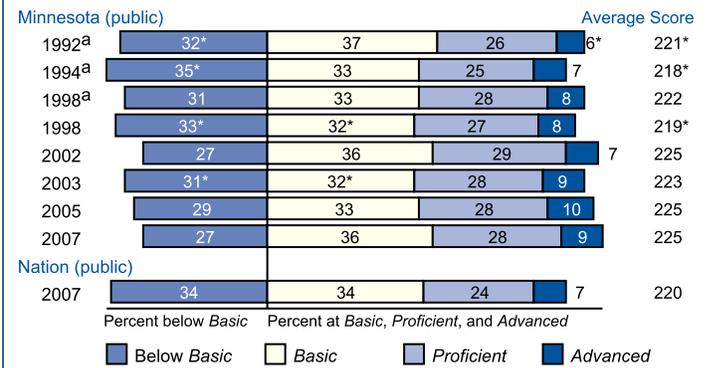


The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) assesses reading in two content areas in grade 4: reading for literary experience and to gain information. The NAEP reading scale ranges from 0 to 500.

Overall Reading Results for Minnesota

- In 2007, the average scale score for fourth-grade students in Minnesota was 225. This was not significantly different from their average score in 2005 (225) and was higher than their average score in 1992 (221).¹
- Minnesota's average score (225) in 2007 was higher than that of the nation's public schools (220).
- Of the 52 states and other jurisdictions that participated in the 2007 fourth-grade assessment, students' average scale score in Minnesota was higher than those in 25 jurisdictions, not significantly different from those in 21 jurisdictions, and lower than those in 5 jurisdictions.²
- The percentage of students in Minnesota who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 37 percent in 2007. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2005 (38 percent) and was greater than that in 1992 (31 percent).
- The percentage of students in Minnesota who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 73 percent in 2007. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2005 (71 percent) and was greater than that in 1992 (68 percent).

Percentages at NAEP Achievement Levels and Average Score



^a Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.

NOTE: The NAEP grade 4 reading achievement levels correspond to the following scale points: Below Basic, 207 or lower; Basic, 208–237; Proficient, 238–267; Advanced, 268 or above.

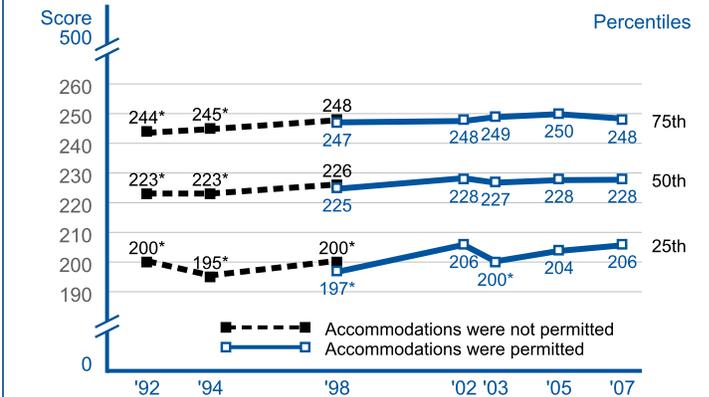
Performance of NAEP Reporting Groups in Minnesota: 2007

Reporting groups	Percent of students	Average score	Percent below Basic	Percent of students at or above Basic	Percent Proficient	Percent Advanced
Male	50	223	29	71	35	8
Female	50	227	25	75	39	9
White	78	231	21	79	42	10
Black	8	198	57	43	12	1
Hispanic	6	200	54	46	16	3
Asian/Pacific Islander	6	218	35	65	29	7
American Indian/Alaska Native	2	205	48	52	20	2
Eligible for National School Lunch Program	28	206	47	53	19	2
Not eligible for National School Lunch Program	72	233	19	81	44	11

Average Score Gaps Between Selected Groups

- In 2007, male students in Minnesota had an average score that was lower than that of female students by 4 points. In 1992, the average score for male students was lower than that of female students by 7 points.
- In 2007, Black students had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 33 points. In 1992, the average score for Black students was lower than that of White students by 34 points.
- In 2007, Hispanic students had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 31 points. Data are not reported for Hispanic students in 1992, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2007, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, a proxy for poverty, had an average score that was lower than that of students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch by 27 points. In 1998, the average score for students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch was lower than the score of those not eligible by 30 points.
- In 2007, the score gap between students at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 43 points. In 1992, the score gap between students at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 43 points.

Reading Scores at Selected Percentiles



NOTE: Scores at selected percentiles on the NAEP reading scale indicate how well students at lower, middle, and higher levels performed.

Rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

* Significantly different from 2007.

↑ Significantly higher than 2005. ↓ Significantly lower than 2005.

¹ Comparisons (higher/lower/narrower/wider/not different) are based on statistical tests. The .05 level was used for testing statistical significance. Statistical comparisons are calculated on the basis of unrounded scale scores or percentages. Comparisons across jurisdictions and comparisons with the nation or within a jurisdiction across years may be affected by differences in exclusion rates for students with disabilities (SD) and English language learners (ELL). The exclusion rates for SD and ELL in Minnesota were 3 percent and 1 percent in 2007, respectively. For more information on NAEP significance testing see <http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/reading/interpret-results.asp#statistical>.

² "Jurisdictions" refers to states and the District of Columbia and the Department of Defense Education Activity schools.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free and reduced-price lunches, and the "Unclassified" category for race/ethnicity are not displayed. Visit <http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/states/> for additional results and detailed information.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 1992–2007 Reading Assessments.