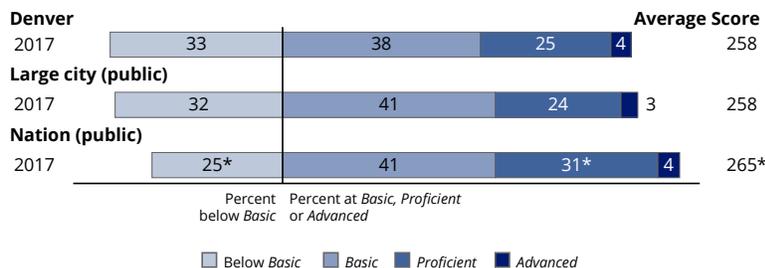


### Overall Results

- In 2017, the average score of eighth-grade students in Denver was 258. This was not significantly different from the average score of 258 for public school students in large cities.
- The percentage of students in Denver who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 29 percent in 2017. This percentage was not significantly different from large cities (27 percent).
- The percentage of students in Denver who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 67 percent in 2017. This percentage was not significantly different from large cities (68 percent).

### Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



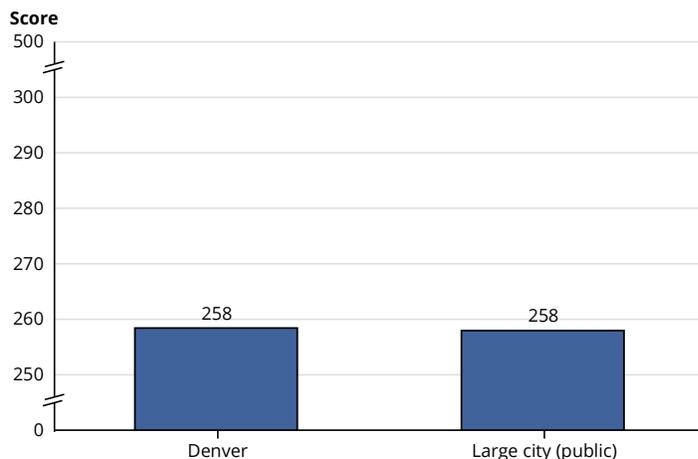
\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from Denver. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.  
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

### Compare the Average Score in 2017 to Other Districts

In 2017, the average score in Denver (258) was

Lower Than 4 Districts	Not Significantly Different From 10 Districts	Higher Than 12 Districts
Austin Duval County (FL) Hillsborough County San Diego	Albuquerque Atlanta Boston Charlotte Chicago Clark County (NV) Guilford County (NC) Jefferson County Miami-Dade New York City	Baltimore City Cleveland Dallas Detroit District of Columbia Fort Worth (TX) Fresno Houston Los Angeles Milwaukee Philadelphia Shelby County (TN)

### Average Scores for District and Large Cities



### Results for Student Groups in 2017

Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above Basic	Percentage at or above Proficient	Percentage at Advanced
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>					
White	18	285	89	59	11
Black	12	249	58	18	2
Hispanic	61	250	60	19	1
Asian	4	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	1	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	4	‡	‡	‡	‡
<b>Gender</b>					
Male	50	253	61	25	3
Female	50	264	73	33	5
<b>National School Lunch Program</b>					
Eligible	69	250	60	20	1
Not eligible	30	279	83	51	10

# Rounds to zero.  
‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

### Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2017, Black students had an average score that was 36 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from large cities (30 points).
- In 2017, Hispanic students had an average score that was 35 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was wider than large cities (23 points).
- In 2017, female students in Denver had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 11 points.
- In 2017, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 29 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was wider than large cities (22 points).