Price of Attending an Undergraduate Institution

In academic year 2019–20, the average net price of attendance (total cost minus grant and scholarship aid) for first-time, full-time undergraduate students attending 4-year institutions was $14,200 at public institutions, compared with $28,100 at private nonprofit institutions and $23,200 at private for-profit institutions (in constant 2020–21 dollars).

The total cost of attending a postsecondary institution includes the sum of published tuition and required fees; books and supplies; and the weighted average cost for room, board, and other expenses for each institution. In academic year 2020–21, the average total cost of attendance for first-time, full-time undergraduate students differed by control of institution (public, private nonprofit, or private for-profit) and level of institution (4-year or 2-year). In addition, the average total cost of attendance varied by student living arrangement. A student could live on campus; off campus with family; or off campus but not with family. For example, in 2020–21, the average total cost of attendance for first-time, full-time undergraduate students living on campus at 4-year institutions was higher at private nonprofit institutions ($54,500) than at private for-profit institutions ($33,500) and public institutions ($25,700).
Among first-time, full-time undergraduate students in academic year 2020–21, the average total cost of attendance at 4-year institutions was similar for those living on campus and those living off campus but not with family. In comparison, the average total cost of attendance was lower for those living off campus with family. This pattern in the total cost of attendance was observed for public, private nonprofit, and private for-profit institutions. For example, at public 4-year institutions, the average total cost of attendance was $25,700 for students living on campus and $26,000 for students living off campus but not with family, compared with $14,900 for students living off campus with family.

Similarly, at 2-year institutions, the average total cost of attendance for first-time, full-time undergraduate students in academic year 2020–21 was higher for students living on campus and those living off campus but not with family than for those living off campus with family. This pattern was observed for public, private nonprofit, and private for-profit institutions. For example, at public 2-year institutions, the average total cost of attendance was higher for students living off campus but not with family ($19,600) than for students living on campus ($15,900). Both groups had a higher average total cost of attendance than students living off campus with family ($9,700).
Average tuition and fees were higher in academic year 2020–21 than in academic year 2010–11 for first-time, full-time undergraduate students at public, private nonprofit, and private for-profit 4-year institutions (in constant 2020–21 dollars). At public 4-year institutions, average tuition and fees were $9,400 in 2020–21, about 10 percent higher than they were in 2010–11 ($8,500). At private nonprofit 4-year institutions, average tuition and fees were $37,600 in 2020–21, about 19 percent higher than they were in 2010–11 ($31,700). At private for-profit 4-year institutions, average tuition and fees were $18,200 in 2020–21, about 1 percent higher than they were in 2010–11 ($18,100).

At 2-year institutions, average tuition and fees were higher in 2020–21 than in 2010–11 for public and private nonprofit institutions, but lower for private for-profit institutions (in constant 2020–21 dollars). Specifically, average tuition and fees were 18 percent higher in academic year 2020–21 than in academic year 2010–11 at public 2-year institutions ($3,900 vs. $3,300) and 9 percent higher in 2020–21 than in 2010–11 at private nonprofit 2-year institutions ($18,000 vs. $16,500). In contrast, average tuition and fees were 5 percent lower in 2020–21 than in 2010–11 at private for-profit 2-year institutions ($15,800 vs. $16,600).
The net price of attendance is the estimate of the actual amount of money that first-time, full-time students and their families need to pay in a given year to cover educational expenses. Net price is calculated here as the average total cost of attendance minus average grant and scholarship aid awarded to students. Net price provides an indication of the total financial burden on students and their families since it also includes loans.

In academic year 2019-20, among 4-year institutions, the average net price of attendance (in constant 2020-21 dollars) for first-time, full-time undergraduate students awarded Title IV aid was lowest for students at public institutions ($14,200). The net price of attendance was higher at both private for-profit institutions ($23,200) and private nonprofit institutions ($28,100). Similarly, the average net price at 2-year institutions in 2019-20 was lowest at public institutions ($7,600). The net price of attendance was higher at private nonprofit institutions ($20,000) and private for-profit institutions ($22,200).
Figures and charts are used to illustrate data and trends.

The price of attending an undergraduate institution is affected by various factors, including family income level. Figure 4 shows the average total cost, grant and scholarship aid, and net price for first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students paying in-state tuition and awarded Title IV aid at public 4-year institutions, by family income level: Academic year 2019–20.

