002 employs a longitudinal design that follows the same individuals over time and permits the analysis of individual-level change. (See also "Cross-sectional analysis.")

**Machine editing:** Also called forced data cleaning or logical editing. Uses computerized instructions (including logical or deductive imputation) in the data cleaning program that ensure common sense consistency within and across the responses from a data provider.

**Microdata (microrecords):** Observations of individual sample members, such as those contained on the ELS:2002 data files.

MPR Associates: An RTI subcontractor for the ELS:2002 base-year and first follow-up studies.

**NAEP:** The National Assessment of Educational Progress. NAEP is a cross-sectional assessment program that measures achievement at the group level for students in 4th, 8th, and 12th grades and provides a time series for measuring trends in academic progress of 9-, 13-, and 17-year-olds. ELS:2002 tests differ from but complement those of NAEP by providing a basis

for measuring individual-level achievement growth between 10th and 12th grades in mathematics and relating cognitive gains in this subject to the individual, school, and family factors and processes that are measured in the various ELS:2002 questionnaires and school records (transcript) studies.

**Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander:** Any person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

**NCES:** The National Center for Education Statistics, Institute of Education Sciences, U.S. Department of Education. This governmental agency is the sponsor of ELS:2002 and is also the sponsoring agency for (among other studies) the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), the U.S. component of the Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), the National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988 (NELS:88), the High School and Beyond (HS&B) longitudinal study, and the National Longitudinal Study of the High School Class of 1972 (NLS-72).

**NELS:88:** The National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988. Third in the series of longitudinal high school cohort studies sponsored by NCES. The study represents three cohorts: the eighth-grade class of 1988, the sophomore class of 1990, and the senior class of 1992. The study collected questionnaire and test data in 1988, 1990, and 1992 on students' school experiences, as well as background information from school administrators, teachers, parents (in the base year and second follow-up only), and school records. Data on postsecondary and out-of-school experiences were collected in interviews conducted in 1994 and 2000 and through a postsecondary education transcripts study in 2000–01.

NEP: No English proficiency. A student who does not speak English. (See also "LEP.")

**New participant student questionnaire (NPSQ):** This first follow-up questionnaire was administered to students in the base-year schools 2 years later. The NPSQ elicited responses from two distinct groups: sophomore cohort members who had been base-year nonparticipants, and students brought in through sample freshening. (A small number of students whose eligibility status had changed between rounds completed a NPSQ.) The questionnaire comprised both base-year items (the standard classification variables) and first follow-up items pertaining to students' current school experience.

**New participant supplement (NPS):** Base-year nonrespondents who responded in the first follow-up but were not enrolled in the base-year schools (e.g., transfers, dropouts, early graduates) completed this supplement in addition to an appropriate questionnaire. The supplement consists wholly of items from the base year, so that the standard classification variables could be captured for all sample members.

**Noncoverage:** Units of the target population that are missing from the frame population. Includes the problems of incomplete frames and missing units.

**Nonresponse:** See "Item nonresponse," "Unit nonresponse," "Bias analysis," and "Nonresponse bias."

**Nonresponse bias:** Nonresponse bias may occur as a result of not obtaining 100 percent response from the selected cases. More specifically, nonresponse bias occurs when the expected observed value deviates from the population parameter. The potential magnitude of nonresponse bias is estimated as the product of the nonresponse rate and the difference in values of a characteristic between respondents and nonrespondents. (See also "Bias" and "Bias analysis.")

**NLS-72:** The National Longitudinal Study of the High School Class of 1972. This project was the first in the series of longitudinal high school cohort studies sponsored by NCES. The final round of data collection took place in 1986.

**Nonsampling error:** An error in sample estimates that cannot be attributed to sampling fluctuations. Such errors may arise from many sources, including imperfect implementation of sampling procedures, differential unit or item nonresponse across subgroups, bias in estimation, or errors in observation and recording.

**Not currently in school questionnaire (NCSQ):** This first follow-up questionnaire was administered to sophomore cohort dropouts. It includes questions both on present circumstances and retrospective items on schooling experience and school disengagement behaviors. (See also "Dropouts.")

**OMB:** The Office of Management and Budget, U.S. Executive Branch. OMB is a federal agency with the responsibility for reviewing all studies funded by executive branch agencies. OMB reviewed, commented on, and approved the ELS:2002 questionnaires, as indicated by their approval number and its expiration date in the top right corner of the questionnaire covers.

**Open-ended:** A type of question in which the data provider's responses are not limited to given alternatives.

**Optical disc:** A disc that is read optically (e.g., by laser technology), rather than magnetically. (See also "CD-ROM.")

**Optical scanning:** A system of recording responses that transfers responses into machinereadable data through optical mark reading. Data from base-year and first follow-up in-school survey sessions (and indeed all non-CATI operations across components) were optically scanned.

**Oversampling:** Deliberately sampling a portion of the population at a higher rate than the remainder of the population. For example, in ELS:2002, private schools have been oversampled. Within schools, Asians have been oversampled.

**Parent/guardian questionnaire:** The ELS:2002 base-year parent component sought to collect information from parents of all base-year student sample members. The parent or guardian who knew most about his or her child's educational experience was asked to complete the questionnaire.

**PISA:** The Program for International Student Assessment. PISA assesses 15-year-olds in reading, mathematics, and science. In 2000, the primary focus of the assessment was reading. The United States and 31 other nations participated, under the aegis of the Organization for

Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD). In 2003, the primary focus was mathematics, and in 2006, the primary focus will be science. A crosswalk (or concordance) has been developed between the ELS:2002 reading test and the PISA reading test, so that the PISA scale can be implemented in ELS:2002. A similar scale linkage will be effected between the ELS:2002 mathematics test (2002) and the PISA math test (2003).

**Population:** All individuals in the group to which conclusions from a data collection activity are to be applied. Weighted results of ELS:2002 data provide estimates for populations and subgroups.

**Population variance:** A measure of dispersion defined as the average of the squared deviations between the observed values of the elements of a population or sample and the population mean of those values.

**Postsecondary education:** The provision of formal instructional programs with a curriculum designed primarily for students who have completed the requirements for a high school diploma or equivalent. This includes programs of an academic, vocational, and continuing professional education purpose and excludes vocational and adult basic education programs.

**Poststratification adjustment:** A weight adjustment that forces survey estimates to match independent population totals within selected poststrata (adjustment cells).

**Practical significance:** With large sample sizes, as in ELS:2002 and its predecessor studies, even tiny differences, of little or no substantive or practical import, can be statistically significant. Therefore, measures of practical significance, such as the effect size (expressed in standard deviation units), are sometimes also used. (See the *NCES Statistical Standards*, Seastrom 2003, Guideline 5-1-4F). (Compare "Statistical significance.")

**Precision:** The difference between a sample-based estimate and its expected value. Precision is measured in terms of the sampling error (or standard error) of an estimate.

**Primary sampling unit (PSU):** Unit chosen at the first stage of a cluster sample. In ELS:2002, the PSU is the school; in other studies, geographical units such as a county or metropolitan statistical area (MSA) may serve as the PSU.

**Probability sample:** A sample selected by a method such that each unit has a fixed and determined probability of selection—that is, each population unit has a known, nonzero chance of being included.

**Proficiency score:** Proficiency scores (or criterion-referenced mastery scores) are based on clusters of items within each test that are of similar content and difficulty. Both normative (e.g., achievement quartiles) and proficiency scores are available from the ELS:2002 database.

**PSS:** Private School Survey. An NCES universe survey encompassing the nation's private schools. PSS was the private school sampling frame for the ELS:2002 base year.

**Public-use data file:** A public-use file that includes a subset of data that have been coded, aggregated, or otherwise altered to mask individually identifiable information; it thus is available

to all external users. Unique identifiers, geographic detail, and other variables that cannot be suitably altered are not included in public-use data files. Public-use edits are based on an assumption that external users have access to both individual respondent records and secondary data sources that include data that could be used to identify respondents. For this reason, the editing process is relatively extensive. When determining an appropriate masking process, the public-use edit takes into account and guards against matches on common variables from all known files that could be matched to the public-use file. The analysis used to determine which records require masking is called a disclosure risk analysis.

**Range check:** A determination of whether responses fall within a predetermined set of acceptable values.

**Record format:** The layout of the information contained in a data record (includes the name, type, and size of each field in the record).

**Records:** A logical grouping of data elements within a file upon which a computer program acts.

Refreshed student: See "Sample updating or refreshing."

**Relative bias:** Relative bias is the bias of the estimate divided by the estimate. It provides an indication of the order of magnitude of the bias with respect to the estimate.

**Reliability:** The consistency in results of a test or measurement including the tendency of the test or measurement to produce the same results when applied twice to some entity or attribute believed not to have changed in the interval between measurements.

**Reserve code** (or **reserved code**): Certain codes have been reserved to represent various situations in which missing data occur in response frequencies. In ELS:2002, the reserve code conventions are as follows: -1 = "Don't know;" -2 = "Refuse;" -3 = "Legitimate skip/NA;" -4 = "Nonrespondent;" -5 = "Out of range;" -6 = "Multiple response;" -7 = "Partial interview—breakoff;" -8 = "Item not applicable to sample member;" and -9 = "Missing."

**Response rate:** In general, unit response rates are calculated as the ratio of the weighted number of completed instruments to the weighted number of in-scope cases, using the sample base weight (the inverse of the probability of selection). In multistage samples, such as the base year of ELS:2002, overall response is the product of both stages (though for many purposes, the stages are reported separately). Item response rates are calculated as the ratio of the number of respondents for whom an in-scope response was obtained to the number of respondents who are asked to answer a given item. Calculation of unit and item response rates can be a complex matter, and additional considerations arise in reporting in follow-up waves of longitudinal studies, for composite (constructed) variables, and for other cases. More detailed information can be found by consulting NCES Standard 1-3 in the NCES 2002 Statistical Standards document (available at <u>http://nces.ed.gov/statprog/2002/stdtoc.asp</u>). Bias analyses conducted when response rates are below targets help to assess any possible limitations to the generalizability of survey estimates. (See "Bias analysis.")

**Restricted-use data file:** A restricted-use file includes individually identifiable information that is confidential and protected by law. The file contains all public-use data, as well as additional data. Use of the restricted data requires the researcher to obtain a special license from NCES.

**RTI International (RTI):** A nonprofit university-affiliated research organization with headquarters at Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, that conducted the base year and first follow-up of ELS:2002 and is currently conducting the second follow-up of the study on behalf of NCES. RTI International is a trade name of Research Triangle Institute.

**Sample:** Subgroup selected, by a probability method, from the entire population, in order to represent it.

**Sample updating** or *refreshing*: Because students can transfer into or out of a school after sampling, the base-year student sample in ELS:2002 (as in HS&B and NELS:88) was updated to remove students who had transferred out and to give sophomores who had transferred in since sampling a chance of selection. The half-open interval procedure was employed for sample updating prior to survey day, using the school 10th-grade enrollment lists.

**Sampling error:** The part of the difference between a value for an entire population and an estimate of that value derived from a probability sample that results from observing only a sample of values.

Sampling frame. See "Frame" or "Frame population."

**Sampling variance:** A measure of dispersion of values of a statistic that would occur if the survey were repeated a large number of times using the same sample design, instrument, and data collection methodology. The square root of the sampling variance is the standard error.

**Sampling weight:** A multiplicative factor equal to the reciprocal of the probability of a respondent being selected for the study, with adjustment for nonresponse. The sum of the weights provides an estimate of the number of persons in the population represented by a respondent in the sample.

**Scaling:** Scaling refers to the process of assigning a scale score based on the pattern of responses. (See also "Equated test score" and "IRT.")

**School administrator questionnaire:** This questionnaire was administered in both the base year and, with changes, the first follow-up. The questionnaires sought basic information about school policies, curriculum and program offerings, and student and teacher characteristics.

**School climate:** The social system and ethos or culture of the school, including the organizational structure of the school and values and expectations within it.

**School coordinator:** A person designated in each school to act as a contact person between the school and RTI. This person assisted with establishing a survey day in the school and preparing for the survey.

**Selection probability:** The chance that a particular sampling unit has of being selected in the sample.

**Simple random sampling (SRS):** SRS uses equal probability sampling with no strata or clusters. The ELS:2002 sample is stratified and clustered. Most statistical analysis software assumes SRS and independently distributed errors. For studies such as ELS:2002, special variance estimation software (such as SUDAAN, WesVar, AM, or Stata) is required to compute the standard error of estimates.

**Standard deviation:** The most widely used measure of dispersion of a frequency distribution. It is equal to the positive square root of the population variance.

**Standard error:** The positive square root of the sampling variance. It is a measure of the dispersion of the sampling distribution of a statistic. Standard errors are used to establish confidence intervals for the statistics being analyzed.

**Statistical significance:** The finding (based on a derived probability, rather than a certitude) that two or more estimates are truly different from one another and not a merely apparent difference reflecting chance variation. (See also "Practical significance.")

**Stratification:** The division of a population into parts, or strata. In a stratified sample, the total population is divided into strata or subgroups. Strata are created by partitioning the frame and are generally defined to include relatively homogeneous units within strata. Stratification is used to reduce sampling error. In ELS:2002, the sampling frame was sorted to create strata or subgroups of schools, and schools were selected independently within each stratum. Schools were stratified by superstrata (combinations of school type or sector and geographic region) and substrata (urban, suburban, rural).

**Student questionnaire:** One of the two parts of the ELS:2002 base-year and first follow-up student survey (the other part being the assessment). In both rounds, this instrument contained a locator section for tracing sample members for future waves of ELS:2002 and a series of questions about school and home environments, time use, attitudes, values, and aspirations. In the first follow-up, this questionnaire was administered only to participating base-year students who remained in the same school 2 years later. In some instances, an abbreviated version of the student questionnaire was administered (usually in CATI, but sometimes in a hardcopy version).

**Survey administrator**: A member of RTI's field staff in charge of conducting in-school data collection sessions (see "Survey day"). The individual in this role was called a team leader in NELS:88 and a survey representative in HS&B.

**Survey day:** A day chosen by the school during the data collection period when an RTI survey administrator and assistant administered the survey to the school's sample of students. The survey day session lasted about 2 hours in the base year and 90 minutes in the first follow-up. Two make-up days were normally offered for students who missed the survey day.

**Target population:** The finite set of observable or measurable elements that will be studied, or the conceptual population of analytic units for which data are collected and estimates are made.

In the ELS:2002 base year, the target population was spring term 2002 sophomores in all regular public and private schools with 10th grades in the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

**Teacher questionnaire:** In the base year, mathematics and English teachers of ELS:2002 sophomore participants were asked to complete a teacher questionnaire, which collected data on school and teacher characteristics (including teacher qualifications and experience) and evaluations of student performance.

**Teacher sample:** In the ELS:2002 base year, two teacher reports were sought for each student: one from the student's mathematics teacher and one from the student's English teacher.

**Technical review panel (TRP):** A TRP is a specially appointed, independent group of substantive, methodological, and technical experts who offer advice to the study's contractor on issues of study design and content. TRP members are nominated by the contractor and approved by NCES. Typically, TRPs are convened at least once a year within the life of a contract.

**Transfer student questionnaire (TSQ):** This first follow-up questionnaire was administered to students who moved from their base-year school to a new school between spring 2002 and spring 2004. It collected data both on students' school experience and their reason for transferring to a new school.

**Trimming:** A process by which extreme weights are reduced (trimmed) to diminish the effect of extreme values on estimates and estimated variances.

**Unit nonresponse:** Failure of a survey unit (e.g., at the institutional level, a school, or at the individual level, a respondent, such as a student or a teacher) to cooperate or complete a survey instrument. *Overall unit nonresponse* reflects a combination of unit nonresponse across two or more levels of data collection, where participation at the second stage of data collection is conditional upon participation in the first stage of data collection. In ELS:2002, overall nonresponse is the product of school-level nonresponse times student nonresponse. *Total nonresponse* reflects a combination of the overall unit nonresponse and item nonresponse. (See also "Item nonresponse" and "Nonresponse bias.")

**Urbanicity (or metropolitan status):** The ELS:2002 school sample was stratified by metropolitan status or urbanicity, in accordance with the following three locale codes: (1) Urban: the school is in a large or mid-size central city; (2) Suburban: the school is in a large or small town or is on the urban fringe of a large or mid-size city; and (3) Rural: the school is in a rural area. Locale indicators were taken from the Common Core of Data (CCD) for public schools and the Private School Survey (PSS) for private schools.

**Validity:** The capacity of an item or instrument to measure what it was designed to measure, stated most often in terms of the correlation between scores in the instrument and measures of performance on some external criterion. It is the extent to which a test or set of operations measures what it is supposed to measure. Reliability, on the other hand, refers to consistency of measurement over time. (See "Reliability.")

**Variance:** The average of the squared deviations of a random variable from the expected value of the variable. The variance of an estimate is the squared standard error of the estimate. (See also "Population variance" and "Sampling variance.")

**Wave:** A wave is a round of data collection in a longitudinal survey (e.g., the base year and each successive follow-up are each waves of data collection).

Weighted response rates: Unit response rates are calculated as the ratio of the weighted number of completed interviews to the weighted number of in-scope sample cases. Unit response rates are calculated using the sample base weights (inverse of the probability of selection).

**Weighted estimates:** Weighted estimates (as in the ELS:2002 codebook) are survey estimates in which the sample data are statistically weighted (multiplied) by factors reflecting the sample design. The general purpose of weighting is to compensate for unequal probabilities of selection into the sample and to adjust for the fact that not all schools or individuals selected into the sample actually participated. The design weights (also known as base weights, and typically equal to the reciprocals of the overall selection probabilities) are multiplied by a nonresponse or poststratification adjustment for a final weight. Thus, for example, in ELS:2002, the 752 participating schools in the base year represent a national population of 24,795 schools. Individual schools may "represent" anywhere from a minimum of 1 school to a maximum of 96 schools. To take an ELS:2002 base-year student-level example, 7,613 base-year questionnaire respondents reported themselves to be male, and 7,688 reported themselves to be female. When these cases are multiplied by the nonresponse-adjusted student weights to yield a weighted percent that reflects the national population of high school sophomores, the estimate for males is 50.5 percent of the 2002 tenth-grade cohort, while females are estimated to comprise 49.5 percent of the nation's 2002 tenth-graders.

**White:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

# Appendix E Reference

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# Appendix F Student Questionnaire Critical Items

# Appendix F Student Questionnaire Critical Items

Critical items are data elements deemed to be of special importance (for future locating of the respondent, for research, or as a data quality check on whether skip patterns are being followed correctly). These items were therefore subject to edit and retrieval in the course of the in-school survey session (see tables F-1 and F-2).

| Variable | Variable description   |
|----------|--|
| F1S01    | Name, address, phone number <sup>1</sup>                                     |
| F1S02    | Mother's name <sup>1</sup>   |
| F1S03    | Is her address and telephone number the same as respondent's? <sup>1</sup>   |
| F1S04    | Mother's address and home telephone number <sup>1</sup>                      |
| F1S05    | Mother's work telephone number <sup>1</sup>                                  |
| F1S06    | Father's name <sup>1</sup>   |
| F1S07    | Is his address and telephone number same as respondent's? <sup>1</sup>       |
| F1S08    | Father's address and home telephone number <sup>1</sup>                      |
| F1S09    | Father's work telephone number <sup>1</sup>                                  |
| F1S10    | Name, address, and telephone number of relative or close friend <sup>1</sup> |
| F1S12    | Social security number <sup>1</sup>  |
| F1S13    | Interview date <sup>1</sup>  |
| F1S14    | Grade level  |
| F1S15    | Expected graduation/certification status                                     |
| F1S45    | Educational plans immediately after high school                              |
| F1S47    | Educational plans for the future   |
| F1S53    | Plan to work right after high school   |

<sup>1</sup> Variable not included in any release file.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, 2004."

| Variable   | Variable description                         |
|------------|--|
| F1N01      | Date of birth                                |
| F1N02      | Sex  |
| F1N03      | Hispanic ethnicity, yes or no                |
| F1N04      | Hispanic subgroup                            |
| F1N05      | Race   |
| F1N06      | Asian subgroup                               |
| F1N07      | Native language = English, yes or no         |
| F1N08      | Native language                              |
| F1N09      | English language competency                  |
| F1N10      | In 10th grade in spring term 2002, yes or no |
| F1N11      | Ever held back a grade                       |
| F1N12      | Grade repeated                               |
| F1N13      | Household composition                        |
| F1N14      | Mother's occupation                          |
| F1N15      | Father's occupation                          |
| F1N16(A-B) | Mother's and father's educational attainment |
| F1N17(A-J) | Household items                              |

#### Table F-2. ELS:2002 first follow-up new participant student questionnaire additional critical items (base-year classification variables): 2004

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, 2004."

Appendix G Base-Year to First Follow-up Electronic Codebook

# Appendix G Base-Year to First Follow-up Electronic Codebook

A web-published version of the base-year to first follow-up electronic codebook is available as a PDF file at <u>http://nces.ed.gov/surveys/els2002/</u>.

# Appendix H Cross-Cohort Comparisons

# Appendix H Cross-Cohort Comparisons

## H.1 Cross-Cohort Comparison Crosswalks

The Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002) first follow-up (2004) data can be used in cross-cohort (intercohort) comparisons with the senior cohorts of the National Longitudinal Study of the High School Class of 1972 (NLS-72), the High School and Beyond (HS&B) longitudinal study in 1980, and the National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988 (NELS:88) in 1992. The ELS:2002 first follow-up data can also be used in comparisons to HS&B and NELS:88 of the sophomore cohort "2 years later"—including comparisons of sophomore cohort dropouts. This appendix contains crosswalks designed to identify ELS:2002 variables that also appear on the NLS-72 (1972), HS&B (1980) senior cohort,<sup>1</sup> or NELS:88 (1992) datasets. Some items identified in the crosswalks are only approximate matches, and for these, analysts should judge whether they are sufficiently comparable for the analysis at hand. In other cases, question stems and response options correspond exactly across questionnaires. All NLS-72 1972 and HS&B senior cohort 1980 participants are by definition 12th-graders. However, for NELS:88 and ELS:2002, the subset of participants who were seniors at the time must be invoked through use of the senior cohort flag.

Although the four studies have been designed to produce comparable results, there are also differences between them that may affect the comparability as well as the precision of estimates. Analysts should be aware of and take account of these several factors. In particular, there are differences in sample eligibility and sampling rates, differences in response rates, and some differences in key classification variables, such as race/Hispanic ethnicity. Other differences (and possible threats to comparability) are imputation of missing data, differences in test content and reliabilities, differences in questionnaire content, potential mode effects in data collection, and possible questionnaire context and order effects.

### H.1.1 Eligibility

Quite similar definitions were used in deciding issues of school eligibility across the studies. Differences in student sampling eligibility, however, are more problematic. Although the target population is highly similar<sup>2</sup> across the studies (all seniors who can validly be assessed or at minimum meaningfully respond to the questionnaire), exclusion rules and their

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There were two cohorts in HS&B: a senior cohort and a sophomore cohort. In 1982, most members of the sophomore cohort were seniors. However, the sophomore cohort sample was not freshened in 1982. This means that the sophomore cohort in 1982 does not fully represent high school seniors of that year, since no 1982 seniors who were not 1980 sophomores are included. Therefore, the 1982 seniors should not be compared with the 1972, 1980, 1992, and 2004 seniors, unless some adjustment is made for the "missing" seniors. Although some of the "missing" seniors were out of the country in 1980, most were held back a year or more, making them a very different group from the sophomore cohort members who remained in modal grade sequence. By and large, these missing cases would more closely resemble the HS&B sophomore cohort members who fell behind their classmates and did not become 1982 seniors.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Similar" seems a more accurate description than "the same" because of differences in emphasis, such as between the importance of test completion and the importance of questionnaire completion. HS&B, for example, regarded impediments to assessment as of overriding importance for determining eligibility, whereas ELS:2002 included students who could not be tested but could complete the questionnaire (in either self- or interviewer-administered interviews).

implementation have varied somewhat, and exclusion rates are known to differ where they are known at all.

Not all students are able to meaningfully respond to research instruments such as the assessments and questionnaires administered in the four studies. Some English language learners are too limited in their English proficiency to do so, whereas others may be precluded from participation by a severe physical or mental disability. HS&B excluded as ineligible students with such barriers to participation, although an overall exclusion rate has not been documented. In NELS:88, 5.3 percent of the base-year 8th-grade sample was excluded for such reasons (this figure is similar to the exclusion rate for 8th grade in the National Assessment of Educational Progress [NAEP] in similar subjects in the same period). However, a sample of the NELS:88 ineligible students was followed over time, and some students whose status changed were incorporated into the first and second follow-ups, from which the NELS:88 sophomore and senior cohorts are drawn. In ELS:2002, no students were classified as ineligible as such, although some were exempted from completing the questionnaire (and others also a test); still others were tested under circumstances in which they were provided with special accommodations. The overall rate of instrument-exempted sophomores in ELS:2002 is guite low, below 1 percent in the ELS:2002 base year. Base-year students incapable of completing a questionnaire were reevaluated in the first follow-up. Although not all were seniors, and the eligibility status of many remained unchanged, others became capable of questionnaire completion, particularly students who had been excluded for language reasons. (Note that the questionnaire-incapable students are considered to be part of the study but do not appear on the ELS:2002 public-use file.)

The fact that a larger proportion of the student population was included in ELS:2002 (99 percent of the potential cohort in ELS:2002 as contrasted to 95 percent in NELS:88) may affect cross-cohort estimates of change. This is the case because the excluded students in NELS:88 tended to be quite different from the included students.<sup>3</sup> At the same time, there are ways to make the samples somewhat more comparable. Thus, while for optimal cross-sectional estimation, all the ELS:2002 cases might be used for comparison of achievement results across cohorts, the ELS:2002 cases that reflect testing accommodations should be dropped.<sup>4</sup>

### H.1.2 Sample Design Differences

Differences in sampling rates, sample sizes, and design effects across the studies also affect precision of estimation and comparability. Asian students, for example, were oversampled in NELS:88 and ELS:2002, but not in NLS-72 or HS&B, where their numbers were quite small. Also, although Catholic schools were oversampled in three of the four studies, HS&B had few (only 38) private non-Catholic schools, and NLS-72 had few nonpublic schools of any kind. The base-year (1980) participating sample in HS&B numbered 30,030 sophomores. In contrast,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For example (Ingels 1996), though just 5 percent of the population, inclusion of the ineligible students changes the cohort dropout rate between 1988 and 1990 from 6 percent to 7 percent. Only 62 percent of the base-year ineligibles were still in high school 4 years later, compared with 83 percent of the total sample. Of this 62 percent, 58 percent were in modal grade sequence, and 42 percent were not (80 percent of the overall in-school sample was in modal grade sequence, i.e., seniors 4 years later).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> In the same way, adjustments are commonly made to render the HS&B and NELS:88 transcript studies comparable to the NAEP high school transcripts. Specifically, only the subset of the HS&B or NELS:88 senior cohort that in fact graduated is included, while graduates on the NAEP file with special education diplomas are excluded from analysis.

15,362 sophomores participated in the base year of ELS:2002. Cluster sizes within school were much larger for HS&B (on average, 30 sophomores per school) than for ELS:2002 (just over 20 sophomores per school; larger cluster sizes are better for school effects research but carry a penalty in greater sample inefficiency). Mean design effect (a measure of sample efficiency<sup>5</sup>) also is quite variable across the studies: for example, for 10th grade, 2.9 for HS&B and 3.9 for NELS:88 (reflecting high subsampling after the 8th-grade base year), with the most favorable design effect, 2.4, for the ELS:2002 base year. Other possible sources of difference between the cohorts that may impair change measurement are different levels of sample attrition over time and changes in the population of nonrespondents.

