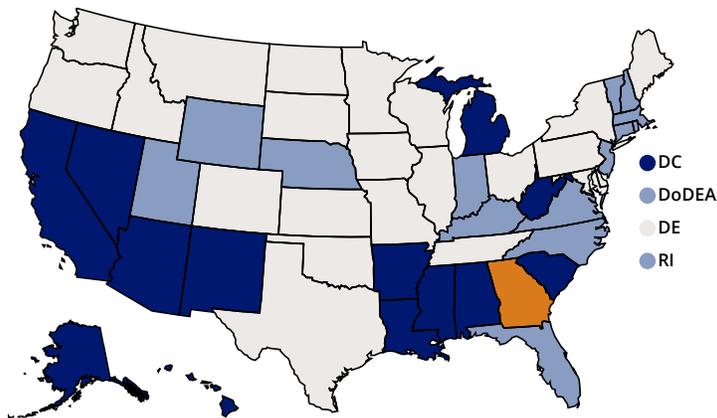


Overall Results

- In 2015, the average score of fourth-grade students in Georgia was 222. This was not significantly different from the average score of 221 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Georgia in 2015 (222) was not significantly different from their average score in 2013 (222) and was higher than their average score in 1998 (209).
- The percentage of students in Georgia who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 34 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (34 percent) and was greater than that in 1998 (24 percent).
- The percentage of students in Georgia who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 68 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (67 percent) and was greater than that in 1998 (54 percent).

Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2015, the average score in Georgia (222) was

- lower than those in 15 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 14 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 22 states/jurisdictions

DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

Results for Student Groups in 2015

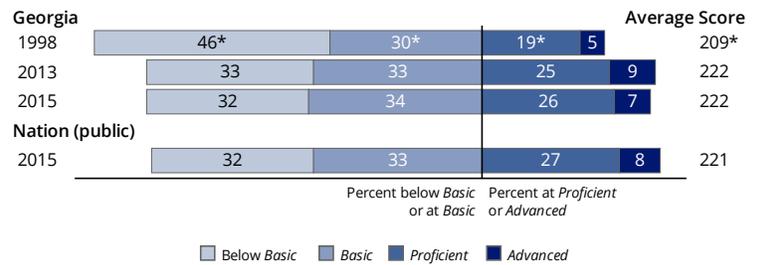
Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above Basic	Percentage at Proficient	Percentage at Advanced
Race/Ethnicity					
White	43	232	80	45	10
Black	35	212	57	22	3
Hispanic	14	211	55	22	4
Asian	4	241	84	56	18
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	3	222	66	34	7
Gender					
Male	50	219	64	30	6
Female	50	225	72	37	8
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	63	214	60	23	3
Not eligible	31	239	86	55	14

Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

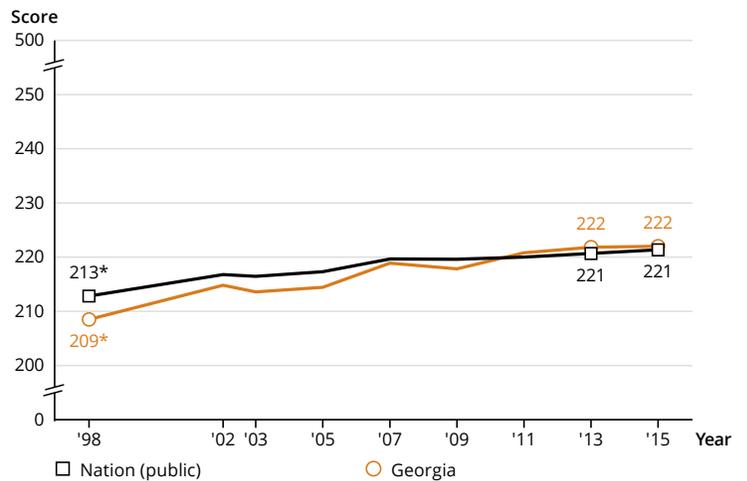
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from state's results in 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Black students had an average score that was 20 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was narrower than that in 1998 (30 points).
- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 21 points lower than that for White students. Data are not reported for Hispanic students in 1998, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2015, female students in Georgia had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 6 points.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 25 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was narrower than that in 1998 (32 points).