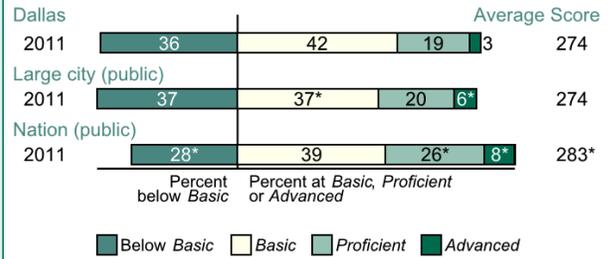


**Overall Results**

- In 2011, the average score of eighth-grade students in Dallas was 274. This was not significantly different from the average score of 274 for public school students in large cities.
- The percentage of students in Dallas who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 22 percent in 2011. This percentage was smaller than large cities (26 percent).
- The percentage of students in Dallas who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 64 percent in 2011. This percentage was not significantly different from large cities (63 percent).

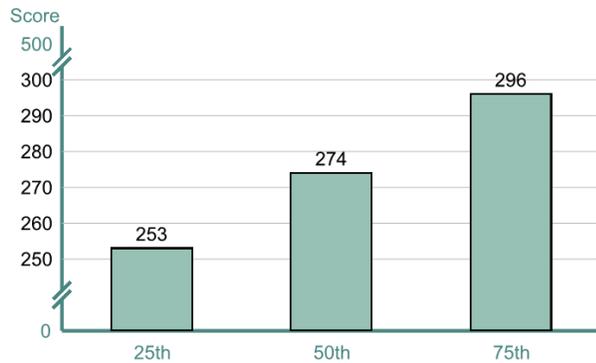
**Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results**



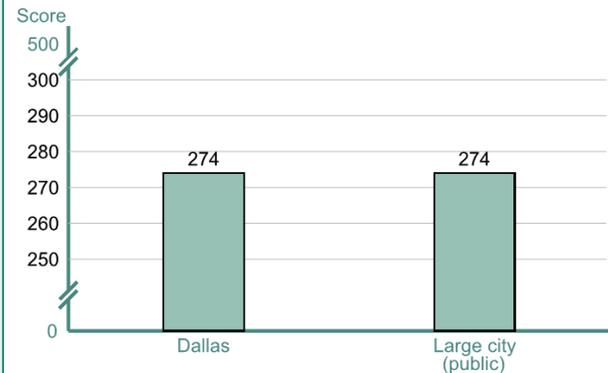
\* Significantly different ( $p < .05$ ) from Dallas. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Large city (public) includes public schools located in the urbanized areas of cities with populations of 250,000 or more.

**Scores at Selected Percentiles**



**Average Scores for District and Large Cities**



NOTE: Large city (public) includes public schools located in the urbanized areas of cities with populations of 250,000 or more.

**Results for Student Groups in 2011**

Reporting Groups	Percent of students	Avg. score	Percentages at or above		Percent at Advanced
			Basic	Proficient	
<b>School Race</b>					
White	5	306	91	65	17
Black	26	264	52	12	1
Hispanic	68	276	67	22	2
Asian	1	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
Two or more races	#	‡	‡	‡	‡
<b>Gender</b>					
Male	50	274	64	22	3
Female	50	274	64	23	2
<b>National School Lunch Program</b>					
Eligible	85	272	62	20	2
Not eligible	14	286	74	37	8

# Rounds to zero. ‡ Reporting standards not met.  
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

**Score Gaps for Student Groups**

- In 2011, Black students had an average score that was 42 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from large cities (34 points).
- In 2011, Hispanic students had an average score that was 30 points lower than White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from large cities (27 points).
- In 2011, male students in Dallas had an average score that was not significantly different from female students.
- In 2011, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 14 points lower than students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch. This performance gap was narrower than large cities (27 points).