## H.1.3 Participation Rates

Response rates also differ somewhat across the studies, although nonresponse-adjusted weights were generated for each of the cohorts. At the school level, response rates were somewhat higher in HS&B and NELS:88 (unweighted, around 70 percent) than in ELS:2002 (unweighted, 62 percent). School nonresponse bias analyses were performed for each study and may be found in the study documentation. At the student level, there is even more variation in response rates. In HS&B, 80.7 percent of 1980 senior cohort members completed a questionnaire (Zahs et al. 1995, p. 67). In the NELS:88 second follow-up, 92.5 percent of students participated (Ingels et al. 1994), and in ELS:2002, 93.6 percent of the in-school sample was surveyed in the first follow-up (all response rates are unweighted).

## H.1.4 Changing Race Definitions

In some cases, federal race definitions or preferences for the means by which ethnicity and race data are to be collected have changed. In HS&B and NELS:88, students were asked to mark one race only. Based on revised race-reporting guidelines issued by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), ELS:2002 added a new race category, and, more important, students are now allowed to mark all that apply, thus generating a further category, Multiracial/More than one race.

The new race category is Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. For purposes of cross-cohort comparisons, cases identified in ELS:2002 as Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander should be combined with the Asian category to achieve comparability with earlier studies.

However, for students who considered themselves to be multiracial and marked more than one race, there is no ready means to map them back into a one-race scheme. With 5 race categories and with values based on a single race reported, none reported, the 10 possible combinations of 2 races, the 10 possible combinations of 3 races, the 5 possible combinations of 4 races, and the possibility of a combination of all 5 races, there are 32 separate race categories. When race is crossed by ethnicity (race by Hispanic or not Hispanic), there are 64 possible race/Hispanic ethnicity combinations. It is impossible to know, for example, whether a student who marked White and Black in ELS:2002 would have marked White or Black in NELS:88, in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Effective sample size can be quite different from the nominal sample size; effective sample size is more meaningful than raw sample size in terms of statistical analysis—for example, the sampling variance of a mean standard score is equal to the reciprocal of the effective sample size, not the reciprocal of the raw sample size. Effective sample size may be defined as the raw sample size divided by the design effect.

which only one race was allowed. There are over 700 non-Hispanic multiracial sophomores recorded in the ELS:2002 base-year dataset, but the distorting effect on cross-cohort estimation is likely to be greatest for small population subgroups with many claimants to multiple race, such as the American Indian category. Analysts should be cautious, then, about conclusions concerning racial subgroup trends between the seniors of 1972, 1980, 1992, and 2004.

### H.1.5 Other Classification Variables

Other key classification variables have been constructed *to the extent possible* in the same way in ELS:2002 as in the prior studies, although in many cases (in ELS:2002 only) there are imputed versions of the variable as well as the original version with the various types of missing data categorized by reserve code. The socioeconomic status (SES) variable offers a good example of the subtle differences that may exist between the same variable in different studies, despite efforts to maximize cross-cohort consistency of measures. Continuities and differences in SES constituents and construction in the three prior studies are summarized below in table H-1. Table H-2 summarizes the elements comprising the SES measure in ELS:2002.

|                                    | ······································ |   |
|------------------------------------|--|---|
| NLS-72, HS&B<br>(student reported) | NELS:88<br>(parent reported)           | NELS:88 student<br>survey substitutions |
| Father's occupation                | Father's occupation                    | Father's occupation                     |
|                                    | Mother's occupation                    | Mother's occupation                     |
| Father's education                 | Father's education                     | Father's education                      |
| Mother's education                 | Mother's education                     | Mother's education                      |
| Family income                      | Family income                          | Household items                         |
| Household items                    | —                                      | _                                       |

— Not available.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002); National Longitudinal Study of the High School Class of 1972 (NLS-72); High School and Beyond (HS&B) Longitudinal Study (1980); and National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988 (NELS:88).

| Preferred source<br>(parent reported) | Student report substitution if<br>missing from parent | Imputed if still missing |
|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Father's occupation                   | Father's occupation                                   | Father's occupation      |
| Mother's occupation                   | Mother's occupation                                   | Mother's occupation      |
| Father's education                    | Father's education                                    | Father's education       |
| Mother's education                    | Mother's education                                    | Mother's education       |
| Family income                         | —   | Family income            |

Table H-2. Elements of socioeconomic composite, by source: 2002

— Not available.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002).

ELS:2002 largely follows the NELS:88 model above. In both studies, the composite is based on five equally weighted, standardized components: father's education, mother's education, family income, father's occupation, and mother's occupation. Parent data are used to construct this variable. Student data are substituted where parent data are missing. However, for parent education and occupation, where both parent and student reports are missing, ELS:2002

education and occupation values are imputed. Family income was not asked of students. While in NELS:88 a student-provided household item index, which served as an income proxy, was substituted when income data were missing, a different procedure was followed in ELS:2002. When parent data on income were missing, income was statistically imputed.

Some differences across the studies are based on differences in design. The studies had different starting points. NLS-72 student respondents were high school seniors, HS&B base-year respondents were sophomores or seniors, and NELS:88 base-year respondents were 8th-graders. ELS:2002 base-year respondents were sophomores. A parent interview was sought for all NELS:88 and ELS:2002 base-year student respondents. HS&B had a parent survey, but it only encompassed a subsample of student respondents. NLS-72 had no parent survey at all. Because the quality of reporting on parental occupation and education increases with student age or grade, it may be of concern whether reports were gathered at grade 8, 10, or 12. However, since parent reports are markedly superior to student reports in these matters, it may be of concern that only in NELS:88 and ELS:2002 are the data primarily parent reported. Likewise, students are poor reporters of family income, but the income question was asked of students in NLS-72 and HS&B and of parents alone in NELS:88 and ELS:2002.

Some differences reflect changing social circumstances over time. For example, many fewer mothers worked in 1972 than in recent years. The importance of gathering information about maternal occupation increased with the passage of time and the increasing labor market participation of American females. The household items list has been revised for each survey. For NLS-72, owning a color television discriminated between people of various income levels. by the time of HS&B, 8 years later, this was no longer so. By 2002, HS&B items such as ownership of a typewriter had ceased to function as good proxies for family income, while other items, such as access to the Internet or having a digital video disc player, did.<sup>6</sup> Although items differ across the index over time, in each case the items are those that are needed to provide a measure that has a reasonable correlation with income. Another area where change over time is possible is in occupations and their relative prestige. To accommodate this factor, two sets of prestige scores were drawn upon in NELS:88: the 1961 Duncan socioeconomic indicator measure that had been employed in NLS-72 and HS&B, as well as a 1989 revision by Nakao and Treas (1992). The same strategy has been employed in ELS:2002.

#### H.1.6 Imputation of Missing Data for ELS:2002 Key Variables

One difference between the SES variable in ELS:2002 and in prior studies arises from the use of imputation in ELS:2002. Because all the constituents of SES are subject to imputation, it has been possible to create an SES composite with no missing data for ELS:2002. For the HS&B sophomores, SES was missing for around 9 percent of the participants, and for NELS:88 (in 1990) just under 10 percent. The availability of imputed variables (including both key classification variables and achievement test scores) also poses a novel question for analysts interested in intercohort comparisons. Because imputed values are flagged, it is the analyst's choice whether or not to employ them. If the imputed variables are used, they should have the effect of improving cross-sectional estimation. On the other hand, since imputation was not used in the prior studies, it is also possible that use of ELS:2002 imputed values might decrease

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The household items were asked in ELS:2002, but the index was not used in the creation of SES, since missing income data were imputed.

comparability of results across studies. To explore the issue of the magnitude of the effect of imputation on comparative bivariate and multivariate analysis, appendix C compares imputed and unimputed ELS:2002 estimates, including estimates based on an SES composite using the household items index substitution and an SES composite based on parent data with missings imputed.

### H.1.7 Differences of Test Content and Reliabilities

The test battery has evolved over time. Only one school subject—mathematics—has been tested at all timepoints, and the early mathematics tests were limited to quantitative comparison items. The NLS-72 and HS&B 1980 senior tests also were administered in vocabulary and in reading, as well as in a number of ability domains not closely linked to the school curriculum (a picture number test gauged associative memory, a mosaic comparisons test measured perceptual speed and accuracy, and another test measured visualization in three dimensions). The HS&B sophomore tests—because they were to be repeated after 2 years of additional schooling—took a different tack. Arguably more curriculum sensitive, they measured knowledge in six areas: vocabulary, reading, mathematics, science, writing, and civics. The test battery in NELS:88 comprised assessments in reading, mathematics assessments were administered in the base year, and mathematics again in the first follow-up.

Although different tests have been equated, the linkage does not carry through uninterruptedly from NLS-72 to ELS:2002. The NLS-72 and HS&B senior tests were equated (Rock et al. 1985), and the NELS:88 and ELS:2002 12th-grade tests have been equated (as documented in this report). (For sophomores, a link has been effected from the HS&B sophomore cohort in 1980 to the NELS:88 scale in 1990 and the ELS:2002 in 2002 [Ingels et al. 2004]). However, certain kinds of test score analyses, using effect sizes, are possible across the various senior cohorts (see Green, Dugoni, and Ingels 1995).

In addition, starting in NELS:88, the tests were made at least moderately adaptive (in 1990, 1992, and 2004, through using the prior round's ability estimate to assign a specific test form; in 2002, through a two-stage test in which performance on a routing test determined assignment of the second-stage form). In consequence, test reliabilities are higher for the later assessment batteries (for example, in mathematics, 0.85–0.86 for NLS-72 and HS&B; 0.92–0.94 for NELS:88 and ELS:2002).

### H.1.8 Differences of Questionnaire Content

Readers are referred to the crosswalk in section H.2 to identify comparable items.

### H.1.9 Mode Effects in Data Collection, Context Effects

Survey responses can be influenced by the mode of questionnaire administration (Tourangeau, Rips, and Rasinski 2000). There are some mode of administration differences across the studies (such differences will grow greater with future rounds—for example, ELS:2002 will collect 2006 data via self-administration on the Web, as well as computer-assisted telephone interviews and computer-assisted personal interviews, as contrasted to paper-and-pencil mail surveys in the NLS-72 and HS&B era). Order and context effects are also possible (questions have been added, dropped, and reordered, over time). Though possible threats to

comparability of data over time, little methodological work has been done on mode or context effects within this longitudinal studies series.

The crosswalk in section H.2 links ELS:2002 base-year student questionnaire items with similar items from three previous NCES high school senior cohort questionnaires: the NELS:88 second follow-up questionnaire (1992), the HS&B base-year senior cohort questionnaire (1980), and the NLS-72 base-year questionnaire (1972). This crosswalk will facilitate analyses of trends among high school seniors, spanning a 32-year period. Linked questions may be identical in content and format or may differ in one or more ways: the question, item, or response wording; the order in which response options were presented; the manner in which the data were collected (e.g., categorical response option versus open-ended response fields, instructions to mark one versus mark all that apply); and the population to which the question applies. Therefore, it is strongly recommended that analysts review documentation (including facsimiles of the questionnaires) to determine if linked questions are appropriate for their purpose.

## H.2 Cross-Cohort Item Crosswalk

Table H-3 lists the contents of the ELS:2002 first follow-up questionnaires, with the exception of the locator section, which has not been made a part of the data release. In the first column, an abbreviated stem is provided for each item. In the second column, the item's ELS:2002 status is indicated, that is, the variable name for each ELS:2002 first follow-up questionnaire (for brevity, the prefix "F1" has been dropped). For example, math coursework carries an entry for all five first follow-up questionnaires (student, transfer student, homeschooled student, early graduate, dropout). In the third column, the corresponding NELS:88 second follow-up item (if any) is indicated. The fourth and fifth columns supply linkage from the NELS:88 second follow-up item (if any) to the relevant HS&B senior questionnaire variable, and the sixth column to the base year of the NLS-72.

## H.3 Appendix H References

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|  | ELS:2002 first follow-up | NELS:88 second follow- | HS&B 1982 | HS&B 1980 | NLS-72  |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Question   | questionnaires           | up questionnaires      | seniors   | seniors   | seniors |
| Grade level  | S14, T18, H14            | S6A                    |           |           |         |
| Diploma or certificate most likely to receive                    | S15, T19, H15, E19       | S6B                    |           |           |         |
| Science coursework   | S16, T20, H16, E29, D27  |                        |           |           |         |
| Math coursework  | S17, T21, H17, E30, D28  |                        |           |           |         |
| Confidence in math   | S18                      |                        |           |           |         |
| Calculators/computers in math                                    | S19                      | S19B                   |           |           |         |
| Computer use in math classes                                     | S20                      |                        |           |           |         |
| College entrance tests   | S21, T22, H18            | S44                    | 8         | 9         |         |
| How studied for college tests                                    | S22                      | S45                    |           |           |         |
| Participated in college preparation program<br>for disadvantaged | S23                      | S14A                   | 11cd      | 14cd      | 6de3    |
| Yrs participated in Talent Search, etc.                          | S24                      | S14B                   |           | 14cd      | 6de3    |
| /ictimization  | S25                      | S8                     |           |           |         |
| Extracurricular activities                                       | S26, T23, H20, E31       | S30A, S30B             | 38        | 32        | 10      |
| lours/week spent on extracurricular activities                   | S27, T24, H21, E32       | S31                    |           |           |         |
| School has library media/resource center                         | S28, T25                 |                        |           |           |         |
| How often uses school library                                    | S29, T26                 |                        |           |           |         |
| How often uses public library                                    | S30, T27, H22, E33, D49  |                        |           |           |         |
| Hours/week spent on homework both in and out of school           | S31, T28, H23            | S25f                   | 15        | 15        | 7       |
| Hours on math homework   | S32                      | S25a                   |           |           |         |
| Hours/week spent reading outside of school                       | S33, T29, H24, E34, D50  | S32                    | 60b       | 47b       |         |
| Hours watching television  | S34, T30, H25, E35, D51  | S35                    | 61        | 48        |         |
| Hours playing video games  | S35, T31, H26, E36, D52  | S34                    | •••       |           |         |
| Computer use for schoolwork/other                                | S36, T32, H27, E37, D53  |                        |           |           |         |
| Computer use at various locations                                | S37, T33, H28, E38, D54  |                        |           |           |         |
| Computer use for fun, school, learn things                       | S38                      |                        |           |           |         |
| Activities outside of school                                     | S39, T34, H29, E39, D55  | S33, D35               | 60        | 47        |         |
| life values  | S40, T35, H30, E40, D56  | S40, D36               | 73        | 57        | 20      |
| How will spend summer  | S41                      | S46                    | 10        | 0,        | 20      |
| See notes at end of table.                                       | 041                      | 040                    |           |           |         |

#### Table H-3. Cross-cohort item crosswalk for longitudinal studies, by item: Selected years, 1972–2002

|   | ELS:2002 first follow-up | NELS:88 second follow- | HS&B 1982 | HS&B 1980 | NLS-72     |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Question  | questionnaires           | up questionnaires      | seniors   | seniors   | seniors    |
| How far in school respondent thinks will get              | S42, T36, H31, E41, D57  | S43, D38               | 80        | 65        | 29         |
| How far mother and father wants to go                     | S43, T37, H32, E42, D58  | S42, D37               | 81        | 66        | 91         |
| Most important thing right after high school              | S44, T38, H33            | S41                    | 63        | 50        |            |
| Plans to go on to school right after high                 |                          |                        |           |           |            |
|   | S45, T39, H34            | S49                    | 87h       |           |            |
| Reasons decided not to go right after high                |                          | 0.50                   |           |           | 07 40 40   |
| school  | S46, T40, H35            | S50                    |           |           | 37, 42, 49 |
| Prans to continue education some time in                  | S47, T41, H36, E44       | S56                    | 122       | 115       |            |
| Will went for info on college entrance                    | S48                      | 000                    | 122       | 115       |            |
| Type of school plans to attend                            | S49, T42, H37, E45       | S61                    | 115       | 107       | 70         |
| Number of school applied to                               | S50, T43, H38, E46       | S60A                   | 113       | 117       | 66         |
| Importance of school characteristics                      | S52, T45, H40, E48       | S59                    | 123       | 116       | 68         |
| Plans to work right after high school                     | S53, T46, H41            | S51                    | 87a       | 72a       | 32         |
| Has regular full-time job lined up                        | S54, T47, H42            | S52                    | 88        | 73        | 33         |
| Who helped select jobs                                    | S55                      | S53                    |           | 10        |            |
| Occupation expects to have after high                     |                          | 000                    |           |           |            |
| school—verbatim (restricted)                              | S56, T48, H43            | S64                    | 77a       | 62        | 25         |
| Occupation expects to have at age 30—                     |                          |                        |           |           |            |
| verbatim (restricted)                                     | S57, T49, H44, E56, D66  | S64, D40A              | 77a       | 62        | 25         |
| How much education respondent thinks will                 |                          | 0.05                   |           |           |            |
| be needed for job at age 30                               | S58, T50, H45, E57, D67  | S65                    |           |           |            |
| Ever worked for pay not around house                      | S59, T51, H46            | S86A                   | 24        |           |            |
| How many hours usually works a week during<br>school year | S60, T52, H47            | S88                    | 25        | 22        | 8          |
| How many hours works on the weekend                       | 300, 132, 1147           | 300                    | 25        | 22        | 0          |
| during school year  | S61                      | S89                    |           |           |            |
| Performed unpaid volunteer/community                      |                          |                        |           |           |            |
| service work  | S62, T53, H48, E58, D68  | S37                    |           |           |            |
| Types of volunteer organizations                          | S63                      | S39                    |           |           |            |
| How often discuss with parents                            | S64, T54, H49            | S99                    |           |           |            |
| Friends' plans for after high school                      | S65, T55, H50, E59, D69  | S69, D59               |           |           |            |

#### Table H-3. Cross-cohort item crosswalk for longitudinal studies, by item: Selected years, 1972–2002—Continued

| Question  | ELS:2002 first follow-up<br>questionnaires | NELS:88 second follow-<br>up questionnaires | HS&B 1982<br>seniors | HS&B 1980<br>seniors | NLS-72<br>seniors |
|---|--|---|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
|   | T15  | up questionnailes                           | Seriiors             | Seriiors             | 5011013           |
| When began going to transfer school                               | -  |   |                      |                      |                   |
| Reasons for transferring  | T16  | 07  | 00.07                | 50 50                | 4.0               |
| Agreement w/ statements re school/teachers                        | T17  | S7  | 66, 67               | 53, 59               | 18                |
| Month and year last attended school                               | E20, D19                                   | D6  |                      |                      |                   |
| Grade when last attended school                                   | E21, D20                                   | D7  |                      |                      |                   |
| How earned GED  | E24, D42                                   |   |                      |                      |                   |
| Why decided to complete GED                                       | E25, D43                                   |   |                      |                      |                   |
| State where GED/equivalency was earned—                           |  |   |                      |                      |                   |
| restricted  | E26, D44                                   |   |                      |                      |                   |
| Month and year graduated/received<br>equivalency from high school | E27, D45                                   | E114, D32                                   | G1                   |                      |                   |
|   |  |   | _                    |                      |                   |
| Why decided to graduate/complete early                            | E28  | E115  | G2                   |                      |                   |
| Enrolled in an educational institution since<br>high school       | E43  | E127A, D23                                  | G13A2                |                      |                   |
| Number of jobs held since left high school                        | E49, D59                                   | D44A  |                      |                      |                   |
| Current/most recent job or occupation—                            |  | E121A, E121B, D45A,                         |                      |                      |                   |
| 2   | E50, D60                                   | D45B  | G10.1                |                      |                   |
| Molificand year started working at this job                       | E51, D61                                   | E122, D45E                                  | G10.5                |                      |                   |
| Still have this job   | E52, D62                                   | E123, D45F                                  | G10.6                |                      |                   |
| Month and year left most recent job                               | E53, D63                                   | E123, D45G                                  | G10.6                |                      |                   |
| Current/most recent pay per hour                                  | E54, D64                                   | D45K  |                      |                      |                   |
| Number of hours/week usually worked at this                       |  |   |                      |                      |                   |
| job   | E55, D65                                   | D45L  |                      |                      |                   |
| Whether passed last grade attended                                | D21  | D8  |                      |                      |                   |
| Left school for more than a month before last left                | D22  | D10A  |                      |                      |                   |
| Month and year first left school for more than                    | D23  | D10B  |                      |                      |                   |
| a month   | -  |   |                      |                      |                   |
| Month and year returned to school                                 | D24  | D11   |                      |                      |                   |
| Attended school during 2002–03 school year                        | D25  | D14A  |                      |                      |                   |

#### Table H-3. Cross-cohort item crosswalk for longitudinal studies, by item: Selected years, 1972–2002—Continued

|   | ELS:2002 first follow-up | NELS:88 second follow- | HS&B 1982 | HS&B 1980 | NLS-72  |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Question                                    | questionnaires           | up questionnaires      | seniors   | seniors   | seniors |
| Number of school days missed during 2002–   |                          |                        |           |           |         |
| 03 school year                              | D26                      | D14B                   |           |           |         |
| Reasons for leaving school                  | E22, D29                 | D9A                    |           |           |         |
| Feels that leaving school was a good        | <b>F00 D00</b>           | 5474                   |           |           |         |
| decision                                    | E23, D30                 | D17A                   |           |           |         |
| Wifestipeople at school did                 | D31                      | D21                    |           |           |         |
| What parents did                            | D32                      | D22                    |           |           |         |
| Things that happened in past 2 years        | D33                      | D24                    |           |           |         |
| Participated in an alternative program      | D34                      | D25                    |           |           |         |
| Month and year entered most recent          |                          |                        |           |           |         |
| alternative program                         | D35                      | D26A                   |           |           |         |
| Still enrolled in alternative program       | D36                      | D26B                   |           |           |         |
| Month and year left/completed most recent   | 5.7                      | 5000                   |           |           |         |
| alternative program                         | D37                      | D26C                   |           |           |         |
| Who referred to alternative program         | D38                      | D27                    |           |           |         |
| Services received from alternative program  | D39                      | D29                    |           |           |         |
| Number of alternative programs participated | 5.40                     | Daa                    |           |           |         |
|   | D40                      | D30                    |           |           |         |
| Plan to get GED or high school diploma      | D41                      | D31                    |           |           |         |
| Currently taking class to prepare for GED   | D46                      |                        |           |           |         |
| examination                                 | D48                      | D33A                   |           |           |         |
| Plan to go back to high school/take GED     | D47                      | D33B                   |           |           |         |
| Month and year expects to receive high      | 047                      | D33D                   |           |           |         |
| school diploma/GED                          | D48                      | D34                    |           |           |         |
| Sex   | N2                       | N2                     |           |           |         |
| Student is Hispanic                         | N3                       | N17                    |           |           |         |
| Student's Hispanic subdivision              | N4                       | N19                    |           |           |         |
| Race  | N4<br>N5                 | N13<br>N17             |           |           |         |
| Student's Asian subdivision                 | NS<br>N6                 | N17                    |           |           |         |
|   | N0<br>N7                 | S107                   |           |           |         |
| English is student's native language        |                          |                        |           |           |         |
| Student's native language (restricted)      | N8                       | N20                    |           |           |         |
| English skills<br>See potes at end of table | N9                       | S109                   |           |           |         |

#### Table H-3. Cross-cohort item crosswalk for longitudinal studies, by item: Selected years, 1972–2002—Continued

| Question                                 | ELS:2002 first follow-up<br>questionnaires | NELS:88 second follow-<br>up questionnaires | HS&B 1982<br>seniors | HS&B 1980<br>seniors | NLS-72<br>seniors |
|--|--|---|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Ever held back a grade                   | N11  | N16   |                      |                      |                   |
| Grades repeated                          | N12  | N16   |                      |                      |                   |
| Lives in household at least half of time | N13  |   |                      |                      |                   |
| Mother/female guardian's work            | N14  | N5  |                      |                      |                   |
| Father/male guardian's work              | N15  | N7  |                      |                      |                   |
| Parents' education                       | N16  | N8  |                      |                      |                   |
| Family has items in home                 | N17  | N12   |                      |                      |                   |

#### Table H-3. Cross-cohort item crosswalk for longitudinal studies, by item: Selected years, 1972–2002—Continued

NOTE: This crosswalk was constructed by linking ELS:2002 first follow-up items with the NELS:88 second follow-up items from the Intercohort Student Questionnaire Crosswalk in appendix E of the NELS:88 Second Follow-up: Student Component Data File User's Manual (94–374). S = Student, T = Transfer, H = Homeschool, E = Early Graduate, D = Dropout (Not Currently in School), N = New Participant Supplement.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002); National Longitudinal Study of the High School Class of 1972 (NLS-72); High School and Beyond (HS&B) Longitudinal Study (1980); and National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988 (NELS:88).

| Table I-1. | Student design effects  | by item using first follow-u | p questionnaire weight—All: 2004 |
|------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|            | etadont deorgin on ooto |                              |                                  |

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N     | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|-----------------------|---|-------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 12.8     | 0.47                  | 0.28                                      | 14238 | 2.78 | 1.67 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.1      | 0.15                  | 0.12                                      | 14238 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 63.9     | 0.77                  | 0.41                                      | 13555 | 3.50 | 1.87 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 14.7     | 0.56                  | 0.31                                      | 13177 | 3.33 | 1.82 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 25.8     | 0.56                  | 0.43                                      | 10375 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 20.8     | 0.58                  | 0.40                                      | 10374 | 2.14 | 1.46 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 14.5     | 0.39                  | 0.30                                      | 14095 | 1.74 | 1.32 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 15.0     | 0.46                  | 0.30                                      | 14092 | 2.37 | 1.54 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 24.5     | 0.60                  | 0.43                                      | 9824  | 1.89 | 1.38 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 55.5     | 0.56                  | 0.41                                      | 14691 | 1.86 | 1.37 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 25.0     | 0.49                  | 0.35                                      | 14892 | 1.93 | 1.39 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 60.9     | 0.57                  | 0.40                                      | 14766 | 2.05 | 1.43 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 90.7     | 0.32                  | 0.24                                      | 14895 | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 80.3     | 0.44                  | 0.33                                      | 14885 | 1.84 | 1.36 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 35.7     | 0.57                  | 0.39                                      | 14891 | 2.08 | 1.44 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 31.4     | 0.48                  | 0.38                                      | 14898 | 1.62 | 1.27 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 38.1     | 0.53                  | 0.40                                      | 14460 | 1.74 | 1.32 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 77.7     | 0.55                  | 0.35                                      | 13802 | 2.42 | 1.55 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 49.6     | 0.57                  | 0.43                                      | 13685 | 1.79 | 1.34 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 27.8     | 0.80                  | 0.55                                      | 6677  | 2.12 | 1.45 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 52.5     | 0.56                  | 0.43                                      | 13506 | 1.67 | 1.29 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 18.7     | 0.44                  | 0.32                                      | 14989 | 1.93 | 1.39 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 8.4      | 0.62                  | 0.23                                      | 14623 | 7.30 | 2.70 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.9      | 0.17                  | 0.14                                      | 14569 | 1.43 | 1.19 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.0      | 0.11                  | 0.08                                      | 14569 | 1.60 | 1.26 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.6      | 0.09                  | 0.07                                      | 14569 | 1.84 | 1.36 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 13.6     | 0.36                  | 0.28                                      | 14569 | 1.60 | 1.26 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 4.9      | 0.23                  | 0.18                                      | 14569 | 1.65 | 1.28 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 30.1     | 0.46                  | 0.38                                      | 14569 | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 48.3     | 0.28                  | 0.13                                      | 13702 | 4.84 | 2.20 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                       |   |       |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                       |   |       | 2.26 | 1.47 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                       |   |       | 1.43 | 1.19 |
| Median   |                 |          |                       |   |       | 1.85 | 1.36 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                       |   |       | 7.30 | 2.70 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                       |   |       | 1.19 | 0.32 |

