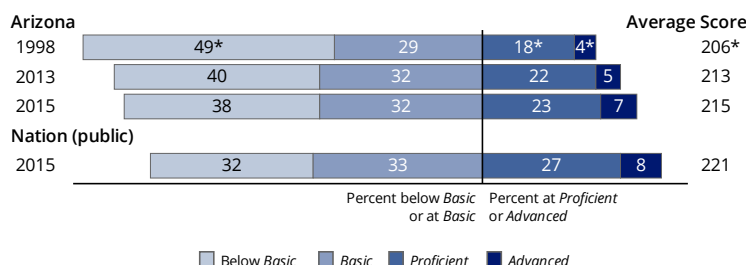


Overall Results

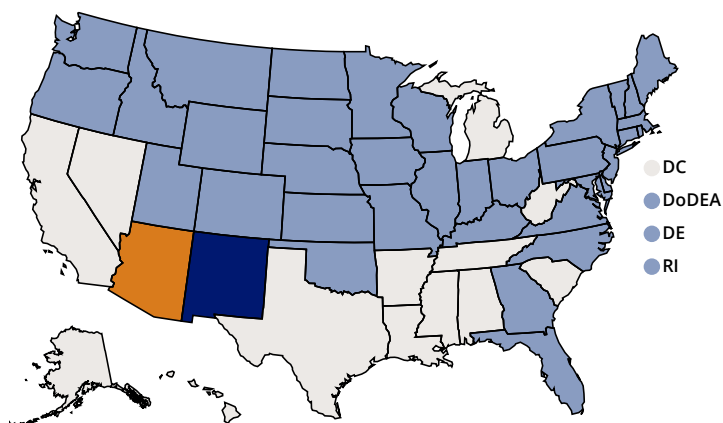
- In 2015, the average score of fourth-grade students in Arizona was 215. This was lower than the average score of 221 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Arizona in 2015 (215) was not significantly different from their average score in 2013 (213) and was higher than their average score in 1998 (206).
- The percentage of students in Arizona who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 30 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (28 percent) and was greater than that in 1998 (22 percent).
- The percentage of students in Arizona who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 62 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (60 percent) and was greater than that in 1998 (51 percent).

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from state's results in 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2015, the average score in Arizona (215) was

- lower than those in 36 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 1 state/jurisdiction
- not significantly different from those in 14 states/jurisdictions

DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

Results for Student Groups in 2015

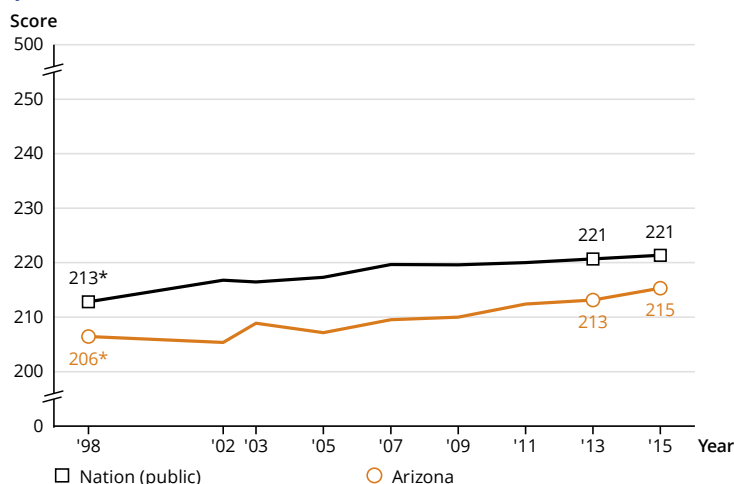
Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above Basic	Percentage at or above Proficient	Percentage at or above Advanced
Race/Ethnicity					
White	39	229	76	44	11
Black	6	217	63	27	6
Hispanic	47	204	51	18	3
Asian	2	†	†	†	†
American Indian/Alaska Native	5	191	36	11	3
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	†	†	†	†
Two or more races	1	†	†	†	†
Gender					
Male	51	211	56	26	5
Female	49	220	67	33	9
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	62	203	49	17	2
Not eligible	32	236	83	52	14

Rounds to zero.

† Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Black students had an average score that was 12 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was narrower than that in 1998 (28 points).
- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 25 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (31 points).
- In 2015, female students in Arizona had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 10 points.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 33 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (32 points).