Many students and their families pay less than the full price of attendance because they receive financial aid to help cover expenses. Some primary types of financial aid are grant and scholarship aid, which do not have to be repaid, and loans, which must be repaid. Grant and scholarship aid may be awarded based on financial need, merit, or both and may include tuition aid from employers. In academic year 2019–20, the average amount of grant and scholarship aid (in constant 2020–21 dollars) for first-time, full-time undergraduate students awarded Title IV aid was higher for students at private nonprofit institutions than for those at public and private for-profit institutions. Students at private nonprofit 4-year institutions received an average of $25,800 in grant and scholarship aid, compared with $8,800 at public institutions and $7,600 at private for-profit institutions. In academic year 2019–20, the average amount of grant and scholarship aid awarded and the net price paid (in constant 2020–21 dollars) differed by students’ family income level. In general, for income levels above $30,000, the lower the income, the greater the average amount of grant and scholarship aid awarded. For example, at public 4-year institutions, the average amount of grant and scholarship aid awarded to first-time, full-time undergraduate students paying in-state tuition in 2019–20 was highest for those with family incomes of $30,000 or less ($12,200 in aid) and lowest for those with family incomes of $110,001 or more ($2,900 in aid). Accordingly, at public 4-year institutions, the lowest average net price ($9,300) was paid by students with family incomes of $30,000 or less, and the highest average net price ($22,900) was paid by those with family incomes of $110,001 or more.
Figure 5. Average total cost, grant and scholarship aid, and net price for first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students awarded Title IV aid at private nonprofit 4-year institutions, by family income level: Academic year 2019–20

The average amount of grant and scholarship aid awarded to first-time, full-time undergraduate students at 4-year private nonprofit institutions (in constant 2020–21 dollars) was highest for those with family incomes between $30,001 and $48,000 ($30,300 in aid) and between $48,001 and $75,000 ($28,900 in aid). Those with family incomes of $30,000 or less were awarded a lower amount in aid ($26,700). Students with family incomes between $75,001 and $110,000 were awarded an average of $25,800 in aid from private nonprofit 4-year institutions. Those with family incomes of $110,001 or more were awarded the lowest amount ($21,800) in aid from private nonprofit 4-year institutions.

In addition to receiving the most aid, students with family incomes between $30,001 and $48,000 paid the lowest average net price ($20,800) at private nonprofit 4-year institutions. Despite attending institutions with lower average total costs, students with family incomes of $30,000 or less paid a slightly higher net cost ($20,900). The highest average net price ($36,400) was paid by those with family incomes of $110,001 or more.
At private for-profit 4-year institutions, the average amount of grant and scholarship aid awarded to first-time, full-time undergraduate students in academic year 2019-20 (in constant 2020-21 dollars) was highest for those with family incomes between $30,001 and $48,000 ($8,100 in aid). The average amount of grant and scholarship aid awarded was lowest for those with family incomes between $75,001 and $110,000 ($6,400 in aid). The lowest average net price ($28,200) was paid by students with family incomes of $30,000 or less. The highest average net price ($28,200) was paid by those with family incomes of $110,001 or more.

In academic year 2019-20, at all family income levels, the average amount of grant and scholarship aid at 4-year institutions (in constant 2020-21 dollars) was highest for first-time, full-time undergraduate students at private nonprofit 4-year institutions. At most family income levels, the average amount of grant and scholarship aid was lowest for students at private for-profit 4-year institutions. Additionally, at each family income level except those with family incomes between $75,001 and $110,000 and $110,001 or more, the average net price was highest for students attending private for-profit 4-year institutions. For family incomes between $75,001 and $110,000 and $110,001 or more, the average net price was highest for students attending private nonprofit 4-year institutions. At all family income levels, the average net price was lowest for students attending public 4-year institutions. For example, the average amount of grant and scholarship aid awarded to students with family incomes between $30,001 and $48,000 who attended 4-year institutions was highest at private nonprofit institutions ($30,300), followed by public institutions ($11,700) and then private for-profit institutions ($8,100). The average net price of attending a private for-profit 4-year institution ($23,300) at this family income level was higher than the price of attending a private nonprofit institution ($20,800) or a public institution ($10,900).
Endnotes:
1 For public institutions, this is the lower of in-district or in-state published tuition and required fees.
2 Includes only students who are seeking a degree or certificate.
3 Data for public institutions only include students who paid the in-district or in-state tuition and fees.
4 Data in this indicator represent the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Average amounts of grant and scholarship aid include federal Title IV grants, as well as other grant or scholarship aid from the federal government, state or local governments, or institutional sources.

Title IV aid includes grant aid, work-study aid, and loan aid. Data for net price and grant and scholarship aid only include students who were awarded Title IV aid.

Reference tables: Digest of Education Statistics 2021, tables 330.40 and 331.30
Related indicators and resources: Financing Postsecondary Education in the United States [The Condition of Education 2013 Spotlight]; Loans for Undergraduate Students; Sources of Financial Aid

Glossary: Constant dollars; Control of institutions; Financial aid; Full-time enrollment; Postsecondary institutions (basic classification by level); Private institution; Public school or institution; Title IV eligible institution; Tuition and fees; Undergraduate students