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard<br>error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | Ν    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|-----------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 10.6     | 0.53                        | 0.37                                      | 7061 | 2.12 | 1.46 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.5      | 0.25                        | 0.18                                      | 7061 | 1.80 | 1.34 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 59.1     | 0.92                        | 0.60                                      | 6710 | 2.34 | 1.53 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 14.1     | 0.66                        | 0.43                                      | 6484 | 2.33 | 1.53 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 29.7     | 0.82                        | 0.64                                      | 5123 | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 27.3     | 0.86                        | 0.62                                      | 5126 | 1.92 | 1.39 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 18.0     | 0.60                        | 0.46                                      | 6977 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 10.9     | 0.51                        | 0.37                                      | 6976 | 1.89 | 1.38 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 24.1     | 0.82                        | 0.61                                      | 4849 | 1.76 | 1.33 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 56.9     | 0.76                        | 0.58                                      | 7338 | 1.73 | 1.32 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 23.0     | 0.65                        | 0.49                                      | 7431 | 1.78 | 1.33 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 66.5     | 0.73                        | 0.55                                      | 7364 | 1.75 | 1.32 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 89.2     | 0.48                        | 0.36                                      | 7426 | 1.82 | 1.35 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 79.5     | 0.60                        | 0.47                                      | 7421 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 43.3     | 0.75                        | 0.58                                      | 7422 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 31.9     | 0.68                        | 0.54                                      | 7431 | 1.60 | 1.27 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 40.1     | 0.70                        | 0.58                                      | 7178 | 1.46 | 1.21 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 72.3     | 0.78                        | 0.54                                      | 6841 | 2.10 | 1.45 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 46.3     | 0.81                        | 0.61                                      | 6784 | 1.77 | 1.33 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 33.7     | 1.25                        | 0.88                                      | 2891 | 2.01 | 1.42 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 48.0     | 0.85                        | 0.61                                      | 6659 | 1.94 | 1.39 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 17.9     | 0.57                        | 0.44                                      | 7486 | 1.68 | 1.30 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 7.8      | 0.60                        | 0.31                                      | 7274 | 3.67 | 1.92 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.3      | 0.24                        | 0.21                                      | 7221 | 1.27 | 1.13 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.7      | 0.20                        | 0.15                                      | 7221 | 1.65 | 1.28 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 1.2      | 0.17                        | 0.13                                      | 7221 | 1.82 | 1.35 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 9.4      | 0.45                        | 0.34                                      | 7221 | 1.73 | 1.32 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 6.0      | 0.37                        | 0.28                                      | 7221 | 1.75 | 1.32 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 32.8     | 0.69                        | 0.55                                      | 7221 | 1.54 | 1.24 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 49.3     | 0.32                        | 0.19                                      | 6800 | 2.96 | 1.72 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                             |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                             |   |      | 1.90 | 1.37 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                             |   |      | 1.27 | 1.13 |
| Median   |                 |          |                             |   |      | 1.77 | 1.33 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                             |   |      | 3.67 | 1.92 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                             |   |      | 0.46 | 0.15 |

| Table I-3. Student design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight—I | —Female: 2004 |
|---|---------------|
|---|---------------|

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 14.9     | 0.64                     | 0.42                                      | 7177 | 2.29 | 1.51 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 1.7      | 0.20                     | 0.15                                      | 7177 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 68.7     | 0.91                     | 0.56                                      | 6845 | 2.64 | 1.62 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 15.4     | 0.71                     | 0.44                                      | 6693 | 2.58 | 1.61 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 21.9     | 0.73                     | 0.57                                      | 5252 | 1.63 | 1.28 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 14.5     | 0.67                     | 0.49                                      | 5248 | 1.90 | 1.38 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 11.1     | 0.46                     | 0.37                                      | 7118 | 1.55 | 1.25 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 19.2     | 0.66                     | 0.47                                      | 7116 | 1.97 | 1.40 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 24.9     | 0.83                     | 0.61                                      | 4975 | 1.84 | 1.36 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 54.0     | 0.66                     | 0.58                                      | 7353 | 1.29 | 1.14 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 27.0     | 0.68                     | 0.51                                      | 7461 | 1.77 | 1.33 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 55.2     | 0.79                     | 0.58                                      | 7402 | 1.89 | 1.37 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 92.1     | 0.42                     | 0.31                                      | 7469 | 1.80 | 1.34 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 81.1     | 0.65                     | 0.45                                      | 7464 | 2.06 | 1.43 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 28.1     | 0.69                     | 0.52                                      | 7469 | 1.74 | 1.32 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 31.0     | 0.64                     | 0.54                                      | 7467 | 1.45 | 1.20 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 36.0     | 0.73                     | 0.56                                      | 7282 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 83.1     | 0.61                     | 0.45                                      | 6961 | 1.84 | 1.36 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 53.0     | 0.75                     | 0.60                                      | 6901 | 1.54 | 1.24 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 23.4     | 0.92                     | 0.69                                      | 3786 | 1.78 | 1.33 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 57.0     | 0.70                     | 0.60                                      | 6847 | 1.37 | 1.17 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 19.5     | 0.62                     | 0.46                                      | 7503 | 1.85 | 1.36 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 9.0      | 0.79                     | 0.33                                      | 7349 | 5.55 | 2.36 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.6      | 0.22                     | 0.19                                      | 7348 | 1.44 | 1.20 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 0.4      | 0.08                     | 0.07                                      | 7348 | 1.38 | 1.17 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.1      | 0.06                     | 0.04                                      | 7348 | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 17.8     | 0.56                     | 0.45                                      | 7348 | 1.59 | 1.26 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 3.8      | 0.26                     | 0.22                                      | 7348 | 1.38 | 1.18 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 27.5     | 0.61                     | 0.52                                      | 7348 | 1.39 | 1.18 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 47.3     | 0.32                     | 0.18                                      | 6902 | 3.42 | 1.85 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.94 | 1.37 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.29 | 1.14 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.77 | 1.33 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 5.55 | 2.36 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 0.81 | 0.24 |

|  |                 |          | Design         | Simple random sample |     |      |      |
|--|-----------------|----------|----------------|----------------------|-----|------|------|
| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | standard error | standard error       | Ν   | DEFF | DEFT |
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 4.4      | 2.05           | 1.88                 | 119 | 1.19 | 1.09 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 5.5      | 2.63           | 2.10                 | 119 | 1.56 | 1.25 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 38.4     | 6.06           | 4.68                 | 109 | 1.68 | 1.30 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 7.6      | 3.35           | 2.55                 | 108 | 1.72 | 1.31 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 33.9     | 6.59           | 5.47                 | 76  | 1.45 | 1.21 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 31.1     | 6.59           | 5.31                 | 77  | 1.54 | 1.24 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 13.8     | 4.30           | 3.22                 | 116 | 1.78 | 1.34 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 12.6     | 3.93           | 3.11                 | 115 | 1.60 | 1.26 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 28.2     | 8.81           | 5.50                 | 68  | 2.57 | 1.60 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 69.3     | 4.37           | 4.17                 | 123 | 1.09 | 1.05 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 28.7     | 5.33           | 4.11                 | 122 | 1.68 | 1.30 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 69.2     | 5.29           | 4.22                 | 121 | 1.57 | 1.25 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 90.4     | 3.63           | 2.68                 | 122 | 1.84 | 1.36 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 69.9     | 6.73           | 4.17                 | 122 | 2.61 | 1.61 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 40.3     | 4.98           | 4.46                 | 122 | 1.25 | 1.12 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 26.3     | 5.50           | 4.00                 | 122 | 1.89 | 1.37 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 34.2     | 4.46           | 4.40                 | 117 | 1.02 | 1.01 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 61.4     | 5.63           | 4.58                 | 114 | 1.51 | 1.23 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 52.7     | 4.95           | 4.76                 | 111 | 1.08 | 1.04 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 39.8     | 8.31           | 8.94                 | 31  | 0.87 | 0.93 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 48.0     | 6.75           | 4.79                 | 110 | 1.99 | 1.41 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 24.2     | 3.70           | 3.84                 | 125 | 0.93 | 0.96 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | #        | #              | #                    | 119 | +    | †    |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.9      | 1.43           | 1.56                 | 118 | 0.84 | 0.91 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 2.0      | 1.50           | 1.30                 | 118 | 1.34 | 1.16 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.8      | 0.76           | 0.80                 | 118 | 0.91 | 0.95 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 9.5      | 3.38           | 2.71                 | 118 | 1.55 | 1.25 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 4.1      | 2.30           | 1.83                 | 118 | 1.58 | 1.26 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 41.3     | 5.15           | 4.55                 | 118 | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 41.3     | 1.66           | 1.23                 | 110 | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                |                      |     |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                |                      |     | 1.51 | 1.22 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                |                      |     | 0.84 | 0.91 |
| Median   |                 |          |                |                      |     | 1.55 | 1.25 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                |                      |     | 2.61 | 1.61 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                |                      |     | 0.44 | 0.18 |

# Table I-4. Student design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight—American Indian or Alaska Native: 2004

† Not applicable.

<sup>#</sup> Rounds to zero.

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

#### Table I-5. Student design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight—Asian: 2004

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 12.9     | 1.26                     | 0.87                                      | 1476 | 2.09 | 1.45 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 0.7      | 0.21                     | 0.22                                      | 1476 | 0.90 | 0.95 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 75.9     | 1.92                     | 1.13                                      | 1424 | 2.86 | 1.69 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 29.4     | 2.54                     | 1.22                                      | 1392 | 4.33 | 2.08 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 27.4     | 2.10                     | 1.40                                      | 1022 | 2.26 | 1.50 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 13.3     | 1.80                     | 1.06                                      | 1023 | 2.88 | 1.70 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 13.3     | 1.27                     | 0.89                                      | 1464 | 2.04 | 1.43 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 13.7     | 1.34                     | 0.90                                      | 1470 | 2.24 | 1.50 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 29.4     | 1.88                     | 1.45                                      | 992  | 1.69 | 1.30 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 51.2     | 1.95                     | 1.29                                      | 1504 | 2.28 | 1.51 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 19.1     | 1.48                     | 1.01                                      | 1517 | 2.15 | 1.47 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 51.8     | 1.93                     | 1.29                                      | 1505 | 2.23 | 1.49 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 88.6     | 1.01                     | 0.82                                      | 1521 | 1.52 | 1.23 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 79.7     | 1.31                     | 1.03                                      | 1520 | 1.62 | 1.27 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 42.6     | 1.85                     | 1.27                                      | 1519 | 2.12 | 1.45 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 31.9     | 1.56                     | 1.20                                      | 1519 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 30.9     | 1.49                     | 1.21                                      | 1468 | 1.52 | 1.23 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 89.6     | 1.28                     | 0.81                                      | 1436 | 2.52 | 1.59 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 52.1     | 1.89                     | 1.32                                      | 1433 | 2.04 | 1.43 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 17.6     | 1.71                     | 1.43                                      | 712  | 1.44 | 1.20 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 45.9     | 1.91                     | 1.33                                      | 1409 | 2.07 | 1.44 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 9.9      | 0.89                     | 0.77                                      | 1526 | 1.35 | 1.16 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 0.4      | 0.28                     | 0.16                                      | 1480 | 2.94 | 1.72 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 4.0      | 0.94                     | 0.51                                      | 1479 | 3.45 | 1.86 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 0.5      | 0.20                     | 0.19                                      | 1479 | 1.09 | 1.04 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | #        | 0.04                     | 0.05                                      | 1479 | 0.54 | 0.74 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 20.4     | 1.43                     | 1.05                                      | 1479 | 1.86 | 1.36 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 5.1      | 0.82                     | 0.57                                      | 1479 | 2.07 | 1.44 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 36.6     | 1.73                     | 1.25                                      | 1479 | 1.91 | 1.38 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 54.1     | 0.90                     | 0.42                                      | 1439 | 4.58 | 2.14 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 2.14 | 1.44 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 0.54 | 0.74 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 2.07 | 1.44 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 4.58 | 2.14 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 0.88 | 0.29 |

# Rounds to zero.

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

|  |                 |          | <b>–</b> <i>i</i> | Simple random  |      |      |      |
|--|-----------------|----------|-------------------|----------------|------|------|------|
| Survey item (or composite verichle)  | Variable        | Fatimata | Design            | sample         | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
| Survey item (or composite variable)  |                 | Estimate | standard error    | standard error | N    |      |      |
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 9.42     | 0.93              | 0.68           | 1826 | 1.84 | 1.36 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.94     | 0.44              | 0.40           | 1826 | 1.25 | 1.12 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 55.23    | 1.50              | 1.20           | 1709 | 1.56 | 1.25 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 5.15     | 0.59              | 0.54           | 1664 | 1.19 | 1.09 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 32.83    | 1.61              | 1.36           | 1200 | 1.40 | 1.18 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 20.58    | 1.48              | 1.17           | 1199 | 1.60 | 1.27 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 17.78    | 0.98              | 0.90           | 1800 | 1.18 | 1.09 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 17.28    | 1.23              | 0.89           | 1798 | 1.89 | 1.38 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 25.19    | 1.41              | 1.33           | 1072 | 1.12 | 1.06 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 73.27    | 1.20              | 1.01           | 1906 | 1.41 | 1.19 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 26.94    | 0.97              | 1.00           | 1963 | 0.93 | 0.97 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 64.49    | 1.36              | 1.09           | 1943 | 1.57 | 1.25 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 93.77    | 0.64              | 0.55           | 1966 | 1.39 | 1.18 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 75.59    | 1.15              | 0.97           | 1964 | 1.41 | 1.19 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 55.70    | 1.30              | 1.12           | 1964 | 1.34 | 1.16 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 29.67    | 1.21              | 1.03           | 1966 | 1.38 | 1.17 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 32.80    | 1.17              | 1.07           | 1912 | 1.19 | 1.09 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 78.34    | 1.24              | 0.99           | 1732 | 1.57 | 1.25 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 46.48    | 1.39              | 1.20           | 1724 | 1.33 | 1.15 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 25.38    | 2.17              | 1.66           | 686  | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 59.47    | 1.55              | 1.20           | 1687 | 1.68 | 1.29 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 37.81    | 1.32              | 1.09           | 1984 | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 0.59     | 0.22              | 0.18           | 1888 | 1.62 | 1.27 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.96     | 0.45              | 0.39           | 1898 | 1.33 | 1.16 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 0.69     | 0.26              | 0.19           | 1898 | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.84     | 0.26              | 0.21           | 1898 | 1.52 | 1.23 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 15.21    | 0.93              | 0.82           | 1898 | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 5.39     | 0.68              | 0.52           | 1898 | 1.70 | 1.30 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 26.13    | 1.27              | 1.01           | 1898 | 1.59 | 1.26 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 38.79    | 0.45              | 0.29           | 1729 | 2.36 | 1.54 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                   |                |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                   |                |      | 1.49 | 1.21 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                   |                |      | 0.93 | 0.97 |
| Median   |                 |          |                   |                |      | 1.44 | 1.20 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                   |                |      | 2.36 | 1.54 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                   |                |      | 0.28 | 0.1  |

#### Table I-6. Student design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight—Black or African American: 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 2.5      | 0.85                     | 0.62                                      | 2022 | 1.88 | 1.37 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 3.2      | 0.85                     | 0.39                                      | 2022 | 1.50 | 1.37 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 44.2     | 1.66                     | 1.14                                      | 1885 | 2.10 | 1.45 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 13.3     | 1.00                     | 0.79                                      | 1836 | 1.83 | 1.45 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 26.7     | 1.60                     | 1.23                                      | 1300 | 1.71 | 1.33 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 23.3     | 1.50                     | 1.23                                      | 1297 | 1.65 | 1.31 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 12.5     | 0.81                     | 0.74                                      | 2000 | 1.19 | 1.09 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 12.3     | 0.78                     | 0.74                                      | 2000 | 1.13 | 1.00 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 24.1     | 1.48                     | 1.24                                      | 1197 | 1.42 | 1.19 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 60.6     | 1.26                     | 1.06                                      | 2137 | 1.43 | 1.20 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 28.4     | 1.28                     | 0.96                                      | 2194 | 1.76 | 1.33 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 69.8     | 1.08                     | 0.98                                      | 2180 | 1.21 | 1.10 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 89.3     | 0.94                     | 0.66                                      | 2195 | 2.01 | 1.42 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 77.3     | 1.14                     | 0.89                                      | 2194 | 1.63 | 1.28 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 41.2     | 1.26                     | 1.05                                      | 2198 | 1.44 | 1.20 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 26.2     | 1.23                     | 0.94                                      | 2200 | 1.72 | 1.31 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 33.0     | 1.03                     | 1.02                                      | 2136 | 1.03 | 1.02 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 72.3     | 1.44                     | 1.02                                      | 1924 | 1.98 | 1.41 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 55.7     | 1.36                     | 1.14                                      | 1905 | 1.43 | 1.20 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 21.9     | 1.84                     | 1.55                                      | 715  | 1.41 | 1.19 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 54.2     | 1.24                     | 1.15                                      | 1863 | 1.15 | 1.07 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 19.9     | 1.14                     | 0.85                                      | 2218 | 1.79 | 1.34 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 50.8     | 1.99                     | 1.08                                      | 2125 | 3.37 | 1.83 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.4      | 0.36                     | 0.34                                      | 2126 | 1.18 | 1.09 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.1      | 0.26                     | 0.22                                      | 2126 | 1.36 | 1.16 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.5      | 0.19                     | 0.15                                      | 2126 | 1.57 | 1.25 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 12.9     | 0.81                     | 0.73                                      | 2126 | 1.23 | 1.11 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 5.4      | 0.56                     | 0.49                                      | 2126 | 1.32 | 1.15 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 32.1     | 1.02                     | 1.01                                      | 2126 | 1.02 | 1.01 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 41.2     | 0.47                     | 0.31                                      | 1915 | 2.26 | 1.50 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.59 | 1.25 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.02 | 1.01 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 3.37 | 1.83 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 0.46 | 0.17 |

# Table I-7. Student design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight—Hispanic or Latino: 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N   | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|-----|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 10.4     | 1.45                     | 1.21                                      | 635 | 1.43 | 1.19 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.7      | 0.99                     | 0.64                                      | 635 | 2.40 | 1.55 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 60.3     | 2.67                     | 1.99                                      | 604 | 1.80 | 1.34 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 13.2     | 1.81                     | 1.39                                      | 596 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 31.6     | 2.83                     | 2.17                                      | 459 | 1.69 | 1.30 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 23.4     | 2.81                     | 1.98                                      | 459 | 2.03 | 1.42 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 14.2     | 1.76                     | 1.39                                      | 631 | 1.60 | 1.26 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 18.0     | 1.86                     | 1.53                                      | 630 | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 22.0     | 2.64                     | 1.99                                      | 435 | 1.76 | 1.33 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 59.9     | 2.55                     | 1.90                                      | 663 | 1.79 | 1.34 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 24.3     | 2.17                     | 1.65                                      | 674 | 1.73 | 1.31 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 59.8     | 2.46                     | 1.90                                      | 668 | 1.68 | 1.30 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 87.3     | 1.72                     | 1.29                                      | 671 | 1.79 | 1.34 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 79.1     | 1.88                     | 1.57                                      | 671 | 1.44 | 1.20 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 36.2     | 2.37                     | 1.85                                      | 673 | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 34.1     | 2.31                     | 1.83                                      | 673 | 1.59 | 1.26 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 38.4     | 2.55                     | 1.92                                      | 643 | 1.77 | 1.33 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 71.8     | 2.56                     | 1.81                                      | 618 | 1.99 | 1.41 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 47.0     | 2.53                     | 2.02                                      | 609 | 1.56 | 1.25 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 29.5     | 3.75                     | 2.62                                      | 305 | 2.05 | 1.43 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 54.9     | 2.81                     | 2.03                                      | 602 | 1.91 | 1.38 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 21.9     | 1.91                     | 1.59                                      | 678 | 1.44 | 1.20 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 0.7      | 0.42                     | 0.33                                      | 661 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.8      | 0.77                     | 0.64                                      | 663 | 1.45 | 1.21 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 2.2      | 0.87                     | 0.57                                      | 663 | 2.27 | 1.51 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.2      | 0.18                     | 0.16                                      | 663 | 1.18 | 1.08 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 10.3     | 1.39                     | 1.18                                      | 663 | 1.39 | 1.18 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 4.4      | 1.00                     | 0.80                                      | 663 | 1.58 | 1.26 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 30.2     | 2.35                     | 1.78                                      | 663 | 1.74 | 1.32 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 47.5     | 0.81                     | 0.60                                      | 611 | 1.81 | 1.34 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |     |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |     | 1.71 | 1.30 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |     | 1.18 | 1.08 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |     | 1.70 | 1.30 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |     | 2.40 | 1.55 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |     | 0.26 | 0.10 |

#### Table I-8. Student design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight—More than one race: 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Public-Use Data File, 2004."

#### Table I-9. Student design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight-White: 2004

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|-----------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 14.9     | 0.63                  | 0.39                                      | 8160 | 2.52 | 1.59 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 1.6      | 0.18                  | 0.14                                      | 8160 | 1.62 | 1.27 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 70.5     | 0.84                  | 0.52                                      | 7824 | 2.65 | 1.63 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 16.3     | 0.69                  | 0.42                                      | 7581 | 2.65 | 1.63 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 23.7     | 0.67                  | 0.53                                      | 6318 | 1.56 | 1.25 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 20.6     | 0.70                  | 0.51                                      | 6319 | 1.90 | 1.38 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 14.5     | 0.50                  | 0.39                                      | 8084 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 15.5     | 0.59                  | 0.40                                      | 8077 | 2.14 | 1.46 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 24.3     | 0.75                  | 0.55                                      | 6060 | 1.86 | 1.36 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 49.8     | 0.69                  | 0.55                                      | 8358 | 1.58 | 1.26 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 24.0     | 0.63                  | 0.47                                      | 8422 | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 58.2     | 0.75                  | 0.54                                      | 8349 | 1.92 | 1.39 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 90.7     | 0.41                  | 0.32                                      | 8420 | 1.70 | 1.30 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 82.5     | 0.53                  | 0.41                                      | 8414 | 1.65 | 1.28 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 28.9     | 0.66                  | 0.49                                      | 8415 | 1.79 | 1.34 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 33.2     | 0.60                  | 0.51                                      | 8418 | 1.38 | 1.18 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 41.2     | 0.69                  | 0.54                                      | 8184 | 1.61 | 1.27 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 78.7     | 0.65                  | 0.46                                      | 7978 | 2.01 | 1.42 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 48.7     | 0.72                  | 0.56                                      | 7903 | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 29.6     | 1.03                  | 0.70                                      | 4228 | 2.16 | 1.47 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 51.0     | 0.68                  | 0.56                                      | 7835 | 1.44 | 1.20 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 14.1     | 0.50                  | 0.38                                      | 8458 | 1.72 | 1.31 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 0.1      | 0.05                  | 0.04                                      | 8350 | 1.97 | 1.40 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.0      | 0.21                  | 0.19                                      | 8285 | 1.31 | 1.15 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.1      | 0.14                  | 0.11                                      | 8285 | 1.51 | 1.23 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.7      | 0.11                  | 0.09                                      | 8285 | 1.51 | 1.23 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 13.3     | 0.46                  | 0.37                                      | 8285 | 1.55 | 1.25 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 4.7      | 0.31                  | 0.23                                      | 8285 | 1.73 | 1.31 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 29.9     | 0.61                  | 0.50                                      | 8285 | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 51.9     | 0.28                  | 0.16                                      | 7898 | 3.11 | 1.76 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                       |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.84 | 1.35 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.31 | 1.15 |
| Median   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 3.11 | 1.76 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 0.42 | 0.15 |

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N     | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|-------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 12.7     | 0.50                     | 0.32                                      | 11014 | 2.46 | 1.57 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.2      | 0.17                     | 0.14                                      | 11014 | 1.42 | 1.19 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 61.6     | 0.83                     | 0.48                                      | 10378 | 3.02 | 1.74 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 14.0     | 0.59                     | 0.34                                      | 10129 | 2.94 | 1.71 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 25.8     | 0.60                     | 0.49                                      | 7830  | 1.48 | 1.21 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 21.5     | 0.63                     | 0.46                                      | 7829  | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 13.9     | 0.41                     | 0.33                                      | 10887 | 1.51 | 1.23 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 14.6     | 0.48                     | 0.34                                      | 10889 | 2.03 | 1.43 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 23.5     | 0.63                     | 0.49                                      | 7358  | 1.65 | 1.28 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 56.2     | 0.59                     | 0.46                                      | 11454 | 1.62 | 1.27 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 25.5     | 0.52                     | 0.40                                      | 11640 | 1.68 | 1.29 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 62.1     | 0.60                     | 0.45                                      | 11536 | 1.78 | 1.34 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 90.7     | 0.34                     | 0.27                                      | 11640 | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 79.7     | 0.48                     | 0.37                                      | 11634 | 1.62 | 1.27 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 36.4     | 0.60                     | 0.45                                      | 11639 | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 31.1     | 0.52                     | 0.43                                      | 11647 | 1.45 | 1.20 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 37.7     | 0.57                     | 0.46                                      | 11294 | 1.55 | 1.25 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 76.4     | 0.60                     | 0.41                                      | 10613 | 2.09 | 1.45 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 49.5     | 0.61                     | 0.49                                      | 10500 | 1.57 | 1.25 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 27.7     | 0.89                     | 0.66                                      | 4610  | 1.81 | 1.34 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 52.3     | 0.60                     | 0.49                                      | 10339 | 1.48 | 1.22 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 19.2     | 0.47                     | 0.36                                      | 11724 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 8.8      | 0.67                     | 0.27                                      | 11415 | 6.27 | 2.50 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.9      | 0.18                     | 0.16                                      | 11360 | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.1      | 0.11                     | 0.10                                      | 11360 | 1.40 | 1.19 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.7      | 0.10                     | 0.08                                      | 11360 | 1.56 | 1.25 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 13.1     | 0.38                     | 0.32                                      | 11360 | 1.42 | 1.19 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 5.1      | 0.25                     | 0.21                                      | 11360 | 1.44 | 1.20 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 30.0     | 0.49                     | 0.43                                      | 11360 | 1.31 | 1.14 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 47.6     | 0.30                     | 0.15                                      | 10518 | 4.28 | 2.07 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |       |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |       | 1.97 | 1.37 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |       | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |       | 1.63 | 1.28 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |       | 6.27 | 2.50 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |       | 1.02 | 0.29 |

#### Table I-10. Student design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight—Public: 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

#### Table I-11. Student design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight—Catholic: 2004

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 12.5     | 1.38                     | 0.76                                      | 1885 | 3.29 | 1.81 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 0.5      | 0.16                     | 0.16                                      | 1885 | 1.01 | 1.01 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 91.4     | 1.15                     | 0.65                                      | 1874 | 3.14 | 1.77 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 22.4     | 2.05                     | 0.99                                      | 1793 | 4.31 | 2.08 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 26.0     | 1.79                     | 1.12                                      | 1541 | 2.57 | 1.60 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 17.7     | 1.35                     | 0.97                                      | 1543 | 1.93 | 1.39 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 22.1     | 1.66                     | 0.96                                      | 1877 | 2.99 | 1.73 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 15.3     | 1.34                     | 0.83                                      | 1878 | 2.60 | 1.61 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 36.0     | 1.98                     | 1.24                                      | 1500 | 2.56 | 1.60 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 52.4     | 2.10                     | 1.15                                      | 1882 | 3.32 | 1.82 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 16.8     | 1.06                     | 0.86                                      | 1893 | 1.51 | 1.23 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 43.2     | 1.80                     | 1.14                                      | 1875 | 2.46 | 1.57 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 90.9     | 0.66                     | 0.66                                      | 1891 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 87.1     | 0.93                     | 0.77                                      | 1891 | 1.44 | 1.20 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 29.2     | 1.62                     | 1.05                                      | 1889 | 2.41 | 1.55 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 37.9     | 1.34                     | 1.12                                      | 1890 | 1.44 | 1.20 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 42.6     | 1.62                     | 1.15                                      | 1841 | 1.97 | 1.40 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 94.0     | 0.77                     | 0.55                                      | 1875 | 1.95 | 1.40 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 51.2     | 1.69                     | 1.15                                      | 1876 | 2.15 | 1.47 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 31.8     | 1.88                     | 1.30                                      | 1289 | 2.09 | 1.45 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 56.7     | 1.28                     | 1.15                                      | 1866 | 1.24 | 1.11 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 12.4     | 0.75                     | 0.76                                      | 1899 | 0.97 | 0.99 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 3.0      | 0.95                     | 0.39                                      | 1879 | 5.80 | 2.41 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.3      | 0.35                     | 0.41                                      | 1877 | 0.72 | 0.85 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 0.8      | 0.26                     | 0.20                                      | 1877 | 1.61 | 1.27 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | #        | #                        | #   | 1877 | +    | +    |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 17.4     | 1.23                     | 0.88                                      | 1877 | 1.97 | 1.40 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 3.6      | 0.51                     | 0.43                                      | 1877 | 1.45 | 1.20 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 30.9     | 1.13                     | 1.07                                      | 1877 | 1.13 | 1.06 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 55.9     | 0.61                     | 0.29                                      | 1880 | 4.30 | 2.07 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 2.25 | 1.46 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 0.72 | 0.85 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.97 | 1.40 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 5.80 | 2.41 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.16 | 0.37 |

† Not applicable.# Rounds to zero.

