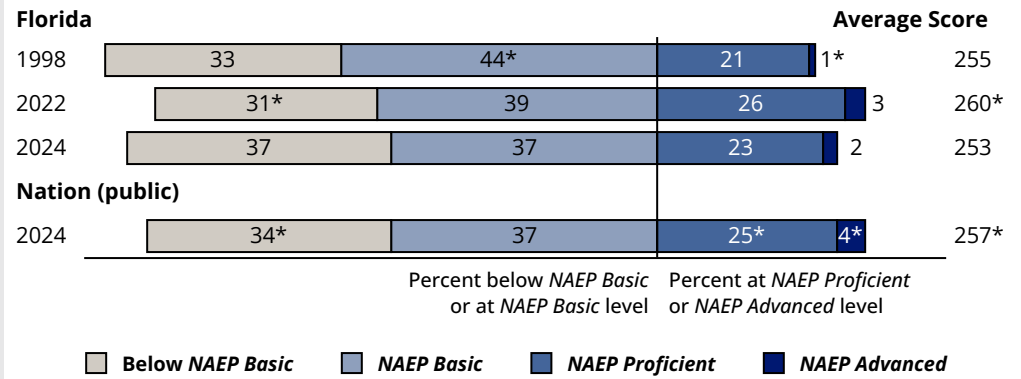


OVERALL RESULTS

- In 2024, the average score of eighth-grade students in Florida was 253. This was lower than the average score of 257 for students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Florida in 2024 (253) was lower than their average score in 2022 (260) and was not significantly different from their average score in 1998 (255).
- The percentage of students in Florida who performed at or above the *NAEP Proficient* level was 25 percent in 2024. This percentage was smaller than that in 2022 (29 percent) and was not significantly different from that in 1998 (23 percent).
- The percentage of students in Florida who performed at or above the *NAEP Basic* level was 63 percent in 2024. This percentage was smaller than that in 2022 (69 percent) and was not significantly different from that in 1998 (67 percent).

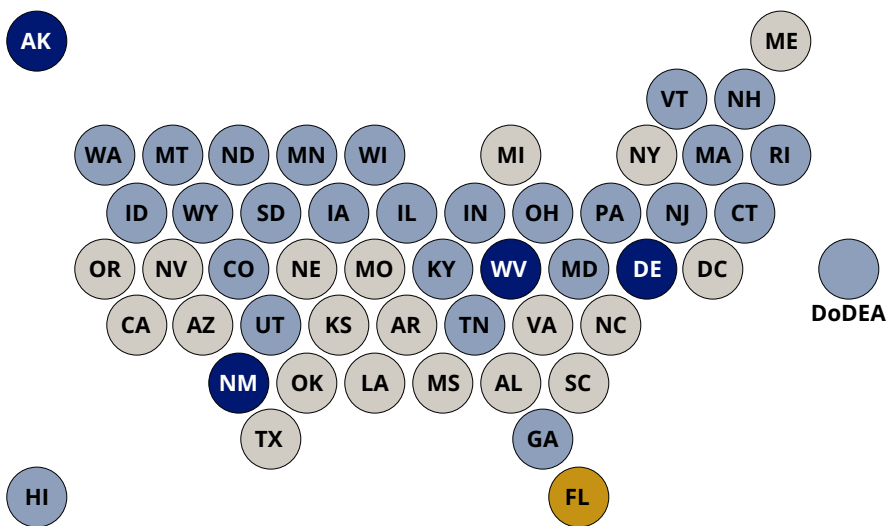
NAEP ACHIEVEMENT-LEVEL PERCENTAGES AND AVERAGE SCORE RESULTS



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from the state's results in 2024. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: NAEP achievement levels are to be used on a trial basis and should be interpreted and used with caution. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

