

**2011-12 Survey Materials**

**Form**

date: 2/15/2012

**Graduation Rates for 4-year institutions reporting on a fall cohort (academic reporters)**

Screening questions

**Does your institution post the Student-Right-to-Know student athlete graduation rates on a website?**

No.


Yes. Please provide the URL.

http://

**Based on your institution's response to the predominant calendar system question (B3) on the Institutional Characteristics Header survey from the IPEDS Fall 2011 Data Collection, your institution must report graduation rates data using a**

**Fall Cohort (Fall 2005)**

*A fall cohort is used by institutions with standard academic terms (semester, trimester, quarter, 4-1-4). A full-year cohort is used by institutions offering primarily occupational/vocational programs and operating on a continuous basis.*

 You may use the space below to provide context for the data you've reported above. These context notes will be posted on the College Navigator website, and should be written to be understood by students and parents.

Section I - Graduation Rate - Establishing cohorts

**Establishing cohorts**

NOTE: Reporting using the new race categories is now mandatory. On this screen you will need to revise your 2005 cohort to the new race/ethnicity categories. For information and assistance with this, please visit [AIR's Race/Ethnicity FAQ page](#).

Screen 1 of 2

Cohort year 2005

Initial cohort

Revised cohort

(01)

**Men**

**NEW categories:**

Notes for NEW categories:

- Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino
- Report race for non-Hispanic/Latino individuals only

<u>Hispanic/Latino</u>			<input type="text"/>
<u>American Indian or Alaska Native</u>			<input type="text"/>
<u>Asian</u>			<input type="text"/>
<u>Black or African American</u>			<input type="text"/>
<u>Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander</u>			<input type="text"/>
<u>White</u>			<input type="text"/>
Two or more races			<input type="text"/>

**OLD categories:**

Black, non-Hispanic			
American Indian/Alaska Native			
Asian/Pacific Islander			
Hispanic			
White, non-Hispanic			

**Categories used in BOTH New and Old:**

<u>Nonresident alien</u>			<input type="text"/>
<u>Race and ethnicity unknown</u>			<input type="text"/>

**Total men**

**Women**

**NEW categories:**

Notes for NEW categories:

- Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino
- Report race for non-Hispanic/Latino individuals only

<u>Hispanic/Latino</u>			<input type="text"/>
<u>American Indian or Alaska Native</u>			<input type="text"/>
<u>Asian</u>			<input type="text"/>
<u>Black or African American</u>			<input type="text"/>
<u>Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander</u>			<input type="text"/>
<u>White</u>			<input type="text"/>
Two or more races			<input type="text"/>

**OLD categories:**

Black, non-Hispanic			
American Indian/Alaska Native			
Asian/Pacific Islander			
Hispanic			
White, non-Hispanic			

**Categories used in BOTH New and Old:**

<u>Nonresident alien</u>			<input type="text"/>
<u>Race and ethnicity unknown</u>			<input type="text"/>

**Total women**

Total men + women

Section I - Graduation Rate - Establishing cohorts

- Incoming students that are seeking a bachelors degree should be reported in column 02. While column 3 will then be generated, it is meant to include any first-time, full-time entering students who are seeking an associates degree or undergraduate certificates.
- If you have no changes to the preloaded data on this screen, you must click the "Save and Next" button to generate screens to report completers and transfers.

**Establishing cohorts**

- Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino
- Report race for non-Hispanic/Latino individuals only

Screen 2 of 2

Cohort year 2005

	Cohort	Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort	Other degree-seeking subcohort (Revised cohort – Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort)
	(01)	(02)	(03)
<b>Men</b>			
<u>Nonresident alien</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>Hispanic/Latino</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>American Indian or Alaska Native</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>Asian</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>Black or African American</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>White</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>Two or more races</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>Race and ethnicity unknown</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<b>Total men</b>			
<b>Women</b>			
<u>Nonresident alien</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>Hispanic/Latino</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>American Indian or Alaska Native</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>Asian</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>Black or African American</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>White</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>Two or more races</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<u>Race and ethnicity unknown</u>		<input type="text"/>	
<b>Total women</b>			
<b>Total men + women</b>			

Section II - Graduation Rate - Completers within 150%

- In the columns below, report the status of the Bachelor's degree-seeking students reported in the subcohort in Col 10.
- Those undergraduate students who attained OTHER THAN A BACHELOR'S DEGREE within 150% of normal time as of August 31, 2011 should be reported in either Col 11 or 12, depending on the length of the program.
- Those who attained a bachelor's degree or equivalent within 150% or normal time should be reported in Col 18.

**Subcohort of full-time, first-time students seeking a bachelor's or equivalent degree**

•Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino

•Report race for non-Hispanic/Latino individuals only

Screen 1 of 4

Cohort year 2005

	Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort	Subcohort students who completed their program within 150% of normal time to completion			Total completers within 150%
		Completers of programs of <2-yrs	Completers of programs of 2<4-yrs	Completers of bachelor's or equivalent degrees	
	(10)	(11)	(12)	(18)	(29)
<b>Men</b>					
Nonresident alien		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Hispanic/Latino		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
American Indian or Alaska Native		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Asian		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Black or African American		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
White		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Two or more races		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Race and ethnicity unknown		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<b>Total men</b>					
<b>Women</b>					
Nonresident alien		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Hispanic/Latino		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
American Indian or Alaska Native		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Asian		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Black or African American		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
White		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Two or more races		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Race and ethnicity unknown		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<b>Total women</b>					
<b>Total men + women</b>					

Section II - Graduation Rate - Bachelor's completers by length of time to degree

•The students who attained a bachelor's degree or equivalent as reported on the previous page are listed in Col 18. For the other columns below, report these completers according to how long it took them to complete the program.

**Subcohort of full-time, first-time students seeking a bachelor's or equivalent degree**

•Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino

•Report race for non-Hispanic/Latino individuals only

Screen 2 of 4

Cohort year 2005

	Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort (10)	Completed bachelor's degree or equivalent within 150% (18)	Subcohort students who attained a bachelor's degree or equivalent		
			Completed the program in 4 yrs or less (19)	Completed the program in 5 yrs (20)	Completed the program in 6 yrs (21)
<b>Men</b>					
<u>Nonresident alien</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Hispanic/Latino</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>American Indian or Alaska Native</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Asian</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Black or African American</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>White</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Two or more races			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Race and ethnicity unknown</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<b>Total men</b>					
<b>Women</b>					
<u>Nonresident alien</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Hispanic/Latino</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>American Indian or Alaska Native</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Asian</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Black or African American</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>White</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Two or more races			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Race and ethnicity unknown</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<b>Total women</b>					
<b>Total men + women</b>					

Section II - Graduation Rate - Transfers/exclusions

- In the columns below, report the status of the BACHELOR'S DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS reported in the subcohort in Col 10, who did not complete a program as of August 31, 2011.
- Report transfers-out who did not complete a program in Col 30. If the mission of your institution includes providing substantial preparation for students to enroll in another eligible institution WITHOUT having completed their programs, you must report transfer-out data in column 30. A school is required to report only on those students that the school knows have transferred to another school. A school must document that the student actually transferred. If it is not part of your mission, you may report transfer-out data if you wish.
- Report exclusions from the cohort in Col 45. The ONLY allowable categories for this column are:  
 students who died or became permanently disabled  
 students who left school to serve in the armed forces (or have been called up to active duty)  
 students who left school to serve with a foreign aid service of the Federal Government  
 students who left school to serve on an official church mission
- Col 52 [No longer enrolled] will be calculated for you. This includes students who have dropped out or who completed in greater than 150% of normal time.
- If you do not have any values to enter in either columns 30, 45, or 51, you must enter at least one zero in a field on this screen