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

|  |                 |          | Design                   | Simple random            |      |      |     |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | sample<br>standard error | Ν    | DEFF | DEF |
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 15.1     | 1.66                     | 0.98                     | 1339 | 2.87 | 1.6 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 0.6      | 0.16                     | 0.20                     | 1339 | 0.61 | 0.7 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 85.7     | 2.47                     | 0.97                     | 1303 | 6.48 | 2.5 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 24.7     | 3.11                     | 1.22                     | 1255 | 6.50 | 2.5 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 24.2     | 2.20                     | 1.35                     | 1004 | 2.66 | 1.6 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 7.9      | 1.05                     | 0.85                     | 1002 | 1.50 | 1.2 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 20.9     | 2.40                     | 1.11                     | 1331 | 4.62 | 2.1 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 26.7     | 3.24                     | 1.22                     | 1325 | 7.07 | 2.6 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 32.7     | 2.27                     | 1.51                     | 966  | 2.26 | 1.5 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 39.4     | 2.37                     | 1.33                     | 1355 | 3.20 | 1.7 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 20.3     | 2.21                     | 1.09                     | 1359 | 4.12 | 2.0 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 50.2     | 2.82                     | 1.36                     | 1355 | 4.29 | 2.0 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 89.5     | 1.06                     | 0.83                     | 1364 | 1.64 | 1.2 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 86.8     | 1.04                     | 0.92                     | 1360 | 1.30 | 1.1 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 26.4     | 1.68                     | 1.19                     | 1363 | 1.99 | 1.4 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 31.7     | 1.72                     | 1.26                     | 1361 | 1.87 | 1.3 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 41.4     | 1.77                     | 1.35                     | 1325 | 1.71 | 1.3 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 90.5     | 1.58                     | 0.81                     | 1314 | 3.79 | 1.9 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 49.6     | 2.18                     | 1.38                     | 1309 | 2.48 | 1.5 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 22.6     | 1.59                     | 1.50                     | 778  | 1.13 | 1.0 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 53.0     | 1.90                     | 1.38                     | 1301 | 1.89 | 1.3 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 12.9     | 1.27                     | 0.91                     | 1366 | 1.95 | 1.4 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 2.8      | 1.29                     | 0.45                     | 1329 | 8.15 | 2.8 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.0      | 0.65                     | 0.47                     | 1332 | 1.93 | 1.3 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 0.8      | 0.26                     | 0.24                     | 1332 | 1.21 | 1.1 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.2      | 0.18                     | 0.12                     | 1332 | 2.41 | 1.5 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 21.7     | 1.70                     | 1.13                     | 1332 | 2.27 | 1.5 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 2.8      | 0.48                     | 0.45                     | 1332 | 1.14 | 1.0 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 33.9     | 1.69                     | 1.30                     | 1332 | 1.70 | 1.3 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 57.3     | 0.92                     | 0.38                     | 1304 | 5.92 | 2.4 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |                          |      |      |     |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |                          |      | 3.02 | 1.6 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |                          |      | 0.61 | 0.7 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |                          |      | 2.26 | 1.5 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |                          |      | 8.15 | 2.8 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |                          |      | 2.00 | 0.5 |

#### Table I-12. Student design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight—Other private: 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 7.0      | 0.55                     | 0.46                                      | 3145 | 1.45 | 1.20 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 3.4      | 0.40                     | 0.33                                      | 3145 | 1.48 | 1.22 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 41.6     | 1.28                     | 0.91                                      | 2916 | 1.96 | 1.40 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 7.3      | 0.67                     | 0.49                                      | 2839 | 1.86 | 1.36 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 26.5     | 1.17                     | 0.97                                      | 2085 | 1.46 | 1.21 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 19.0     | 1.11                     | 0.86                                      | 2083 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 12.5     | 0.74                     | 0.60                                      | 3087 | 1.53 | 1.24 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 13.6     | 0.72                     | 0.62                                      | 3092 | 1.35 | 1.16 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 21.1     | 1.18                     | 0.93                                      | 1912 | 1.60 | 1.26 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 62.9     | 1.03                     | 0.83                                      | 3405 | 1.53 | 1.24 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 25.5     | 0.90                     | 0.74                                      | 3473 | 1.48 | 1.22 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 70.2     | 0.91                     | 0.78                                      | 3442 | 1.35 | 1.16 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 89.1     | 0.64                     | 0.53                                      | 3477 | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 77.3     | 0.90                     | 0.71                                      | 3476 | 1.62 | 1.27 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 41.5     | 0.97                     | 0.84                                      | 3477 | 1.35 | 1.16 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 25.6     | 0.89                     | 0.74                                      | 3483 | 1.46 | 1.21 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 32.8     | 0.93                     | 0.81                                      | 3353 | 1.32 | 1.15 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 66.1     | 1.15                     | 0.87                                      | 2990 | 1.76 | 1.33 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 48.1     | 1.14                     | 0.92                                      | 2952 | 1.54 | 1.24 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 23.8     | 1.62                     | 1.35                                      | 997  | 1.43 | 1.20 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 51.7     | 1.09                     | 0.93                                      | 2882 | 1.38 | 1.17 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 26.8     | 1.00                     | 0.75                                      | 3514 | 1.78 | 1.33 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 22.3     | 1.71                     | 0.71                                      | 3391 | 5.69 | 2.39 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.3      | 0.27                     | 0.26                                      | 3372 | 1.12 | 1.06 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.1      | 0.20                     | 0.18                                      | 3372 | 1.30 | 1.14 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 1.4      | 0.27                     | 0.20                                      | 3372 | 1.79 | 1.34 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 11.5     | 0.61                     | 0.55                                      | 3372 | 1.21 | 1.10 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 5.4      | 0.44                     | 0.39                                      | 3372 | 1.30 | 1.14 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 31.8     | 0.94                     | 0.80                                      | 3372 | 1.37 | 1.17 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 40.1     | 0.36                     | 0.24                                      | 2960 | 2.21 | 1.49 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.66 | 1.27 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.12 | 1.06 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 5.69 | 2.39 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 0.80 | 0.23 |

# Table I-13. Student design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight—Low socioeconomic status (SES): 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 11.3     | 0.54                     | 0.38                                      | 6861 | 1.96 | 1.40 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.0      | 0.21                     | 0.17                                      | 6861 | 1.56 | 1.25 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 61.9     | 0.88                     | 0.60                                      | 6524 | 2.15 | 1.47 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 11.1     | 0.54                     | 0.39                                      | 6357 | 1.88 | 1.37 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 25.9     | 0.71                     | 0.62                                      | 5016 | 1.32 | 1.15 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 22.2     | 0.83                     | 0.59                                      | 5016 | 1.99 | 1.41 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 15.0     | 0.53                     | 0.43                                      | 6805 | 1.51 | 1.23 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 14.9     | 0.60                     | 0.43                                      | 6802 | 1.96 | 1.40 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 22.8     | 0.82                     | 0.61                                      | 4733 | 1.79 | 1.34 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 56.7     | 0.76                     | 0.59                                      | 7048 | 1.67 | 1.29 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 27.0     | 0.63                     | 0.53                                      | 7145 | 1.42 | 1.19 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 63.4     | 0.74                     | 0.57                                      | 7073 | 1.69 | 1.30 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 91.1     | 0.45                     | 0.34                                      | 7141 | 1.76 | 1.33 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 80.3     | 0.63                     | 0.47                                      | 7136 | 1.76 | 1.33 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 35.8     | 0.77                     | 0.57                                      | 7140 | 1.84 | 1.36 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 33.4     | 0.64                     | 0.56                                      | 7142 | 1.31 | 1.15 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 39.2     | 0.75                     | 0.59                                      | 6922 | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 76.4     | 0.69                     | 0.52                                      | 6660 | 1.73 | 1.32 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 51.0     | 0.76                     | 0.62                                      | 6594 | 1.53 | 1.24 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 27.5     | 1.09                     | 0.81                                      | 3040 | 1.82 | 1.35 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 53.0     | 0.79                     | 0.62                                      | 6509 | 1.61 | 1.27 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 19.0     | 0.58                     | 0.46                                      | 7184 | 1.59 | 1.26 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 4.7      | 0.35                     | 0.25                                      | 7005 | 1.92 | 1.38 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.8      | 0.23                     | 0.20                                      | 6983 | 1.37 | 1.17 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.1      | 0.16                     | 0.12                                      | 6983 | 1.57 | 1.25 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.6      | 0.11                     | 0.09                                      | 6983 | 1.59 | 1.26 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 11.7     | 0.43                     | 0.38                                      | 6983 | 1.27 | 1.13 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 5.5      | 0.33                     | 0.27                                      | 6983 | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 29.6     | 0.62                     | 0.55                                      | 6983 | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 47.2     | 0.27                     | 0.18                                      | 6605 | 2.43 | 1.56 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.68 | 1.29 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.27 | 1.13 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 2.43 | 1.56 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 0.27 | 0.10 |

# Table I-14. Student design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight—Middle socioeconomic status (SES): 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 20.5     | 0.94                     | 0.62                                      | 4232 | 2.30 | 1.52 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 1.1      | 0.23                     | 0.16                                      | 4232 | 2.05 | 1.43 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 86.3     | 0.78                     | 0.54                                      | 4115 | 2.13 | 1.46 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 27.8     | 1.20                     | 0.71                                      | 3981 | 2.86 | 1.69 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 24.9     | 1.06                     | 0.76                                      | 3274 | 1.98 | 1.41 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 19.7     | 0.94                     | 0.70                                      | 3275 | 1.85 | 1.36 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 15.4     | 0.74                     | 0.56                                      | 4203 | 1.76 | 1.33 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 16.6     | 0.82                     | 0.57                                      | 4198 | 2.05 | 1.43 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 29.9     | 1.05                     | 0.81                                      | 3179 | 1.69 | 1.30 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 45.7     | 1.08                     | 0.77                                      | 4238 | 1.99 | 1.41 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 20.5     | 0.94                     | 0.62                                      | 4274 | 2.32 | 1.52 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 46.7     | 0.95                     | 0.77                                      | 4251 | 1.55 | 1.25 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 91.3     | 0.51                     | 0.43                                      | 4277 | 1.40 | 1.18 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 83.3     | 0.75                     | 0.57                                      | 4273 | 1.75 | 1.32 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 29.9     | 0.98                     | 0.70                                      | 4274 | 1.95 | 1.40 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 33.3     | 0.94                     | 0.72                                      | 4273 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 41.0     | 0.96                     | 0.76                                      | 4185 | 1.60 | 1.26 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 90.1     | 0.67                     | 0.46                                      | 4152 | 2.10 | 1.45 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 48.3     | 0.97                     | 0.78                                      | 4139 | 1.54 | 1.24 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 29.8     | 1.30                     | 0.89                                      | 2640 | 2.13 | 1.46 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 52.4     | 1.09                     | 0.78                                      | 4115 | 1.94 | 1.39 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 9.8      | 0.61                     | 0.45                                      | 4291 | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 2.1      | 0.31                     | 0.22                                      | 4227 | 1.91 | 1.38 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.8      | 0.40                     | 0.29                                      | 4214 | 1.82 | 1.35 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 0.9      | 0.20                     | 0.15                                      | 4214 | 1.81 | 1.35 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.1      | 0.05                     | 0.04                                      | 4214 | 1.51 | 1.23 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 19.4     | 0.75                     | 0.61                                      | 4214 | 1.50 | 1.23 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 3.3      | 0.36                     | 0.28                                      | 4214 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 29.7     | 0.95                     | 0.70                                      | 4214 | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 57.2     | 0.35                     | 0.21                                      | 4137 | 2.75 | 1.66 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.91 | 1.38 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.40 | 1.18 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.84 | 1.36 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 2.86 | 1.69 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 0.34 | 0.12 |

# Table I-15. Student design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight—High socioeconomic status (SES): 2004

|  |                 |          | Design         | Simple random<br>sample |      |      |      |
|--|-----------------|----------|----------------|-------------------------|------|------|------|
| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | standard error | standard error          | Ν    | DEFF | DEFT |
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 12.5     | 0.89           | 0.48                    | 4756 | 3.46 | 1.86 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.3      | 0.30           | 0.22                    | 4756 | 1.96 | 1.40 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 63.7     | 1.60           | 0.72                    | 4517 | 5.01 | 2.24 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 18.2     | 1.24           | 0.58                    | 4394 | 4.56 | 2.14 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 27.5     | 1.10           | 0.77                    | 3347 | 2.04 | 1.43 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 21.9     | 1.13           | 0.72                    | 3349 | 2.48 | 1.58 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 14.0     | 0.76           | 0.51                    | 4710 | 2.29 | 1.5  |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 14.7     | 0.84           | 0.52                    | 4710 | 2.64 | 1.62 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 27.7     | 1.17           | 0.79                    | 3172 | 2.19 | 1.48 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 59.2     | 1.06           | 0.70                    | 4937 | 2.29 | 1.5  |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 24.0     | 0.96           | 0.60                    | 5008 | 2.52 | 1.5  |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 61.1     | 1.10           | 0.69                    | 4967 | 2.51 | 1.5  |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 90.5     | 0.60           | 0.41                    | 5014 | 2.11 | 1.4  |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 78.6     | 0.85           | 0.58                    | 5015 | 2.16 | 1.4  |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 39.1     | 1.01           | 0.69                    | 5015 | 2.15 | 1.4  |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 30.7     | 0.93           | 0.65                    | 5010 | 2.05 | 1.4  |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 36.0     | 0.91           | 0.69                    | 4846 | 1.74 | 1.3  |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 79.0     | 0.94           | 0.60                    | 4594 | 2.43 | 1.5  |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 50.9     | 1.10           | 0.74                    | 4543 | 2.19 | 1.4  |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 26.6     | 1.62           | 0.91                    | 2333 | 3.15 | 1.7  |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 54.8     | 1.03           | 0.74                    | 4477 | 1.93 | 1.3  |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 22.6     | 0.97           | 0.59                    | 5051 | 2.71 | 1.6  |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 14.4     | 1.57           | 0.50                    | 4896 | 9.83 | 3.1  |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.8      | 0.30           | 0.23                    | 4893 | 1.68 | 1.3  |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 0.9      | 0.16           | 0.13                    | 4893 | 1.38 | 1.1  |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.5      | 0.19           | 0.10                    | 4893 | 3.38 | 1.8  |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 16.3     | 0.70           | 0.53                    | 4893 | 1.77 | 1.3  |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 4.7      | 0.45           | 0.30                    | 4893 | 2.17 | 1.4  |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 30.1     | 0.78           | 0.66                    | 4893 | 1.42 | 1.1  |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 46.8     | 0.62           | 0.23                    | 4559 | 7.27 | 2.7  |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                |                         |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                |                         |      | 2.85 | 1.6  |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                |                         |      | 1.38 | 1.1  |
| Median   |                 |          |                |                         |      | 2.24 | 1.5  |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                |                         |      | 9.83 | 3.1  |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                |                         |      | 1.78 | 0.4  |

#### Table I-16. Student design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight-Urban: 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Public-Use Data File, 2004."

| Table I-17. | Student design effects, | by item using | a first follow-up | questionnaire weight | —Suburban: 2004 |
|-------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
|             |                         |               |                   |                      |                 |

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|-----------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 12.4     | 0.66                  | 0.40                                      | 6881 | 2.73 | 1.65 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.0      | 0.21                  | 0.17                                      | 6881 | 1.61 | 1.27 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 65.0     | 1.04                  | 0.59                                      | 6563 | 3.14 | 1.77 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 14.1     | 0.77                  | 0.44                                      | 6370 | 3.12 | 1.77 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 25.6     | 0.80                  | 0.61                                      | 5092 | 1.70 | 1.30 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 21.3     | 0.81                  | 0.57                                      | 5091 | 2.01 | 1.42 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 15.3     | 0.54                  | 0.44                                      | 6815 | 1.53 | 1.24 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 14.6     | 0.61                  | 0.43                                      | 6815 | 2.03 | 1.43 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 24.2     | 0.81                  | 0.62                                      | 4825 | 1.72 | 1.31 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 53.7     | 0.77                  | 0.59                                      | 7056 | 1.67 | 1.29 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 24.9     | 0.67                  | 0.51                                      | 7153 | 1.74 | 1.32 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 60.7     | 0.74                  | 0.58                                      | 7089 | 1.65 | 1.28 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 90.8     | 0.42                  | 0.34                                      | 7155 | 1.54 | 1.24 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 81.1     | 0.62                  | 0.46                                      | 7144 | 1.77 | 1.33 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 35.1     | 0.84                  | 0.56                                      | 7149 | 2.19 | 1.48 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 32.2     | 0.69                  | 0.55                                      | 7163 | 1.58 | 1.26 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 39.1     | 0.77                  | 0.58                                      | 6980 | 1.74 | 1.32 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 78.0     | 0.79                  | 0.51                                      | 6683 | 2.42 | 1.56 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 49.3     | 0.79                  | 0.61                                      | 6633 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 27.8     | 1.04                  | 0.79                                      | 3213 | 1.73 | 1.31 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 51.7     | 0.80                  | 0.62                                      | 6558 | 1.69 | 1.30 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 17.1     | 0.56                  | 0.44                                      | 7197 | 1.59 | 1.26 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 6.7      | 0.73                  | 0.30                                      | 7038 | 6.08 | 2.46 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.1      | 0.24                  | 0.21                                      | 7017 | 1.34 | 1.16 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.1      | 0.17                  | 0.13                                      | 7017 | 1.76 | 1.33 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.6      | 0.11                  | 0.09                                      | 7017 | 1.39 | 1.18 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 12.6     | 0.50                  | 0.40                                      | 7017 | 1.59 | 1.26 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 4.8      | 0.32                  | 0.26                                      | 7017 | 1.59 | 1.26 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 29.7     | 0.70                  | 0.55                                      | 7017 | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 49.1     | 0.39                  | 0.19                                      | 6637 | 4.46 | 2.11 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                       |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 2.08 | 1.41 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.34 | 1.16 |
| Median   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 6.08 | 2.46 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.00 | 0.29 |

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | Ν    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|-----------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 14.1     | 0.97                  | 0.68                                      | 2601 | 2.04 | 1.43 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.2      | 0.33                  | 0.29                                      | 2601 | 1.36 | 1.17 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 61.5     | 1.57                  | 0.98                                      | 2475 | 2.59 | 1.61 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 11.3     | 0.90                  | 0.65                                      | 2413 | 1.96 | 1.40 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 23.8     | 1.12                  | 0.97                                      | 1936 | 1.34 | 1.16 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 18.3     | 1.24                  | 0.88                                      | 1934 | 1.98 | 1.41 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 13.5     | 0.84                  | 0.67                                      | 2570 | 1.53 | 1.24 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 16.7     | 1.20                  | 0.74                                      | 2567 | 2.67 | 1.63 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 21.2     | 1.36                  | 0.96                                      | 1827 | 2.02 | 1.42 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 54.3     | 1.20                  | 0.96                                      | 2698 | 1.57 | 1.25 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 26.7     | 1.08                  | 0.85                                      | 2731 | 1.63 | 1.28 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 61.0     | 1.45                  | 0.94                                      | 2710 | 2.41 | 1.55 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 90.5     | 0.82                  | 0.56                                      | 2726 | 2.11 | 1.45 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 80.9     | 0.96                  | 0.75                                      | 2726 | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 32.2     | 1.12                  | 0.90                                      | 2727 | 1.57 | 1.25 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 30.6     | 0.94                  | 0.88                                      | 2725 | 1.14 | 1.07 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 38.5     | 1.19                  | 0.95                                      | 2634 | 1.56 | 1.25 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 75.1     | 1.34                  | 0.86                                      | 2525 | 2.41 | 1.55 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 48.6     | 1.26                  | 1.00                                      | 2509 | 1.59 | 1.26 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 29.4     | 1.80                  | 1.35                                      | 1131 | 1.77 | 1.33 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 51.3     | 1.13                  | 1.01                                      | 2471 | 1.26 | 1.12 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 16.7     | 0.95                  | 0.71                                      | 2741 | 1.77 | 1.33 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 3.5      | 0.38                  | 0.36                                      | 2689 | 1.11 | 1.06 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.8      | 0.36                  | 0.32                                      | 2659 | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.1      | 0.23                  | 0.20                                      | 2659 | 1.34 | 1.16 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.9      | 0.22                  | 0.19                                      | 2659 | 1.45 | 1.21 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 11.9     | 0.74                  | 0.63                                      | 2659 | 1.39 | 1.18 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 5.5      | 0.48                  | 0.44                                      | 2659 | 1.16 | 1.08 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 31.2     | 0.92                  | 0.90                                      | 2659 | 1.05 | 1.02 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 48.4     | 0.45                  | 0.29                                      | 2506 | 2.45 | 1.57 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                       |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.71 | 1.29 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.05 | 1.02 |
| Median   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.58 | 1.26 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 2.67 | 1.63 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 0.46 | 0.17 |

# Table I-18. Student design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight—Rural: 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Public-Use Data File, 2004."

| Table I-19. Student desig | n effects. by item usir | g base-year to first follow-up | panel weight—All: 2004 |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
|                           |                         |                                |                        |

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N     | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|-------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 12.9     | 0.47                     | 0.28                                      | 13984 | 2.78 | 1.67 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.1      | 0.16                     | 0.12                                      | 13984 | 1.75 | 1.32 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 64.6     | 0.76                     | 0.41                                      | 13317 | 3.40 | 1.84 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 14.9     | 0.57                     | 0.31                                      | 12954 | 3.34 | 1.83 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 25.7     | 0.56                     | 0.43                                      | 10355 | 1.73 | 1.31 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 20.8     | 0.58                     | 0.40                                      | 10354 | 2.13 | 1.46 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 14.7     | 0.40                     | 0.30                                      | 13843 | 1.78 | 1.33 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 15.0     | 0.47                     | 0.30                                      | 13842 | 2.35 | 1.53 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 24.5     | 0.60                     | 0.43                                      | 9805  | 1.89 | 1.37 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 55.5     | 0.56                     | 0.41                                      | 14449 | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 25.1     | 0.50                     | 0.36                                      | 14629 | 1.96 | 1.40 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 60.8     | 0.58                     | 0.41                                      | 14506 | 2.07 | 1.44 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 90.8     | 0.32                     | 0.24                                      | 14631 | 1.80 | 1.34 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 80.3     | 0.45                     | 0.33                                      | 14620 | 1.88 | 1.37 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 35.5     | 0.57                     | 0.40                                      | 14625 | 2.05 | 1.43 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 31.6     | 0.49                     | 0.38                                      | 14637 | 1.63 | 1.28 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 38.4     | 0.54                     | 0.41                                      | 14210 | 1.74 | 1.32 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 77.9     | 0.55                     | 0.36                                      | 13560 | 2.38 | 1.54 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 49.8     | 0.57                     | 0.43                                      | 13434 | 1.74 | 1.32 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 27.8     | 0.80                     | 0.55                                      | 6664  | 2.11 | 1.45 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 52.6     | 0.56                     | 0.43                                      | 13272 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 18.7     | 0.45                     | 0.32                                      | 14713 | 1.97 | 1.40 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 8.0      | 0.58                     | 0.23                                      | 14362 | 6.59 | 2.57 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.0      | 0.17                     | 0.14                                      | 14322 | 1.43 | 1.20 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.0      | 0.11                     | 0.08                                      | 14322 | 1.56 | 1.25 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.6      | 0.09                     | 0.07                                      | 14322 | 1.85 | 1.36 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 13.7     | 0.36                     | 0.29                                      | 14322 | 1.60 | 1.26 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 4.9      | 0.23                     | 0.18                                      | 14322 | 1.62 | 1.27 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 29.9     | 0.46                     | 0.38                                      | 14322 | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 48.5     | 0.28                     | 0.13                                      | 13448 | 4.72 | 2.17 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |       |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |       | 2.23 | 1.46 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |       | 1.43 | 1.20 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |       | 1.86 | 1.37 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |       | 6.59 | 2.57 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |       | 1.07 | 0.30 |

|  |                 |          | Dooign                   | Simple random            |      |      |      |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------|------|------|
| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | sample<br>standard error | Ν    | DEFF | DEFT |
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 10.8     | 0.54                     | 0.37                     | 6917 | 2.12 | 1.46 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.5      | 0.25                     | 0.19                     | 6917 | 1.80 | 1.34 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 59.9     | 0.92                     | 0.60                     | 6570 | 2.33 | 1.53 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 14.2     | 0.67                     | 0.44                     | 6353 | 2.33 | 1.53 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 29.6     | 0.82                     | 0.64                     | 5112 | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 27.3     | 0.86                     | 0.62                     | 5115 | 1.92 | 1.39 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 18.2     | 0.62                     | 0.47                     | 6833 | 1.74 | 1.32 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 10.9     | 0.51                     | 0.38                     | 6833 | 1.82 | 1.35 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 24.2     | 0.81                     | 0.62                     | 4838 | 1.75 | 1.32 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 57.2     | 0.78                     | 0.58                     | 7198 | 1.78 | 1.33 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 23.1     | 0.66                     | 0.49                     | 7281 | 1.79 | 1.34 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 66.5     | 0.75                     | 0.56                     | 7216 | 1.80 | 1.34 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 89.3     | 0.49                     | 0.36                     | 7276 | 1.80 | 1.34 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 79.6     | 0.62                     | 0.47                     | 7270 | 1.69 | 1.30 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 43.1     | 0.76                     | 0.58                     | 7271 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 32.2     | 0.71                     | 0.55                     | 7283 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 40.7     | 0.71                     | 0.59                     | 7034 | 1.45 | 1.21 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 72.6     | 0.78                     | 0.54                     | 6702 | 2.07 | 1.44 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 46.5     | 0.81                     | 0.61                     | 6641 | 1.76 | 1.33 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 33.7     | 1.24                     | 0.88                     | 2885 | 2.00 | 1.41 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 48.1     | 0.86                     | 0.62                     | 6525 | 1.93 | 1.39 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 17.9     | 0.59                     | 0.45                     | 7328 | 1.73 | 1.31 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 7.3      | 0.56                     | 0.31                     | 7122 | 3.31 | 1.82 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.3      | 0.24                     | 0.21                     | 7084 | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.7      | 0.19                     | 0.15                     | 7084 | 1.61 | 1.27 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 1.2      | 0.17                     | 0.13                     | 7084 | 1.82 | 1.35 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 9.4      | 0.46                     | 0.35                     | 7084 | 1.73 | 1.32 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 5.9      | 0.37                     | 0.28                     | 7084 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 32.8     | 0.68                     | 0.56                     | 7084 | 1.50 | 1.22 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 49.5     | 0.32                     | 0.19                     | 6655 | 2.88 | 1.70 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |                          |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |                          |      | 1.88 | 1.37 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |                          |      | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |                          |      | 1.79 | 1.34 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |                          |      | 3.31 | 1.82 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |                          |      | 0.40 | 0.14 |

