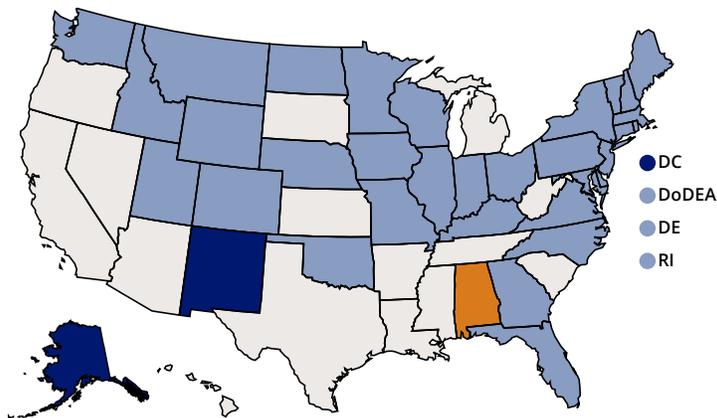


Overall Results

- In 2015, the average score of fourth-grade students in Alabama was 217. This was lower than the average score of 221 for public school students in the nation.
- The average score for students in Alabama in 2015 (217) was not significantly different from their average score in 2013 (219) and was higher than their average score in 1998 (211).
- The percentage of students in Alabama who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 29 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (31 percent) and in 1998 (24 percent).
- The percentage of students in Alabama who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 65 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (65 percent) and was greater than that in 1998 (56 percent).

Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other States/Jurisdictions



In 2015, the average score in Alabama (217) was

- lower than those in 33 states/jurisdictions
- higher than those in 3 states/jurisdictions
- not significantly different from those in 15 states/jurisdictions

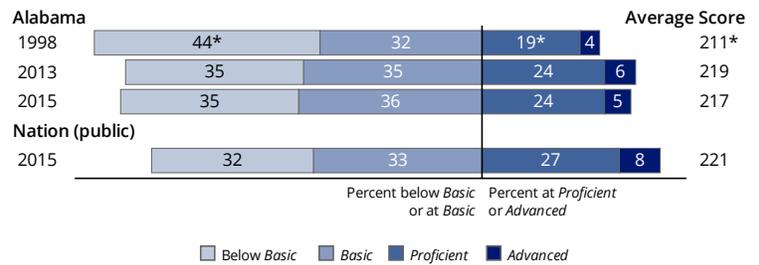
DoDEA = Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools)

Results for Student Groups in 2015

Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above Basic	Percentage at Proficient	Percentage at Advanced
Race/Ethnicity					
White	58	226	75	37	7
Black	32	204	48	15	1
Hispanic	5	199	42	16	2
Asian	1	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	1	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	2	‡	‡	‡	‡
Gender					
Male	52	213	60	26	4
Female	48	221	69	31	5
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	62	208	55	19	2
Not eligible	38	232	81	45	10

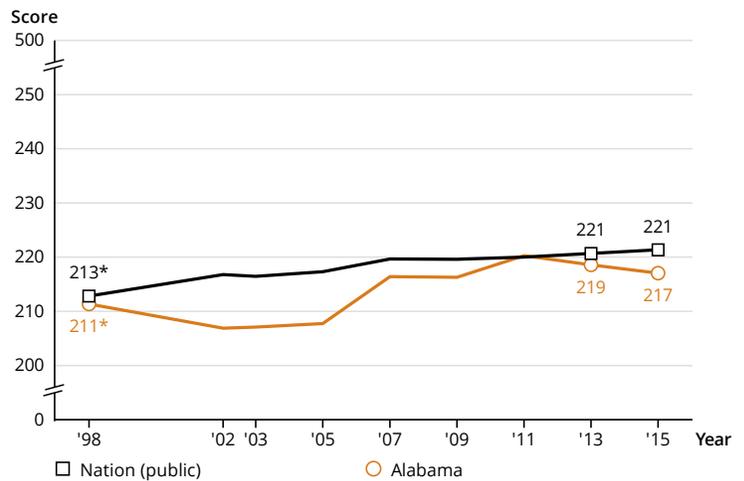
Rounds to zero.
‡ Reporting standards not met.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from state's results in 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Average Scores for State/Jurisdiction and Nation (public)



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Black students had an average score that was 22 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was narrower than that in 1998 (31 points).
- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 27 points lower than that for White students. Data are not reported for Hispanic students in 1998, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2015, female students in Alabama had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 8 points.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 23 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 1998 (29 points).