**Subcohort of full-time, first-time students seeking a bachelor's or equivalent degree**

•Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino

•Report race for non-Hispanic/Latino individuals only

Screen 3 of 4

Cohort year 2005

	Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort	Total completers within 150%	Total transfer-out students	Total exclusions	Still enrolled	No longer enrolled
	(10)	(29)	(30)	(45)	(51)	(52)
<b>Men</b>						
<u>Nonresident alien</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Hispanic/Latino</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>American Indian or Alaska Native</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Asian</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Black or African American</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>White</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Two or more races</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Race and ethnicity unknown</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<b>Total men</b>						
<b>Women</b>						
<u>Nonresident alien</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Hispanic/Latino</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>American Indian or Alaska Native</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Asian</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Black or African American</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>White</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Two or more races</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<u>Race and ethnicity unknown</u>			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<b>Total women</b>						
<b>Total men + women</b>						

Section III - Graduation Rate - Completers within 150%

- In the columns below, report the status of the other undergraduate degree or certificate-seeking students reported in the subcohort in Col 10.
- Those undergraduate students who attained OTHER THAN A BACHELOR'S DEGREE within 150% of normal time as of August 31, 2011 should be reported in either Col 11 or 12, depending on the length of the program.
- Those who attained a bachelor's degree or equivalent within 150% or normal time should be reported in Col 18.

**Subcohort of full-time, first-time students seeking other than a bachelor's degree**

- Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino
- Report race for non-Hispanic/Latino individuals only

Screen 1 of 2

Cohort year 2005

	Other degree-seeking subcohort	Subcohort students who completed their program within 150% of normal time to completion			Total completers within 150%
		Completers of programs of <2-yrs	Completers of programs of 2<4-yrs	Completers of bachelor's or equivalent degrees	
	(10)	(11)	(12)	(18)	(29)
<b>Men</b>					
Nonresident alien		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Hispanic/Latino		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
American Indian or Alaska Native		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Asian		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Black or African American		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
White		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Two or more races		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Race and ethnicity unknown		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<b>Total men</b>					
<b>Women</b>					
Nonresident alien		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Hispanic/Latino		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
American Indian or Alaska Native		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Asian		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Black or African American		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
White		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Two or more races		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Race and ethnicity unknown		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<b>Total women</b>					
<b>Total men + women</b>					



Section III - Graduation Rate - Transfers/exclusions

- In the columns below, report the status of the OTHER THAN A BACHELOR'S DEGREE-SEEKING STUDENTS reported in the subcohort in Col 10, who did not complete a program as of August 31, 2011.
- Report transfers-out who did not complete a program in Col 30. If the mission of your institution includes providing substantial preparation for students to enroll in another eligible institution WITHOUT having completed their programs, you must report transfer-out data in column 30. A school is required to report only on those students that the school knows have transferred to another school. A school must document that the student actually transferred. If it is not part of your mission, you may report transfer-out data if you wish.
- Report exclusions from the cohort in Col 45. The ONLY allowable categories for this column are:  
 students who died or became permanently disabled  
 students who left school to serve in the armed forces(or have been called up to active duty)  
 students who left school to serve with a foreign aid service of the Federal Government  
 students who left school to serve on an official church mission
- Col 52 [No longer enrolled] will be calculated for you. This will include students who dropped out as well as those who completed in greater than 150% of normal time.
- If you do not have any values to enter in either columns 30, 45, or 51, you must enter at least one zero in a field on this screen

**Subcohort of full-time, first-time students seeking other than a bachelor's degree**

- Report Hispanic/Latino individuals of any race as Hispanic/Latino
- Report race for non-Hispanic/Latino individuals only

Screen 2 of 2	Cohort year 2005					
	Other degree-seeking subcohort	Total completers within 150%	Total transfer-out students	Total exclusions	Still enrolled	No longer enrolled
	(10)	(29)	(30)	(45)	(51)	(52)
<b>Men</b>						
Nonresident alien			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Hispanic/Latino			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
American Indian or Alaska Native			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Asian			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Black or African American			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
White			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Two or more races			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Race and ethnicity unknown			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<b>Total men</b>						
<b>Women</b>						
Nonresident alien			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Hispanic/Latino			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
American Indian or Alaska Native			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Asian			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Black or African American			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
White			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Two or more races			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
Race and ethnicity unknown			<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<b>Total women</b>						
<b>Total men + women</b>						

## 2011-12 Survey Materials

### Instructions

date: 2/15/2012

### GRS - 4yr academic year reporters - full instructions

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#### [Purpose](#)

#### [Change in Reporting](#)

#### [Reporting Period Covered](#)

#### [Context boxes](#)

#### [Coverage](#)

#### [Where to get help](#)

#### [Where data appears](#)

#### [Screening questions](#)

#### [Reporting Individuals by Racial/Ethnic Category and Gender - New categories \(1997 OMB\)](#)

#### [Data Reporting Instructions](#)

### Purpose of Survey

The purpose of the Graduation Rates component of IPEDS is to track the cohorts of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates, as well as their completion status at 100% and 150% of normal time at postsecondary institutions. These data are collected to assist institutions in complying with the Student Right to Know Act.

Top ▲

### Changes in Reporting

Starting with the 2011-12 collection, data providers **must** use the new race/ethnicity categories. Cohorts must be revised to reflect the new categories. A page has been added to crosswalk any data in the initial cohort that was reported in the old or mixed race/ethnicity categories to the new categories.

An item has been added to the Graduation Rates component to collect the number of students still enrolled as of 150% of the normal time to completion of their program. This will provide more context to the non-completers data.

Top ▲

### General Instructions

## Reporting Period Covered

This report requests data on a cohort of full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates enrolled in your institution either (1) as of October 15, 2005 or (2) during the period between September 1, 2005 and August 31, 2006. Institutions are to report the status of these students as of August 31, 2011.

Top ▲

## Context Boxes

Context boxes are provided to allow institutions to provide more information regarding survey component items. Note that some context boxes are posted on the [College Navigator Website](#), which is the college search tool offered by NCES. NCES will review entries in these context boxes for applicability and appropriateness before posting them on the [College Navigator Website](#); institutions should check grammar and spelling of their entries.

Top ▲

## Coverage

### Who to Include in the Cohort

Include all full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students entering the institution either during the fall term or during the 12-month period as described above. Include students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. For institutions that will report using a **full-year cohort**, count as entering students all those students who entered the institution between September 1, 2005 and August 31, 2006, and who were enrolled for at least 15 days in a program of up to, and including, one year in length, or 30 days in a program of greater than one year in length.

Students must be enrolled in courses creditable toward a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award. Include students enrolled in courses that are part of a vocational or occupational program, INCLUDING those enrolled in off-campus centers and those enrolled in distance learning/home study programs.

Be sure to include full-time students taking remedial courses if the student is considered degree-seeking for the purpose of student financial aid determination.

A student who is designated as a member of the cohort remains in the cohort, even if the student:

- Becomes a part-time student.
- Transfers to another institution.
- Drops out of the institution.
- Stops out of the institution.
- Has not fulfilled the institution's requirements to receive a degree or certificate.

### Who to Exclude from the Cohort

DO NOT include students in the cohort who are:

- Enrolled exclusively in courses not creditable toward a formal award or the completion of a vocational program.
- Exclusively taking CEUs.
- Exclusively auditing classes.
- Studying abroad (e.g., at a foreign university) if their enrollment at this institution is only an administrative record and the fee is only nominal.
- In any branch campus located in a foreign country.
- Part time.
- Transfers into the institution.

