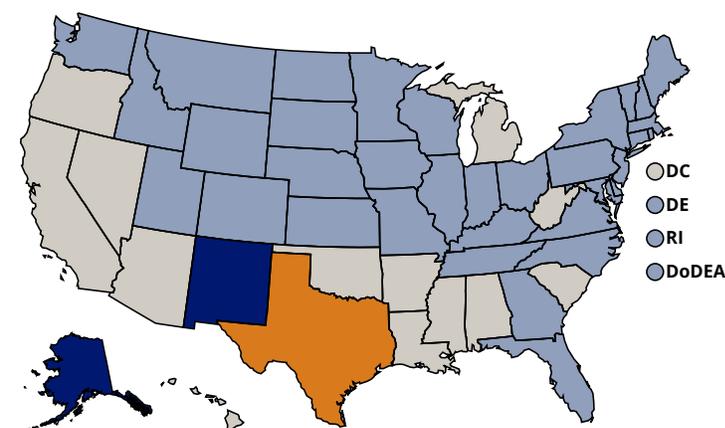


Overall Results

- In 2017, the average score of fourth-grade students in Texas was 215. This was lower than the average score of 221 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Texas in 2017 (215) was not significantly different from their average score in 2015 (218) and in 1998 (214).
- The percentage of students in Texas who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 29 percent in 2017. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2015 (31 percent) and in 1998 (28 percent).
- The percentage of students in Texas who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 60 percent in 2017. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2015 (64 percent) and in 1998 (59 percent).

Compare the Average Score in 2017 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2017, the average score in Texas (215) was

- lower than those in 35 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 2 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 14 states/jurisdictions

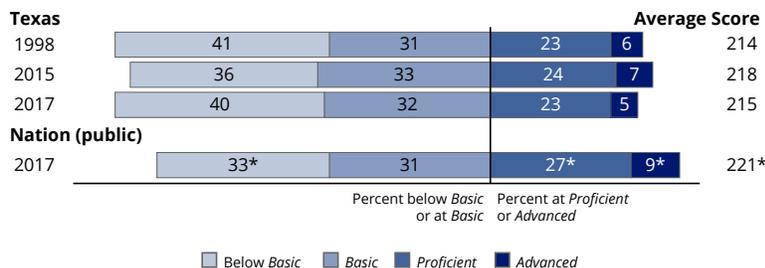
DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

Results for Student Groups in 2017

Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above		Percentage at Advanced
			Basic	Proficient	
Race/Ethnicity					
White	25	231	79	45	10
Black	13	210	56	22	3
Hispanic	54	206	51	19	3
Asian	5	239	84	61	19
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	2	223	67	38	8
Gender					
Male	52	213	59	28	5
Female	48	216	62	30	6
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	61	205	50	18	2
Not eligible	38	231	78	46	11

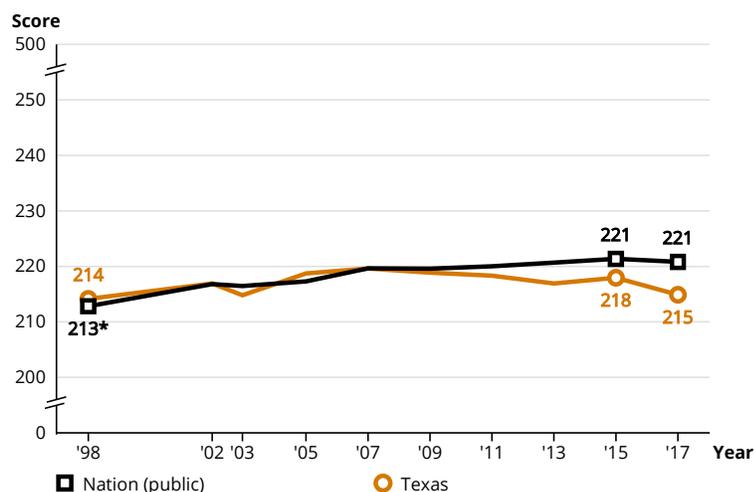
Rounds to zero.
‡ Reporting standards not met.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from state's results in 2017. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2017. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2017, Black students had an average score that was 21 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was narrower than that in 1998 (39 points).
- In 2017, Hispanic students had an average score that was 25 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (30 points).
- In 2017, female students in Texas had an average score that was not significantly different from that for male students.
- In 2017, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 26 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (31 points).