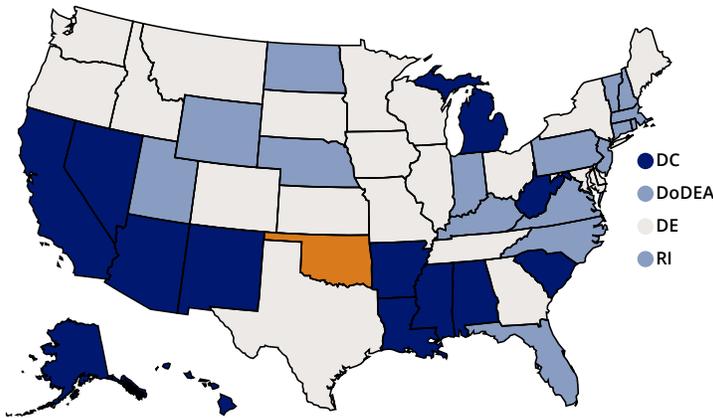


Overall Results

- In 2015, the average score of fourth-grade students in Oklahoma was 222. This was not significantly different from the average score of 221 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Oklahoma in 2015 (222) was higher than their average score in 2013 (217) and was not significantly different from their average score in 1998 (219).
- The percentage of students in Oklahoma who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 33 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (30 percent) and in 1998 (30 percent).
- The percentage of students in Oklahoma who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 71 percent in 2015. This percentage was greater than that in 2013 (65 percent) and in 1998 (66 percent).

Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2015, the average score in Oklahoma (222) was

- lower than those in 17 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 14 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 20 states/jurisdictions

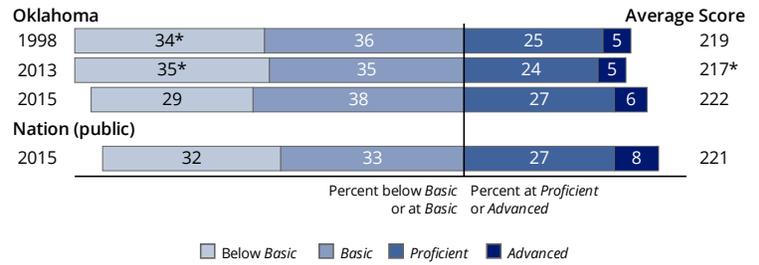
DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

Results for Student Groups in 2015

Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above Basic	Percentage at Proficient	Percentage at Advanced
Race/Ethnicity					
White	52	226	76	37	6
Black	9	205	50	17	3
Hispanic	16	213	60	21	3
Asian	2	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	14	223	73	33	6
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	7	225	72	36	7
Gender					
Male	52	219	68	30	5
Female	48	225	74	35	6
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	61	214	62	23	3
Not eligible	38	234	84	48	10

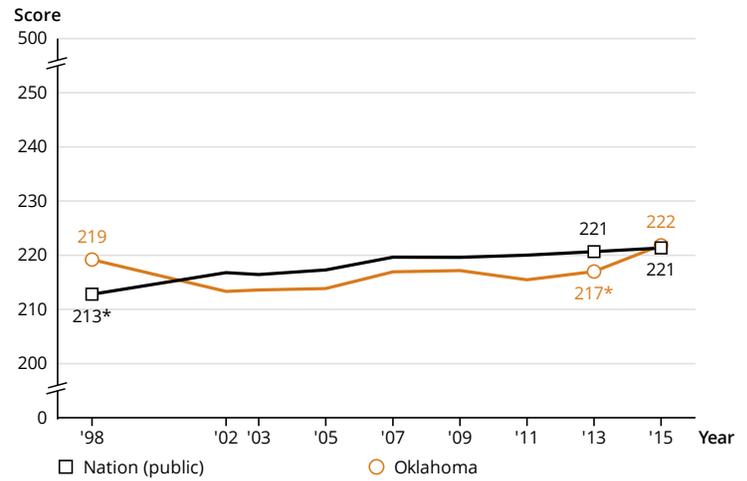
Rounds to zero.
‡ Reporting standards not met.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from state's results in 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Black students had an average score that was 21 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (30 points).
- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 14 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (21 points).
- In 2015, female students in Oklahoma had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 6 points.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 20 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (23 points).