Top ▲

## Where to Get Help

### IPEDS Data Collection Help Desk

Phone: 1-877-225-2568  
Email: [ipedshelp@rti.org](mailto:ipedshelp@rti.org)

### AIR Website

You can also consult the [AIR website](#) that contains several tutorials on IPEDS data collection, a self-paced overview of IPEDS tools and other valuable resources.

### IPEDS Resources Page

In addition, the [IPEDS Resources Page](#) contains frequently asked questions, a link to the glossary, data tip sheets, an archive of survey instruments, information on the new race/ethnicity categories and other relevant information.

Top ▲

## Where the Data Will Appear

Data collected through IPEDS will be accessible at the institution- and aggregate-levels.

At the institution-level, data will appear in the:

- [College Navigator Website](#)
- [IPEDS Data Center](#)
- [IPEDS Data Feedback Reports](#)

At the aggregate-level, data will appear in:

- [IPEDS First Looks](#)
- [IPEDS Table Library](#)
- [IPEDS Data Feedback Reports](#)
- [The Digest of Education Statistics](#)
- [The Condition of Education](#)

Top ▲

## Reporting Instructions

### Screening Questions

Please read these questions carefully. Your responses will determine whether or not you need to complete the survey and which sections you should complete. The data collection system will use your answers to these questions to determine which screens for data entry will follow.

- **Please provide the URL where the Student-Right-to-Know information is disclosed on your institution's website.**
- **The method used to establish the cohort reported on this survey has been predetermined by your institution's response to the predominant calendar system question (D1) on the IC Header component of the IPEDS Fall 2011 Data Collection, according to the following rules:**
  1. Institutions that offer a predominant number of programs based on **standard academic terms** (semesters, trimesters, quarters, or 4-1-4 plan) will report using a **fall cohort** of students. Institutions may use a census date of October 15, 2005, or the end of the institution's drop-add period, or another official fall reporting date to determine the cohort. This should be the same reporting date established for your IPEDS Fall Enrollment report.
  2. Institutions that do not offer a predominant number of programs based on standard academic terms (as defined above) will report using a **full-year cohort**. These institutions must count as entering students all those students who entered the institution between September 1, 2005 and August 31, 2006, and who were enrolled for at least 15 days in a program of up to, and including, one year in length, or 30 days in a program of greater than one year in length.

Top ▲

## Reporting Persons by Racial/Ethnic Category

### Reporting Persons by Racial/Ethnic Category (1997 OMB)

This information is being collected in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and Sec. 421(a)(1) of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Act. These instructions correspond with the Final Guidance on Maintaining, Collecting, and Reporting Racial and Ethnic Data to the U.S. Department of Education, published in the Federal Register on October 19, 2007.

**Method of collection** - Institutions must collect race and ethnicity information using a 2-question format. The first question is whether the respondent is Hispanic/Latino. The second question is whether the respondent is from one or more races from the following list: American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Black or African American, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and White. Institutions should allow students and staff to self-identify their race and ethnicity. For further details on the guidance for collecting data, please see the full Federal Register notice.

**Method of reporting aggregate data** - Institutions must report aggregate data to the U.S. Department of Education using the NINE categories below. Racial/ethnic designations are requested only for United States citizens, resident aliens, and other eligible non-citizens.

- Hispanic or Latino, regardless of race

For Non-Hispanic/Latino individuals:

- American Indian or Alaska Native
- Asian
- Black or African American
- Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
- White
- Two or more races

In addition, the following categories may be used:

- Nonresident alien
- Race and ethnicity unknown

**Racial/ethnic descriptions** - Racial/ethnic designations as used in this survey do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. The categories are:

- Hispanic or Latino- A person of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.
- American Indian or Alaska Native- A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community attachment.
- Asian- A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian Subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.
- Black or African American- A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.
- Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander- A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guan, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.
- White - A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

### Other descriptive categories

- **Nonresident alien** - A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely. NOTE - Nonresident aliens are to be reported separately, in the boxes provided, rather than included in any of the seven racial/ethnic categories. Resident aliens and other eligible (for financial aid purposes) non-citizens who are not citizens or nationals of the United States and who have been admitted as legal immigrants for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who hold either an alien registration card (Form I-551 or I-151), a Temporary Resident Card (Form I-688), or an Arrival-Departure Record (Form I-94) with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian) are to be reported in the appropriate racial/ethnic categories along with United States citizens.
- **Race and ethnicity unknown** - This category is used only if the person did not select EITHER a racial or ethnic designation.

Top ▲

## Section I - Graduation Rate - Establishing Cohorts

### Report each student only once.

If your institution determines degree intent upon entry, students in your revised initial cohort are to be separated into two groups or subcohorts: (1) students entering bachelor's or equivalent degree programs and (2) students seeking other than a bachelor's degree (associate's degree, certificates, etc.).

Institutions that do not determine degree intent upon entry should report all students as if they are bachelor's degree-seeking.

Please complete all of Section I; screens for Sections II and III will be generated based on the data you report in Section I.

**Initial cohort** - If you are reporting on a fall cohort, the information you reported on line 01 of your 2005 IPEDS Fall Enrollment report will be preloaded in this column. If you did not respond to that survey, or if you are reporting on a full-year cohort, the column will be blank.

**Revised cohort (01)** - If revisions are needed to the data in the initial cohort column, make any necessary corrections for omissions or double counting in the revised cohort column. Enter the data according to student race/ethnicity and gender. If your data do not appear in the initial cohort column, please provide the enrollment data as requested in the revised cohort column.

**Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort (02)** - Of the revised cohort, indicate how many students declared intent to seek the bachelor's or equivalent degree upon entry. As indicated above, this should also include any students whose intent was not known. These data are brought forward to Section II.

**Other degree-seeking subcohort (03)** - The difference between the revised cohort and the bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort is calculated for you. This indicates how many students declared intent to seek other than a bachelor's level degree (i.e., associate's degree or other formal award) upon entry. These data are brought forward to Section III.

## **Section II - Full-Time, First-Time Students Seeking a Bachelor's or Equivalent Degree**

Report the status of the 2005 subcohort of bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking students as of August 31, 2011 in terms of the number of completers within 150% of normal time to award, by length of program completed. Report all students by race/ethnicity and gender.

Report only for full-time, first-time students seeking a bachelor's or equivalent degree. DO NOT include students who transferred into your institution.

Count completers only once and indicate the highest degree level attained.

**SPECIAL NOTE:** In order to resolve a potential conflict between transfers out and the mission of particular programs to prepare students for transfer to other institutions, institutions may count as completers those students who have successfully completed a transfer-preparatory program.

Transfer-preparatory program is defined in 34 CFR Student Assistance General Provisions, Section 668.8(b)(1)(ii) as "the successful completion of at least a 2-year program that is acceptable for full credit toward a bachelor's degree and qualifies a student for admission into the third year of a bachelor's degree program." The Secretary considers this the equivalent of an associate's degree. Similarly, institutions may count as completers, those students who have successfully completed the first three years of a 3-2 program and are eligible to enter another institution to complete the program. The student receives full credit toward a 5-year bachelor's degree and qualifies the student for admission into the fourth year of a 5-year bachelor's degree program.

**Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort (10) - These are the data as reported in Section I.**

**Completers within 150% of Normal Time (11, 12, 18)**

In order to calculate a graduation rate to comply with Student Right-to-Know regulations, institutions can count as completers only those students who received their degree/certificate (or completed a transfer-preparatory program) within 150% of normal program time. See Glossary for definition of normal time to completion. Do not count as completers students who get their degree from another institution.

