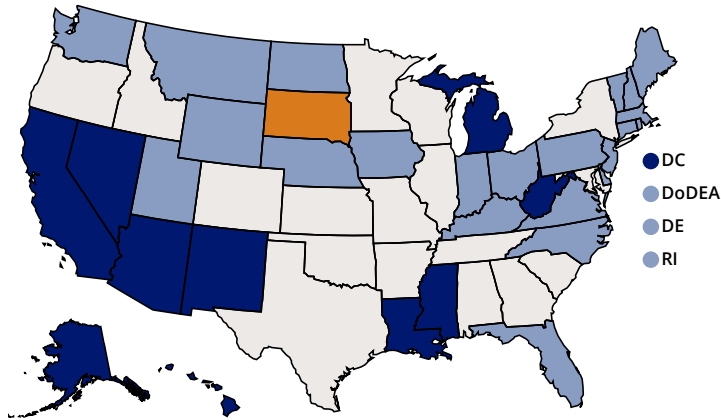


### Overall Results

- In 2015, the average score of fourth-grade students in South Dakota was 220. This was not significantly different from the average score of 221 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in South Dakota in 2015 (220) was not significantly different from their average score in 2013 (218) and in 2003 (222).
- The percentage of students in South Dakota who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 35 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (32 percent) and in 2003 (33 percent).
- The percentage of students in South Dakota who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 68 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (66 percent) and in 2003 (69 percent).

### Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2015, the average score in South Dakota (220) was

- lower than those in 23 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 11 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 17 states/jurisdictions

DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

### Results for Student Groups in 2015

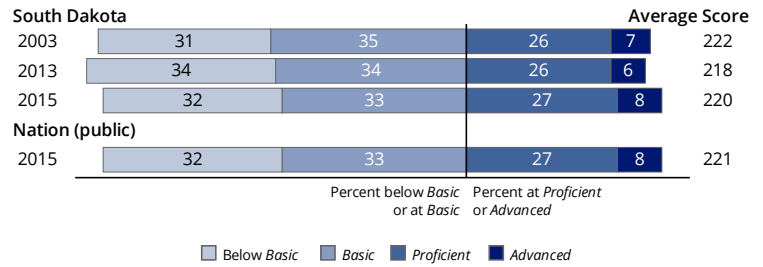
Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above Basic	Percentage at Proficient	Percentage at Advanced
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>					
White	75	227	75	41	9
Black	3	202	48	15	2
Hispanic	5	202	49	18	2
Asian	1	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	13	192	39	11	2
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	3	220	65	30	7
<b>Gender</b>					
Male	51	218	66	34	7
Female	49	223	70	35	8
<b>National School Lunch Program</b>					
Eligible	41	205	52	20	3
Not eligible	58	232	79	45	11

# Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

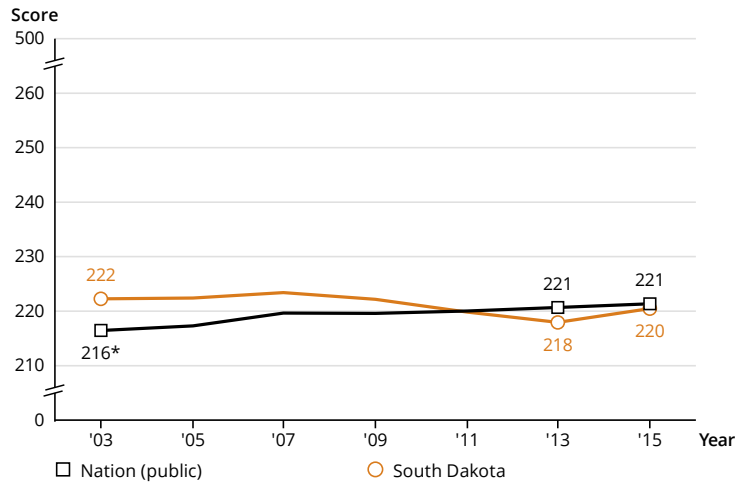
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

### Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

### Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

### Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Black students had an average score that was 26 points lower than that for White students. Data are not reported for Black students in 2003, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 25 points lower than that for White students. Data are not reported for Hispanic students in 2003, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2015, female students in South Dakota had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 4 points.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 27 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was wider than that in 2003 (20 points).