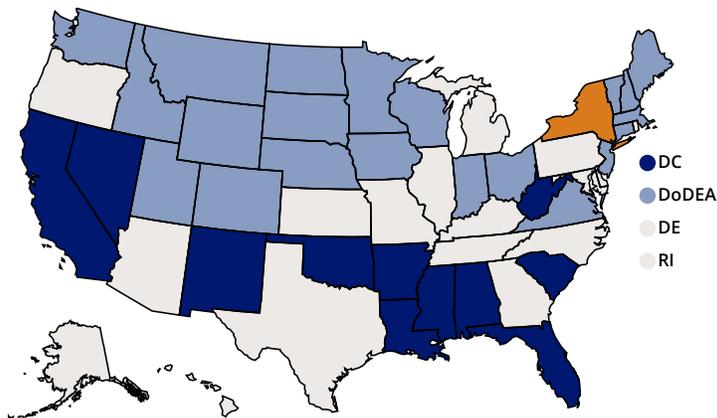


Overall Results

- In 2015, the average score of eighth-grade students in New York was 280. This was not significantly different from the average score of 281 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in New York in 2015 (280) was not significantly different from their average score in 2013 (282) and was higher than their average score in 2000 (271).
- The percentage of students in New York who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 31 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (32 percent) and was greater than that in 2000 (24 percent).
- The percentage of students in New York who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 69 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (72 percent) and was greater than that in 2000 (63 percent).

Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2015, the average score in New York (280) was

- lower than those in 22 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 12 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 17 states/jurisdictions

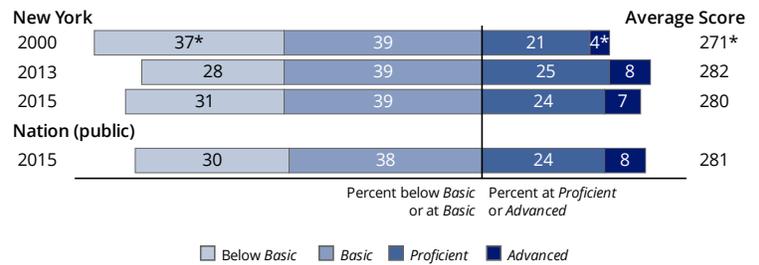
DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

Results for Student Groups in 2015

Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above Basic	Percentage at Proficient	Percentage at Advanced
Race/Ethnicity					
White	47	290	80	40	9
Black	20	264	52	15	2
Hispanic	23	268	59	19	3
Asian	9	298	82	52	20
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	1	‡	‡	‡	‡
Gender					
Male	51	280	70	32	7
Female	49	280	69	30	7
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	57	271	60	21	4
Not eligible	41	292	81	44	11

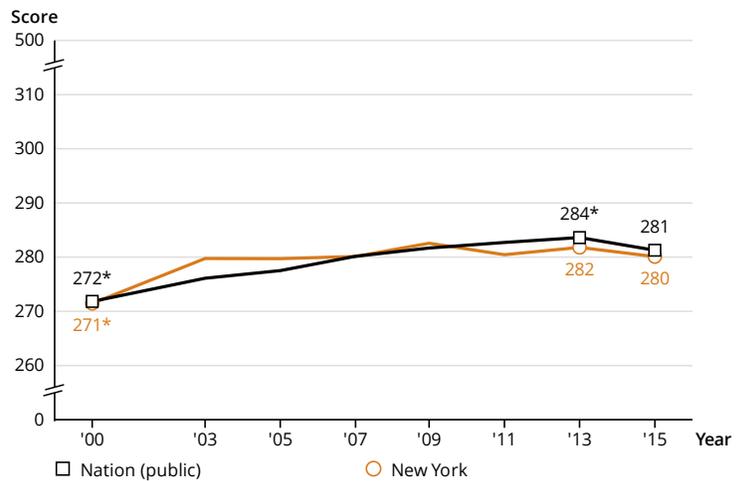
Rounds to zero.
‡ Reporting standards not met.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from state's results in 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Black students had an average score that was 25 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2000 (33 points).
- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 21 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was narrower than that in 2000 (34 points).
- In 2015, male students in New York had an average score that was not significantly different from that for female students.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 21 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2000 (29 points).