**Completed <2-yr within 150% (11) - Enter the number of students who completed programs of less than 2 years within 150% of normal time. For example, a student who completed a 6-month (or equivalent) program in 9 months or less would be reported in column 11; those taking longer would not be reported.**

**Completed 2<4 yr within 150% (12) - Indicate the number of students who completed programs of at least 2 years but less than 4 years within 150% of normal time to completion of their program. For example, a student who completed a 3-year program in 4-1/2 years or less should be reported in column 12.**

**Completed Bachelor's degree within 150% (18) - Enter the number of students who completed a bachelor's degree or equivalent program within 150% of normal time. Note: Include completers of 3-year bachelor's degree programs only if they completed within 4 -1/2 years.**

**Total completers within 150% (29) - This column is the sum of the previous three columns, and is calculated by the data collection system.**

**Time to Degree**

Report the status of the 2005 subcohort of bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking students as of August 31, 2011 in terms of the number of completers by length of time to degree. Report all students by race/ethnicity and gender.

**Report completers of bachelor's degrees or equivalent according to how long it took them to complete their program. Include all baccalaureate level degrees, including 5-year bachelor's (including cooperative) programs, and those bachelor's degrees in which the normal 4 years of work are completed in 3 years. Of the total number of completers of bachelor's or equivalent degrees within 150% of normal time you reported (18), provide the following breakout:**

**Completed the program in 4 yrs or less (19) - Report all students who completed a bachelor's degree or equivalent in 4 years or less in this column. Include all students who completed a bachelor's degree or equivalent by August 31, 2009.**

**Completed the program in 5 yrs (20) - Report all students who completed a bachelor's degree or equivalent in 5 years in this column. Include all students who completed a bachelor's degree or equivalent in the period from September 1, 2009 through August 31, 2010. Do NOT include students who completed their program in 4 years or less in this column.**

**Completed the program in 6 yrs (21) - This column is the difference between the completers of bachelor's degree or equivalent within 150% of normal time (18) and the sum of those who completed the program in 4 years or less (19) and those who completed the program in 5 years (20). Included are all students who completed a bachelor's degree or equivalent in the period from September 1, 2010 through August 31, 2011. This column will be calculated by the data collection system.**

**Total completers within 150% (29) - These are the data as reported on the first page of Section II.**

**Total transfer-out students (30) - If the mission of your institution includes providing substantial preparation for students to enroll in another eligible institution without having completed their program, report the total number of students who transferred out of your institution (without a degree/award) within 150% of normal time to completion. Include students who transferred out of your institution and subsequently re-enrolled. If it is not part of your mission, you may still report transfer-out data if you wish.**

**Total exclusions (45) - Indicate the total number of students who left your institution (and have neither graduated nor transferred to another institution) because of one of the following documented reasons:**

1. The student is deceased or is totally and permanently disabled and thus unable to return to school.
2. The student left school to serve in the armed forces or was called to active duty. (DO NOT include students already in the military who transfer to another duty station.)
3. The student left school to serve with a foreign aid service of the Federal Government, such as the Peace Corps.
4. The student left school to serve on an official church mission.

**NOTE:** Students who leave the institution for one of the reasons noted in b, c, or d above, but return prior to the status date of August 31, 2011, may be subtracted from the cohort during the calculation of graduation rates.

**Still enrolled (51) - Report the number of students still enrolled at your institution as of the fall census date of the fall term following 150% of the normal time to completion of their program.**

**No longer enrolled (52) - This column is generated by the calculation of Col 10 - (Col 29 + Col 30 + Col 45 + Col 51).**

**Section III - Full-Time, First-Time Students Seeking Other than a Bachelor's Degree, Completers within 150% of Normal Time**



**Report each student only once.**

Report the status of the 2005 subcohort of students seeking other than a bachelor's degree **as of August 31, 2011** in terms of the number of completers within 150% of normal time to award, by length of program completed. Report all students by race/ethnicity and gender.

**Report only for full-time, first-time students seeking undergraduate degrees or certificates other than a bachelor's degree. DO NOT** include students who transferred into your institution.

**Count completers only once and indicate the highest degree level attained.**

**SPECIAL NOTE:** In order to resolve a potential conflict between transfers out and the mission of particular programs to prepare students for transfer to other institutions, institutions may count as completers those students who have successfully completed a transfer-preparatory program.

Transfer-preparatory program is defined in 34 CFR Student Assistance General Provisions, Section 668.8(b)(1)(ii) as "the successful completion of at least a 2-year program that is acceptable for full credit toward a bachelor's degree and qualifies a student for admission into the third year of a bachelor's degree program." The Secretary considers this the equivalent of an associate's degree. Similarly, institutions may count as completers, those students who have successfully completed the first three years of a 3-2 program and are eligible to enter another institution to complete the program. The student receives full credit toward a 5-year bachelor's degree and qualifies the student for admission into the fourth year of a 5-year bachelor's degree program.

**Other degree-seeking subcohort (10)** - These are the data as reflected in Section I.

**Completers within 150% of Normal Time (11, 12, 18)**

In order to calculate a graduation rate to comply with Student Right-to-Know regulations, institutions can count as completers only those students who received their degree/certificate (or completed a transfer-preparatory program) within 150% of normal program time. See Glossary for definition of normal time to completion. Do not count as completers students who get their degree from another institution.

**Completed <2-yr within 150% (11)** - Enter the number of students who completed programs of less than 2 years within 150% of normal time. For example, a student who completed a 6-month (or equivalent) program in 9 months or less would be reported in column 11; those taking longer would not be reported.

**Completed 2<4 yr within 150% (12)** - Indicate the number of students who completed programs of at least 2 years but less than 4 years within 150% of normal time to completion of their program. For example, a student who completed a 3-year program in 4-1/2 years or less should be reported in column 12.

**Completed Bachelor's degree within 150% (18)** - Enter the number of students who completed a bachelor's degree program within 150% of normal time. Note: Include completers of 3-year bachelor's degree programs only if they completed within 4-1/2 years.

**Total completers within 150% (29)** - This column is the sum of the previous three columns, and is calculated by the data collection system.

**Total transfer-out students (30)** - If the mission of your institution includes providing substantial preparation for students to enroll in another eligible institution without having completed their program, report the total number of students who transferred out of your institution (without a degree/award) within 150% of normal time to completion. Include students who transferred out of your institution and subsequently re-enrolled. If it is not part of your mission, you may still report transfer-out data if you wish.

**Total exclusions (45)**- Indicate the total number of students who left your institution (and have neither graduated nor transferred to another institution) because of one of the following documented reasons:

1. The student is deceased or is totally and permanently disabled and thus unable to return to school.
2. The student left school to serve in the armed forces or was called up to active duty. (DO NOT include students already in the military who transfer to another duty station.)
3. The student left school to serve with a foreign aid service of the Federal Government, such as the Peace Corps.
4. The student left school to serve on an official church mission.

**NOTE:** Students who leave the institution for one of the reasons noted in b, c, or d above, but return prior to the status date of August 31, 2011, may be subtracted from the cohort during the calculation of graduation rates.

**Still enrolled (51)** - Report the number of students still enrolled at your institution as of the fall census date of the fall term following 150% of the normal time to completion of their program..

**No longer enrolled (52)** - This column is generated by the calculation of Col 10 - (Col 29 + Col 30 + Col 45 + col 51).

## Calculation of Graduation and Transfer-out Rates

### Worksheets

**Worksheets calculating the Student Right-To-Know completion/graduation and transfer-out rates of full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking students for the 2005 student cohort are provided as a convenience to the institution. A worksheet calculating 4-year, 5-year, and 6-year graduation rates for the 2005 bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort are provided for those institutions that are able to report bachelor's or equivalent completers by length of time to degree.**

**Worksheets calculating the overall four-year average completion/graduation and transfer-out rates of full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking students for the student cohort are also provided. Data previously reported by the institution have been preloaded to use in these calculations.**

#### Privacy Issues with Disclosure

Before using the worksheets for disclosure, please consider the following:

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 as amended (1998) (FERPA) requires that institutions not disclose information where students could be identified.

