

Overall Results

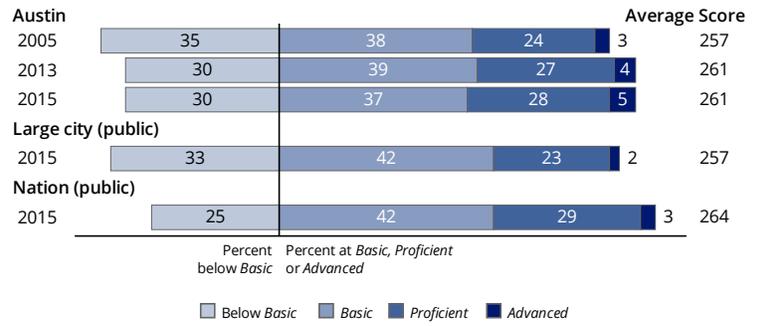
- In 2015, the average score of eighth-grade students in Austin was 261. This was higher than the average score of 257 for public school students in large cities.
- The average score for students in Austin in 2015 (261) was not significantly different from their average score in 2013 (261) and in 2005 (257).
- The percentage of students in Austin who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 33 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (31 percent) and in 2005 (27 percent).
- The percentage of students in Austin who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 70 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (70 percent) and in 2005 (65 percent).

Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other Districts

In 2015, the average score in Austin (261) was

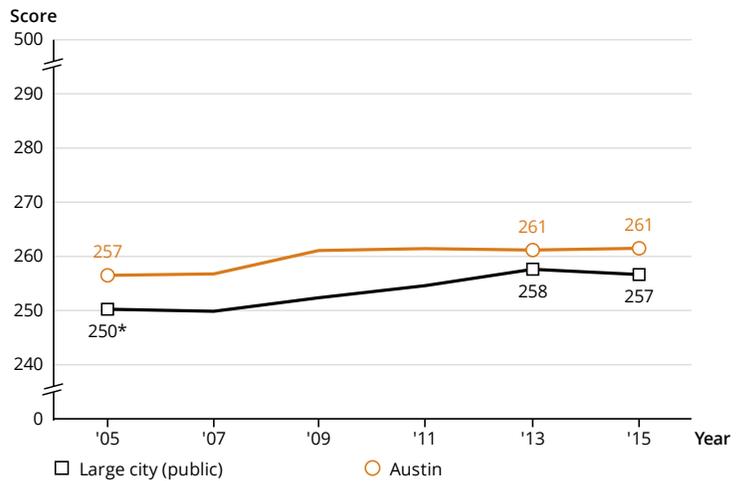
Lower Than 0 Districts	Not Significantly Different From 9 Districts	Higher Than 11 Districts
	Boston Charlotte Chicago Duval County (FL) Hillsborough County Jefferson County Miami-Dade New York City San Diego	Albuquerque Atlanta Baltimore City Cleveland Dallas Detroit District of Columbia Fresno Houston Los Angeles Philadelphia

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Average Scores for District and Large Cities



* Significantly different ($p < .05$) from 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

Results for Student Groups in 2015

Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above Basic	Percentage at Proficient	Percentage at Advanced
Race/Ethnicity					
White	27	290	94	65	11
Black	8	241	50	11	#
Hispanic	58	249	60	17	1
Asian	4	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	3	‡	‡	‡	‡
Gender					
Male	51	255	64	27	3
Female	49	268	76	39	7
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	57	245	56	13	#
Not eligible	43	284	88	59	10

Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Black students had an average score that was 49 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (37 points).
- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 41 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (35 points).
- In 2015, female students in Austin had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 13 points.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 40 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2005 (32 points).