

## Overall Results

- In 2015, the average score of eighth-grade students in New York City was 275. This was not significantly different from the average score of 274 for public school students in large cities.
- The average score for students in New York City in 2015 (275) was not significantly different from their average score in 2013 (274) and was higher than their average score in 2003 (266).
- The percentage of students in New York City who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 27 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (25 percent) and was greater than that in 2003 (20 percent).
- The percentage of students in New York City who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 62 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (61 percent) and was greater than that in 2003 (54 percent).

## Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other Districts

In 2015, the average score in New York City (275) was

Lower Than Districts <b>3</b>	Not Significantly Different From Districts <b>9</b>	Higher Than Districts <b>8</b>
Austin Boston Charlotte	Albuquerque Chicago Dallas Duval County (FL) Hillsborough County Houston Jefferson County Miami-Dade San Diego	Atlanta Baltimore City Cleveland Detroit District of Columbia Fresno Los Angeles Philadelphia

## Results for Student Groups in 2015

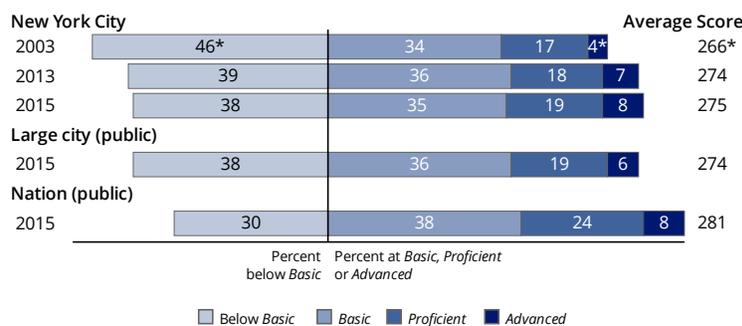
Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above Basic	Percentage at Proficient	Percentage at Advanced
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>					
White	15	294	80	46	16
Black	30	261	48	13	2
Hispanic	37	267	57	18	3
Asian	17	303	84	56	24
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
<b>Gender</b>					
Male	51	274	60	27	8
Female	49	277	65	28	8
<b>National School Lunch Program</b>					
Eligible	79	272	59	24	6
Not eligible	21	288	74	41	15

# Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

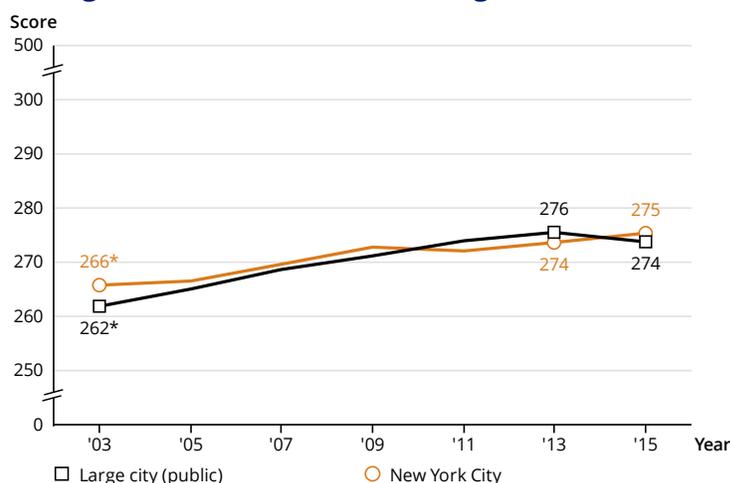
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

## Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from district's results in 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.  
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

## Average Scores for District and Large Cities



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

## Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Black students had an average score that was 33 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2003 (36 points).
- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 26 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2003 (29 points).
- In 2015, male students in New York City had an average score that was not significantly different from that for female students.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 16 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was narrower than that in 2003 (34 points).