Top ▲

Term	Definition
Adjusted cohort	The result of removing any allowable exclusions from a cohort (or subcohort). For the Graduation Rates component, this is the cohort from which graduation and transfer-out rates are calculated; for the Fall Enrollment component, it is the cohort for calculating retention rate.
American Indian or Alaska Native (new definition)	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community attachment.
Asian (new definition)	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian Subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.
Associate's degree	An award that normally requires at least 2 but less than 4 years of full-time equivalent college work.
Bachelor's degree	An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary, U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least 4 but not more than 5 years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes all bachelor's degrees conferred in a 5-year cooperative (work-study) program. A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies. Also includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal 4 years of work are completed in 3 years.
Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort	In the GRS component of IPEDS, a cohort of students who were seeking a bachelor's or equivalent degree upon entry.
Black or African American (new definition)	A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.
Cohort	A specific group of students established for tracking purposes.
Completers within 150% of normal time	Students who completed their program within 150% of the normal (or expected) time for completion.
Exclusions	Those students who may be removed (deleted) from a cohort (or subcohort). For the Graduation Rates and Fall Enrollment retention rate reporting, students may be removed from a cohort if they left the institution for one of the following reasons: death or total and permanent disability; service in the armed forces (including those called to active duty); service with a foreign aid service of the federal government, such as the Peace Corps; or service on official church missions.
First-time student (undergraduate)	A student who has no prior postsecondary experience (except as noted below) attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. This includes students enrolled in academic or occupational programs. It also includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term, and students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).
Full-time student	Undergraduate: A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, or 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term. Graduate: A student enrolled for 9 or more semester credits, or 9 or more quarter credits, or a student involved in thesis or dissertation preparation that is considered full time by the institution. <u>Doctor's degree - Professional practice</u> - as defined by the institution.
Full-year cohort	The group of students entering at any time during the <u>12-month period</u> September 1 through August 31 that is established for tracking and reporting <u>Graduation Rate (GRS)</u> data for institutions that primarily offer <u>occupational programs</u> of varying lengths. Students must be <u>full-time</u> and <u>first-time</u> to be considered in the <u>cohort</u> .
Graduation rate	The rate required for disclosure and/or reporting purposes under Student Right-to-Know Act. This rate is calculated as the total number of completers within 150% of normal time divided by the revised adjusted cohort.
Graduation Rates (GR)	This annual component of <u>IPEDS</u> was added in 1997 to help institutions satisfy the requirements of the Student Right-to-Know legislation. Data are collected on the number of students entering the institution as full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students in a particular year (cohort), by race/ethnicity and gender; the number completing their program within 150 percent of normal time to completion; the number that transfer to other institutions if transfer is part of the institution's mission. Prior to 2007, institutions who offered athletically-related student aid were asked to report, by sport, the number of students receiving aid and whether they completed within 150 percent of normal time to completion. Now, these institutions only need to report a URL where the athletic data is located on their website, when available. GR automatically generates worksheets that calculate rates, including average rates over 4 years.
Hispanic or Latino (new definition)	A person of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.
Initial cohort	A specific group of individuals established for tracking purposes. For the Graduation Rates component of IPEDS, the initial cohort is defined as all students who enter an institution as full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking students during either (1) the fall term of a given academic year, or (2) between September 1st and August 31st of the following year.
Long programs	Undergraduate programs that exceed the usual program length for a specific level. This would include programs of 5 years or longer for 4-year institutions and programs of 3 years or longer for 2-year institutions.
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (new definition)	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien	A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.
Normal time to completion	The amount of time necessary for a student to complete all requirements for a degree or certificate according to the institution's catalog. This is typically 4 years (8 semesters or trimesters, or 12 quarters, excluding summer terms) for a bachelor's degree in a standard term-based institution; 2 years (4 semesters or trimesters, or 6 quarters, excluding summer terms) for an associate's degree in a standard term-based institution; and the various scheduled times for certificate programs.
Other degree-seeking subcohort	A subset of students belonging to a GRS cohort who were seeking a degree or certificate other than bachelor's degree upon entry.
Race/ethnicity (new definition)	<p>Categories developed in 1997 by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) that are used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. The designations are used to categorize U.S. citizens, resident aliens, and other eligible non-citizens. Individuals are asked to first designate ethnicity as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <u>Hispanic or Latino</u> or</li> <li>• <u>Not Hispanic or Latino</u></li> </ul> <p>Second, individuals are asked to indicate all races that apply among the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <u>American Indian or Alaska Native</u></li> <li>• <u>Asian</u></li> <li>• <u>Black or African American</u></li> <li>• <u>Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander</u></li> <li>• <u>White</u></li> </ul>
Race/ethnicity unknown	The category used to report students or employees whose race and ethnicity are not known.
Revised cohort	Initial cohort after revisions are made. Cohorts may be revised if an institution discovers that incorrect data were reported in an earlier year.
Student Right-to-Know Act	Also known as the "Student Right-to-Know and Campus Security Act" (P.L. 101-542), which was passed by Congress November 9, 1990. Title I, Section 103, requires institutions eligible for Title IV funding to calculate completion or graduation rates of certificate- or degree-seeking, full-time students entering that institution, and to disclose these rates to all students and prospective students. Further, Section 104 requires each institution that participates in any Title IV program and is attended by students receiving athletically-related student aid to submit a report to the Secretary of Education annually. This report is to contain, among other things, graduation/completion rates of all students as well as students receiving athletically-related student aid by race/ethnicity and gender and by sport, and the average completion or graduation rate for the four most recent years. These data are also required to be disclosed to parents, coaches, and potential student athletes when the institution offers athletically-related student aid. The Graduation Rates component of IPEDS was developed specifically to help institutions respond to these requirements. See Graduation Rates for the current description of data collected.
Subcohort	A predefined subset of the initial cohort or the revised cohort established for tracking purposes on the Graduation Rates (GRS) component of IPEDS. (e.g., bachelor's degree-seeking subcohort.)
Transfer-out rate	Total number of students who are known to have transferred out of the reporting institution within 150% of normal time to completion divided by the adjusted cohort.
Transfer-out student	A student that leaves the reporting institution and enrolls at another institution.
Transfer-preparatory program	A program designed specifically to provide a student with the basic knowledge needed to transfer into a higher level program. For example, this may be the first 2 years of a baccalaureate level program for which the institution does not offer an award, or 2 years of undergraduate study needed for entrance into a first-professional program, or 1 or more years of undergraduate study needed for entrance into health services fields.
White (new definition)	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

## 2011-12 Survey Materials

### F.A.Q.

date: 2/15/2012

### Graduation Rates for 4-year institutions

Click one of the following questions to view the answer.

#### General

- 1) My institution has programs that operate on both a term basis AND a clock hour (continuing enrollment) basis. How do I choose my cohort?
- 2) Why do 4-year institutions need to separate their entering cohort into two groups?
- 3) My institution does not have any information on the cohort you are requesting. Do I have to do anything this year?
- 4) When can I revise or adjust my cohort?
- 5) Do I need to track students every term?

