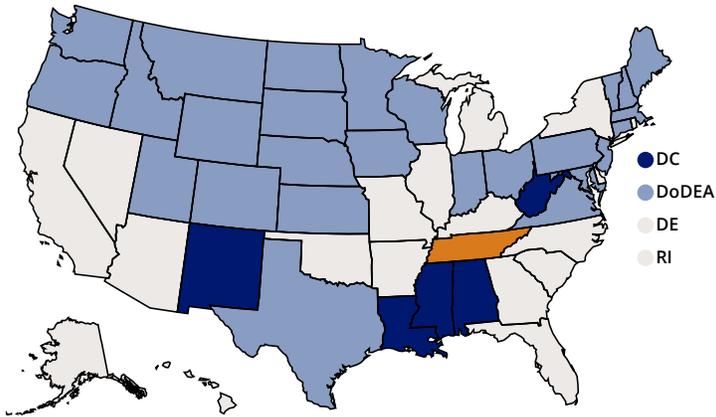


### Overall Results

- In 2015, the average score of eighth-grade students in Tennessee was 278. This was not significantly different from the average score of 281 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Tennessee in 2015 (278) was not significantly different from their average score in 2013 (278) and was higher than their average score in 2000 (262).
- The percentage of students in Tennessee who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 29 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (28 percent) and was greater than that in 2000 (16 percent).
- The percentage of students in Tennessee who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 68 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (69 percent) and was greater than that in 2000 (52 percent).

### Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2015, the average score in Tennessee (278) was

- lower than those in 27 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 6 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 18 states/jurisdictions

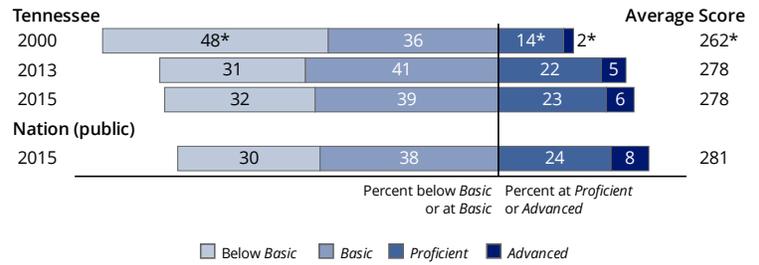
DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

### Results for Student Groups in 2015

Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above Basic	Percentage at Proficient	Percentage at Advanced
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>					
White	69	285	75	34	7
Black	20	253	41	9	1
Hispanic	8	273	63	24	3
Asian	2	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	1	‡	‡	‡	‡
<b>Gender</b>					
Male	51	278	67	31	7
Female	49	278	69	28	6
<b>National School Lunch Program</b>					
Eligible	54	266	56	17	2
Not eligible	46	292	82	44	12

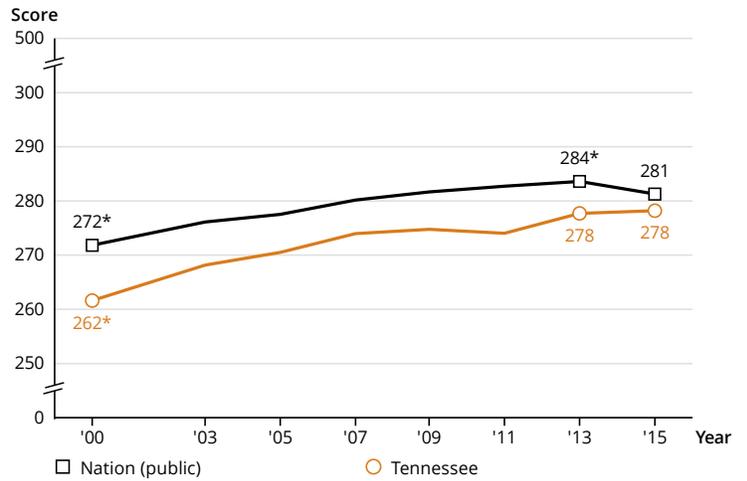
# Rounds to zero.  
‡ Reporting standards not met.  
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

### Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from state's results in 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.  
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

### Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

### Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Black students had an average score that was 31 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2000 (34 points).
- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 12 points lower than that for White students. Data are not reported for Hispanic students in 2000, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2015, male students in Tennessee had an average score that was not significantly different from that for female students.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 26 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2000 (31 points).