# Table I-20. Student design effects, by item using base-year to first follow-up panel weight—Male: 2004

| Table I-21. Student design effects, by item using base-year to first follow-up panel weight—Female: 2004 |
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|--|

|  |                 |          | Design         | Simple random sample |      |      |      |
|--|-----------------|----------|----------------|----------------------|------|------|------|
| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | standard error | standard error       | Ν    | DEFF | DEF1 |
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 15.1     | 0.65           | 0.43                 | 7067 | 2.31 | 1.52 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 1.7      | 0.20           | 0.15                 | 7067 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 69.3     | 0.90           | 0.56                 | 6747 | 2.56 | 1.60 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 15.6     | 0.72           | 0.45                 | 6601 | 2.58 | 1.61 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 22.0     | 0.73           | 0.57                 | 5243 | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 14.4     | 0.67           | 0.49                 | 5239 | 1.88 | 1.37 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 11.2     | 0.47           | 0.38                 | 7010 | 1.57 | 1.25 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 19.2     | 0.66           | 0.47                 | 7009 | 1.96 | 1.40 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 24.8     | 0.83           | 0.61                 | 4967 | 1.84 | 1.36 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 53.8     | 0.66           | 0.59                 | 7251 | 1.26 | 1.12 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 27.1     | 0.70           | 0.52                 | 7348 | 1.82 | 1.35 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 55.1     | 0.80           | 0.58                 | 7290 | 1.89 | 1.37 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 92.3     | 0.41           | 0.31                 | 7355 | 1.74 | 1.32 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 81.1     | 0.65           | 0.46                 | 7350 | 2.01 | 1.42 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 27.8     | 0.68           | 0.52                 | 7354 | 1.67 | 1.2  |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 31.1     | 0.65           | 0.54                 | 7354 | 1.45 | 1.2  |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 36.2     | 0.74           | 0.57                 | 7176 | 1.69 | 1.3  |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 83.2     | 0.61           | 0.45                 | 6858 | 1.86 | 1.30 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 53.1     | 0.76           | 0.61                 | 6793 | 1.56 | 1.2  |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 23.5     | 0.92           | 0.69                 | 3779 | 1.80 | 1.34 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 57.0     | 0.71           | 0.60                 | 6747 | 1.37 | 1.1  |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 19.6     | 0.63           | 0.46                 | 7385 | 1.85 | 1.3  |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 8.7      | 0.76           | 0.33                 | 7240 | 5.26 | 2.29 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.6      | 0.23           | 0.19                 | 7238 | 1.46 | 1.2  |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 0.4      | 0.08           | 0.07                 | 7238 | 1.37 | 1.1  |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.1      | 0.06           | 0.04                 | 7238 | 2.04 | 1.4  |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 17.9     | 0.57           | 0.45                 | 7238 | 1.57 | 1.2  |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 3.9      | 0.27           | 0.23                 | 7238 | 1.38 | 1.1  |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 27.0     | 0.61           | 0.52                 | 7238 | 1.39 | 1.1  |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 47.5     | 0.33           | 0.18                 | 6793 | 3.42 | 1.85 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                |                      |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                |                      |      | 1.93 | 1.3  |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                |                      |      | 1.26 | 1.1  |
| Median   |                 |          |                |                      |      | 1.77 | 1.3  |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                |                      |      | 5.26 | 2.2  |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                |                      |      | 0.77 | 0.2  |

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N   | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|-----|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 4.4      | 2.04                     | 1.91                                      | 116 | 1.14 | 1.07 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 6.0      | 2.83                     | 2.21                                      | 116 | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 39.4     | 6.15                     | 4.77                                      | 106 | 1.67 | 1.29 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 7.7      | 3.41                     | 2.62                                      | 105 | 1.70 | 1.30 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 33.7     | 6.54                     | 5.46                                      | 76  | 1.44 | 1.20 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 31.0     | 6.53                     | 5.30                                      | 77  | 1.52 | 1.23 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 14.0     | 4.32                     | 3.28                                      | 113 | 1.73 | 1.31 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 12.0     | 3.91                     | 3.09                                      | 112 | 1.60 | 1.27 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 28.2     | 8.79                     | 5.50                                      | 68  | 2.55 | 1.60 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 69.4     | 4.37                     | 4.22                                      | 120 | 1.07 | 1.03 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 28.0     | 5.25                     | 4.12                                      | 120 | 1.63 | 1.28 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 68.8     | 5.29                     | 4.26                                      | 119 | 1.54 | 1.24 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 90.1     | 3.70                     | 2.74                                      | 120 | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 71.2     | 6.74                     | 4.15                                      | 120 | 2.64 | 1.62 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 39.3     | 4.94                     | 4.48                                      | 120 | 1.22 | 1.10 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 26.7     | 5.56                     | 4.06                                      | 120 | 1.88 | 1.37 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 34.4     | 4.48                     | 4.47                                      | 114 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 61.6     | 5.52                     | 4.64                                      | 111 | 1.42 | 1.19 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 52.9     | 4.91                     | 4.83                                      | 108 | 1.04 | 1.02 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 39.4     | 8.28                     | 8.92                                      | 31  | 0.86 | 0.93 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 47.4     | 6.75                     | 4.85                                      | 107 | 1.94 | 1.39 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 23.7     | 3.75                     | 3.87                                      | 122 | 0.94 | 0.97 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | #        | #                        | #   | 116 | +    | +    |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.0      | 1.48                     | 1.61                                      | 115 | 0.85 | 0.92 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 2.1      | 1.57                     | 1.35                                      | 115 | 1.37 | 1.17 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.8      | 0.79                     | 0.82                                      | 115 | 0.92 | 0.96 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 9.6      | 3.42                     | 2.77                                      | 115 | 1.53 | 1.24 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F10CC30 = 16    | 4.2      | 2.34                     | 1.87                                      | 115 | 1.57 | 1.25 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 41.1     | 5.18                     | 4.61                                      | 115 | 1.26 | 1.12 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 41.5     | 1.74                     | 1.24                                      | 107 | 1.97 | 1.40 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |     |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |     | 1.50 | 1.21 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |     | 0.85 | 0.92 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |     | 1.53 | 1.24 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |     | 2.64 | 1.62 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |     | 0.45 | 0.18 |

Table I-22. Student design effects, by item using base-year to first follow-up panel weight—American Indian or Alaska Native: 2004

† Not applicable.

<sup>#</sup> Rounds to zero.

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Public-Use Data File, 2004."

| Table I-23. | Student design effects, | by item using | a base-vear to firs | st follow-up panel wei | ght—Asian: 2004 |
|-------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
|             |                         |               |                     |                        |                 |

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|-----------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 13.0     | 1.28                  | 0.89                                      | 1422 | 2.06 | 1.44 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 0.7      | 0.21                  | 0.22                                      | 1422 | 0.92 | 0.96 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 77.3     | 1.95                  | 1.13                                      | 1372 | 2.99 | 1.73 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 30.2     | 2.64                  | 1.25                                      | 1341 | 4.44 | 2.11 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 27.3     | 2.10                  | 1.40                                      | 1017 | 2.26 | 1.50 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 13.3     | 1.82                  | 1.06                                      | 1018 | 2.91 | 1.71 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 13.5     | 1.29                  | 0.91                                      | 1408 | 2.02 | 1.42 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 13.9     | 1.39                  | 0.92                                      | 1414 | 2.29 | 1.51 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 29.4     | 1.89                  | 1.45                                      | 988  | 1.69 | 1.30 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 51.3     | 1.95                  | 1.31                                      | 1450 | 2.21 | 1.49 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 19.5     | 1.54                  | 1.04                                      | 1459 | 2.21 | 1.49 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 51.4     | 1.96                  | 1.31                                      | 1450 | 2.23 | 1.49 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 89.1     | 1.05                  | 0.81                                      | 1463 | 1.65 | 1.28 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 79.9     | 1.30                  | 1.05                                      | 1462 | 1.54 | 1.24 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 41.9     | 1.85                  | 1.29                                      | 1461 | 2.04 | 1.43 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 31.5     | 1.59                  | 1.22                                      | 1461 | 1.70 | 1.31 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 31.1     | 1.58                  | 1.23                                      | 1412 | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 90.1     | 1.24                  | 0.80                                      | 1383 | 2.37 | 1.54 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 52.7     | 1.92                  | 1.35                                      | 1378 | 2.04 | 1.43 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 17.6     | 1.72                  | 1.43                                      | 710  | 1.45 | 1.20 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 45.4     | 1.95                  | 1.35                                      | 1358 | 2.08 | 1.44 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 10.1     | 0.91                  | 0.79                                      | 1467 | 1.35 | 1.16 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 0.4      | 0.29                  | 0.17                                      | 1424 | 2.99 | 1.73 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.9      | 0.99                  | 0.51                                      | 1424 | 3.74 | 1.93 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 0.5      | 0.20                  | 0.19                                      | 1424 | 1.13 | 1.06 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | #        | 0.04                  | 0.05                                      | 1424 | 0.55 | 0.74 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 20.7     | 1.47                  | 1.07                                      | 1424 | 1.88 | 1.37 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 5.3      | 0.85                  | 0.59                                      | 1424 | 2.05 | 1.43 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 36.2     | 1.77                  | 1.27                                      | 1424 | 1.93 | 1.39 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 54.3     | 0.91                  | 0.42                                      | 1384 | 4.63 | 2.15 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                       |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 2.17 | 1.44 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 0.55 | 0.74 |
| Median   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 2.05 | 1.43 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 4.63 | 2.15 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 0.90 | 0.30 |

<sup>#</sup> Rounds to zero.

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|-----------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 9.40     | 0.92                  | 0.69                                      | 1796 | 1.80 | 1.34 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.94     | 0.45                  | 0.40                                      | 1796 | 1.26 | 1.12 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 55.73    | 1.51                  | 1.21                                      | 1681 | 1.56 | 1.25 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 5.17     | 0.60                  | 0.55                                      | 1640 | 1.19 | 1.09 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 32.95    | 1.63                  | 1.36                                      | 1199 | 1.45 | 1.20 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 20.64    | 1.50                  | 1.17                                      | 1198 | 1.65 | 1.28 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 17.97    | 1.00                  | 0.91                                      | 1770 | 1.19 | 1.09 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 17.29    | 1.21                  | 0.90                                      | 1769 | 1.80 | 1.34 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 24.92    | 1.46                  | 1.32                                      | 1071 | 1.22 | 1.11 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 73.43    | 1.16                  | 1.02                                      | 1879 | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 27.05    | 0.98                  | 1.01                                      | 1932 | 0.94 | 0.97 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 64.72    | 1.38                  | 1.09                                      | 1912 | 1.60 | 1.26 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 93.80    | 0.65                  | 0.55                                      | 1935 | 1.40 | 1.18 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 75.51    | 1.17                  | 0.98                                      | 1933 | 1.42 | 1.19 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 55.42    | 1.30                  | 1.13                                      | 1933 | 1.32 | 1.15 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 29.96    | 1.21                  | 1.04                                      | 1937 | 1.35 | 1.16 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 33.22    | 1.18                  | 1.09                                      | 1883 | 1.18 | 1.09 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 78.15    | 1.26                  | 1.00                                      | 1705 | 1.58 | 1.26 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 46.40    | 1.43                  | 1.21                                      | 1694 | 1.38 | 1.18 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 25.52    | 2.23                  | 1.67                                      | 685  | 1.78 | 1.34 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 59.43    | 1.54                  | 1.21                                      | 1659 | 1.63 | 1.28 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 38.09    | 1.33                  | 1.10                                      | 1951 | 1.45 | 1.20 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 0.59     | 0.22                  | 0.18                                      | 1860 | 1.60 | 1.26 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.02     | 0.46                  | 0.40                                      | 1869 | 1.32 | 1.15 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 0.71     | 0.26                  | 0.19                                      | 1869 | 1.84 | 1.36 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.81     | 0.26                  | 0.21                                      | 1869 | 1.55 | 1.25 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 15.19    | 0.94                  | 0.83                                      | 1869 | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 5.50     | 0.69                  | 0.53                                      | 1869 | 1.72 | 1.31 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 25.69    | 1.28                  | 1.01                                      | 1869 | 1.61 | 1.27 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 38.86    | 0.47                  | 0.30                                      | 1699 | 2.47 | 1.57 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                       |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.49 | 1.22 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 0.94 | 0.97 |
| Median   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.45 | 1.20 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 2.47 | 1.57 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 0.29 | 0.11 |

# Table I-24. Student design effects, by item using base-year to first follow-up panel weight—Black or African American: 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Public-Use Data File, 2004."

| Table I-25 Student design effects | by item using base-year to first follow-up panel weight—Hispanic or Latino: 2004 |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
|                                   | by item using buse year to motioned up parter weight inspanie of Eatine. Ever    |  |

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|-----------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 8.7      | 0.88                  | 0.64                                      | 1957 | 1.90 | 1.38 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 3.1      | 0.51                  | 0.39                                      | 1957 | 1.69 | 1.30 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 45.4     | 1.67                  | 1.17                                      | 1825 | 2.05 | 1.43 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 13.9     | 1.11                  | 0.82                                      | 1780 | 1.85 | 1.36 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 26.2     | 1.58                  | 1.22                                      | 1294 | 1.68 | 1.30 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 23.1     | 1.50                  | 1.17                                      | 1291 | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 12.9     | 0.84                  | 0.76                                      | 1935 | 1.22 | 1.10 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 11.0     | 0.78                  | 0.71                                      | 1937 | 1.20 | 1.10 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 24.1     | 1.49                  | 1.24                                      | 1191 | 1.45 | 1.20 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 60.5     | 1.30                  | 1.07                                      | 2078 | 1.48 | 1.22 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 28.3     | 1.32                  | 0.98                                      | 2126 | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 69.4     | 1.11                  | 1.00                                      | 2111 | 1.22 | 1.11 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 89.4     | 0.95                  | 0.67                                      | 2126 | 2.01 | 1.42 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 77.3     | 1.19                  | 0.91                                      | 2126 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 40.9     | 1.33                  | 1.07                                      | 2129 | 1.55 | 1.24 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 26.3     | 1.26                  | 0.95                                      | 2132 | 1.75 | 1.32 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 33.6     | 1.06                  | 1.04                                      | 2071 | 1.05 | 1.02 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 72.7     | 1.46                  | 1.03                                      | 1863 | 2.00 | 1.41 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 56.1     | 1.38                  | 1.16                                      | 1843 | 1.43 | 1.20 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 21.7     | 1.81                  | 1.54                                      | 712  | 1.38 | 1.17 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 53.9     | 1.25                  | 1.17                                      | 1803 | 1.14 | 1.07 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 20.2     | 1.18                  | 0.87                                      | 2147 | 1.86 | 1.36 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 49.4     | 1.95                  | 1.10                                      | 2056 | 3.13 | 1.77 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.5      | 0.38                  | 0.34                                      | 2064 | 1.20 | 1.09 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.0      | 0.26                  | 0.22                                      | 2064 | 1.36 | 1.17 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.5      | 0.19                  | 0.16                                      | 2064 | 1.55 | 1.24 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 12.8     | 0.78                  | 0.74                                      | 2064 | 1.14 | 1.07 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 5.3      | 0.54                  | 0.49                                      | 2064 | 1.19 | 1.09 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 32.0     | 1.05                  | 1.03                                      | 2064 | 1.04 | 1.02 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 41.4     | 0.48                  | 0.32                                      | 1850 | 2.27 | 1.51 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                       |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.60 | 1.25 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.04 | 1.02 |
| Median   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.55 | 1.24 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 3.13 | 1.77 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 0.44 | 0.17 |

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | Ν   | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|-----|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 10.5     | 1.47                     | 1.23                                      | 627 | 1.44 | 1.20 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.0      | 0.84                     | 0.56                                      | 627 | 2.30 | 1.52 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 61.1     | 2.68                     | 2.00                                      | 596 | 1.80 | 1.34 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 13.5     | 1.86                     | 1.41                                      | 588 | 1.74 | 1.32 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 31.6     | 2.83                     | 2.17                                      | 459 | 1.70 | 1.30 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 23.3     | 2.81                     | 1.97                                      | 459 | 2.02 | 1.42 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 14.2     | 1.79                     | 1.40                                      | 623 | 1.63 | 1.28 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 17.8     | 1.83                     | 1.53                                      | 622 | 1.42 | 1.19 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 21.9     | 2.64                     | 1.98                                      | 435 | 1.77 | 1.33 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 60.2     | 2.50                     | 1.91                                      | 658 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 24.6     | 2.21                     | 1.67                                      | 666 | 1.75 | 1.32 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 59.8     | 2.50                     | 1.91                                      | 661 | 1.72 | 1.31 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 87.3     | 1.73                     | 1.29                                      | 664 | 1.78 | 1.34 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 79.3     | 1.88                     | 1.57                                      | 664 | 1.42 | 1.19 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 35.6     | 2.37                     | 1.86                                      | 666 | 1.63 | 1.28 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 33.9     | 2.28                     | 1.83                                      | 667 | 1.55 | 1.24 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 38.7     | 2.55                     | 1.93                                      | 638 | 1.75 | 1.32 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 71.9     | 2.54                     | 1.82                                      | 610 | 1.94 | 1.39 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 46.9     | 2.56                     | 2.04                                      | 601 | 1.58 | 1.26 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 29.8     | 3.78                     | 2.62                                      | 305 | 2.08 | 1.44 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 55.1     | 2.82                     | 2.04                                      | 596 | 1.91 | 1.38 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 22.0     | 1.95                     | 1.60                                      | 670 | 1.49 | 1.22 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 0.7      | 0.42                     | 0.33                                      | 653 | 1.65 | 1.28 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.8      | 0.78                     | 0.65                                      | 657 | 1.46 | 1.21 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 2.2      | 0.85                     | 0.57                                      | 657 | 2.17 | 1.47 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.2      | 0.18                     | 0.17                                      | 657 | 1.20 | 1.09 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 10.5     | 1.42                     | 1.20                                      | 657 | 1.41 | 1.19 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 4.5      | 1.02                     | 0.81                                      | 657 | 1.60 | 1.26 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 29.9     | 2.35                     | 1.79                                      | 657 | 1.73 | 1.32 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 47.9     | 0.79                     | 0.60                                      | 603 | 1.75 | 1.32 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |     |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |     | 1.70 | 1.30 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |     | 1.20 | 1.09 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |     | 1.72 | 1.31 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |     | 2.30 | 1.52 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |     | 0.24 | 0.09 |

# Table I-26. Student design effects, by item using base-year to first follow-up panel weight—More than one race: 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Public-Use Data File, 2004."

| Table I-27. | Student design effects. | by item using base- | vear to first follow-up | panel weight—White: 2004 |
|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
|             |                         |                     |                         |                          |

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|-----------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 15.1     | 0.63                  | 0.40                                      | 8066 | 2.54 | 1.59 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 1.6      | 0.18                  | 0.14                                      | 8066 | 1.68 | 1.30 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 70.9     | 0.83                  | 0.52                                      | 7737 | 2.57 | 1.60 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 16.4     | 0.70                  | 0.43                                      | 7500 | 2.71 | 1.65 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 23.7     | 0.67                  | 0.54                                      | 6310 | 1.56 | 1.25 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 20.5     | 0.70                  | 0.51                                      | 6311 | 1.90 | 1.38 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 14.5     | 0.52                  | 0.39                                      | 7994 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 15.5     | 0.59                  | 0.40                                      | 7988 | 2.16 | 1.47 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 24.3     | 0.75                  | 0.55                                      | 6052 | 1.85 | 1.36 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 49.9     | 0.69                  | 0.55                                      | 8264 | 1.58 | 1.26 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 24.1     | 0.64                  | 0.47                                      | 8326 | 1.84 | 1.35 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 58.2     | 0.76                  | 0.54                                      | 8253 | 1.94 | 1.39 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 90.8     | 0.41                  | 0.32                                      | 8323 | 1.72 | 1.31 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 82.5     | 0.54                  | 0.42                                      | 8315 | 1.68 | 1.30 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 28.8     | 0.65                  | 0.50                                      | 8316 | 1.73 | 1.31 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 33.4     | 0.61                  | 0.52                                      | 8320 | 1.38 | 1.17 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 41.5     | 0.70                  | 0.55                                      | 8092 | 1.62 | 1.27 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 78.9     | 0.64                  | 0.46                                      | 7888 | 1.93 | 1.39 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 48.9     | 0.71                  | 0.57                                      | 7810 | 1.57 | 1.25 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 29.6     | 1.03                  | 0.70                                      | 4221 | 2.16 | 1.47 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 51.2     | 0.68                  | 0.57                                      | 7749 | 1.45 | 1.20 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 14.0     | 0.50                  | 0.38                                      | 8356 | 1.72 | 1.31 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 0.1      | 0.05                  | 0.04                                      | 8253 | 2.07 | 1.44 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.0      | 0.22                  | 0.19                                      | 8193 | 1.32 | 1.15 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.0      | 0.13                  | 0.11                                      | 8193 | 1.46 | 1.21 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.7      | 0.11                  | 0.09                                      | 8193 | 1.52 | 1.23 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 13.4     | 0.46                  | 0.38                                      | 8193 | 1.53 | 1.24 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 4.7      | 0.30                  | 0.23                                      | 8193 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 29.7     | 0.62                  | 0.50                                      | 8193 | 1.50 | 1.22 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 52.0     | 0.28                  | 0.16                                      | 7805 | 2.91 | 1.71 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                       |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.32 | 1.15 |
| Median   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.72 | 1.31 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 2.91 | 1.71 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 0.40 | 0.14 |

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N     | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|-------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 12.9     | 0.51                     | 0.32                                      | 10788 | 2.46 | 1.57 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.2      | 0.17                     | 0.14                                      | 10788 | 1.49 | 1.22 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 62.3     | 0.82                     | 0.48                                      | 10167 | 2.93 | 1.71 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 14.1     | 0.60                     | 0.35                                      | 9933  | 2.95 | 1.72 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 25.8     | 0.60                     | 0.49                                      | 7812  | 1.49 | 1.22 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 21.5     | 0.63                     | 0.46                                      | 7811  | 1.82 | 1.35 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 14.1     | 0.42                     | 0.34                                      | 10664 | 1.54 | 1.24 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 14.6     | 0.49                     | 0.34                                      | 10667 | 2.03 | 1.42 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 23.5     | 0.63                     | 0.49                                      | 7341  | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 56.3     | 0.59                     | 0.47                                      | 11239 | 1.59 | 1.26 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 25.7     | 0.53                     | 0.41                                      | 11402 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 62.0     | 0.61                     | 0.46                                      | 11305 | 1.80 | 1.34 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 90.8     | 0.34                     | 0.27                                      | 11405 | 1.61 | 1.27 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 79.8     | 0.48                     | 0.38                                      | 11398 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 36.1     | 0.60                     | 0.45                                      | 11402 | 1.81 | 1.34 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 31.4     | 0.52                     | 0.43                                      | 11414 | 1.46 | 1.21 |
| Nother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 38.1     | 0.58                     | 0.46                                      | 11072 | 1.55 | 1.25 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 76.6     | 0.60                     | 0.42                                      | 10399 | 2.06 | 1.44 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 49.7     | 0.61                     | 0.49                                      | 10277 | 1.52 | 1.23 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 27.8     | 0.89                     | 0.66                                      | 4599  | 1.81 | 1.34 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 52.4     | 0.60                     | 0.50                                      | 10131 | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 19.2     | 0.48                     | 0.37                                      | 11477 | 1.74 | 1.32 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 8.4      | 0.62                     | 0.26                                      | 11182 | 5.65 | 2.38 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.0      | 0.18                     | 0.16                                      | 11140 | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.0      | 0.11                     | 0.10                                      | 11140 | 1.37 | 1.17 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.7      | 0.10                     | 0.08                                      | 11140 | 1.57 | 1.25 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 13.2     | 0.38                     | 0.32                                      | 11140 | 1.41 | 1.19 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 5.0      | 0.25                     | 0.21                                      | 11140 | 1.42 | 1.19 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 29.7     | 0.50                     | 0.43                                      | 11140 | 1.32 | 1.15 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 47.8     | 0.30                     | 0.15                                      | 10292 | 4.16 | 2.04 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |       |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |       | 1.94 | 1.37 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |       | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |       | 1.63 | 1.28 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |       | 5.65 | 2.38 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |       | 0.92 | 0.27 |

#### Table I-28. Student design effects, by item using base-year to first follow-up panel weight—Public: 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Public-Use Data File, 2004."