#### Cohort

- 1) What is a "first-time" student?
- 2) I have a very small cohort, sometimes only 4 or 5 students. Do I need to report on the GRS?
- 3) How do I count a student who started in my original cohort, transferred to another institution (for which I have a confirmation of transfer), and then returned to my institution and is still enrolled?
- 4) Where do I place transfers INTO my institution?
- 5) How do I report students who are taking ESL (English as a Second Language) or developmental courses?
- 6) Are students in remedial courses included in the cohort?
- 7) If a student took only remedial courses last year and applies as a full-time degree-seeking student this fall, can I count the student as "first-time"?
- 8) What about non-credit enrollment, or students taking CEUs?
- 9) Are non-degree/certificate-seekers included?
- 10) How do I treat new entrants that get credit for life experience?
- 11) Do I count students who have acquired credits through distance learning or correspondence as "first-time"?
- 12) Many of our students take courses during the summer at other schools; should these be considered transfers out?
- 13) My initial cohort includes all full-time, first-time degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled as of October 15 - the same as on my IPEDS Fall Enrollment report. Now what happens to: stop outs, drop outs, students who enroll part time next semester, or students who switch to another program?
- 14) If a student in my cohort obtains two undergraduate level degrees (AA and BA) within the 6-year period, can I count both completions?
- 15) I have a student that intends to get a bachelor's degree so he is in my Section II cohort. He does not complete his BA within the 6-year period BUT he did get an associate's degree along the way and it was completed within 3 years. Where do I report him?

#### Normal Time and Calculation of 150% of Normal Time

- 1) How do I calculate 150% of normal time to completion?
- 2) According to the Technical Amendment, I can count students who complete their program through August 31 of the 6th year, but what if the student does not receive the degree until our December graduation? Does this mean I cannot count them as completers?
- 3) How do I calculate 150% for students who stop out, or drop out, and then return and complete the program?

#### Transfer-Out

- 1) Does my institution need to report transfers out?
- 2) What kind of verification must I have to report a student as a transfer out?
- 3) My school does not track transfers out and our limited budget does not allow us to set up a system to do this. Am I still in compliance with the requirements of SRK and am I still responsive to the GRS if I don't report transfers out?

#### Other

- 1) My institution belongs to the NCAA; do I have to report GRS data to IPEDS? Do I also need to report to the Secretary of Education?
- 2) The number of students who could be considered for the adjustment to cohort (exclusions) is very small in my school. Do I need to try to track these "leavers"?
- 3) How do I deal with "3/2" programs? My institution provides the first 3 years of an engineering program and our students go on to another university for the last 2 years of study to attain their degree. Can we count them as completers when they get their degree from the second institution?
- 4) My institution offers pre-med and pre-vet programs, but formal awards are not given. What happens to these students?
- 5) My institution offers a PharmD program where a student is accepted into the program after completing a 2 or 3 year program of undergraduate studies. What happens to these students?
- 6) There is a provision for excluding students who leave the institution to join the Armed Forces. Is there a similar provision for excluding students who are already in the military but are transferred to another duty station?
- 8) Will the GRS satisfy all my requirements for SRK?
- 9) Exactly what must be disclosed in order to be in compliance with SRK?

Answers:

## General

### 1) My institution has programs that operate on both a term basis AND a clock hour (continuing enrollment) basis. How do I choose my cohort?

If most programs operate on a term basis (semester, quarter or trimester), you must use a fall cohort; otherwise, you must use a full-year cohort. The cohort method you must use has been pre-determined by your answer to the Calendar System question on the IPEDS Institutional Characteristics survey.

[Back to top](#)

### 2) Why do 4-year institutions need to separate their entering cohort into two groups?

NCES is asking 4-year schools that offer undergraduate awards other than the bachelor's degree to define two subcohorts: (1) students who enter with the intent to complete a bachelor's degree, and (2) students who intend to complete other than a bachelor's degree program. Students whose intent is unknown are to be placed in the subcohort with those seeking a bachelor's degree. By separating the cohort this way, the graduation and transfer rates of the first group can be compared to those at like institutions as well as those at institutions offering only a bachelor's degree. Likewise, the rates of the second group can also be compared to rates at 2-year institutions.

[Back to top](#)

### 3) My institution does not have any information on the cohort you are requesting. Do I have to do anything this year?

Student Right-to-Know legislation states that reporting is mandatory for institutions that did enroll full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students during the cohort year. If you did not enroll this type of student or your institution was not in operation during the cohort year, please report this information on the Institutional Characteristics survey.

[Back to top](#)

### 4) When can I revise or adjust my cohort?

There is a difference between revising and adjusting a cohort. **Revising** a cohort means to change the cohort by taking into consideration better information that has become available since you first reported your cohort on the Fall Enrollment survey (e.g., you may now have more complete racial/ethnic information on the cohort). You can **revise** a fall cohort by entering new data in the Revised Cohort column on the data collection screen. **Adjusting** a cohort means to subtract the Exclusions from the Revised Cohort to establish a denominator for rate calculation. Both fall and full-year cohorts will be **adjusted** for you on the worksheet screens when graduation and transfer-out rates are calculated.

[Back to top](#)

### 5) Do I need to track students every term?

No, you can set up your system to identify your cohort upon entry and then, at the end of 150% of normal time for the longest program, look back to see what happened to those in the cohort. You will need to know when they completed, but it is not necessary to compare or track from term-to-term.

[Back to top](#)

## Cohort

### 1) What is a "first-time" student?

According to the IPEDS Glossary, a first-time student is "A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled." By this we mean at the undergraduate level, graduate level, or first-professional level. Since the GRS is only interested in undergraduates, it means that the student is first time in postsecondary education (or the student is not known to have attended another postsecondary institution). There are two exceptions: (1) students who attended any institution the summer prior to entering your institution in the fall term are to be counted as "first-time," as are (2) students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

[Back to top](#)

### 2) I have a very small cohort, sometimes only 4 or 5 students. Do I need to report on the GRS?

Yes. You need to **report** the data to NCES regardless of the cohort size. See the questions on disclosure for further information.

[Back to top](#)

### 3) How do I count a student who started in my original cohort, transferred to another institution (for which I have a confirmation of transfer), and then returned to my institution and is still enrolled?

You should report the student as a transfer-out.

[Back to top](#)

### 4) Where do I place transfers INTO my institution?

The IPEDS GRS does NOT collect information on transfers in. THESE STUDENTS SHOULD NOT BE INCLUDED IN ANY COHORT.

[Back to top](#)

**5) How do I report students who are taking ESL (English as a Second Language) or developmental courses?**

These students are not included in the cohort if their courses are not part of a program of study that leads to a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award and if they are not eligible for Title IV Federal financial aid.

[Back to top](#)

**6) Are students in remedial courses included in the cohort?**

Use the same reasoning here that you use to determine who to report as degree/certificate-seeking on your IPEDS Fall Enrollment report. If they are degree/certificate-seeking for purposes of qualifying for student financial aid, then they **must** be included in the cohort.

[Back to top](#)

**7) If a student took only remedial courses last year and applies as a full-time degree-seeking student this fall, can I count the student as "first-time"?**

No. The student does not qualify as "first-time" because they are known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution (yours or another school) even though they enter with no credit.

[Back to top](#)

**8) What about non-credit enrollment, or students taking CEUs?**

Neither should be included in your cohort.

[Back to top](#)

**9) Are non-degree/certificate-seekers included?**

Even though these students are enrolled for credit, if they are not seeking a degree/certificate, they are not to be included in your cohort according to the SRK regulations. Be sure to carefully read the definition of degree-seeking in the Glossary.

[Back to top](#)

**10) How do I treat new entrants that get credit for life experience?**

If the student has never enrolled in a postsecondary institution, they are to be counted as "first-time."

[Back to top](#)

**11) Do I count students who have acquired credits through distance learning or correspondence as "first-time"?**

Since these students must have been enrolled in an institution in order to obtain credit through correspondence or distance learning, they are not "first-time."

