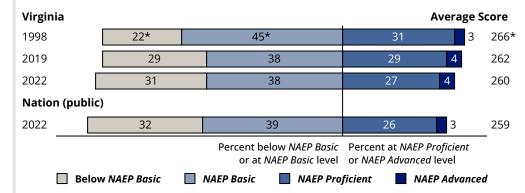
#### **OVERALL RESULTS**

- In 2022, the average score of eighth-grade students in Virginia was 260. This was not significantly different from the average score of 259 for students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Virginia in 2022 (260) was not significantly different from their average score in 2019 (262) and was lower than their average score in 1998 (266)
- The percentage of students in Virginia who performed at or above the *NAEP Proficient* level was 31 percent in 2022. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2019 (33 percent) and in 1998 (33 percent).
- The percentage of students in Virginia who performed at or above the *NAEP Basic* level was 69 percent in 2022. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2019 (71 percent) and was smaller than that in 1998 (78 percent).

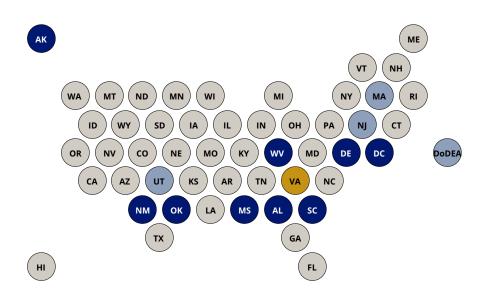
# NAEP ACHIEVEMENT-LEVEL PERCENTAGES AND AVERAGE SCORE RESULTS



 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Significantly different (p < .05) from the state's results in 2022. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: NAEP achievement levels are to be used on a trial basis and should be interpreted and used with caution. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

### COMPARE THE AVERAGE SCORE IN 2022 TO OTHER STATES/ JURISDICTIONS



In 2022, the average score in Virginia (260) was

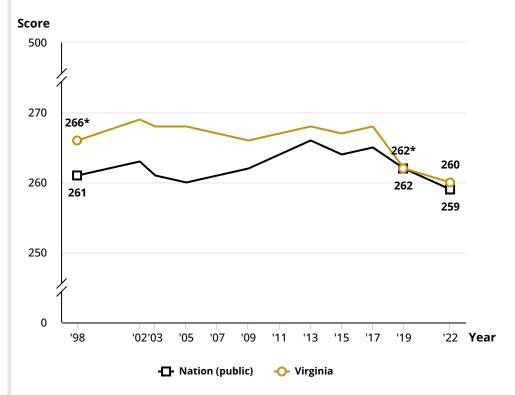
lower than those in 4 states/jurisdictions

higher than those in 9 states/jurisdictions

not significantly different from those in 38 states/jurisdictions

DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).

# AVERAGE SCORES FOR STATE/JURISDICTION AND THE NATION (PUBLIC)



\* Significantly different (p < .05) from 2022. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

## **RESULTS FOR STUDENT GROUPS IN 2022**

	PERCENTAGE	AVG.	OR ABOVE NAEP		AT NAEP
REPORTING GROUPS	OF STUDENTS		BASIC	PROFICIENT	ADVANCED
Race/Ethnicity					
White	45	266	77	37	4
Black	21	242	50	14	1
Hispanic	17	246	56	18	#
Asian	10	284	87	60	14
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or More Races	6	266	76	33	5
Gender					
Male	51	255	64	28	3
Female	49	265	73	35	5
<b>National School Lunch Program</b>					
Eligible	36	242	51	14	1
Not eligible	62	270	79	41	6

# Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

## **SCORE GAPS FOR STUDENT GROUPS**

- In 2022, Black students had an average score that was 25 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (24 points)
- In 2022, Hispanic students had an average score that was 21 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was wider than that in 1998 (8 points).
- In 2022, male students in Virginia had an average score that was lower than that for female students by 10 points.
- In 2022, students who were eligible for the National School Lunch Program (NSLP)
  had an average score that was 28 points lower than that for students who were not
  eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (25
  points).



NOTE: The NAEP reading scale ranges from 0 to 500. Results presented in this report are based on public school students only. Statistical comparisons are calculated on the basis of unrounded scale scores or percentages. Score gap results for "White," "Black," and "Hispanic" presented in this report are based on the 6-category race/ethnicity variable with data available starting in early 1990s. Read more about how to interpret NAEP results from the reading assessment at interpret results. For more information and additional comparisons please visit the Nation's Report Card and NAEP Data Explorer.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1998–2022 Reading Assessments.