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 12.5     | 1.38                     | 0.76                                      | 1884 | 3.27 | 1.81 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 0.5      | 0.16                     | 0.16                                      | 1884 | 1.04 | 1.02 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 91.4     | 1.15                     | 0.65                                      | 1873 | 3.14 | 1.77 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 22.5     | 2.05                     | 0.99                                      | 1792 | 4.31 | 2.08 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 26.0     | 1.79                     | 1.12                                      | 1541 | 2.56 | 1.60 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 17.7     | 1.35                     | 0.97                                      | 1543 | 1.93 | 1.39 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 22.1     | 1.66                     | 0.96                                      | 1876 | 2.99 | 1.73 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 15.3     | 1.34                     | 0.83                                      | 1877 | 2.60 | 1.61 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 36.0     | 1.98                     | 1.24                                      | 1500 | 2.55 | 1.60 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 52.3     | 2.11                     | 1.15                                      | 1881 | 3.34 | 1.83 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 16.8     | 1.06                     | 0.86                                      | 1892 | 1.51 | 1.23 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 43.2     | 1.79                     | 1.14                                      | 1874 | 2.45 | 1.56 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 90.9     | 0.66                     | 0.66                                      | 1890 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 87.1     | 0.93                     | 0.77                                      | 1890 | 1.45 | 1.20 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 29.2     | 1.63                     | 1.05                                      | 1888 | 2.41 | 1.55 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 37.9     | 1.34                     | 1.12                                      | 1889 | 1.44 | 1.20 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 42.6     | 1.62                     | 1.15                                      | 1840 | 1.97 | 1.40 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 93.9     | 0.77                     | 0.55                                      | 1874 | 1.97 | 1.40 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 51.2     | 1.69                     | 1.15                                      | 1875 | 2.14 | 1.46 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 31.8     | 1.88                     | 1.30                                      | 1289 | 2.10 | 1.45 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 56.6     | 1.28                     | 1.15                                      | 1865 | 1.24 | 1.11 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 12.4     | 0.75                     | 0.76                                      | 1898 | 0.97 | 0.99 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 3.0      | 0.94                     | 0.39                                      | 1878 | 5.77 | 2.40 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.2      | 0.34                     | 0.41                                      | 1876 | 0.71 | 0.84 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 0.8      | 0.26                     | 0.20                                      | 1876 | 1.60 | 1.27 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | #        | #                        | #   | 1876 | +    | +    |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 17.5     | 1.23                     | 0.88                                      | 1876 | 1.98 | 1.41 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 3.6      | 0.52                     | 0.43                                      | 1876 | 1.45 | 1.21 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 31.0     | 1.13                     | 1.07                                      | 1876 | 1.12 | 1.06 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 55.9     | 0.60                     | 0.29                                      | 1879 | 4.29 | 2.07 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 2.25 | 1.46 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 0.71 | 0.84 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.98 | 1.41 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 5.77 | 2.40 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.15 | 0.37 |

† Not applicable. <sup>#</sup> Rounds to zero. NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 15.5     | 1.70                     | 1.00                                      | 1312 | 2.89 | 1.70 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 0.6      | 0.16                     | 0.21                                      | 1312 | 0.61 | 0.78 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 86.2     | 2.48                     | 0.97                                      | 1277 | 6.58 | 2.57 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 25.1     | 3.11                     | 1.24                                      | 1229 | 6.32 | 2.51 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 24.2     | 2.19                     | 1.35                                      | 1002 | 2.62 | 1.62 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 7.9      | 1.04                     | 0.85                                      | 1000 | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 20.7     | 2.48                     | 1.12                                      | 1303 | 4.88 | 2.21 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 26.3     | 3.11                     | 1.22                                      | 1298 | 6.47 | 2.54 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 32.6     | 2.28                     | 1.51                                      | 964  | 2.28 | 1.51 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 39.3     | 2.38                     | 1.34                                      | 1329 | 3.16 | 1.78 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 20.3     | 2.18                     | 1.10                                      | 1335 | 3.93 | 1.98 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 50.1     | 2.94                     | 1.37                                      | 1327 | 4.58 | 2.14 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 89.3     | 1.10                     | 0.84                                      | 1336 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 86.8     | 1.04                     | 0.93                                      | 1332 | 1.26 | 1.12 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 26.4     | 1.69                     | 1.21                                      | 1335 | 1.97 | 1.40 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 31.7     | 1.72                     | 1.27                                      | 1334 | 1.82 | 1.35 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 41.6     | 1.79                     | 1.37                                      | 1298 | 1.71 | 1.31 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 90.4     | 1.61                     | 0.82                                      | 1287 | 3.83 | 1.96 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 49.8     | 2.15                     | 1.40                                      | 1282 | 2.36 | 1.54 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 22.7     | 1.63                     | 1.50                                      | 776  | 1.17 | 1.08 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 52.5     | 1.89                     | 1.40                                      | 1276 | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 13.3     | 1.28                     | 0.93                                      | 1338 | 1.90 | 1.38 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 2.5      | 1.22                     | 0.43                                      | 1302 | 7.82 | 2.80 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.1      | 0.68                     | 0.48                                      | 1306 | 2.04 | 1.43 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 0.8      | 0.27                     | 0.24                                      | 1306 | 1.20 | 1.09 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.2      | 0.19                     | 0.12                                      | 1306 | 2.45 | 1.56 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 22.0     | 1.73                     | 1.15                                      | 1306 | 2.27 | 1.51 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 2.7      | 0.48                     | 0.45                                      | 1306 | 1.18 | 1.09 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 34.3     | 1.63                     | 1.31                                      | 1306 | 1.53 | 1.24 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 57.5     | 0.96                     | 0.38                                      | 1277 | 6.23 | 2.50 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 3.00 | 1.65 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 0.61 | 0.78 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 2.28 | 1.51 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 7.82 | 2.80 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.96 | 0.53 |

# Table I-30. Student design effects, by item using base-year to first follow-up panel weight—Other private: 2004

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|-----------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 7.3      | 0.57                  | 0.47                                      | 3054 | 1.46 | 1.21 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 3.4      | 0.42                  | 0.33                                      | 3054 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 42.7     | 1.31                  | 0.93                                      | 2831 | 1.98 | 1.41 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 7.6      | 0.69                  | 0.50                                      | 2761 | 1.90 | 1.38 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 26.4     | 1.17                  | 0.97                                      | 2083 | 1.46 | 1.21 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 19.0     | 1.11                  | 0.86                                      | 2081 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 12.8     | 0.75                  | 0.61                                      | 2996 | 1.51 | 1.23 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 13.6     | 0.72                  | 0.63                                      | 3001 | 1.33 | 1.15 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 21.1     | 1.18                  | 0.93                                      | 1910 | 1.60 | 1.27 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 63.3     | 1.05                  | 0.84                                      | 3317 | 1.57 | 1.25 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 25.8     | 0.92                  | 0.75                                      | 3371 | 1.48 | 1.22 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 70.2     | 0.93                  | 0.79                                      | 3342 | 1.37 | 1.17 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 89.3     | 0.64                  | 0.53                                      | 3377 | 1.44 | 1.20 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 77.4     | 0.92                  | 0.72                                      | 3376 | 1.63 | 1.28 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 41.2     | 0.99                  | 0.85                                      | 3376 | 1.36 | 1.17 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 25.8     | 0.92                  | 0.75                                      | 3383 | 1.50 | 1.22 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 33.2     | 0.95                  | 0.83                                      | 3259 | 1.32 | 1.15 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 66.4     | 1.15                  | 0.88                                      | 2905 | 1.73 | 1.31 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 48.2     | 1.14                  | 0.93                                      | 2865 | 1.50 | 1.22 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 23.8     | 1.62                  | 1.35                                      | 996  | 1.44 | 1.20 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 51.6     | 1.11                  | 0.94                                      | 2800 | 1.37 | 1.17 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 27.0     | 1.00                  | 0.76                                      | 3409 | 1.73 | 1.32 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 21.4     | 1.60                  | 0.72                                      | 3289 | 4.99 | 2.23 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.3      | 0.28                  | 0.26                                      | 3279 | 1.12 | 1.06 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 0.9      | 0.18                  | 0.17                                      | 3279 | 1.13 | 1.06 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 1.4      | 0.27                  | 0.20                                      | 3279 | 1.81 | 1.34 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 11.6     | 0.62                  | 0.56                                      | 3279 | 1.22 | 1.10 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 5.5      | 0.45                  | 0.40                                      | 3279 | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 31.5     | 0.95                  | 0.81                                      | 3279 | 1.37 | 1.17 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 40.2     | 0.36                  | 0.24                                      | 2870 | 2.20 | 1.48 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                       |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.64 | 1.26 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.12 | 1.06 |
| Median   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 1.49 | 1.22 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                       |   |      | 4.99 | 2.23 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                       |   |      | 0.68 | 0.21 |

Table I-31. Student design effects, by item using base-year to first follow-up panel weight—Low socioeconomic status (SES): 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 11.4     | 0.55                     | 0.39                                      | 6765 | 1.99 | 1.41 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.0      | 0.22                     | 0.17                                      | 6765 | 1.63 | 1.28 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 62.4     | 0.87                     | 0.60                                      | 6436 | 2.09 | 1.44 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 11.1     | 0.54                     | 0.40                                      | 6274 | 1.84 | 1.36 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 25.9     | 0.71                     | 0.62                                      | 5008 | 1.32 | 1.15 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 22.2     | 0.83                     | 0.59                                      | 5008 | 1.99 | 1.41 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 15.1     | 0.54                     | 0.44                                      | 6713 | 1.53 | 1.24 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 15.0     | 0.61                     | 0.44                                      | 6711 | 1.97 | 1.40 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 22.8     | 0.81                     | 0.61                                      | 4726 | 1.78 | 1.33 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 56.6     | 0.77                     | 0.59                                      | 6961 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 27.1     | 0.63                     | 0.53                                      | 7051 | 1.41 | 1.19 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 63.3     | 0.76                     | 0.58                                      | 6982 | 1.72 | 1.31 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 91.2     | 0.45                     | 0.34                                      | 7047 | 1.74 | 1.32 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 80.2     | 0.63                     | 0.47                                      | 7041 | 1.78 | 1.33 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 35.7     | 0.76                     | 0.57                                      | 7045 | 1.80 | 1.34 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 33.6     | 0.64                     | 0.56                                      | 7049 | 1.29 | 1.14 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 39.5     | 0.76                     | 0.59                                      | 6833 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 76.6     | 0.68                     | 0.52                                      | 6568 | 1.69 | 1.30 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 51.3     | 0.76                     | 0.62                                      | 6498 | 1.51 | 1.23 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 27.6     | 1.09                     | 0.81                                      | 3034 | 1.80 | 1.34 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 53.0     | 0.80                     | 0.62                                      | 6422 | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 19.1     | 0.59                     | 0.47                                      | 7083 | 1.62 | 1.27 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 4.5      | 0.34                     | 0.25                                      | 6912 | 1.85 | 1.36 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.8      | 0.23                     | 0.20                                      | 6896 | 1.37 | 1.17 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.1      | 0.16                     | 0.13                                      | 6896 | 1.56 | 1.25 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.6      | 0.12                     | 0.09                                      | 6896 | 1.59 | 1.26 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 11.8     | 0.44                     | 0.39                                      | 6896 | 1.31 | 1.14 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 5.5      | 0.32                     | 0.27                                      | 6896 | 1.40 | 1.18 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 29.4     | 0.62                     | 0.55                                      | 6896 | 1.29 | 1.14 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 47.5     | 0.27                     | 0.18                                      | 6509 | 2.37 | 1.54 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.67 | 1.29 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.29 | 1.14 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 2.37 | 1.54 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 0.26 | 0.10 |

Table I-32. Student design effects, by item using base-year to first follow-up panel weight—Middle socioeconomic status (SES): 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 20.7     | 0.96                     | 0.63                                      | 4165 | 2.34 | 1.53 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 1.1      | 0.23                     | 0.16                                      | 4165 | 2.06 | 1.43 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 86.8     | 0.78                     | 0.53                                      | 4050 | 2.15 | 1.46 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 28.1     | 1.21                     | 0.72                                      | 3919 | 2.86 | 1.69 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 24.9     | 1.07                     | 0.76                                      | 3264 | 2.00 | 1.42 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 19.7     | 0.95                     | 0.70                                      | 3265 | 1.85 | 1.36 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 15.4     | 0.76                     | 0.56                                      | 4134 | 1.84 | 1.36 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 16.3     | 0.81                     | 0.57                                      | 4130 | 1.99 | 1.41 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 29.8     | 1.07                     | 0.81                                      | 3169 | 1.72 | 1.31 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 45.8     | 1.07                     | 0.77                                      | 4171 | 1.93 | 1.39 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 20.4     | 0.95                     | 0.62                                      | 4207 | 2.32 | 1.52 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 46.8     | 0.98                     | 0.77                                      | 4182 | 1.62 | 1.27 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 91.5     | 0.51                     | 0.43                                      | 4207 | 1.38 | 1.18 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 83.3     | 0.77                     | 0.57                                      | 4203 | 1.78 | 1.33 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 29.5     | 0.95                     | 0.70                                      | 4204 | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 33.5     | 0.94                     | 0.73                                      | 4205 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 41.4     | 0.98                     | 0.77                                      | 4118 | 1.61 | 1.27 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 90.2     | 0.69                     | 0.46                                      | 4087 | 2.21 | 1.49 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 48.4     | 0.97                     | 0.78                                      | 4071 | 1.55 | 1.24 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 29.8     | 1.30                     | 0.89                                      | 2634 | 2.13 | 1.46 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 52.6     | 1.08                     | 0.78                                      | 4050 | 1.89 | 1.38 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 9.8      | 0.62                     | 0.46                                      | 4221 | 1.84 | 1.36 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 2.0      | 0.31                     | 0.22                                      | 4161 | 1.98 | 1.41 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.8      | 0.41                     | 0.30                                      | 4147 | 1.85 | 1.36 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 0.9      | 0.20                     | 0.15                                      | 4147 | 1.85 | 1.36 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.1      | 0.05                     | 0.04                                      | 4147 | 1.53 | 1.24 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 19.5     | 0.74                     | 0.62                                      | 4147 | 1.46 | 1.21 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 3.2      | 0.35                     | 0.27                                      | 4147 | 1.67 | 1.29 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 29.4     | 1.00                     | 0.71                                      | 4147 | 1.98 | 1.41 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 57.3     | 0.35                     | 0.21                                      | 4069 | 2.75 | 1.66 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.92 | 1.38 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.38 | 1.18 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.85 | 1.36 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 2.86 | 1.69 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 0.34 | 0.12 |

#### Table I-33. Student design effects, by item using base-year to first follow-up panel weight—High socioeconomic status (SES): 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Public-Use Data File, 2004."

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 12.8     | 0.91                     | 0.49                                      | 4664 | 3.44 | 1.85 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.3      | 0.31                     | 0.22                                      | 4664 | 2.05 | 1.43 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 65.0     | 1.56                     | 0.72                                      | 4430 | 4.73 | 2.18 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 18.5     | 1.28                     | 0.59                                      | 4313 | 4.68 | 2.16 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 27.4     | 1.11                     | 0.77                                      | 3340 | 2.08 | 1.44 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 21.9     | 1.12                     | 0.72                                      | 3342 | 2.46 | 1.57 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 14.1     | 0.79                     | 0.51                                      | 4618 | 2.40 | 1.55 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 14.6     | 0.86                     | 0.52                                      | 4619 | 2.72 | 1.65 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 27.6     | 1.18                     | 0.79                                      | 3165 | 2.20 | 1.48 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 59.4     | 1.06                     | 0.71                                      | 4846 | 2.27 | 1.51 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 24.1     | 0.98                     | 0.61                                      | 4913 | 2.56 | 1.60 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 61.0     | 1.10                     | 0.70                                      | 4871 | 2.48 | 1.57 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 90.7     | 0.57                     | 0.41                                      | 4918 | 1.92 | 1.39 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 78.6     | 0.87                     | 0.58                                      | 4919 | 2.19 | 1.48 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 39.0     | 0.99                     | 0.70                                      | 4918 | 2.04 | 1.43 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 31.0     | 0.95                     | 0.66                                      | 4915 | 2.06 | 1.43 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 36.5     | 0.92                     | 0.70                                      | 4755 | 1.73 | 1.32 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 79.4     | 0.91                     | 0.60                                      | 4508 | 2.26 | 1.50 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 51.2     | 1.10                     | 0.75                                      | 4452 | 2.16 | 1.47 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 26.6     | 1.62                     | 0.92                                      | 2327 | 3.12 | 1.77 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 55.0     | 1.05                     | 0.75                                      | 4393 | 1.96 | 1.40 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 23.0     | 1.01                     | 0.60                                      | 4950 | 2.87 | 1.69 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 13.8     | 1.43                     | 0.50                                      | 4800 | 8.28 | 2.88 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.8      | 0.31                     | 0.24                                      | 4806 | 1.66 | 1.29 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F10CC30 = 7     | 0.8      | 0.15                     | 0.13                                      | 4806 | 1.41 | 1.19 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.5      | 0.19                     | 0.10                                      | 4806 | 3.33 | 1.82 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 16.4     | 0.71                     | 0.53                                      | 4806 | 1.77 | 1.33 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 4.7      | 0.46                     | 0.31                                      | 4806 | 2.23 | 1.49 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 29.8     | 0.80                     | 0.66                                      | 4806 | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 47.0     | 0.62                     | 0.23                                      | 4468 | 7.35 | 2.71 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 2.80 | 1.63 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.41 | 1.19 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 2.25 | 1.50 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 8.28 | 2.88 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.58 | 0.39 |

#### Table I-34. Student design effects, by item using base-year to first follow-up panel weight—Urban: 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Public-Use Data File, 2004."

| Table I-35. Student design | effects. by item using l | base-vear to first follow-up r | banel weight—Suburban: 2004 |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|                            |                          |                                |                             |

| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 12.5     | 0.67                     | 0.40                                      | 6758 | 2.77 | 1.66 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 1.9      | 0.22                     | 0.17                                      | 6758 | 1.73 | 1.32 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 65.4     | 1.05                     | 0.59                                      | 6449 | 3.11 | 1.76 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 14.2     | 0.78                     | 0.44                                      | 6262 | 3.09 | 1.76 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 25.6     | 0.80                     | 0.61                                      | 5082 | 1.70 | 1.30 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 21.2     | 0.81                     | 0.57                                      | 5081 | 2.00 | 1.42 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 15.4     | 0.55                     | 0.44                                      | 6693 | 1.56 | 1.25 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 14.7     | 0.62                     | 0.43                                      | 6694 | 2.04 | 1.43 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 24.3     | 0.80                     | 0.62                                      | 4816 | 1.70 | 1.30 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 53.8     | 0.77                     | 0.60                                      | 6941 | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 25.0     | 0.69                     | 0.52                                      | 7026 | 1.81 | 1.34 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 60.7     | 0.76                     | 0.59                                      | 6965 | 1.70 | 1.31 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 91.0     | 0.43                     | 0.34                                      | 7027 | 1.58 | 1.26 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 81.1     | 0.64                     | 0.47                                      | 7016 | 1.85 | 1.36 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 34.8     | 0.84                     | 0.57                                      | 7021 | 2.18 | 1.48 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 32.3     | 0.71                     | 0.56                                      | 7037 | 1.60 | 1.27 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 39.5     | 0.78                     | 0.59                                      | 6857 | 1.73 | 1.32 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 78.2     | 0.79                     | 0.51                                      | 6562 | 2.43 | 1.56 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 49.4     | 0.79                     | 0.62                                      | 6512 | 1.62 | 1.27 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 27.9     | 1.04                     | 0.79                                      | 3207 | 1.73 | 1.32 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 51.6     | 0.79                     | 0.62                                      | 6446 | 1.63 | 1.28 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 17.0     | 0.56                     | 0.45                                      | 7063 | 1.56 | 1.25 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 6.4      | 0.73                     | 0.29                                      | 6914 | 6.22 | 2.49 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 3.1      | 0.24                     | 0.21                                      | 6896 | 1.35 | 1.16 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.1      | 0.16                     | 0.13                                      | 6896 | 1.68 | 1.29 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.6      | 0.11                     | 0.09                                      | 6896 | 1.42 | 1.19 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 12.7     | 0.51                     | 0.40                                      | 6896 | 1.59 | 1.26 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 4.8      | 0.32                     | 0.26                                      | 6896 | 1.51 | 1.23 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 29.6     | 0.70                     | 0.55                                      | 6896 | 1.63 | 1.28 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 49.3     | 0.38                     | 0.19                                      | 6513 | 4.24 | 2.06 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                          |   |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 2.08 | 1.42 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.35 | 1.16 |
| Median   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.70 | 1.30 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                          |   |      | 6.22 | 2.49 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                          |   |      | 1.00 | 0.28 |

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Public-Use Data File, 2004."

|  |                 |          | Design         | Simple random<br>sample |      |      |      |
|--|-----------------|----------|----------------|-------------------------|------|------|------|
| Survey item (or composite variable)  | Variable        | Estimate | standard error | standard error          | N    | DEFF | DEFT |
| Most likely to receive an honors diploma from high school                      | F1S15 = 2       | 14.3     | 0.98           | 0.69                    | 2562 | 2.01 | 1.42 |
| Most likely to receive a GED   | F1S15 = 5       | 2.2      | 0.34           | 0.29                    | 2562 | 1.39 | 1.18 |
| Already took the SAT or ACT  | F1S21C = 3      | 62.0     | 1.58           | 0.98                    | 2438 | 2.59 | 1.61 |
| Already took an AP test  | F1S21D = 3      | 11.5     | 0.92           | 0.65                    | 2379 | 1.97 | 1.40 |
| Had something stolen at school at least once                                   | F1S25A = 2,3    | 23.9     | 1.13           | 0.97                    | 1933 | 1.35 | 1.16 |
| Was offered drugs at school at least once                                      | F1S25B = 2,3    | 18.3     | 1.24           | 0.88                    | 1931 | 1.98 | 1.41 |
| Participated in intramural sports at school (not as an officer/leader/captain) | F1S26A = 2      | 13.6     | 0.84           | 0.68                    | 2532 | 1.51 | 1.23 |
| Participated in school band (not as an officer/leader/captain)                 | F1S26C = 2      | 16.6     | 1.17           | 0.74                    | 2529 | 2.51 | 1.59 |
| Spends 1-3 hours a week on math homework outside of school                     | F1S32B = 4      | 21.2     | 1.37           | 0.96                    | 1824 | 2.04 | 1.43 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                                     | F1S34A = 4,5,6  | 54.2     | 1.21           | 0.97                    | 2662 | 1.56 | 1.25 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week                                 | F1S37A = 4      | 26.8     | 1.09           | 0.85                    | 2690 | 1.61 | 1.27 |
| Rarely or never performs community service                                     | F1S39C = 1      | 60.8     | 1.47           | 0.94                    | 2670 | 2.42 | 1.56 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important                             | F1S40A = 3      | 90.5     | 0.82           | 0.57                    | 2686 | 2.10 | 1.45 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                                    | F1S40B = 3      | 81.0     | 0.95           | 0.76                    | 2685 | 1.58 | 1.26 |
| Having lots of money is very important   | F1S40C = 3      | 31.8     | 1.14           | 0.90                    | 2686 | 1.62 | 1.27 |
| Expects to earn a 4-year degree, nothing more                                  | F1S42 = 6       | 30.9     | 0.96           | 0.89                    | 2685 | 1.16 | 1.08 |
| Mother expects student to graduate from college, nothing more                  | F1S43A = 6      | 38.8     | 1.21           | 0.96                    | 2598 | 1.59 | 1.26 |
| Plans to continue education right after high school                            | F1S47 = 2       | 75.2     | 1.34           | 0.87                    | 2490 | 2.41 | 1.55 |
| Plans to hold a part-time job right after school                               | F1S53 = 2       | 48.8     | 1.22           | 1.01                    | 2470 | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| Volunteered with a youth organization  | F1S63A = 1      | 29.4     | 1.81           | 1.36                    | 1130 | 1.79 | 1.34 |
| Often discusses grades with parents  | F1S64D = 3      | 51.6     | 1.16           | 1.01                    | 2433 | 1.31 | 1.14 |
| Lives with mother only   | F1FCOMP = 5     | 16.6     | 0.97           | 0.72                    | 2700 | 1.83 | 1.35 |
| Native language is Spanish   | F1HOMLNG = 2    | 3.3      | 0.39           | 0.35                    | 2648 | 1.25 | 1.12 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator                               | F1OCC30 = 6     | 2.8      | 0.37           | 0.32                    | 2620 | 1.30 | 1.14 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military  | F1OCC30 = 7     | 1.1      | 0.24           | 0.20                    | 2620 | 1.35 | 1.16 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative   | F1OCC30 = 8     | 0.9      | 0.23           | 0.19                    | 2620 | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)                               | F1OCC30 = 10    | 12.1     | 0.76           | 0.64                    | 2620 | 1.43 | 1.19 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field                                   | F1OCC30 = 16    | 5.5      | 0.48           | 0.45                    | 2620 | 1.15 | 1.07 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                                      | F1OCC30 = -1    | 31.0     | 0.92           | 0.90                    | 2620 | 1.04 | 1.02 |
| Mathematics test score   | F1TXM1IR = 0-85 | 48.5     | 0.45           | 0.29                    | 2467 | 2.39 | 1.55 |
| Summary statistics   |                 |          |                |                         |      |      |      |
| Mean   |                 |          |                |                         |      | 1.71 | 1.30 |
| Minimum  |                 |          |                |                         |      | 1.04 | 1.02 |
| Median   |                 |          |                |                         |      | 1.59 | 1.26 |
| Maximum  |                 |          |                |                         |      | 2.59 | 1.61 |
| Standard deviation   |                 |          |                |                         |      | 0.44 | 0.17 |

#### Table I-36. Student design effects, by item using base-year to first follow-up panel weight—Rural: 2004

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Public-Use Data File, 2004."

#### Table I-37. Dropout design effects, by item using first follow-up questionnaire weight—All: 2004

| Survey item (or composite variable)                        | Variable     | Estimate | Design standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N   | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|--------------|----------|-----------------------|---|-----|------|------|
| 11th grade was the last grade attended in school           | F1D20 = 2    | 49.3     | 2.13                  | 1.94                                      | 668 | 1.21 | 1.10 |
| Left school for a job                                      | F1D29A = 1   | 27.9     | 2.04                  | 1.72                                      | 679 | 1.41 | 1.19 |
| Left school because they did not like it                   | F1D29B = 1   | 36.4     | 2.21                  | 1.85                                      | 680 | 1.43 | 1.19 |
| Left school because they could not get along with teachers | F1D29C = 1   | 24.9     | 2.10                  | 1.66                                      | 681 | 1.60 | 1.27 |
| Left school because they were pregnant                     | F1D29E = 1   | 28.6     | 2.93                  | 2.63                                      | 296 | 1.24 | 1.11 |
| Left school because they did not feel safe                 | F1D29I = 1   | 9.9      | 1.42                  | 1.15                                      | 677 | 1.53 | 1.24 |
| Left school because they were expelled                     | F1D29K = 1   | 10.2     | 1.38                  | 1.16                                      | 679 | 1.41 | 1.19 |
| Left school because they had no feeling of belonging       | F1D29L = 1   | 19.6     | 1.87                  | 1.52                                      | 679 | 1.51 | 1.23 |
| Left school because they were getting poor grades/failing  | F1D29N = 1   | 38.0     | 2.14                  | 1.86                                      | 680 | 1.31 | 1.15 |
| Left school because getting a GED was easier               | F1D29T = 1   | 40.1     | 2.29                  | 1.88                                      | 678 | 1.48 | 1.22 |
| Plans to get GED or high school diploma                    | F1D41 = 2    | 87.0     | 1.47                  | 1.29                                      | 677 | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| Currently taking class to prepare for the GED              | F1D46 = 1    | 20.5     | 1.92                  | 1.67                                      | 586 | 1.32 | 1.15 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                 | F1D51A = 4   | 18.7     | 1.66                  | 1.51                                      | 666 | 1.21 | 1.10 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week             | F1D54A = 4   | 22.4     | 1.77                  | 1.60                                      | 678 | 1.22 | 1.10 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important         | F1D56A = 3   | 84.0     | 1.59                  | 1.41                                      | 674 | 1.28 | 1.13 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                | F1D56B = 3   | 75.1     | 1.98                  | 1.66                                      | 677 | 1.42 | 1.19 |
| Having lots of money is very important                     | F1D56C = 3   | 43.8     | 2.25                  | 1.91                                      | 677 | 1.39 | 1.18 |
| Having strong friendships is very important                | F1D56D = 3   | 74.6     | 1.88                  | 1.68                                      | 674 | 1.25 | 1.12 |
| Being able to find steady work is very important           | F1D56E = 3   | 87.3     | 1.36                  | 1.28                                      | 676 | 1.12 | 1.06 |
| Lives with mother only                                     | F1FCOMP = 5  | 26.2     | 1.86                  | 1.68                                      | 686 | 1.22 | 1.10 |
| Native language is Spanish                                 | F1HOMLNG = 2 | 16.1     | 2.06                  | 1.44                                      | 650 | 2.04 | 1.43 |
| At age 30 expects to be a farmer, farm manager             | F1OCC30 = 3  | #        | #                     | #   | 662 | +    | +    |
| At age 30 expects to be a homemaker                        | F1OCC30 = 4  | 0.1      | 0.12                  | 0.13                                      | 662 | 0.76 | 0.87 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator           | F1OCC30 = 6  | 2.8      | 0.66                  | 0.65                                      | 662 | 1.04 | 1.02 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military                    | F1OCC30 = 7  | 0.3      | 0.19                  | 0.22                                      | 662 | 0.74 | 0.86 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative                       | F1OCC30 = 8  | 1.7      | 0.55                  | 0.50                                      | 662 | 1.22 | 1.10 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)           | F1OCC30 = 10 | 5.9      | 1.07                  | 0.92                                      | 662 | 1.36 | 1.17 |
| At age 30 expects to be a school teacher                   | F1OCC30 = 14 | 0.6      | 0.31                  | 0.29                                      | 662 | 1.10 | 1.05 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field               | F1OCC30 = 16 | 3.6      | 0.85                  | 0.72                                      | 662 | 1.39 | 1.18 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                  | F1OCC30 = -1 | 36.8     | 2.27                  | 1.88                                      | 662 | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| Summary statistics   |              |          |                       |   |     |      |      |
| Mean   |              |          |                       |   |     | 1.31 | 1.14 |
| Minimum  |              |          |                       |   |     | 0.74 | 0.86 |
| Median   |              |          |                       |   |     | 1.31 | 1.15 |
| Maximum  |              |          |                       |   |     | 2.04 | 1.43 |
| Standard deviation   |              |          |                       |   |     | 0.24 | 0.11 |

<sup>+</sup> Not applicable. <sup>#</sup> Rounds to zero.

