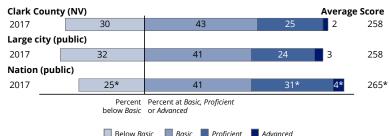


2017 Reading Trial Urban District Snapshot Report Clark County (NV) • Grade 8 • Public Schools

Overall Results

- In 2017, the average score of eighth-grade students in Clark County (NV) was 258. This was not significantly different from the average score of 258 for public school students in large cities.
- The percentage of students in Clark County (NV) who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 27 percent in 2017. This percentage was not significantly different from large cities (27 percent).
- The percentage of students in Clark County (NV) who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 70 percent in 2017. This percentage was not significantly different from large cities (68 percent).

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results

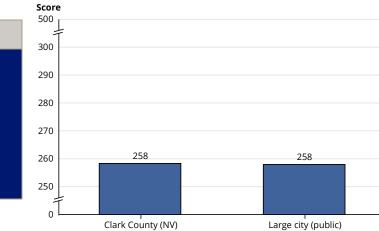


 \ast Significantly different (p < .05) from Clark County (NV). Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

Average Scores for District and Large Cities



In 2017, Black students had an average score that was 26 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not

In 2017, Hispanic students had an average score that was 18 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap

In 2017, female students in Clark County (NV) had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 10 points.
In 2017, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 20 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from

significantly different from large cities (30 points).

was narrower than large cities (23 points).

Compare the Average Score in 2017 to Other Districts

In 2017, the average score in Clark County (NV) (258) was

| Lower Than 5 | Not Significantly Different From | Higher Than 13 |
|---|--|---|
| Districts | 8 Districts | Districts |
| Austin Boston Duval County (FL) Hillsborough County San Diego | Atlanta Charlotte Chicago Denver Guilford County (NC) Jefferson County Miami-Dade New York City | Albuquerque Baltimore City Cleveland Dallas Detroit District of Columbia Fort Worth (TX) Fresno Houston Los Angeles Milwaukee Philadelphia Shelby County (TN) |

Results for Student Groups in 2017

| | Percentage | Avg. | Percentage at or above | | Percentage at | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|------|---------------------------|------------|------------------|--|--|
| Reporting Groups | of students | | | Proficient | Advanced | | |
| Race/Ethnicity | | | | - | | | |
| White | 25 | 271 | 82 | 39 | 3 | | |
| Black | 14 | 244 | 54 | 14 | 1 | | |
| Hispanic | 46 | 252 | 65 | 21 | 1 | | |
| Asian | 7 | 275 | 85 | 44 | 6 | | |
| American Indian/Alaska | Native 1 | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | | |
| Native Hawaiian/Pacific | Islander 2 | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | | |
| Two or more races | 6 | 266 | 76 | 33 | 3 | | |
| Gender | | | | | | | |
| Male | 51 | 253 | 65 | 22 | 1 | | |
| Female | 49 | 264 | 75 | 32 | 3 | | |
| National School Lunch Program | | | | | | | |
| Eligible | 67 | 252 | 64 | 20 | 1 | | |
| Not eligible | 32 | 272 | 82 | 41 | 4 | | |

‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information

not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic

includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.



NOTE: The NAEP reading scale ranges from 0 to 500. Beginning in 2009, results for charter schools are excluded from the TUDA results if they are not included in the school district's Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) report to the U.S. Department of Education. Statistical comparisons are calculated on the basis of unrounded scale scores or percentages. Read more about how to interpret NAEP results from the reading assessment at https://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/reading (interpret results.app.

large cities (22 points).

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 2017 Reading Assessments.