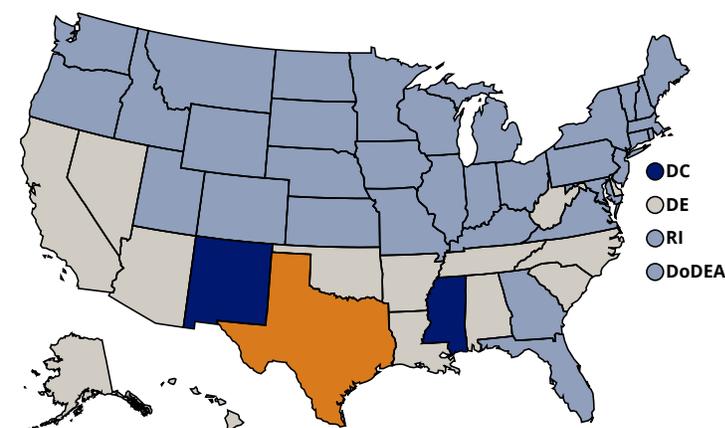


### Overall Results

- In 2017, the average score of eighth-grade students in Texas was 260. This was lower than the average score of 265 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Texas in 2017 (260) was not significantly different from their average score in 2015 (261) and in 1998 (261).
- The percentage of students in Texas who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 28 percent in 2017. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2015 (28 percent) and in 1998 (27 percent).
- The percentage of students in Texas who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 71 percent in 2017. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2015 (72 percent) and in 1998 (74 percent).

### Compare the Average Score in 2017 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2017, the average score in Texas (260) was

- lower than those in 34 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 3 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 14 states/jurisdictions

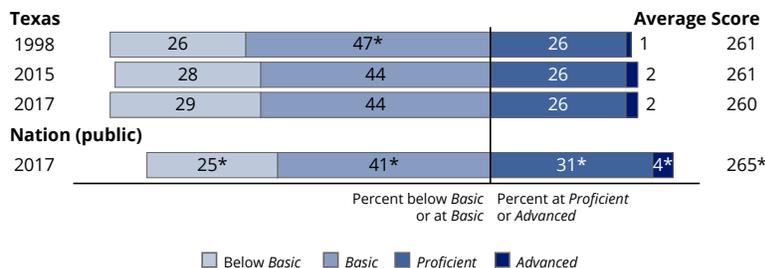
DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

### Results for Student Groups in 2017

Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above		Percentage at Advanced
			Basic	Proficient	
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>					
White	28	271	83	40	3
Black	12	247	58	14	#
Hispanic	52	254	66	21	1
Asian	5	288	92	63	10
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	2	268	77	35	5
<b>Gender</b>					
Male	50	257	68	24	2
Female	50	264	75	32	2
<b>National School Lunch Program</b>					
Eligible	55	251	62	17	1
Not eligible	44	272	83	42	4

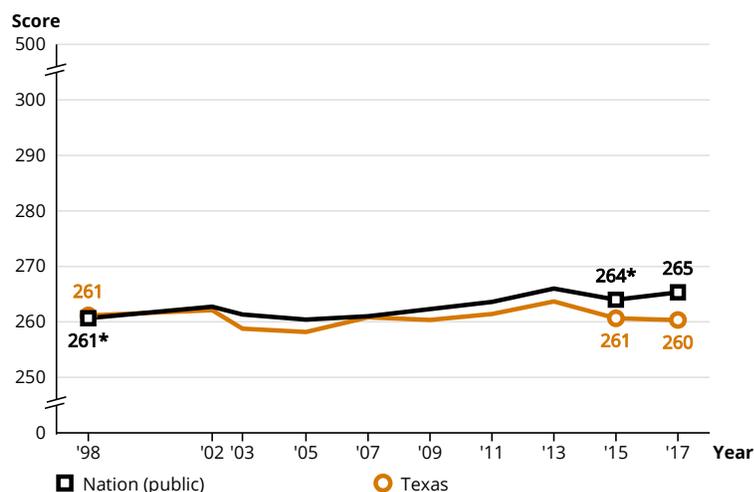
# Rounds to zero.  
‡ Reporting standards not met.  
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

### Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from state's results in 2017. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.  
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

### Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from 2017. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

### Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2017, Black students had an average score that was 24 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (25 points).
- In 2017, Hispanic students had an average score that was 16 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (22 points).
- In 2017, female students in Texas had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 8 points.
- In 2017, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 22 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (24 points).