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Public-Use Data File, 2004."

| Survey item (or composite variable)                        | Variable     | Estimate | Design<br>standard error | Simple random<br>sample<br>standard error | N   | DEFF | DEFT |
|--|--------------|----------|--------------------------|---|-----|------|------|
| 11th grade was the last grade attended in school           | F1D20 = 2    | 49.8     | 2.15                     | 1.96                                      | 651 | 1.20 | 1.09 |
| Left school for a job                                      | F1D29A = 1   | 27.8     | 2.07                     | 1.74                                      | 662 | 1.42 | 1.19 |
| Left school because they did not like it                   | F1D29B = 1   | 36.6     | 2.27                     | 1.87                                      | 663 | 1.47 | 1.21 |
| Left school because they could not get along with teachers | F1D29C = 1   | 25.0     | 2.15                     | 1.68                                      | 664 | 1.64 | 1.28 |
| Left school because they were pregnant                     | F1D29E = 1   | 27.8     | 2.91                     | 2.64                                      | 289 | 1.21 | 1.10 |
| Left school because they did not feel safe                 | F1D29I = 1   | 10.0     | 1.45                     | 1.17                                      | 660 | 1.54 | 1.24 |
| Left school because they were expelled                     | F1D29K = 1   | 9.9      | 1.37                     | 1.16                                      | 662 | 1.41 | 1.19 |
| Left school because they had no feeling of belonging       | F1D29L = 1   | 19.9     | 1.96                     | 1.55                                      | 662 | 1.59 | 1.26 |
| Left school because they were getting poor grades/failing  | F1D29N = 1   | 38.0     | 2.16                     | 1.89                                      | 663 | 1.31 | 1.15 |
| Left school because getting a GED was easier               | F1D29T = 1   | 40.5     | 2.33                     | 1.91                                      | 661 | 1.49 | 1.22 |
| Plans to get GED or high school diploma                    | F1D41 = 2    | 86.8     | 1.51                     | 1.32                                      | 660 | 1.32 | 1.15 |
| Currently taking class to prepare for the GED              | F1D46 = 1    | 20.7     | 1.96                     | 1.70                                      | 571 | 1.33 | 1.15 |
| Watches TV/DVD 2-3 hours a day on weekdays                 | F1D51A = 4   | 18.1     | 1.66                     | 1.51                                      | 649 | 1.21 | 1.10 |
| Uses the computer at home once or twice a week             | F1D54A = 4   | 21.9     | 1.74                     | 1.61                                      | 661 | 1.17 | 1.08 |
| Being successful in line of work is very important         | F1D56A = 3   | 84.1     | 1.61                     | 1.42                                      | 659 | 1.27 | 1.13 |
| Marrying the right person is very important                | F1D56B = 3   | 75.2     | 2.01                     | 1.68                                      | 661 | 1.43 | 1.20 |
| Having lots of money is very important                     | F1D56C = 3   | 43.5     | 2.27                     | 1.93                                      | 661 | 1.39 | 1.18 |
| Having strong friendships is very important                | F1D56D = 3   | 74.5     | 1.92                     | 1.70                                      | 658 | 1.27 | 1.13 |
| Being able to find steady work is very important           | F1D56E = 3   | 87.2     | 1.38                     | 1.30                                      | 660 | 1.12 | 1.06 |
| Lives with mother only                                     | F1FCOMP = 5  | 26.2     | 1.89                     | 1.70                                      | 669 | 1.23 | 1.11 |
| Native language is Spanish                                 | F1HOMLNG = 2 | 15.9     | 2.06                     | 1.45                                      | 634 | 2.01 | 1.42 |
| At age 30 expects to be a farmer, farm manager             | F1OCC30 = 3  | #        | #                        | #   | 646 | +    | +    |
| At age 30 expects to be a homemaker                        | F1OCC30 = 4  | 0.1      | 0.11                     | 0.13                                      | 646 | 0.70 | 0.84 |
| At age 30 expects to be a manager, administrator           | F1OCC30 = 6  | 2.8      | 0.65                     | 0.65                                      | 646 | 0.99 | 0.99 |
| At age 30 expects to be in the military                    | F1OCC30 = 7  | 0.3      | 0.20                     | 0.23                                      | 646 | 0.75 | 0.87 |
| At age 30 expects to be an operative                       | F1OCC30 = 8  | 1.7      | 0.55                     | 0.51                                      | 646 | 1.19 | 1.09 |
| At age 30 expects to be a professional (group b)           | F1OCC30 = 10 | 6.1      | 1.11                     | 0.94                                      | 646 | 1.40 | 1.18 |
| At age 30 expects to be a school teacher                   | F1OCC30 = 14 | 0.6      | 0.31                     | 0.30                                      | 646 | 1.08 | 1.04 |
| At age 30 expects to be in a technical field               | F1OCC30 = 16 | 3.6      | 0.85                     | 0.73                                      | 646 | 1.35 | 1.16 |
| At age 30 doesn't know what expects to be                  | F1OCC30 = -1 | 36.7     | 2.31                     | 1.90                                      | 646 | 1.48 | 1.22 |
| Summary statistics   |              |          |                          |   |     |      |      |
| Mean   |              |          |                          |   |     | 1.31 | 1.14 |
| Minimum  |              |          |                          |   |     | 0.70 | 0.84 |
| Median   |              |          |                          |   |     | 1.32 | 1.15 |
| Maximum  |              |          |                          |   |     | 2.01 | 1.42 |
| Standard deviation   |              |          |                          |   |     | 0.25 | 0.11 |

#### Table I-38. Dropout design effects, by item using base-year to first follow-up panel weight—All: 2004

<sup>+</sup> Not applicable. <sup>#</sup> Rounds to zero.

NOTE: DEFF = design effect; DEFT = root design effect; N = sample size.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Public-Use Data File, 2004."

# Appendix J Synopsis of the ELS:2002 First Follow-up Field Test (2003)

# Appendix J Synopsis of the ELS:2002 First Follow-up Field Test (2003)

# J.1 Overview of the First Follow-up Field Test

The overall purpose of the Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002) first follow-up field test was to provide a trial and evaluation of the instruments, forms, sampling, data collection, and processing procedures to be used in the main study 1 year later. The field test also provided a basis for evaluating the adequacy of the study design as manifested in a follow-up round of data collection. A major product of the field test was recommendations for how main study instruments and procedures can be improved. Data generated in the field test have been used both to guide the final choice of test and questionnaire items and to support specific recommendations for the revision of questionnaire and test items and survey procedures.

The overall design for the field test included testing the process of gaining cooperation once again from base-year field test schools (and associated districts) and implementing the five main data-gathering components of the study:

- an in-school student survey and assessment;
- a dropout survey;
- an out-of-school survey of transfer and homeschooled students and early graduates;
- a survey of school administrators; and
- a school records component (collection of academic transcripts).

Special procedures to be evaluated in the field test included the following:

- examination of the impact of monetary incentives on in-school student participation;
- freshening of the cohort to make it representative of high school seniors;
- tracing of students who have left their base-year school;
- identification of both regular and augmented dropouts; and
- receipt of school, parent, and student permission for the transcript component.

In addition, the field test served to evaluate the various survey instruments: the questionnaire and mathematics test for students in the core ELS school sample, the transfer student questionnaire, the early graduate questionnaire, the questionnaire for homeschooled students, the dropout questionnaire, and the school administrator questionnaire.

Instruments were evaluated in a number of ways. For the questionnaires, analyses included evaluation of item nonresponse, test-retest reliabilities, scale reliabilities, and correlations between theoretically related measures. For the achievement tests in mathematics, item parameters were estimated and both classical and Item Response Theory (IRT) techniques employed to determine the most appropriate items for inclusion in the first follow-up math test. In addition, items were tested for differential item functioning (DIF) to see if they had different

meaning for different subgroups such that a given item could put a subgroup at an unjustified disadvantage in terms of assessment results.

The school sample for the field test comprised over 50 public and private schools in the five field test states. The states—New York, North Carolina, Texas, Illinois, and Florida—were chosen in the base year on the basis of their demographic heterogeneity and represent various regions of the United States.

This synopsis of 2003 field test results focuses on several areas of key importance for planning and implementing the 2004 full-scale study. One such area is that of formulating and testing plans for sample freshening, to ensure that a nationally representative senior cohort could be identified and surveyed in the first follow-up. A second area of concern was designing and testing a program of student incentives that could be used to help achieve outstandingly high inschool response rates. A third area of critical importance was use of the field test to refine the design for the ELS:2002 mathematics assessment.

# J.2 Sample Freshening

Because part of the target population consisted of those students who were enrolled in the 12th grade in the 2002–03 school year (or for the main study, 2003–04), the first follow-up field test included students at the base-year sample school who were enrolled in the 12th grade but were not in the 10th grade in the United States during the 2000–01 school year, at the time of the base-year survey. During this time, such students may have been out of the country or enrolled in school in the United States in a grade other than 10th (either at the sampled school or at another school). In addition, some students may have reenrolled, although they were temporarily out of school during the 2000–01 school year because of illness, injury, being institutionalized, being homeschooled, or having dropped out of school.

Student freshening was limited to the base-year sample schools because all sample students were identified at these schools regardless of their status and could be linked to potential freshened students. However, the freshening process was also performed at a handful of new schools that had effectively replaced base-year schools. These schools received base-year students in an en masse transfer because the base-year school had either closed or did not offer a 12th grade. Some small amount of bias may arise from the fact that some students eligible for freshening did not have a chance of selection if they attended a new school (one that came into existence subsequent to the base year), since, owing to cost and logistical constraints, freshening was not conducted in schools to which base-year sample members transferred (other than in the case of en masse transfer).

The freshening process differed somewhat from the procedures used in the National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988 (NELS:88). In both studies, students on the 12th-grade list following 10th-grade sample students were identified. In NELS:88, the school was asked about all of those identified students, but in the ELS:2002 field test, the school was asked only about those students not on the 10th-grade list. The latter method places less burden on the school and may identify more students eligible to be included in the sample.

List collection was the basis for identification of the freshened sample. If both the original and new enrollment lists were electronic, they were sorted alphabetically within stratum (as the original list was sorted for sample selection) to facilitate the comparison of the original

and new lists. If one of the lists was electronic and one was hard copy, then the electronic list was sorted alphabetically within stratum and printed for the freshening process. If both lists were hard copy, then they were used as is in the freshening process.

The freshening process began by identifying the base-year sample students on the new list. If the student immediately following each sampled base-year student within the race/ethnicity strata on the new list was not on the original list, then that student was selected as a potential addition to the sample. Whenever a potential new sample student was identified, the next student on the list was examined to determine whether that student was on the original list. If this next student was not on the original list, then the student was also a potential addition to the sample. This process was continued until reaching a student who was on the original list. Then, this process was repeated with the next base-year sample student on the list.<sup>1</sup>

Next, the school was contacted to determine the eligibility of the freshened students. Any student identified as eligible by the school was selected into the sample. Some 275 high school seniors were identified as potential candidates for the first follow-up freshening sample. Of these 275 students, 57 (22 percent) were found to be eligible for inclusion in the study, 205 students were found to be ineligible, and 13 students' eligibility was undetermined. The high ineligibility rate was expected since the freshening procedure selected 12th-grade students who were not on the 10th-grade list without information on their status in the 10th grade. Many of these sampled students were 10th-graders who transferred in from another school, which contributed to the high ineligibility rate. The expected number of freshened students was about 1 per school. The actual number of freshened students was approximately 1.2 students per school (57 students out of 46 schools that sent 12th-grade enrollment lists).

# J.3 Maximizing In-School Response Rates Through the Use of Incentives

A major concern for the first follow-up was achieving a high in-school student response rate, given that spring term of senior year is a time when many students are disengaging from high school, and response propensities are historically low, particularly for low-stakes/highburden assessments and surveys. An incentive experiment was therefore undertaken.

#### J.3.1 Incentive Experiment

To explore means to obtain the needed high response rates in the ELS:2002 first followup, a test of student-level incentives was implemented in the 2003 field test. The key hypothesis to be tested was that providing a \$20 cash incentive would prove more effective than a token incentive in eliciting high levels of student participation.

#### J.3.1.1 Incentives Experiment: Design

Schools in the 2003 first follow-up field test were essentially the same schools that had participated in the base-year field test in 2001. A listing of the schools was sorted by school sector (private vs. public), state, region (urban, suburban, and rural), and consent type (active vs. passive). After sorting, systematic sampling was used to divide the field test schools into two

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This process is also known as the half-open interval rule. For further information on half-open interval procedures, see Kish (1965, p. 56) or Groves (1989, p. 127).

groups: one receiving monetary incentives and one not receiving monetary incentives. In this example of systematic sampling (an analogue of random sampling), a sample selection flag (0 vs. 1) was assigned to each school alternating between 0 and 1 until all schools had an assignment. After the incentive assignments were made, distributions of the sorting variables were examined to check the distributions across the control variables.

After sampling had been completed, coordinators at schools selected for the incentive treatment were contacted by telephone to advise them of the availability of cash incentives for participating students and to confirm that it was permissible to offer a cash incentive to the students. Some schools preferred a noncash monetary incentive (such as gift certificates); these and other arrangements were allowed (further detail appears below). In schools where incentives of any kind were approved, the type of incentive and amount were stated in the parent consent letter. A flyer mentioning the incentive was also included in the parent consent mailing for the parent to share with the selected student. The flyer invited the student to participate in the study and announced the incentive treatment that participating students at the school were to receive (\$20 cash, \$20 gift certificate, or, in one case, a pizza party). Additionally, it was requested that the school coordinator reinforce awareness of the incentive by mentioning it to sampled students prior to the scheduled survey day.

Survey administrators presented cash/gift certificates to each participating student immediately following completion of the questionnaire and test. At schools that were not selected for monetary incentives, the survey administrator presented each participating student with a token incentive of relatively small monetary value (a "Class of 2003" key ring) after completing the questionnaire and test. In both cases, participating students received the incentive whether they participated on Survey Day or a Makeup Day.

#### J.3.1.2 Incentives Experiment: Results

Results of the experiment were as follows. Of the 27 schools selected to receive monetary incentives, 16 allowed the students to be paid in cash, 9 allowed each participating student to be given an equivalent amount (\$20) in a bookstore gift certificate, and 1 used the incentive money for a pizza party for the participating students. One school refused any incentive of any kind. This school and the pizza party school were not included in the analysis.

Of the remaining schools, 19 were not offered incentives, and 4 schools, which were not statistically sampled and were not included in the experiment, were offered incentives on a special case basis.<sup>2</sup>

To test the hypothesis that cash incentives would have a positive effect on participation, chi-squared tests were performed. A respondent was defined as an eligible student who participated in the in-school survey by completing at least the student questionnaire.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These four schools were offered an incentive due to the extra burden of either not administering the survey during the regular school day or mailing parental consent forms for student participation. Of these four schools, two allowed cash incentives, one allowed a gift certificate, and one refused the incentive. Again, these schools were not included in the analysis of results of the experiment.

As shown in table J-1, for both active and passive consent schools combined, there was a significant difference (p = 0.036) in the response rates for students who received a monetary incentive of either cash or a gift certificate and those students who did not receive any incentive. When the two incentive types were examined separately, students who received cash incentives were more likely to respond than those who did not receive any incentive (p = 0.032). However, when students were offered only gift certificates as incentives, there was no significant difference (p = 0.307) in student response rates.

| Characteristic                                    | Total students | Response rate (percent) | P value |
|---|----------------|-------------------------|---------|
| Respondent status for all students                | 742            | 88.41                   |         |
| Cash and gift certificate incentive               | 415            | 90.60                   |         |
| Token incentive                                   | 327            | 85.63                   | 0.036   |
| Cash incentive                                    | 285            | 91.23                   |         |
| Token incentive                                   | 327            | 85.63                   | 0.032   |
| Gift certificate incentive                        | 130            | 89.23                   |         |
| Token incentive                                   | 327            | 85.63                   | 0.307   |
| Respondent status for students in passive schools | 607            | 90.94                   |         |
| Cash and gift certificate incentive               | 304            | 93.09                   |         |
| Token incentive                                   | 303            | 88.78                   | 0.064   |
| Cash incentive                                    | 174            | 95.98                   |         |
| Token incentive                                   | 303            | 88.78                   | 0.007   |
| Gift certificate incentive                        | 130            | 89.23                   |         |
| Token incentive                                   | 303            | 88.78                   | 0.891   |
| Respondent status for students in active schools  | 135            | 77.04                   |         |
| Cash and gift certificate incentive               | 111            | 83.78                   |         |
| Token incentive                                   | 24             | 45.83                   | 0.000   |
| Cash incentive                                    | 111            | 83.78                   |         |
| Token incentive                                   | 24             | 45.83                   | 0.000   |
| Gift certificate incentive                        | 0              |                         |         |
| Token incentive                                   | 24             | 45.83                   | †       |

| Table J-1. | Response rate   | comparisons. | by school  | consent type | and incentive type: | 2003 |
|------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|--------------|---------------------|------|
|            | i Kesponse rate | compansons,  | 59 3011001 | consent type | and meentive type.  | 2000 |

† Not applicable.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Field Test, 2003."

In passive consent schools, the response rates were significantly different at .10 (p = 0.064) among students who received either a cash incentive or gift certificate and those who did not. Similar results were found for those students receiving a cash incentive (p = 0.007). However, when students in passive consent schools were offered only gift certificates as incentives, there was no significant difference (p = 0.891) in student response rates.

For the two active consent schools, one school received an incentive in the form of cash and one received no incentive. Therefore, only a significance test for differences in response rates based on cash incentive could be performed. Thus, for active consent schools, the data showed that students receiving cash incentives were more likely to respond (p = 0.000) than those students not receiving any incentive.

In addition to the issue of participation, a further issue was quality or completeness of participation, that is, whether respondents completed both the questionnaire and the test. Overall, 94.2 percent of questionnaire completers were also test completers, with very little variation between treatment groups.

Given the positive outcome of the incentives experiment, a cash incentive was adopted for the main study in-school survey. Of course, incentives to participate are an issue for the outof-school sample as well, and perhaps particularly for high school dropouts. Although no formal experiment took place with the out-of-school group, an incentive was also implemented for the full-scale out-of-school sample.

As a postscript to the discussion of the 2003 field test experiment, it may be of interest to examine results of the 2004 main study, in terms of the possible effects of the incentives designed in the field test. There is no basis for conclusively attributing the success of the main study—a 91.2 percent unweighted or 89.0 percent weighted student in-school response rate,<sup>3</sup> a higher response rate than achieved for sophomores 2 years before—specifically to a cash incentive. Nevertheless, the results are at least consistent with such a relationship and are especially suggestive given the success of the incentives experiment in the field test. Table J-2 provides a concise summary of main study ELS:2002 first follow-up completion rates by type of incentive received.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Although this response rate is predicated upon questionnaire completion, it should be noted that the assessment was was completed by 99.1 percent (weighted and unweighted) of the in-school questionnaire completers. By qualitative measures, such as number of omitted items or strength of coefficient alpha reliabilities, the tests were taken with seriousness by the test takers, as seriously at least as the low-stakes tests in prior studies, such as NELS:88, which did not give the test takers a cash incentive.

| Characteristic   | Number of students | Number of respondents | Response rate (percent) |
|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Total            | 12,048             | 11,276                | 93.59                   |
| Active consent   | 941                | 804                   | 85.44                   |
| Cash             | 685                | 605                   | 88.32                   |
| Gift certificate | 209                | 157                   | 75.12                   |
| Other            | 47                 | 42                    | 89.36                   |
| Passive consent  | 11,107             | 10,472                | 94.28                   |
| Cash             | 7,955              | 7,605                 | 95.60                   |
| Gift certificate | 2,356              | 2,146                 | 91.09                   |
| Other            | 444                | 401                   | 90.32                   |
| None             | 352                | 320                   | 90.91                   |

| Table J-2. ELS:2002 in-school unweighted completion rate, by school consent type and inc | entive |
|--|--------|
| type: Spring term 2004   |        |

NOTE: Because this is a methodological table, it contains some cases that were not included in other ELS:2002 first follow-up tables; therefore, respondent totals may not wholly agree with other tables in this data file documentation (NCES 2006–344). For purposes of reporting the in-school incentive results, cases were included from so-called convenience schools (see chapter 4), as well as all freshening cases, regardless of whether they were included on the data file.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, 2004."

# J.4 Assessment Design Issues and Recommendations

The field test was designed to help provide information to successfully deal with a number of testing issues:

- About 90 percent of base-year mathematics questions were presented in multiplechoice format. The 10 percent of items that were open ended were scored as right or wrong, with no partial credit awarded. Results of the 10th-grade testing were used to recast the selected open-ended items in multiple-choice format. This was intended not only to save time and expense in scoring but to increase scoring accuracy and reduce administration time.
- The 2001 base-year field test results suggested that additional difficult mathematics questions would be required to avoid ceiling effects in the high-difficulty first follow-up test form. Several of the most difficult NELS:88 items were added to the 2003 first follow-up field test forms.
- Two test forms of approximately parallel difficulty and content were employed in the first follow-up field test, with a total of 63 test items. Booklet covers and answer sheets were color coded to avoid confusion.
- Some first follow-up participants were not tested in mathematics in 10th grade and thus lacked the base-year ability estimate required for test form assignment. A broadband form was therefore developed for administration to freshened sample students and others who lacked base-year mathematics scores. This form was designed to provide an approximately rectangular distribution of item difficulties that would make it suitable for a wide range of achievement levels.

Each of the 63 field test items was selected to serve a particular purpose:

- to evaluate the performance of items that were reformatted from open-ended to multiple-choice presentation (10 items);
- to obtain statistics on a set of items with higher difficulty levels than most of those used in 10th grade, to avoid a ceiling effect in the first follow-up (8 items); and
- to provide a link to grade 10 main study score scales (45 items).

The 45 grade 10 items used in the first follow-up field test were selected for one or more of the following reasons:

- 15 items: Items that were administered to all 10th-grade main study participants are valuable for targeting the level of difficulty required for the first follow-up test forms. The same 15-item routing test was administered to all students in the base year. This routing test included the items that defined the middle three mathematics proficiency levels (levels 2, 3, and 4) in the NELS:88 survey. (One additional item, counted below, appeared in all three base-year second-stage forms.)
- 8 items: The lowest and highest NELS:88 mathematics proficiency levels (levels 1 and 5), consisting of 4 items each, appeared in the ELS:2002 base-year low and high second-stage forms, respectively. Percentage correct for students who received these items in the base year was compared with percentage correct for the low and high quartile of 2003 field test participants. The first follow-up main study plan called for selecting a test form for each student based on his or her performance in 10th grade. Analysis of grade 10 main study versus grade 12 field test performance on these items supplemented the information available from the 15 routing test items for estimating growth trajectories for the low and high quartiles of the base-year sample.
- 12 items: The first follow-up field test contained 12 of the items that showed the biggest grade 10 versus grade 12 differences in the base-year field test. These items were considered prime candidates for selection for first follow-up main study forms because they were likely to be strongly curriculum related. (They included the one item mentioned above that was used in all three grade 10 second-stage forms.)
- 3 items: Some of the 10th-grade mathematics items consisted of several questions based on the same stem or premise and increasing in difficulty. Three of the field test items that might not otherwise have been selected were included because they were part of item sets, and statistics for other items in the sets might have been affected if the context had been changed.
- 7 items: After the 38 items above had been selected for the reasons described, there were some large gaps in the estimated difficulty ranges of the field test forms. Seven additional items were selected to fill these gaps.

Tables J-3 and J-4 list the 63 first follow-up field test items: 32 in form A and 31 in form B. The column labeled "ELS:2002 grade 10 form" shows the item usage in the base year, if any. Form W is the routing test, and forms X, Y, and Z are the low, middle, and high second-stage forms, respectively. The reasons for selection are listed for each item. "Estimated B" is

the item difficulty, in a metric corresponding to the estimates that were used for matching test forms to students' ability. Difficulty estimates for items not previously used in ELS:2002 tests (the new NELS:88 items and the open-ended items reformatted to multiple choice) were derived from whatever information was available from other uses or other versions of the items. Other columns show the original source of each item (prior to any revisions that may have been implemented) and the content and process categories used for modeling the ELS:2002 test on NELS:88 test specifications.

|              | ELS:2002 |              |        |          |                  |                             |
|--------------|----------|--------------|--------|----------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2003 field   | grade 10 | Reason for   |        | Original |                  |                             |
| test form, # | form     | selection    | Est. B | source   | Content          | Process                     |
| A1           | Х        | Prof lev 1   | -2.19  | NELS     | Arithmetic       | Skill/knowledge             |
| A2           | Х        | Prof lev 1   | -2.21  | NELS     | Arithmetic       | Skill/knowledge             |
| A3           | Х        | Prof lev 1   | -0.76  | NELS     | Arithmetic       | Skill/knowledge             |
| A4           | W        | Gr10 routing | -0.33  | NELS     | Algebra          | Understanding/comprehension |
| A5           | W        | Gr10 routing | 0.12   | NELS     | Geometry         | Understanding/comprehension |
| A6           | W        | Gr10 routing | -0.19  | NELS     | Algebra          | Skill/knowledge             |
| A7           | W        | Gr10 routing | -0.46  | NELS     | Algebra          | Understanding/comprehension |
| A8           | Х        | Fill gap     | -1.28  | NELS     | Arithmetic       | Skill/knowledge             |
| A9           | W        | Gr10 routing | -1.19  | NELS     | Data/probability | Understanding/comprehension |
| A10          | XY       | Biggest gain | -0.42  | NELS     | Arithmetic       | Problem solving             |
| A11          | Y        | Biggest gain | 0.00   | NAEP     | Geometry         | Understanding/comprehension |
| A12          | XY       | Reformat     | -0.30  | PISA     | Arithmetic       | Understanding/comprehension |
| A13          | W        | Gr10 routing | 1.26   | NELS     | Algebra          | Problem solving             |
| A14          | Y        | Fill gap     | 0.33   | NELS     | Advanced topics  | Problem solving             |
| A15          | Z        | Fill gap     | 2.01   | NELS     | Arithmetic       | Problem solving             |
| A16          | XY       | Biggest gain | 0.00   | PISA     | Data/probability | Skill/knowledge             |
| A17          | XY       | Part of set  | -1.48  | PISA     | Data/probability | Skill/knowledge             |
| A18          | XY       | Part of set  | -1.18  | PISA     | Data/probability | Skill/knowledge             |
| A19          | Y        | Biggest gain | 1.30   | PISA     | Data/probability | Problem solving             |
| A20          | ΥZ       | Biggest gain | 0.08   | NAEP     | Data/probability | Understanding/comprehension |
| A21          | W        | Gr10 routing | 0.85   | NELS     | Algebra          | Problem solving             |
| A22          | Z        | Biggest gain | 2.11   | NELS     | Geometry         | Problem solving             |
| A23          |          | New NELS     | 1.41   | NELS     | Geometry         | Problem solving             |
| A24          |          | New NELS     | 1.15   | NELS     | Advanced topics  | Skill/knowledge             |
| A25          |          | New NELS     | 2.13   | NELS     | Geometry         | Understanding/comprehension |
| A26          |          | New NELS     | 2.27   | NELS     | Data/probability | Understanding/comprehension |
| A27          |          | New NELS     | 2.78   | NELS     | Geometry         | Problem solving             |
| A28          | Z        | Reformat     | 2.60   | PISA     | Geometry         | Problem solving             |
| A29          | Z        | Part of set  | 0.00   | PISA     | Geometry         | Problem solving             |
| A30          | Z        | Reformat     | 2.30   | PISA     | Geometry         | Problem solving             |
| A31abcd      | Z        | Biggest gain | 2.70   | PISA     | Geometry         | Problem solving             |
| A32          | Z        | Prof lev 5   | 2.92   | NELS     | Advanced topics  | Understanding/comprehension |

| <b>-</b>   |                  | <i>c</i>  | /// II  |          |           | ~~~~ |
|------------|------------------|-----------|---------|----------|-----------|------|
| Table J-3. | Field test items | , torm A, | "Yellow | Form," t | by usage: | 2003 |

