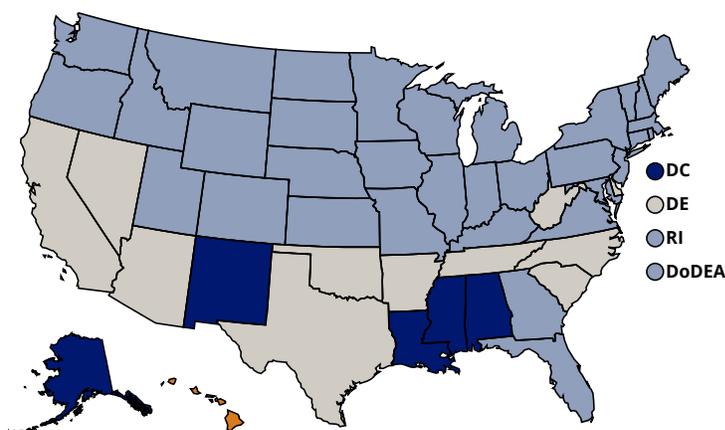


## Overall Results

- In 2017, the average score of eighth-grade students in Hawaii was 261. This was lower than the average score of 265 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Hawaii in 2017 (261) was higher than their average score in 2015 (257) and in 1998 (249).
- The percentage of students in Hawaii who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 30 percent in 2017. This percentage was greater than that in 2015 (26 percent) and in 1998 (19 percent).
- The percentage of students in Hawaii who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 72 percent in 2017. This percentage was greater than that in 2015 (68 percent) and in 1998 (59 percent).

## Compare the Average Score in 2017 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2017, the average score in Hawaii (261) was

- lower than those in 34 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 6 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 11 states/jurisdictions

DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

## Results for Student Groups in 2017

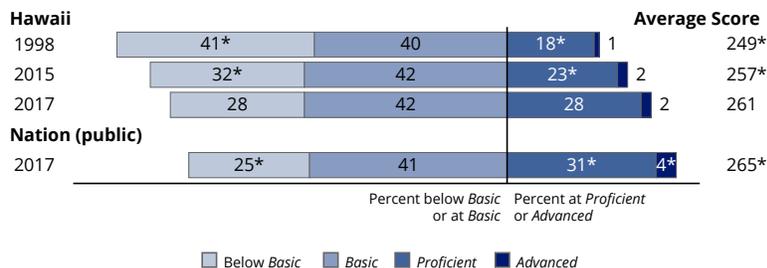
Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above		Percentage at
			Basic	Proficient	Advanced
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>					
White	11	271	81	44	4
Black	2	‡	‡	‡	‡
Hispanic	9	265	77	32	3
Asian	36	267	78	36	3
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	34	248	59	17	1
Two or more races	9	272	84	39	2
<b>Gender</b>					
Male	52	254	65	24	1
Female	48	269	80	37	3
<b>National School Lunch Program</b>					
Eligible	44	250	61	19	1
Not eligible	54	270	82	40	4

# Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

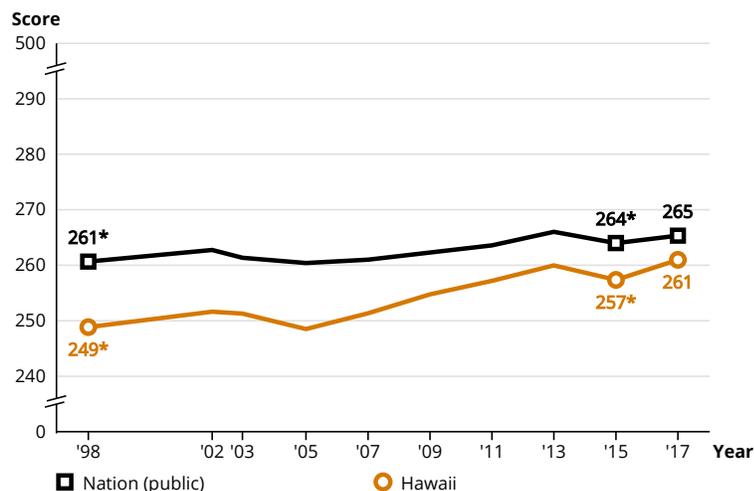
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

## Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from state's results in 2017. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.  
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

## Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from 2017. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

## Score Gaps for Student Groups

- Data are not reported for Black students in 2017, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2017, Hispanic students had an average score that was 6 points not significantly different from that for White students. Data are not reported for Hispanic students in 1998, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2017, female students in Hawaii had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 15 points.
- In 2017, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 20 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (16 points).