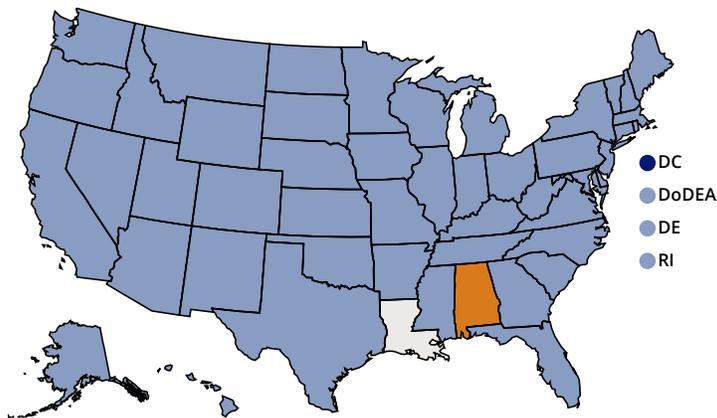


### Overall Results

- In 2015, the average score of eighth-grade students in Alabama was 267. This was lower than the average score of 281 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Alabama in 2015 (267) was not significantly different from their average score in 2013 (269) and in 2000 (264).
- The percentage of students in Alabama who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 17 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (20 percent) and in 2000 (16 percent).
- The percentage of students in Alabama who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 56 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (60 percent) and in 2000 (53 percent).

### Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2015, the average score in Alabama (267) was

- lower than those in 49 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 1 state/jurisdiction
- not significantly different from those in 1 state/jurisdiction

DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

### Results for Student Groups in 2015

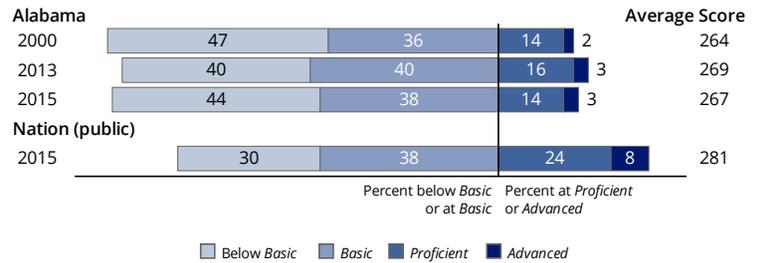
Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above Basic	Percentage at or above Proficient	Percentage at Advanced
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>					
White	61	276	68	23	4
Black	31	248	33	5	#
Hispanic	5	260	50	11	1
Asian	1	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	1	‡	‡	‡	‡
<b>Gender</b>					
Male	50	266	56	18	3
Female	50	267	56	17	3
<b>National School Lunch Program</b>					
Eligible	55	254	41	7	1
Not eligible	45	282	73	29	6

# Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

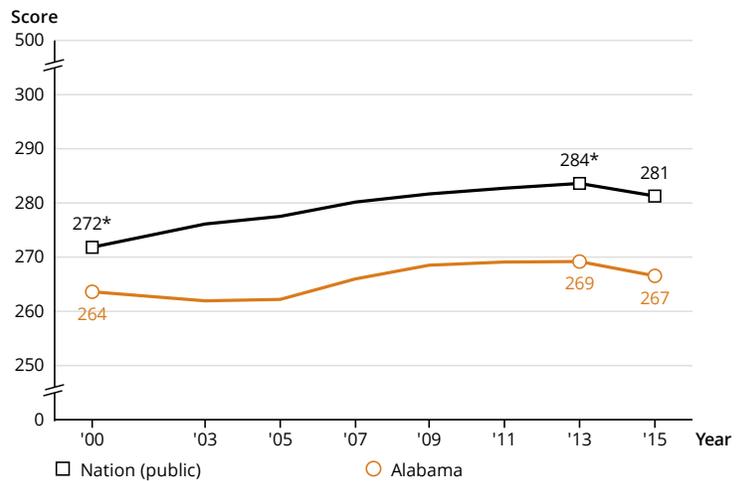
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

### Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

### Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

### Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Black students had an average score that was 28 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was narrower than that in 2000 (35 points).
- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 16 points lower than that for White students. Data are not reported for Hispanic students in 2000, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2015, male students in Alabama had an average score that was not significantly different from that for female students.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 27 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2000 (29 points).