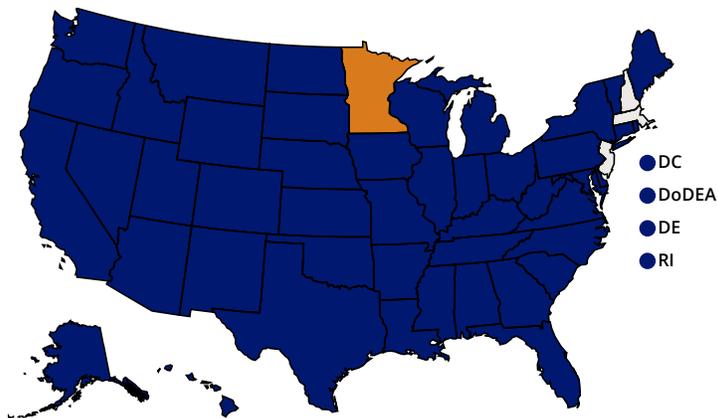


### Overall Results

- In 2015, the average score of eighth-grade students in Minnesota was 294. This was higher than the average score of 281 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Minnesota in 2015 (294) was not significantly different from their average score in 2013 (295) and was higher than their average score in 2000 (287).
- The percentage of students in Minnesota who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 48 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (47 percent) and was greater than that in 2000 (39 percent).
- The percentage of students in Minnesota who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 82 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (83 percent) and in 2000 (80 percent).

### Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2015, the average score in Minnesota (294) was

- lower than those in 0 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 48 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 3 states/jurisdictions

DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

### Results for Student Groups in 2015

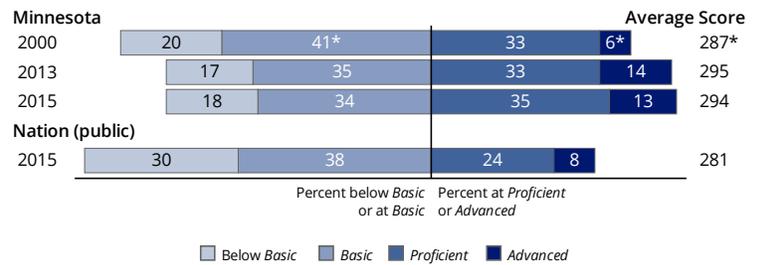
Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above Basic	Percentage at Proficient	Percentage at Advanced
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>					
White	71	302	89	56	16
Black	10	262	52	14	2
Hispanic	7	272	62	22	3
Asian	8	293	79	48	15
American Indian/Alaska Native	2	261	54	17	2
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	3	284	72	37	6
<b>Gender</b>					
Male	50	294	81	48	14
Female	50	294	83	48	13
<b>National School Lunch Program</b>					
Eligible	35	275	66	27	4
Not eligible	65	305	91	59	18

# Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

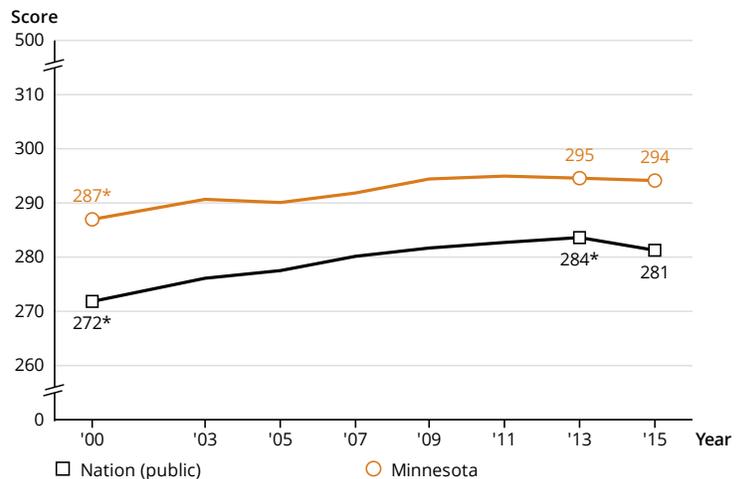
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

### Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from state's results in 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.  
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

### Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

### Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Black students had an average score that was 40 points lower than that for White students. Data are not reported for Black students in 2000, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 30 points lower than that for White students. Data are not reported for Hispanic students in 2000, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2015, male students in Minnesota had an average score that was not significantly different from that for female students.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 30 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was wider than that in 2000 (20 points).