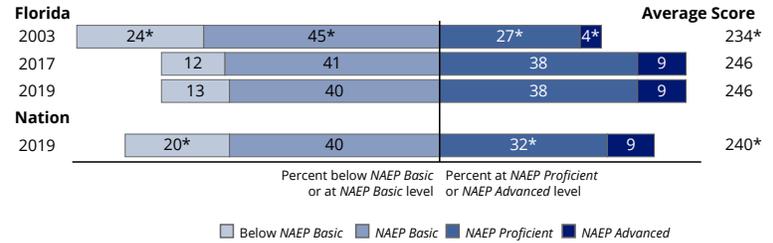


Overall Results

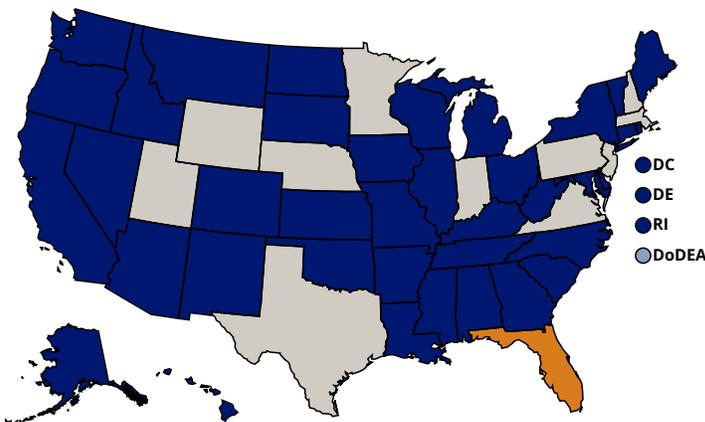
- In 2019, the average score of fourth-grade students in Florida was 246. This was higher than the average score of 240 for students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Florida in 2019 (246) was not significantly different from their average score in 2017 (246) and was higher than their average score in 2003 (234).
- The percentage of students in Florida who performed at or above the *NAEP Proficient* level was 48 percent in 2019. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2017 (48 percent) and was higher than that in 2003 (31 percent).
- The percentage of students in Florida who performed at or above the *NAEP Basic* level was 87 percent in 2019. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2017 (88 percent) and was higher than that in 2003 (76 percent).

NAEP Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from state's results in 2019. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.
NOTE: NAEP achievement levels are to be used on a trial basis and should be interpreted and used with caution. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

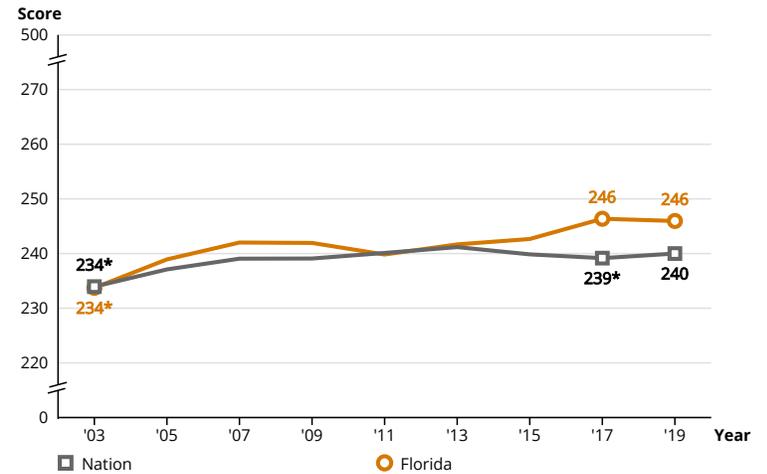
Compare the Average Score in 2019 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2019, the average score in Florida (246) was
■ lower than those in 1 state/jurisdiction
■ higher than those in 39 states/jurisdictions
■ not significantly different from those in 11 states/jurisdictions

DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)
NOTE: Puerto Rico was not included in the comparison results.

Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2019. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

Results for Student Groups in 2019

| Reporting Groups | Percentage of students | Avg. score | Percentage at or above NAEP | | Percentage at NAEP Advanced |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | Basic | Proficient | |
| Race/Ethnicity | | | | | |
| White | 39 | 254 | 94 | 59 | 13 |
| Black | 20 | 233 | 77 | 28 | 3 |
| Hispanic | 34 | 242 | 85 | 43 | 6 |
| Asian | 3 | 266 | 98 | 76 | 29 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | # | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ |
| Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | # | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ |
| Two or more races | 4 | 246 | 86 | 49 | 10 |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Male | 51 | 248 | 88 | 51 | 12 |
| Female | 49 | 244 | 87 | 44 | 6 |
| National School Lunch Program | | | | | |
| Eligible | 60 | 239 | 83 | 38 | 5 |
| Not eligible | 40 | 256 | 95 | 62 | 16 |

Rounds to zero.
‡ Reporting standards not met.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2019, Black students had an average score that was 21 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was narrower than that in 2003 (28 points).
- In 2019, Hispanic students had an average score that was 12 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2003 (11 points).
- In 2019, male students in Florida had an average score that was higher than that for female students by 5 points.
- In 2019, students who were eligible for the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), had an average score that was 17 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was narrower than that in 2003 (23 points).