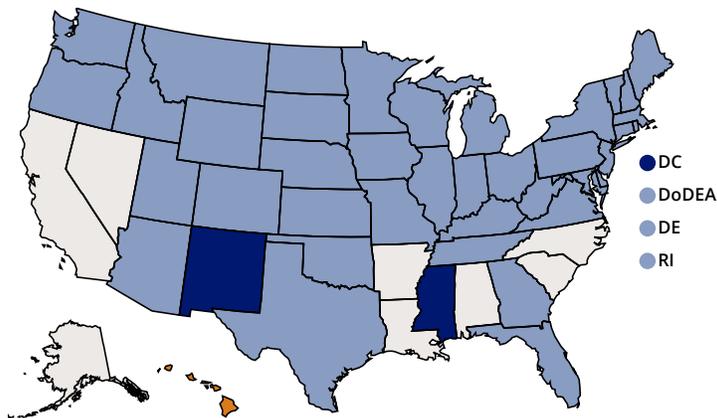


### Overall Results

- In 2015, the average score of eighth-grade students in Hawaii was 257. This was lower than the average score of 264 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Hawaii in 2015 (257) was lower than their average score in 2013 (260) and was higher than their average score in 1998 (249).
- The percentage of students in Hawaii who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 26 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (28 percent) and was greater than that in 1998 (19 percent).
- The percentage of students in Hawaii who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 68 percent in 2015. This percentage was smaller than that in 2013 (71 percent) and was greater than that in 1998 (59 percent).

### Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2015, the average score in Hawaii (257) was

- lower than those in 40 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 3 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 8 states/jurisdictions

DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

### Results for Student Groups in 2015

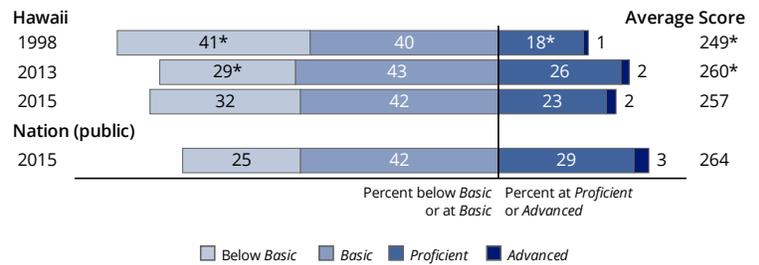
Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above Basic	Percentage at Proficient	Percentage at Advanced
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>					
White	12	270	81	38	5
Black	2	258	71	23	1
Hispanic	7	258	68	26	2
Asian	36	263	74	31	3
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	34	245	55	15	1
Two or more races	8	264	76	32	3
<b>Gender</b>					
Male	50	252	62	21	1
Female	50	263	74	30	3
<b>National School Lunch Program</b>					
Eligible	50	247	57	16	1
Not eligible	50	268	79	35	4

# Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

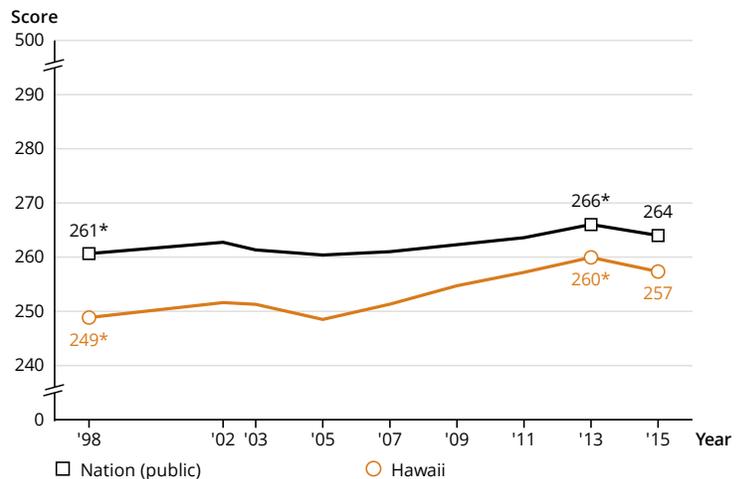
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

### Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from state's results in 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.  
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

### Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

### Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Black students had an average score that was 12 points lower than that for White students. Data are not reported for Black students in 1998, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 12 points lower than that for White students. Data are not reported for Hispanic students in 1998, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2015, female students in Hawaii had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 11 points.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 21 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (16 points).