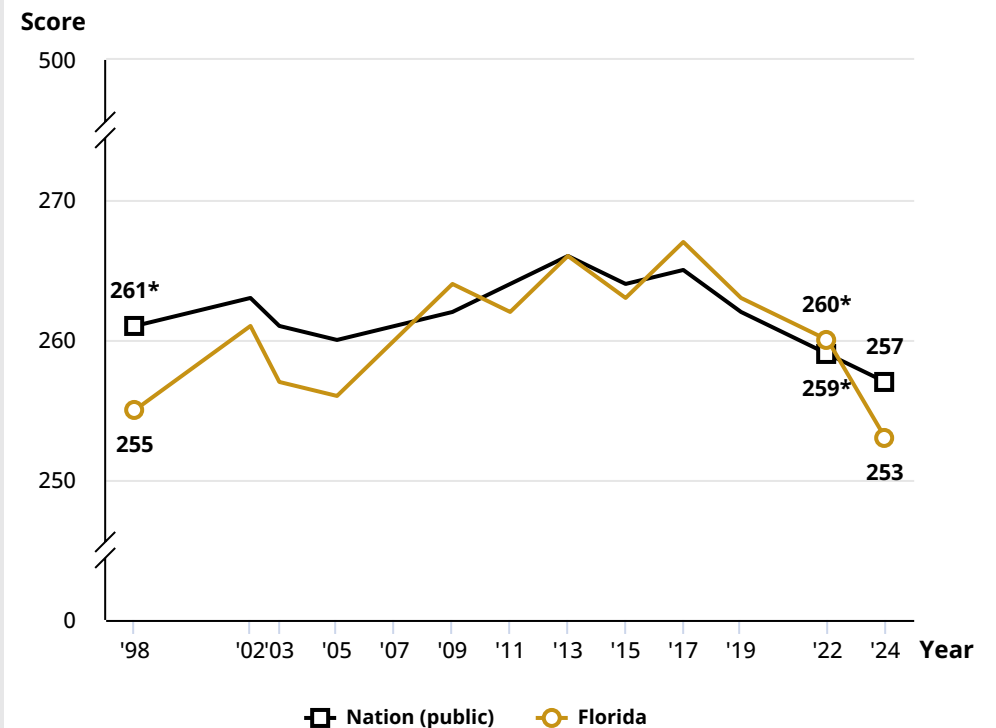
COMPARE THE AVERAGE SCORE IN 2024 TO OTHER STATES/JURISDICTIONS



In 2024, the average score in Florida (253) was
 lower than those in 27 states/jurisdictions
 higher than those in 4 states/jurisdictions
 not significantly different from those in 20 states/jurisdictions

DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).

AVERAGE SCORES FOR STATE/JURISDICTION AND THE NATION (PUBLIC)



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2024. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

RESULTS FOR STUDENT GROUPS IN 2024

| REPORTING GROUPS | PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS | AVG. SCORE | PERCENTAGE AT OR ABOVE NAEP BASIC | PERCENTAGE AT NAEP PROFICIENT | PERCENTAGE AT NAEP ADVANCED |
|--|------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Race/ethnicity | | | | | |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | # | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ |
| Asian | 3 | 278 | 83 | 54 | 9 |
| Black | 20 | 241 | 50 | 15 | 1 |
| Hispanic | 41 | 248 | 59 | 21 | 2 |
| Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | # | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ |
| Two or More Races | 4 | 254 | 65 | 26 | 1 |
| White | 32 | 263 | 72 | 34 | 4 |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Male | 51 | 248 | 57 | 21 | 2 |
| Female | 49 | 258 | 68 | 30 | 3 |
| Economically disadvantaged status | | | | | |
| Economically disadvantaged | 54 | 245 | 55 | 17 | 1 |
| Not economically disadvantaged | 46 | 263 | 72 | 35 | 4 |

Rounds to zero.
 ‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the Economically Disadvantaged Status is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

SCORE GAPS FOR STUDENT GROUPS

- In 2024, Black students had an average score that was 22 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (28 points).
- In 2024, Hispanic students had an average score that was 15 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (17 points).
- In 2024, male students in Florida had an average score that was lower than that for female students by 11 points.
- In 2024, students who were identified as economically disadvantaged had an average score that was 18 points lower than that for students who were identified as not economically disadvantaged. This performance gap was narrower than that in 1998 (24 points).