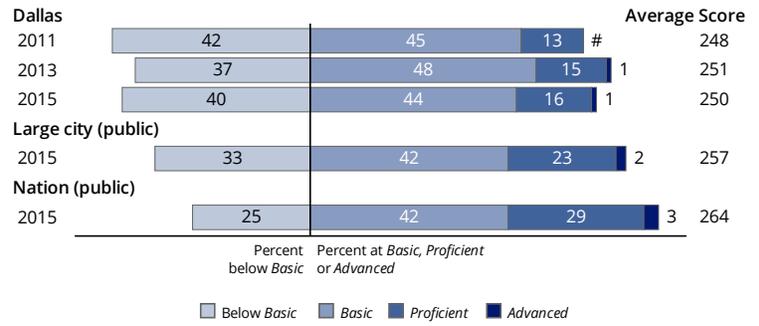


Overall Results

- In 2015, the average score of eighth-grade students in Dallas was 250. This was lower than the average score of 257 for public school students in large cities.
- The average score for students in Dallas in 2015 (250) was not significantly different from their average score in 2013 (251) and in 2011 (248).
- The percentage of students in Dallas who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 17 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (15 percent) and in 2011 (13 percent).
- The percentage of students in Dallas who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 60 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (63 percent) and in 2011 (58 percent).

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results



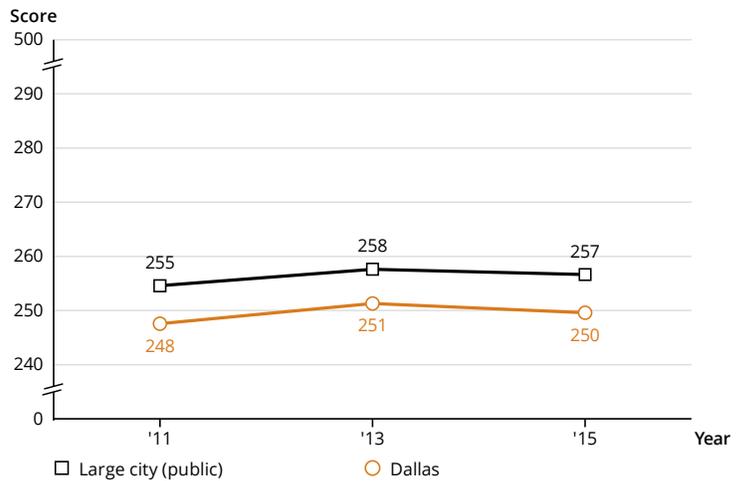
Rounds to zero.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other Districts

In 2015, the average score in Dallas (250) was

Lower Than 10 Districts	Not Significantly Different From 5 Districts	Higher Than 5 Districts
Austin Boston Charlotte Chicago Duval County (FL) Hillsborough County Jefferson County Miami-Dade New York City San Diego	Albuquerque Atlanta Houston Los Angeles Philadelphia	Baltimore City Cleveland Detroit District of Columbia Fresno

Average Scores for District and Large Cities



Results for Student Groups in 2015

Reporting Groups	Percentage of students	Avg. score	Percentage at or above Basic	Percentage at Proficient	Percentage at Advanced
Race/Ethnicity					
White	4	‡	‡	‡	‡
Black	22	241	51	10	#
Hispanic	72	251	62	17	1
Asian	1	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Gender					
Male	49	247	58	15	1
Female	51	252	63	19	1
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	91	248	59	15	1
Not eligible	9	262	72	33	3

Rounds to zero.
‡ Reporting standards not met.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 9 points higher than that for Black students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2011 (3 points).
- In 2015, female students in Dallas had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 5 points.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 14 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2011 (16 points).