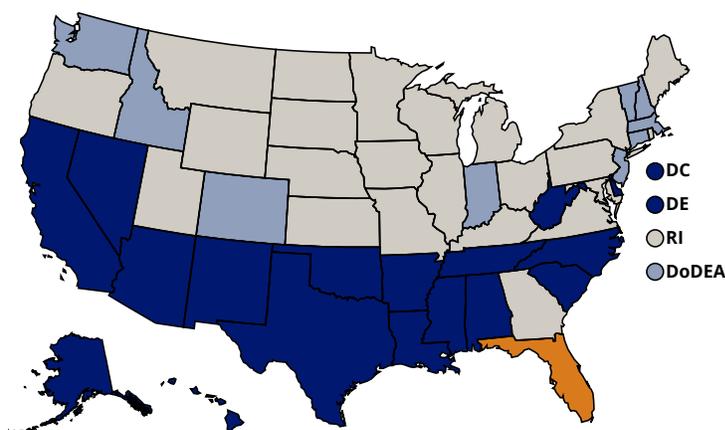


## Overall Results

- In 2017, the average score of eighth-grade students in Florida was 267. This was not significantly different from the average score of 265 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Florida in 2017 (267) was higher than their average score in 2015 (263) and in 1998 (255).
- The percentage of students in Florida who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 35 percent in 2017. This percentage was greater than that in 2015 (30 percent) and in 1998 (23 percent).
- The percentage of students in Florida who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 77 percent in 2017. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2015 (75 percent) and was greater than that in 1998 (67 percent).

## Compare the Average Score in 2017 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2017, the average score in Florida (267) was

- light blue lower than those in 10 states/jurisdictions
- dark blue higher than those in 18 states/jurisdictions
- grey not significantly different from those in 23 states/jurisdictions

DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

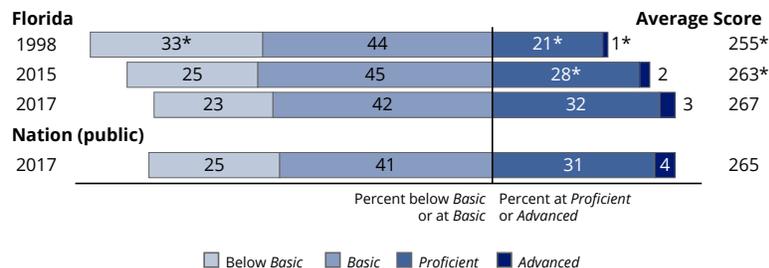
## Results for Student Groups in 2017

Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above		Percentage at
			Basic	Proficient	Advanced
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>					
White	40	274	85	44	5
Black	21	254	65	20	1
Hispanic	33	262	74	31	2
Asian	3	289	90	67	15
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	3	273	84	44	3
<b>Gender</b>					
Male	51	263	74	32	2
Female	49	270	80	39	4
<b>National School Lunch Program</b>					
Eligible	56	257	69	24	1
Not eligible	44	278	87	50	6

# Rounds to zero.  
‡ Reporting standards not met.

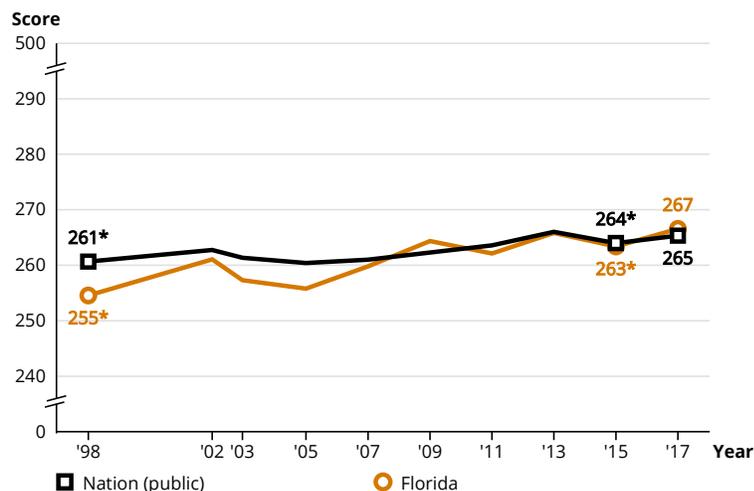
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

## Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from state's results in 2017. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.  
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

## Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from 2017. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

## Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2017, Black students had an average score that was 21 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was narrower than that in 1998 (28 points).
- In 2017, Hispanic students had an average score that was 12 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (17 points).
- In 2017, female students in Florida had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 7 points. This performance gap was narrower than that in 1998 (13 points).
- In 2017, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 21 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (24 points).