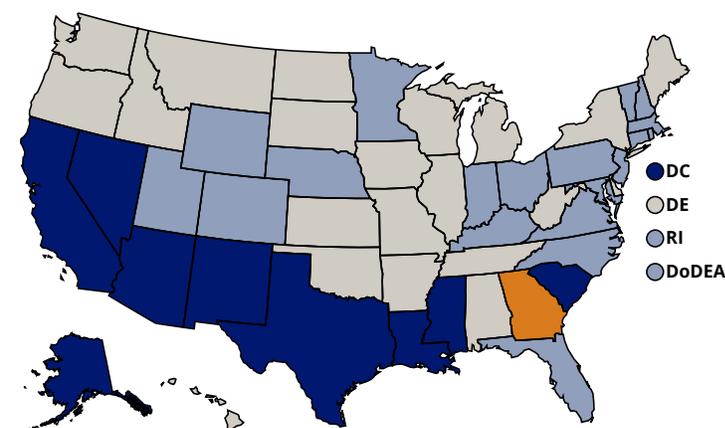


### Overall Results

- In 2017, the average score of fourth-grade students in Georgia was 220. This was not significantly different from the average score of 221 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Georgia in 2017 (220) was not significantly different from their average score in 2015 (222) and was higher than their average score in 1998 (209).
- The percentage of students in Georgia who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 35 percent in 2017. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2015 (34 percent) and was greater than that in 1998 (24 percent).
- The percentage of students in Georgia who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 66 percent in 2017. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2015 (68 percent) and was greater than that in 1998 (54 percent).

### Compare the Average Score in 2017 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2017, the average score in Georgia (220) was  
  lower than those in 20 states/jurisdictions  
  higher than those in 10 states/jurisdictions  
  not significantly different from those in 21 states/jurisdictions

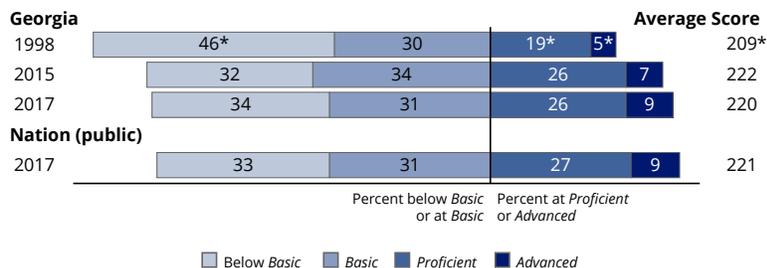
DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

### Results for Student Groups in 2017

Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above		Percentage at Advanced
			Basic	Proficient	
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>					
White	41	231	78	46	13
Black	37	206	53	22	3
Hispanic	14	214	60	26	4
Asian	4	250	89	70	32
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	4	226	72	41	9
<b>Gender</b>					
Male	51	216	62	32	7
Female	49	223	70	37	10
<b>National School Lunch Program</b>					
Eligible	65	209	55	22	3
Not eligible	34	241	86	58	19

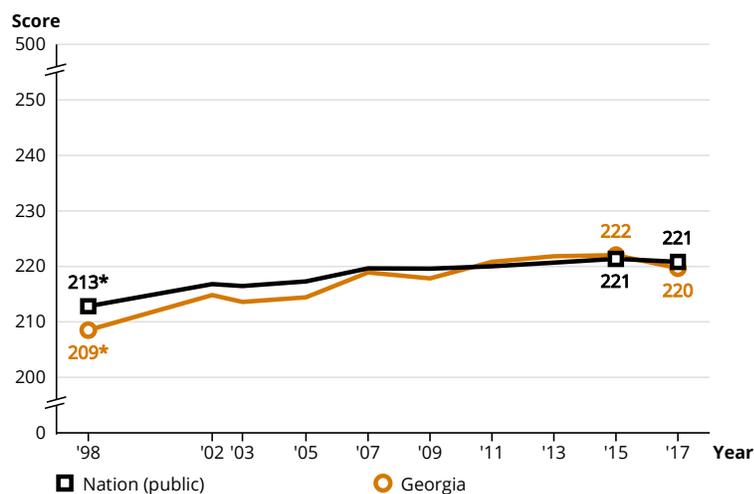
# Rounds to zero.  
 ‡ Reporting standards not met.  
 NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

### Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from state's results in 2017. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.  
 NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

### Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from 2017. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

### Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2017, Black students had an average score that was 25 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (30 points).
- In 2017, Hispanic students had an average score that was 17 points lower than that for White students. Data are not reported for Hispanic students in 1998, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2017, female students in Georgia had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 7 points.
- In 2017, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 32 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (32 points).