[Back to top](#)

**12) Many of our students take courses during the summer at other schools; should these be considered transfers out?**

No. Keep the students in your cohort since they return in the fall and continue their programs of study.

[Back to top](#)

**13) My initial cohort includes all full-time, first-time degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled as of October 15 - the same as on my IPEDS Fall Enrollment report. Now what happens to: stop outs, drop outs, students who enroll part time next semester, or students who switch to another program?**

It looks like your cohort is defined correctly. Remember YOUR COHORT NEVER CHANGES. Students who stop out or drop out do not change the cohort number. They remain in the count; if they complete within 150% please report them as such. Students who switch to part time or to another program are not given extra time to complete, nor are they removed from the cohort. Report their status as requested.

[Back to top](#)

**14) If a student in my cohort obtains two undergraduate level degrees (AA and BA) within the 6-year period, can I count both completions?**

No, you may only count one. NCES recommends that you report the highest degree attained, but it is your decision as to which one you prefer to report.

[Back to top](#)

**15) I have a student that intends to get a bachelor's degree so he is in my Section II cohort. He does not complete his BA within the 6-year period BUT he did get an associate's degree along the way and it was completed within 3 years. Where do I report him?**

By all means count him as a completer of the associate's degree (2- but less than 4-year program) since that degree was completed within 150% of normal time. Remember, intent is not important when reporting your completers...what is important is whether or not they finished any program within 150% of normal time.

[Back to top](#)

**Normal Time and Calculation of 150% of Normal Time**

**1) How do I calculate 150% of normal time to completion?**

In order to calculate this, we must first define "normal time to completion." IPEDS has adopted the definition developed by the Joint Commission on Accountability Reporting (JCAR) as a definition of normal time. Normal time is defined as *"the time necessary for a student to complete all requirements for a degree or certificate according to an institution's catalog. This is typically 4 years (8 semesters or trimesters, or 12 quarters, excluding summer terms) for a bachelor's degree, 2 years (4 semesters or trimesters, or 6 quarters, excluding summer terms) for an associate's degree, and the scheduled times for certificate programs."* Let's look at some examples:

Many bachelor's degree programs are outlined as 4-year programs - 8 semesters - usually fall and spring. Extending this to 150% (1.5 x 8) would take 12 semesters or **through the end of the spring term of the sixth year.**

Similarly, an associate's degree that is advertised as a 2-year program - 6 quarters (fall, winter, spring, with no scheduled summer quarter), would extend to (1.5 x 6) or 9 quarters **through the end of the spring quarter of the third year.**

However, the Technical Amendments that redefine the cohort year allow you to count completers through August 31 of the summer following the sixth year of a 4-year program (or the third year for 2-year programs).

Certificate programs must be handled somewhat differently. If a 900 contact hour course is advertised as taking 30 weeks to complete, the calculation of 1.5 x 30 equals 45 weeks **after the start date.** If the student completes within that 45-week period, they are within 150% of normal time.

[Back to top](#)

**2) According to the Technical Amendment, I can count students who complete their program through August 31 of the 6th year, but what if the student does not receive the degree until our December graduation? Does this mean I cannot count them as completers?**

Technically you cannot count the completion until the degree has been conferred. If you "award" the degree upon completion (i.e., an award date of, or prior to, August 31 is noted in the student's record) and just allow the student to "pick it up" at the December ceremony, then you should be able to count the student in your completions.

[Back to top](#)

**3) How do I calculate 150% for students who stop out, or drop out, and then return and complete the program?**

There is no difference in the calculation. The 150% of normal time is applied to the start date and is the same regardless of stop-out time. Some students may stop out for a term or two and still complete within 150% of normal time.

[Back to top](#)

## Transfer-Out

**1) Does my institution need to report transfers out?**

The November 1, 2000 regulations state that "An institution that determines that its mission includes providing substantial preparation for students to enroll in another eligible institution" must report transfers out so that a transfer out rate can be calculated. The students to be reported as transfers are those who have NOT completed a degree, certificate, or transfer preparatory program, so they cannot be counted as completers. If the institution does not have such a mission, reporting of transfers out is optional.

[Back to top](#)

**2) What kind of verification must I have to report a student as a transfer out?**

None. All verification requirements were dropped from the November 1, 2000 regulations.

[Back to top](#)

**3) My school does not track transfers out and our limited budget does not allow us to set up a system to do this. Am I still in compliance with the requirements of SRK and am I still responsive to the GRS if I don't report transfers out?**

As long as your institution does not include the substantial preparation of students to enroll in another eligible institution as part of its mission, you do not need to set up a system to track transfers out. However, if your institution does have such a mission, you need to be able to track transfers out and report them.

[Back to top](#)

## Other

**1) My institution belongs to the NCAA; do I have to report GRS data to IPEDS? Do I also need to report to the Secretary of Education?**

Completing the IPEDS GRS form through the web-based data collection system satisfies all your reporting requirements to the Secretary of Education. However, the NCAA is now collecting their own data on graduation rates themselves, separately from IPEDS. You will still need to report data to the NCAA. If you have any questions, you should contact the NCAA directly.



[Back to top](#)

**2) The number of students who could be considered for the adjustment to cohort (exclusions) is very small in my school. Do I need to try to track these "leavers"?**

No. The allowable exclusions are provided for those institutions that may have a significant number of students who require longer to (or cannot) complete their programs for the reasons stated.

[Back to top](#)

**3) How do I deal with "3/2" programs? My institution provides the first 3 years of an engineering program and our students go on to another university for the last 2 years of study to attain their degree. Can we count them as completers when they get their degree from the second institution?**

No, you should NEVER count a student as a completer when they get their degree from **another** institution. Your job is done when they leave your school. If the student completed the first 3 years of a 3/2 program (within 150% of normal time) so that they are now ready to "transfer" in order to complete the remaining 2 years at another institution, then you should count the student as a completer of a "2- but less than 4-year program." This works the same way as the "transfer-preparatory program" described above.

[Back to top](#)

**4) My institution offers pre-med and pre-vet programs, but formal awards are not given. What happens to these students?**

Assuming these are 2- or 3-year programs, count the students as completers of a "2- but less than 4-year program" if they complete within 150% of normal time.

[Back to top](#)

**5) My institution offers a PharmD program where a student is accepted into the program after completing a 2 or 3 year program of undergraduate studies. What happens to these students?**

Students who complete the undergraduate portion within 150% of normal time should be counted in the other degree/certificate-seeking subcohort (Section III) as completers of a "2- but less than 4-year program". However, do not track their progress any further towards the PharmD, since it is a first-professional degree, and thus is not part of the Graduation Rates Survey.

[Back to top](#)

**6) There is a provision for excluding students who leave the institution to join the Armed Forces. Is there a similar provision for excluding students who are already in the military but are transferred to another duty station?**

No, there is no such provision.

[Back to top](#)

**8) Will the GRS satisfy all my requirements for SRK?**

NO! NO! and NO! The GRS provides institutions with instructions, definitions, and a format for calculating graduation rates and transfer-out rates. It also provides institutions with a methodology so that there is some consistency in the way the rates are calculated. SRK requires disclosure of these rates to students and prospective students. By completing the GRS, you now have the rates you need to disclose. But you need to make them available. For schools that offer athletically-related student aid, there are additional disclosure and reporting requirements. The GRS satisfies the reporting requirements only.

[Back to top](#)

**9) Exactly what must be disclosed in order to be in compliance with SRK?**

The regulations state that beginning with the group of students who enter the institution between September 1, 2000 and August 31, 2001, an institution shall disclose its completion or graduation rate and transfer-out rate information no later than the July 1 immediately following the point in time that 150% of the normal time for completion or graduation has elapsed for all of the students in the groups on which the institution bases its completion or graduation rate and transfer-out rate calculations.

