

**2009 Science Assessment Content**

Guided by a new framework, the NAEP science assessment was updated in 2009 to keep the content current with key developments in science, curriculum standards, assessments, and research. The 2009 framework organizes science content into three broad content areas.

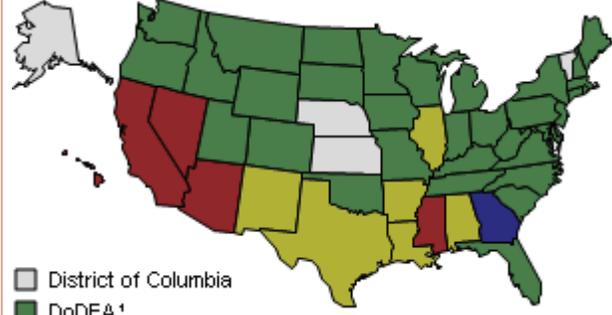
**Physical science** includes concepts related to properties and changes of matter, forms of energy, energy transfer and conservation, position and motion of objects, and forces affecting motion.

**Life science** includes concepts related to organization and development, matter and energy transformations, interdependence, heredity and reproduction, and evolution and diversity.

**Earth and space sciences** includes concepts related to objects in the universe, the history of the Earth, properties of Earth materials, tectonics, energy in Earth systems, climate and weather, and biogeochemical cycles.

The 2009 science assessment was composed of 143 questions at grade 4, 162 at grade 8, and 179 at grade 12. Students responded to only a portion of the questions, which included both multiple-choice questions and questions that required a written response.

**Compare the Average Score in 2009 to Other States/Jurisdictions**

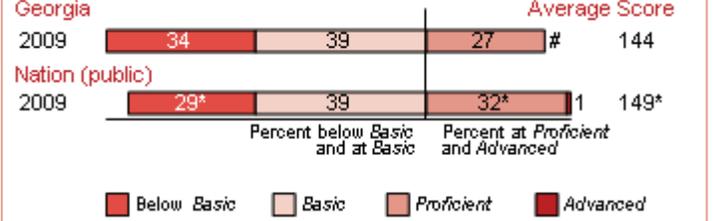


<sup>1</sup> Department of Defense Education Activity (overseas and domestic schools).  
In 2009, the average score in **Georgia** was  
■ lower than those in 35 states/jurisdictions  
■ higher than those in 5 states/jurisdictions  
■ not significantly different from those in 6 states/jurisdictions  
■ 5 states/jurisdictions did not participate

**Overall Results**

- In 2009, the average score of fourth-grade students in Georgia was 144. This was lower than the average score of 149 for public school students in the nation.
- The percentage of students in Georgia who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 27 percent in 2009. This percentage was smaller than the nation (32 percent).
- The percentage of students in Georgia who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 66 percent in 2009. This percentage was smaller than the nation (71 percent).

**Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results**



\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from Georgia. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.  
 # Rounds to zero.  
 NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.

**Results for Student Groups in 2009**

Reporting Groups	Percent of students	Avg. score	Percentages at or above		Percent at Advanced
			Basic	Proficient	
Gender					
Male	50	145	67	29	#
Female	50	143	65	25	#
Race/Ethnicity					
White	46	159	84	42	#
Black	36	126	45	10	#
Hispanic	11	133	53	15	#
Asian/Pacific Islander	3	167	89	50	1
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
National School Lunch Program					
Eligible	56	132	52	13	#
Not eligible	44	160	83	45	1

# Rounds to zero. ‡ Reporting standards not met.  
 NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, and the "Unclassified" category for race/ethnicity are not displayed.

**Score Gaps for Student Groups**

- In 2009, male students in Georgia had an average score that was not significantly different from female students.
- In 2009, Black students had an average score that was 33 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from the nation (35 points).
- In 2009, Hispanic students had an average score that was 26 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from the nation (32 points).
- In 2009, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 29 points lower than students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch. This performance gap was not significantly different from the nation (29 points).