NOTE: NELS = National Education Longitudinal Study; NAEP = National Assessment of Educational Progress; PISA = Program for International Student Assessment.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Field Test, 2003."

|              | ELS:2002 |              |        |          |                  |                             |
|--------------|----------|--------------|--------|----------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2003 field   | grade 10 | Reason for   |        | Original | _                |                             |
| test form, # | form     | selection    | Est. B | source   | Content          | Process                     |
| B1           | Х        | Fill gap     | -1.30  | NELS     | Arithmetic       | Skill/knowledge             |
| B2           | W        | Gr10 routing | -0.54  | NELS     | Arithmetic       | Skill/knowledge             |
| B3           | W        | Gr10 routing | -0.60  | NELS     | Arithmetic       | Skill/knowledge             |
| B4           | Y        | Biggest gain | 0.05   | NELS     | Arithmetic       | Understanding/comprehension |
| B5           | W        | Gr10 routing | -0.26  | NELS     | Arithmetic       | Skill/knowledge             |
| B6           | XY       | Biggest gain | -0.50  | NAEP     | Algebra          | Skill/knowledge             |
| B7           | Х        | Prof lev 1   | -2.26  | NELS     | Arithmetic       | Understanding/comprehension |
| B8           | W        | Gr10 routing | 0.06   | NELS     | Algebra          | Understanding/comprehension |
| B9           | W        | Gr10 routing | 0.02   | NELS     | Arithmetic       | Understanding/comprehension |
| B10          | XY       | Reformat     | 0.00   | NAEP     | Advanced topics  | Understanding/comprehension |
| B11          | ΥZ       | Reformat     | 0.00   | PISA     | Advanced topics  | Understanding/comprehension |
| B12          | ΥZ       | Reformat     | 2.80   | PISA     | Advanced topics  | Understanding/comprehension |
| B13          | ΥZ       | Reformat     | 1.60   | PISA     | Advanced topics  | Understanding/comprehension |
| B14          | W        | Gr10 routing | 1.02   | NELS     | Geometry         | Problem solving             |
| B15          | W        | Gr10 routing | 0.14   | NELS     | Geometry         | Problem solving             |
| B16ab        | XYZ      | Reformat     | 0.50   | PISA     | Geometry         | Problem solving             |
| B17          | XYZ      | Biggest gain | 1.07   | NELS     | Advanced topics  | Understanding/comprehension |
| B18          | ΥZ       | Biggest gain | 1.29   | NELS     | Geometry         | Understanding/comprehension |
| B19          | W        | Gr10 routing | 1.02   | NELS     | Algebra          | Understanding/comprehension |
| B20          | ΥZ       | Fill gap     | 0.40   | NAEP     | Geometry         | Skill/knowledge             |
| B21          | ΥZ       | Fill gap     | 1.60   | NELS     | Algebra          | Understanding/comprehension |
| B22          | Y        | Fill gap     | 1.35   | NELS     | Geometry         | Problem solving             |
| B23          | Z        | Biggest gain | 1.70   | NAEP     | Algebra          | Understanding/comprehension |
| B24          | Z        | Reformat     | 1.80   | NAEP     | Algebra          | Skill/knowledge             |
| B25          |          | New NELS     | 2.42   | NELS     | Data/probability | Skill/knowledge             |
| B26          |          | New NELS     | 2.26   | NELS     | Algebra          | Understanding/comprehension |
| B27          |          | New NELS     | 1.27   | NELS     | Algebra          | Understanding/comprehension |
| B28          | ΥZ       | Reformat     | 1.90   | PISA     | Geometry         | Problem solving             |
| B29          | Z        | Prof lev 5   | 2.67   | NELS     | Data/probability | Problem solving             |
| B30          | Z        | Prof lev 5   | 2.78   | NELS     | Geometry         | Problem solving             |
| B31          | Z        | Prof lev 5   | 2.56   | NELS     | Algebra          | Problem solving             |
|              |          |              |        |          |                  | at of Educational Progress: |

#### Table J-4. Field test items, form B, "Blue Form," by usage: 2003

NOTE: NELS = National Education Longitudinal Study; NAEP = National Assessment of Educational Progress; PISA = Program for International Student Assessment.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Field Test, 2003."

#### J.4.1 Field Test Assessment Sample

Approximately 1,070 students in 52 schools took sets of mathematics items in the spring 2003 field test (see table J-5). Students were randomly assigned to one of the two field test booklets. There were slightly more females than males, with enough participants that DIF could be evaluated by gender. Sample sizes and response rates for racial/ethnic minority groups allowed evaluation of DIF for Hispanic compared with White students for about half of the field test items, and for Black compared with White students for about one-quarter of the items. About two-thirds of test takers also participated in other field test activities; the remaining one-third were "test augmentation cases" added to the regular field test sample for the purpose of collecting enough test data for evaluation of items. The test augmentation cases were primarily

12th-graders, with grades 9, 10, and 11 also represented, to reflect that not all main study 10thgraders progressed to 12th grade 2 years later.

| Characteristic            | Form A, "Yellow Form" | Form B, "Blue Form" |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Total                     | 543                   | 523                 |
| Male                      | 265                   | 250                 |
| Female                    | 279                   | 273                 |
| All other races/unknown   | 42                    | 44                  |
| Black or African American | 119                   | 108                 |
| Hispanic or Latino        | 133                   | 137                 |
| White                     | 250                   | 234                 |
| Public                    | 520                   | 497                 |
| Catholic                  | 12                    | 12                  |
| Other private             | 12                    | 14                  |
| Test augmentation cases   | 184                   | 171                 |
| Grade 9                   | 6                     | 3                   |
| Grade 10                  | 9                     | 7                   |
| Grade 11                  | 49                    | 49                  |
| Grade 12                  | 120                   | 112                 |

| Table J-5. Field test sample counts, selected characteristics: 2003 |
|---|
|---|

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Field Test, 2003."

#### J.4.2 Assessment Timing and Completion Rates

Completion rates indicated that the 26 minutes allotted for the first follow-up mathematics field tests were sufficient for most of the field test students (see table J-6). Not all students answered the last question, which could have been due to running out of time or discontinuing the test for some other reason. Nearly everyone got at least as far as question 24, about three-quarters of the way through the test form. On average, students answered all but one or two of the items in each form. The high proportion of students who answered most of the test questions, as well as the consistency of results (see later section on reliability), suggests that most of the students were motivated to take the test seriously.

| Table J-6. | Test form, by timing | , number of items, and | l completion rates: | 2003 |
|------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------|
|------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------|

| Characteristic                            | Form A, "Yellow Form" | Form B, "Blue Form" |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Time (minutes)                            | 26                    | 26                  |
| Number of questions                       | 32                    | 31                  |
| Completion rates                          |                       |                     |
| Average number of items answered          | 29.8                  | 30.0                |
| Percentage reaching end of test           | 74%                   | 85%                 |
| Percentage reaching item 24 (3/4 of test) | 95%                   | 99%                 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Field Test, 2003."

Ten of the mathematics items were included in the first follow-up field test because they had been reformatted from open-ended presentation in the base year to multiple choice for the first follow-up. Although the primary reason for the reformatting was to increase scoring accuracy and reduce scoring complexity and expense, the change to multiple-choice format had a beneficial effect on response rates as well. Results observed in the ELS:2002 base year and in the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) suggest that, in a low-stakes test, students are more likely to omit open-ended than multiple-choice questions. Score statistics show that this is not necessarily due to their inability to answer the questions but is probably influenced by their unwillingness to extend the extra effort required to produce an open-ended response. This effect is noted not only for questions that require an extended response, such as solving a problem or writing an equation, but also for questions that simply require making a choice, such as picking one of several alternative diagrams and writing in a letter code.

Table J-7 shows the percentage of omitted responses for the 10 questions that were open ended in the base-year field test and main study and for the same questions converted to multiple choice in the first follow-up field test. Omits are defined as unanswered questions followed by at least one question that was answered. The largest reductions in omit rates observed for the reformatted items tend to be for the most difficult questions.

|      | Base-year field test | Base-year main study | First follow-up field test |
|------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Item | (open ended)         | (open ended)         | (multiple choice)          |
| A12  | 11                   | 7                    | 4                          |
| A28  | 11                   | 8                    | 3                          |
| A30  | 26                   | 15                   | 7                          |
| B10  | 8                    | 9                    | 7                          |
| B11  | 13                   | 4-5                  | 2                          |
| B12  | 14                   | 5-6                  | 2                          |
| B13  | 13                   | 4-6                  | 2                          |
| B16  | 8                    | 3-7                  | 0                          |
| B24  | 30                   | 31-33                | 2                          |
| B28  | 9                    | 6                    | 2                          |

NOTE: A range of percentages is reported in the table for items that appeared in more than one base-year secondstage form: omit rates were calculated separately by form. Omit rates are not reported when the item was the last item in the test, because failure to respond could be due to running out of time or discontinuing the test for some other reason.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "Base Year, Field Test, 2001," "Base Year, Main Study, 2002," and "First Follow-up, Field Test, 2003."

#### J.4.3 Item and Test Performance

This section describes the psychometric characteristics of the first follow-up mathematics field test item pool. The specific goals—reformatting open-ended items, adding difficult items to the pool to avoid a ceiling effect in grade 12, and establishing a basis for selection of items for grade 12 forms—are evaluated. Tables J-8 and J-9 present item statistics for the yellow and blue field test forms.

Two different methodologies were used to evaluate item performance: classical item analysis and IRT estimation. The two methods reinforce each other in that both generate estimates of item difficulty and discrimination. In addition, each supplies a unique perspective on some aspect of the items that is not provided by the other tool.

#### J.4.3.1 Classical Item Analysis

Classical item analysis provides information on the total test, descriptive statistics for each test item, and the correlation of each item with the total test score. The number and percentage of test takers choosing each response option were computed, along with the average total test score for each of the response-option groups. The same statistics were computed for students who omitted each item but answered subsequent item(s) in the test and for those who omitted the item and did not answer any subsequent items ("not reached"). Item analysis tables also show "P+" (the percentage of correct responses) and R-biserials (adjusted correlations of item score with total test score). These statistics were reviewed to identify possible flaws in individual items, such as the following:

- An incorrect response option that is selected by very few test takers may need to be replaced by a more plausible choice.
- An item omitted by an unusually large number of test takers may have something unclear or offensive in the presentation.
- For each item, the mean total test score for students choosing the correct response should be substantially higher than the score means for each of the incorrect groups. If this is not the case, it is possible that the question stem, the keyed correct response, or one or more of the incorrect response options may be ambiguous or incorrect.
- Items that are much too easy (very high P+), with nearly all test takers able to answer correctly, may not be serving a useful purpose on the test.
- Very difficult items (such as a four-choice item with a P+ of 0.25 or below, which could result from random guessing) may or may not be serving a useful purpose. Examination of the mean scores for those answering right and wrong can suggest whether a test item is helping to make distinctions among students at the highest achievement levels or is merely being guessed at random.

The R-biserial statistic is a measure of discrimination, or how well each test item relates to the skill being measured by the test as a whole. Low R-biserials (below about 0.40) generally indicate items that are not strong measures of the overall construct.

Table J-8 summarizes the classical item statistics for the field test forms. The difficulty of the items was appropriate for the field test sample. The distribution of number right on each form was approximately rectangular, with no perfect scores on either form and only a small percentage of below-chance scores. Only two items were so easy that more than 90 percent of the test takers got them right, whereas seven items were answered correctly by less than 25 percent of students. When test forms were assembled for the first follow-up main study, additional easy items were needed for the easiest test form. These items were selected from among base-year items that were not field tested in 2003.

R-biserials were generally high, falling below 0.40 for 11 of the 63 items. Two of the low R-biserial items were questions that had been reformatted from open ended to multiple choice; three others were difficult NELS:88 items that had not previously been used in ELS:2002 test forms.

Response options were reviewed for the 10 base-year items that had been converted to multiple-choice format. The response options had been selected to represent the most popular incorrect answers (as well as the correct answer) obtained when the items were administered in open-ended format in the base year. Ideally, students who do not know the correct answer to a test question should be able to do no better than guessing at random among the response options. If the question is strongly related to the construct being measured, this would result in similar mean total test scores for the group choosing each incorrect option and a much higher mean for those choosing the correct answer. Each incorrect option should be selected by a substantial number of test takers: there should be no "throwaway" options that virtually all test takers could eliminate from consideration. Review of the item statistics for the 10 reformatted items showed no need for revisions. That is, each incorrect response option was selected by a satisfactory number of test takers, and total score means for all incorrect options were substantially lower than the means for the correct response.

| Test measures                           | Form A, "Yellow Form" | Form B, "Blue Form" |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Perfect scores (Form A: 32; Form B: 31) | 0                     | 0                   |
| More than 28 items correct              | 4%                    | 1%                  |
| Chance scores (< 7 correct)             | 3%                    | 5%                  |
| Mean number right (standard deviation)  | 17.2 (6.1)            | 15.6 (6.2)          |
| Mean percentage correct (P+) for items  | 0.55                  | 0.51                |
| Mean R-biserial                         | 0.57                  | 0.59                |

| Table J-8. | Summary of | classical item | analysis statistics, | by test form: | 2003 |
|------------|------------|----------------|----------------------|---------------|------|
|------------|------------|----------------|----------------------|---------------|------|

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Field Test, 2003."

#### J.4.3.2 Item Response Theory (IRT)

IRT provides an alternative way of measuring item difficulty and discrimination. The Parscale program uses a three-parameter IRT model to estimate item characteristics and test-taker ability. The IRT "a" parameter is an estimate of the discriminating ability of a test item, or how well it serves to distinguish between adjacent levels of ability. This is somewhat analogous to the R-biserial but applies to a certain point on the ability continuum rather than an overall correlation. Items with "a" parameters of about 1.0 or higher are doing a good job of discriminating levels of ability. The "b" parameter is a difficulty estimate, analogous to the percentage correct but compensating for the possibility of guessing. Items with a range of difficulty that matches the estimated ability range of the test takers will be selected. The guessing parameter, "c," estimates the probability of a very low-skilled person answering the item correctly. It is important in obtaining estimates of probabilities of correct answers but was less important for the purpose of the field test, that is, for selecting items for the first follow-up main study forms. The Parscale program uses the scored-item responses to compute these item parameter estimates and ability estimates by iterating on the data until the system converges to within a predetermined tolerance.

Table J-9 summarizes item and student performance in terms of the IRT metrics. IRT scaling was carried out for the two field test forms combined, so that parameter estimates could be evaluated on the same scale.

| IRT measure                                 | Forms A and B combined |
|---|------------------------|
| Average item "a" parameter (discrimination) | 1.16                   |
| Average item "b" parameter (difficulty)     | -0.13                  |
| Average theta (student ability)             | -0.42                  |
| Standard deviation                          | 1.01                   |

#### Table J-9. Summary of Item Response Theory (IRT) estimates: 2003

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Field Test, 2003."

The "b" parameters for the field test items represent the item difficulty, corresponding to the ability level at which 50 percent of students would answer an item correctly, after compensating for guessing. Satisfactory parameters were obtained for items ranging from about 1.2 standard deviations below the mean ability of first follow-up participants to about 2 standard deviations above the mean. There were no large gaps in item difficulty, that is, no ability level within the expected first follow-up range that could not be matched to items of appropriate difficulty. As noted above, it was necessary to select base-year items that were not used in the field test for the main study first follow-up low difficulty test form.

Twenty of the 63 field test items had "a" parameters below 1.0, meaning that the ability of the item to discriminate between closely adjacent levels of ability was somewhat weak. Only 5 of the items had "a" parameters so low (below 0.70) that they were not likely to be selected for main study forms. The rest of the relatively weak items were chosen only if they were needed to fill difficulty gaps or to meet content specifications.

The IRT system also provides for both statistical and graphical approaches to evaluating how well the IRT model is doing in representing the actual data. Graphs of item response functions were reviewed for each of the field test items to determine how well the estimates fit the field test data. The graphs also show whether the fit is satisfactory at all ability levels or only within a limited range. Fit statistics provide a numerical way to evaluate the success of the IRT model for estimating performance on each item. Fit of data to the IRT model was satisfactory for virtually all field test items.

These two methodologies, classical item analysis and IRT, reinforce and complement each other by providing overlapping as well as unique information for evaluating item performance. Both offer measures of item difficulty and discrimination. In addition, classical item statistics supply information on performance of distractors (incorrect response options) and omit rates. IRT offers fit statistics and information on where along the ability continuum the item performs best. This was particularly useful in selecting items for the first follow-up main study test forms, where the ability range in which the item must perform was dictated by its assignment to a test form to be matched to each student's expected achievement level. Combining information from the two methodologies provided a good idea of how well an item performed, whether any revisions were desirable, and whether the item was appropriate for all students or within a restricted range of ability.

#### J.4.4 Reliability

Reliabilities for the two mathematics forms were high (see table J-10). Coefficient alpha measures the internal consistency of the test, that is, the extent to which variance in performance

on individual items is related to variance in performance on the whole test. The reliability of the IRT ability estimate is derived from a comparison of within-student variance to between-student variance. The field test reliability statistics are quite high for a test of 31 or 32 items. By coincidence alone, the alpha coefficients and reliability of the IRT ability estimate are identical for each test form. A consequence of the plan to select test forms to match students' ability levels in the main study was to expect a low alpha coefficient for each form but raise the reliability of the IRT-based ability estimates. Restricting the ability range of the students taking each form means that the variance of total scores on the form was expected to be lower than the randomly assigned field tests, and thus the alpha coefficient would be smaller. Conversely, a better match of items to each student's ability level than was the case for the broad range of items in the field test would result in better measurement for each student, that is, a higher reliability for the ability estimate.

| Table J-10. | Reliabilities. | by test form:        | 2003 |
|-------------|----------------|----------------------|------|
|             |                | <i>by</i> 1001101111 |      |

| Reliability measure                         | Form A, "Yellow Form" | Form B, "Blue Form" |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Alpha coefficient                           | 0.86                  | 0.87                |
| Reliability of IRT theta (ability estimate) | 0.86                  | 0.87                |

NOTE: IRT = Item Response Theory.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Field Test, 2003."

### J.4.5 Differential Item Functioning (DIF)

Cognitive test items were checked for DIF for males compared with females, and for Black and Hispanic students compared with White students, to the extent that sample sizes permitted. It is not necessarily expected that different subgroups of students will have the same average performance on a set of items. But when students from different groups are matched on overall ability, performance on each test item for the matched groups should be about the same. There should be no relative advantage or disadvantage based on the student's gender or racial/ethnic group alone.

The DIF procedure carries out comparisons of subgroup performance for a focal group (e.g., females) compared with a reference group (e.g., males) matched on a criterion (e.g., number right on the whole test). It is based on the Mantel-Haenszel odds ratio and its associated chi-square. Items are classified as "A," "B," or "C" depending on the statistical significance of subgroup differences as well as effect sizes. Items identified as having "C"-level DIF have detectable differences that are both sizeable and statistically significant. A finding of differential functioning, however, does not automatically mean that the difference in performance is unfairly related to subgroup membership. A judgment that these items are unfair to particular population groups requires not only the measure of DIF but also a determination that the difference in performance is not related to the construct being measured. In other words, different population subgroups may have differential exposure or skill in solving test items relating to a topic that is to be measured. If so, the finding of differential performance may be an important and valid measure of the targeted skill.

Analysis of the mathematics field test, using total number right score as the matching criterion, showed four items with C-level DIF, one favoring females and three favoring males. One of the items favoring males had already been identified in the base-year main study data and

deleted from base-year scoring procedures. The remaining DIF items were reviewed and, if necessary, deleted from consideration for first follow-up forms.

A minimum of 100 matched-ability students in each subgroup is required for the DIF procedure to be carried out for each test item. Small sample sizes may result in spurious findings of DIF where none exists. The numbers of Black and Hispanic students responding to each test question were sufficient for evaluation of DIF for only about one-quarter of the questions for the Black versus White contrast and about half of the questions for Hispanic versus White.

#### J.4.6 Field Test Conclusions

#### J.4.6.1 Reformatted Items

Of the 10 items changed from open-ended to multiple-choice format, 7 had psychometric characteristics suitable for consideration for first follow-up main study forms. Table J-11 shows that the reformatting improved the R-biserial for the majority of the potentially useful items (relative to at least one of the base-year forms) and improved the IRT "a" parameter for all but one. The 2 items that had weak statistics in the multiple-choice versions had been weak in their original open-ended versions as well. In addition to maintaining or improving the psychometric characteristics of the items, the reformatting resulted in lower omit rates, as noted above, and was expected to reduce costs.

|      | R-biserial                |                                 | IRT "a" parameter         |                                 |                     |
|------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Item | Base year<br>(open ended) | Field test<br>(multiple choice) | Base year<br>(open ended) | Field test<br>(multiple choice) | Notes               |
| A12  | 0.54–0.66                 | 0.62                            | 0.98                      | 1.01                            |                     |
| A28  | 0.46                      | 0.34                            | 0.71                      | 0.91                            |                     |
| A30  | 0.44                      | 0.41                            | 0.69                      | 0.51                            | Low "a," R-biserial |
| B10  | 0.50-0.64                 | 0.68                            | 0.98                      | 1.02                            |                     |
| B11  | 0.46-0.55                 | 0.65                            | 1.07                      | 1.17                            |                     |
| B12  | 0.43-0.55                 | 0.45                            | 0.82                      | 1.50                            |                     |
| B13  | 0.30-0.51                 | 0.60                            | 0.92                      | 1.08                            | DIF                 |
| B16  | 0.36-0.41                 | 0.35                            | 0.41                      | 0.32                            | Low "a," R-biserial |
| B24  | 0.61                      | 0.55                            | 1.28                      | 1.08                            |                     |
| B28  | 0.50                      | 0.63                            | 0.66                      | 0.92                            |                     |

Table J-11. Summary statistics for reformatted items, by item type: 2003

NOTE: A range of R-biserials is reported in the table for items that appeared in more than one base-year second-stage form. R-biserials were calculated separately by form. DIF = differential item functioning; IRT = Item Response Theory.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Field Test, 2003."

#### J.4.6.2 Difficult Items

Table J-12 shows summary statistics for the most difficult items in the test, sorted in ascending order of the IRT difficulty parameter, "b." This is a more useful measure of difficulty than P+ (percentage correct), because the "b" parameter compensates for guessing while P+ does not. The table shows that there were sufficient numbers of items suitable for testing students whose ability level fell in the top quarter of field test participants (theta > 0.27, same metric as "b" parameter). Seven of the eight NELS items that were added to the ELS:2002 item pool have

difficulty parameters in this high range, and two of these items were among the three most difficult items field tested.

|                     | IRT parameters |      |      | Item s | Item statistics |  |
|---------------------|----------------|------|------|--------|-----------------|--|
| Item                | а              | b    | С    | P+     | R-biserial      |  |
| A24 (new NELS item) | 1.54           | 0.13 | 0.16 | 0.43   | 0.72            |  |
| B20                 | 1.22           | 0.21 | 0.07 | 0.36   | 0.77            |  |
| A13                 | 0.99           | 0.22 | 0.17 | 0.44   | 0.61            |  |
| B18                 | 1.76           | 0.22 | 0.37 | 0.56   | 0.56            |  |
| A23 (new NELS item) | 1.70           | 0.31 | 0.22 | 0.43   | 0.63            |  |
| B28                 | 0.92           | 0.38 | 0.12 | 0.38   | 0.63            |  |
| A22                 | 1.60           | 0.41 | 0.13 | 0.31   | 0.71            |  |
| B19                 | 1.27           | 0.41 | 0.20 | 0.40   | 0.58            |  |
| B22                 | 1.08           | 0.41 | 0.16 | 0.39   | 0.64            |  |
| A14                 | 1.27           | 0.43 | 0.41 | 0.56   | 0.41            |  |
| B21                 | 1.07           | 0.52 | 0.11 | 0.33   | 0.65            |  |
| B13                 | 1.08           | 0.55 | 0.15 | 0.36   | 0.60            |  |
| B26 (new NELS item) | 1.46           | 0.63 | 0.24 | 0.39   | 0.52            |  |
| A30                 | 0.51           | 0.64 | 0.17 | 0.42   | 0.41            |  |
| A19                 | 1.26           | 0.76 | 0.12 | 0.28   | 0.60            |  |
| A25 (new NELS item) | 1.72           | 0.91 | 0.19 | 0.28   | 0.49            |  |
| B27 (new NELS item) | 0.81           | 0.97 | 0.13 | 0.29   | 0.50            |  |
| A15                 | 1.31           | 1.01 | 0.27 | 0.35   | 0.36            |  |
| A26 (new NELS item) | 0.77           | 1.09 | 0.26 | 0.40   | 0.36            |  |
| B12                 | 1.50           | 1.21 | 0.14 | 0.21   | 0.45            |  |
| B23                 | 0.97           | 1.23 | 0.23 | 0.33   | 0.36            |  |
| B31                 | 1.12           | 1.26 | 0.10 | 0.19   | 0.47            |  |
| A28                 | 0.91           | 1.30 | 0.24 | 0.34   | 0.34            |  |
| A31                 | 0.57           | 1.41 | 0.00 | 0.19   | 0.53            |  |
| B29                 | 1.89           | 1.53 | 0.10 | 0.14   | 0.30            |  |
| B30                 | 1.02           | 1.62 | 0.19 | 0.25   | 0.31            |  |
| B25 (new NELS item) | 0.78           | 1.73 | 0.18 | 0.25   | 0.34            |  |
| A27 (new NELS item) | 1.25           | 2.02 | 0.12 | 0.13   | 0.19            |  |
| A32                 | 0.90           | 2.04 | 0.14 | 0.19   | 0.25            |  |

| Table J-12. | Summary | y statistics f | for difficult | items: 2003 |
|-------------|---------|----------------|---------------|-------------|
|-------------|---------|----------------|---------------|-------------|

NOTE: IRT = Item Response Theory; NELS = National Education Longitudinal Study; P+ = percentage correct. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Education Longitudinal Study of 2002 (ELS:2002), "First Follow-up, Field Test, 2003."

Although two of the difficult items had "a" parameters that fell below the desired standard of 1.0, numerous high-quality items remained from which to select the first follow-up main study high form. For the most difficult items, the "a" parameter is a more useful measure of discrimination than the R-biserial, because the item may discriminate well only in the ability range close to its difficulty level but not at lower levels. Items with high "a" parameters and low R-biserials (such as A27) are suitable for a test form to be administered to high-ability students but not for easier forms.

#### J.4.6.3 Timing

The 26 minutes allotted was sufficient for most of the participants to complete the 31 or 32 items in the field test forms. With first follow-up main study forms selected according to the anticipated achievement level of the test takers, it should be possible to administer 30 to 35 test

items in the same amount of time. This number of items are expected to result in a satisfactory level of reliability.

#### J.4.6.4 Grade 12 Item Pool

The 2003 mathematics field test resulted in a satisfactory item pool from which to assemble first follow-up main study test forms. Items of acceptable quality (high R-biserials and "a" parameters) were available for the full range of achievement levels encountered in the field test sample, without gaps in estimated difficulty. The item pool from which the main study forms were selected included all base-year main study items, with parameters calibrated on a common scale to facilitate comparisons. Review of item analysis statistics for response options showed no need for further revisions of items.

# J.5 Appendix J References

Groves, R.M. (1989). Survey Errors and Survey Costs. New York: Wiley.

Kish, L.A. (1965). Survey Sampling. New York: Wiley.