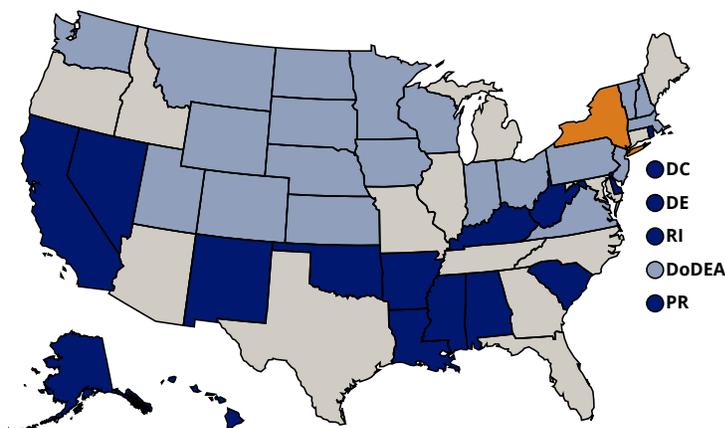


### Overall Results

- In 2017, the average score of eighth-grade students in New York was 282. This was not significantly different from the average score of 282 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in New York in 2017 (282) was not significantly different from their average score in 2015 (280) and was higher than their average score in 2000 (271).
- The percentage of students in New York who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 34 percent in 2017. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2015 (31 percent) and was greater than that in 2000 (24 percent).
- The percentage of students in New York who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 68 percent in 2017. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2015 (69 percent) and in 2000 (63 percent).

### Compare the Average Score in 2017 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2017, the average score in New York (282) was  
■ lower than those in 21 states/jurisdictions  
■ higher than those in 17 states/jurisdictions  
■ not significantly different from those in 14 states/jurisdictions

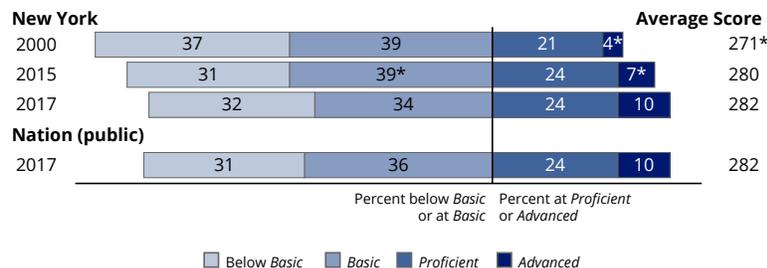
DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

### Results for Student Groups in 2017

Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above		Percentage at Advanced
			Basic	Proficient	
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>					
White	49	292	79	42	13
Black	17	260	47	16	2
Hispanic	23	265	52	19	4
Asian	9	309	86	62	30
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	1	‡	‡	‡	‡
<b>Gender</b>					
Male	51	281	67	33	11
Female	49	282	69	34	10
<b>National School Lunch Program</b>					
Eligible	49	269	56	21	4
Not eligible	49	294	80	45	16

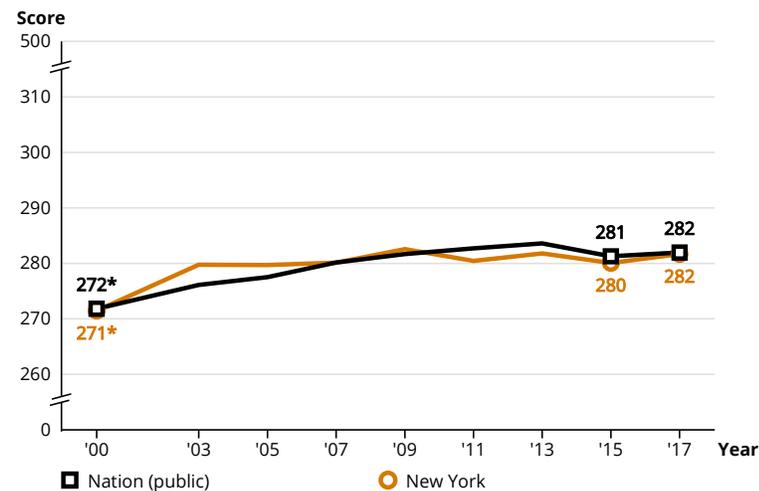
# Rounds to zero.  
 ‡ Reporting standards not met.  
 NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

### Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from state's results in 2017. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.  
 NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

### Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from 2017. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

### Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2017, Black students had an average score that was 31 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2000 (33 points).
- In 2017, Hispanic students had an average score that was 26 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2000 (34 points).
- In 2017, male students in New York had an average score that was not significantly different from that for female students.
- In 2017, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 26 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2000 (29 points).