Overall Results

- In 2017, the average score of fourth-grade students in Denver was 229. This was not significantly different from the average score of 232 for public school students in large cities.
- The percentage of students in Denver who performed at or above the NAEP Proficient level was 28 percent in 2017. This percentage was not significantly different from large cities (31 percent).
- The percentage of students in Denver who performed at or above the NAEP Basic level was 65 percent in 2017. This percentage was smaller than large cities (71 percent).

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Average Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Denver 2017</td>
<td>229</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large city (public) 2017</td>
<td>232</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nation (public) 2017</td>
<td>239*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Significantly different (p < .05) from Denver. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Compare the Average Score in 2017 to Other Districts

In 2017, the average score in Denver (229) was

- Lower than 11 Districts
  - Austin
  - Boston
  - Charlotte
  - Dallas
  - Duval County (FL)
  - Guilford County (NC)
  - Hillsborough County
  - Houston
  - Jefferson County
  - Miami-Dade
  - San Diego

- Not significantly different from 7 Districts
  - Albuquerque
  - Atlanta
  - Chicago
  - Clark County (NV)
  - District of Columbia
  - Fort Worth (TX)
  - New York City

- Higher than 8 Districts
  - Baltimore City
  - Cleveland
  - Dallas
  - Duval County (FL)
  - Guilford County (NC)
  - Hillsborough County
  - Houston
  - Jefferson County
  - Miami-Dade
  - San Diego

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2017, Black students had an average score that was 43 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was wider than large cities (30 points).
- In 2017, Hispanic students had an average score that was 39 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was wider than large cities (23 points).
- In 2017, male students in Denver had an average score that was not significantly different from that for female students.
- In 2017, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 38 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was wider than large cities (24 points).