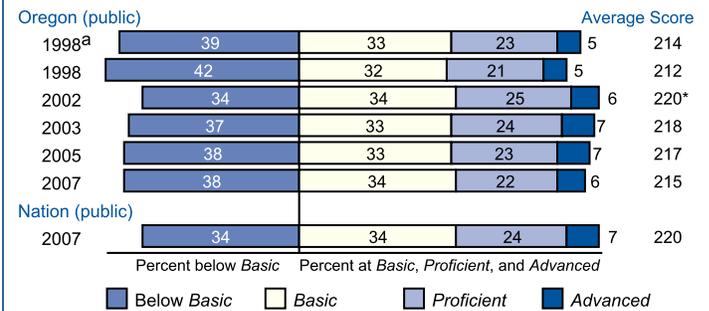


The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) assesses reading in two content areas in grade 4: reading for literary experience and to gain information. The NAEP reading scale ranges from 0 to 500.

Overall Reading Results for Oregon

- In 2007, the average scale score for fourth-grade students in Oregon was 215. This was not significantly different from their average score in 2005 (217) and was not significantly different from their average score in 1998 (212).¹
- Oregon's average score (215) in 2007 was lower than that of the nation's public schools (220).
- Of the 52 states and other jurisdictions that participated in the 2007 fourth-grade assessment, students' average scale score in Oregon was higher than those in 6 jurisdictions, not significantly different from those in 10 jurisdictions, and lower than those in 35 jurisdictions.²
- The percentage of students in Oregon who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 28 percent in 2007. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2005 (29 percent) and was not significantly different from that in 1998 (26 percent).
- The percentage of students in Oregon who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 62 percent in 2007. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2005 (62 percent) and was not significantly different from that in 1998 (58 percent).

Percentages at NAEP Achievement Levels and Average Score



^a Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 4 reading achievement levels correspond to the following scale points: *Below Basic*, 207 or lower; *Basic*, 208–237; *Proficient*, 238–267; *Advanced*, 268 or above.

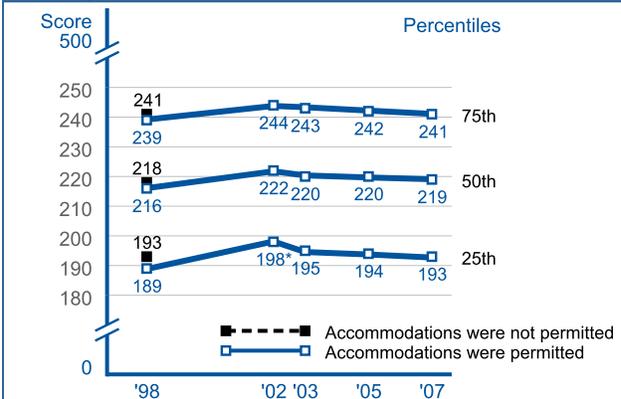
Performance of NAEP Reporting Groups in Oregon: 2007

Reporting groups	Percent of students	Average score	Percent below <i>Basic</i>	Percent of students at or above		Percent <i>Advanced</i>
				<i>Basic</i>	<i>Proficient</i>	
Male	51	212	41	59	25	5
Female	49	218	35	65	32	8
White	69	222	30	70	34	7
Black	3	198	62	38	10	1
Hispanic	18	190	65	35	10	2
Asian/Pacific Islander	6	218	38	62	32	9
American Indian/Alaska Native	2	206	47	53	21	6
Eligible for National School Lunch Program	44	200	54	46	14	2
Not eligible for National School Lunch Program	54	228	25	75	40	9

Average Score Gaps Between Selected Groups

- In 2007, male students in Oregon had an average score that was lower than that of female students by 6 points. In 1998, the average score for male students was lower than that of female students by 8 points.
- In 2007, Black students had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 25 points. In 1998, the average score for Black students was lower than that of White students by 25 points.
- In 2007, Hispanic students had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 32 points. In 1998, the average score for Hispanic students was lower than that of White students by 39 points.
- In 2007, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, a proxy for poverty, had an average score that was lower than that of students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch by 28 points. In 1998, the average score for students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch was lower than the score of those not eligible by 30 points.
- In 2007, the score gap between students at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 48 points. In 1998, the score gap between students at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 50 points.

Reading Scores at Selected Percentiles



NOTE: Scores at selected percentiles on the NAEP reading scale indicate how well students at lower, middle, and higher levels performed.

Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

* Significantly different from 2007.

↑ Significantly higher than 2005. ↓ Significantly lower than 2005.

¹ Comparisons (higher/lower/narrower/wider/not different) are based on statistical tests. The .05 level was used for testing statistical significance. Statistical comparisons are calculated on the basis of unrounded scale scores or percentages. Comparisons across jurisdictions and comparisons with the nation or within a jurisdiction across years may be affected by differences in exclusion rates for students with disabilities (SD) and English language learners (ELL). The exclusion rates for SD and ELL in Oregon were 4 percent and 2 percent in 2007, respectively. For more information on NAEP significance testing see <http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/reading/interpret-results.asp#statistical>.

² "Jurisdictions" refers to states and the District of Columbia and the Department of Defense Education Activity schools.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free and reduced-price lunches, and the "Unclassified" category for race/ethnicity are not displayed. Visit <http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/states/> for additional results and detailed information.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 1998–2007 Reading Assessments.