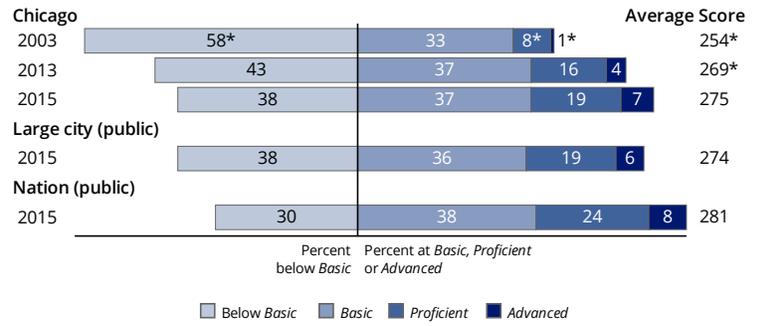


Overall Results

- In 2015, the average score of eighth-grade students in Chicago was 275. This was not significantly different from the average score of 274 for public school students in large cities.
- The average score for students in Chicago in 2015 (275) was higher than their average score in 2013 (269) and in 2003 (254).
- The percentage of students in Chicago who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 25 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (20 percent) and was greater than that in 2003 (9 percent).
- The percentage of students in Chicago who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 62 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (57 percent) and was greater than that in 2003 (42 percent).

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



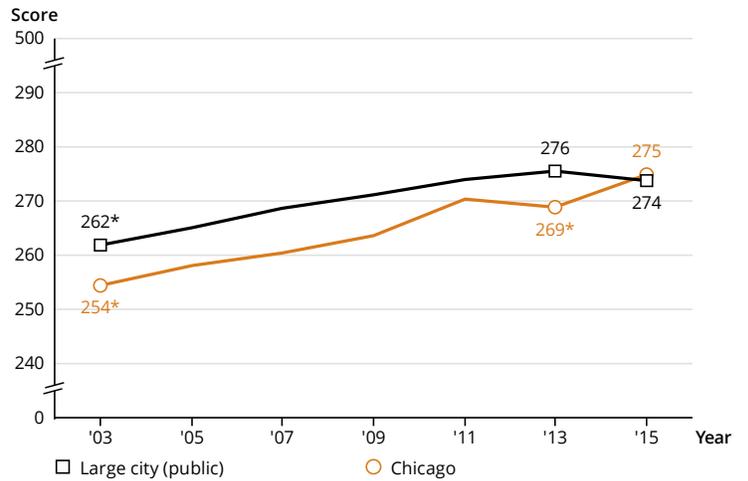
* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from district's results in 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers. NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other Districts

In 2015, the average score in Chicago (275) was

| Lower Than Districts (3) | Not Significantly Different From Districts (9) | Higher Than Districts (8) |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Austin Boston Charlotte | Albuquerque Dallas Duval County (FL) Hillsborough County Houston Jefferson County Miami-Dade New York City San Diego | Atlanta Baltimore City Cleveland Detroit District of Columbia Fresno Los Angeles Philadelphia |

Average Scores for District and Large Cities



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

Results for Student Groups in 2015

| Reporting Groups | Percentage of students | Avg. score | Percentage at or above Basic | Percentage at or above Proficient | Percentage at Advanced |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Race/Ethnicity | | | | | |
| White | 9 | 317 | 95 | 72 | 33 |
| Black | 43 | 262 | 50 | 11 | 1 |
| Hispanic | 45 | 275 | 66 | 26 | 5 |
| Asian | 3 | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | # | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ |
| Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | # | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ |
| Two or more races | # | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ | ‡ |
| Gender | | | | | |
| Male | 51 | 275 | 62 | 27 | 8 |
| Female | 49 | 275 | 63 | 24 | 6 |
| National School Lunch Program | | | | | |
| Eligible | 86 | 269 | 58 | 19 | 3 |
| Not eligible | 14 | 312 | 87 | 67 | 31 |

Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Black students had an average score that was 55 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was wider than that in 2003 (31 points).
- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 42 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was wider than that in 2003 (17 points).
- In 2015, male students in Chicago had an average score that was not significantly different from that for female students.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 43 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2003 (27 points).