Therefore, at a minimum, you must disclose (July 1) your graduation and transfer-out rates (as of August 31 of the prior year). In addition, institutions for which transfer out is an important part of their mission must also disclose a transfer-out rate. The Secretary urges institutions to disclose as much additional information as warranted to help consumers understand institutional mission, etc. Thus you should consider additional rates as well, such as rates for part-time students and possibly rates 8 or 10 years out, if your students take longer to complete. The SRK regulations state that if a category of students within an athletic subcohort contains 5 or fewer students, institutions need not disclose information on the category of students.

[Back to top](#)

## 2011-12 Survey Materials

### Graduation Rates

date: 2/15/2012

#### Graduation Rates for 4-year institutions

Edit specifications for the 2011-12 IPEDS Web-Based Data Collection

Graduation Rates (GRS) Component

*Applicable to 4-year institutions*

**Note:** The specifications in this document apply to the institutions listed above. Some sections and parts may not apply to your particular institution. Please read the specifications carefully to determine which sections and/or parts apply to your institution.

*All screens must be completed in order to lock the survey.*

#### Screening Question

Section I: Establishing CohortsSections II and III: Subcohort DataWorksheets

#### Screening Question

You must respond to the following screening question:

- Does your institution use a website to disclose Student-Right-to-Know student athlete graduation rates?
  - If you select **Yes**, the URL must be provided.

The above screening question is a critical data item. To lock the survey, this question must be answered completely.

[Top](#)

#### Section I: Establishing Cohorts

##### Part 1

The screen shown here will depend on whether your institution has a preloaded cohort. Use this screen to enter 2005 **Revised cohort** or **Cohort** values, as applicable, for each race/ethnicity and gender category. These values will be used to represent the **Cohort** on all subsequent screens.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

- The calculated **Total men + women** in the **Revised cohort** (column 01) must be greater than 0.
- If no Initial cohort is preloaded, then the calculated **Total men + women** in the **Revised cohort** (column 01) must be less than or equal to the Unduplicated count of undergraduates reported in the current year 12-month enrollment survey.
- The **Revised cohort** must be within a certain range of the **Initial cohort**, as outlined below:
  - If the number of **Total men + women** in the **Initial cohort** is between 1 and 25 students, then the **Total men + women** in the **Revised cohort** must be within a 50% range of that value.
  - If the number of **Total men + women** in the **Initial cohort** is between 26 and 100 students, then the **Total men + women** in the **Revised cohort** must be within a 30% range of that value.
  - If the number of **Total men + women** in the **Initial cohort** is between 101 and 500 students, then the **Total men + women** in the **Revised cohort** must be within a 20% range of that value.
  - If the number of **Total men + women** in the **Initial cohort** is greater than 500 students, then the **Total men + women** in the **Revised cohort** must be within a 10% range of that value.

##### Part 2

On this screen, enter the number of **Men** and **Women** who belong to the **Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort** (column 02) for each applicable race/ethnicity category.

The system will calculate the **Other degree-seeking subcohort** (column 03) by subtracting the **Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort** (column 02) from the **Cohort** (column 01) for each row of data.

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

- For each race/ethnicity and gender category, the Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort (column 02) cannot be greater than the Cohort (column 01).
- If your institution reported offering bachelor's degrees in the 2009 Institutional Characteristics survey, then the sum of **Men** plus **Woman** seeking a **Bachelor's or equivalent degree** (column 02) is expected to be greater than 0; otherwise, an *explanation* is required.
- If your institution reported offering award levels other than bachelor's degrees in the Institutional Characteristics survey, the sum of **Men** plus **Woman** seeking an **Other degree** (column 03) is expected to be greater than 0; otherwise, an *explanation* is required.
- The sum of **Total completers within 150%** (column 29) from Sections II and III must be greater than 0. Otherwise, a *fatal* error will occur to prevent a graduation rate of 0.0% on your institution's College Navigator page.
- If the sum of **Total completers within 150%** from Sections II and III is greater than 10, then this value must be less than the **Cohort** (column 01) minus the sum of **Total Exclusions** from Sections II and III (found on the **Transfers/Exclusions screen**). Otherwise, a *fatal* error will occur to prevent a graduation rate of 100% on your institution's College Navigator page.
- If the prior year **Adjusted cohort** (from the 4-year-average, part 1 worksheet) is greater than 0; AND the sum of **Total Exclusions** from Sections II and III is greater than 0; THEN:

The sum of **Total Completers within 150%** from Sections II and III \* 100

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The **Cohort** (column 01) – the sum of **Total Exclusions** from Sections II and III

Should be within a 20% range of the following:

PY **Total Completers within 150%** (from the 4-year-average, part 2 worksheet) \* 100

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The PY **Adjusted cohort**

[Top](#)

## **Section II and Section III: Subcohort Data**

### **Completers 150%**

Use Sections II and III to report data on the specified student subcohorts at the institution based on the descriptions below:

- **Section II:** Report the status of the **Subcohort of full-time, first-time students seeking a bachelor's or equivalent degree** for **Cohort year 2005**.
- **Section III:** Report the status of the **Subcohort of full-time, first-time students seeking other than a bachelor's or equivalent degree** for **Cohort year 2005**.  
**Note:** **Section III** is only applicable if you reported students seeking a degree other than a bachelor's or equivalent degree on the **Establishing Cohorts, Part 2** screen.

The following screens must be completed for **Section II** and **Section III** (if applicable to your institution):

### **Completers within 150%**

On this screen, you must report the number of students by race/ethnicity and gender who completed **programs of less-than-two years** (column 11), **programs of at-least-two but less-than-four years** (column 12), and **bachelor's or equivalent degrees** (column 18) within 150% of normal time to completion.

For each individual program length (columns 11, 12, and 18), the system will calculate the **Total men + women** to determine the grand total number of completers by length of time to completion.

In addition, for each row of data, the system will calculate the sum of columns 11, 12, and 18 to determine the number of **Total completers within 150%** (column 29).

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered in **Section II**:

- For each race/ethnicity and gender category, **Total completers within 150%** (column 29) must be less than or equal to the **Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort** (column 10).
- If the calculated **Total men + women** in the **Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort** (column 10) is greater than 25, then the **Total men + women** for **Total completers within 150%** (column 29) is expected to be greater than 0.

The system will perform the following edit on the data entered in **Section III**:

- For each race/ethnicity and gender category, the sum of **Total completers within 150%** (column 29) must be less than or equal to the **Other degree-seeking subcohort** (column 10).
- If the calculated **Total men + women** in the **Other degree-seeking subcohort** (column 10) is greater than 25, then the **Total men + women** for **Total completers within 150%** (column 29) is expected to be greater than 0.

### **Bachelor's completers by length of time to degree** **Applicable to Section II ONLY**

On this screen, you must report the number of students in the **Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort** who **Completed the program in four years or less** (column 19) and **Completed the program in five years** (column 20) by race/ethnicity and gender. The system will then subtract these values from the **Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort** (column 10) to determine the number of students who **Completed the program in six years** (column 21). >

For each individual program length (columns 19, 20, and 21), the system will calculate the **Total men + women** to determine the grand total number of completers by length of time to completion.

In addition, for each row of data, the system will calculate the sum of columns 19, 20, and 21 to determine the total number of students who completed a bachelor's degree or equivalent within 150% of normal time (column 18).

The system will perform the following edit on the data entered:

- The number of students who **Completed the program in 6 years** should be greater than or equal to 0. To correct this value, you must adjust the number of students who **Completed the program in 4 years or less** and/or **Completed the program in 5 years**, so that the sum of these values is less than or equal to the number of students in the **Bachelor's or equivalent degree-seeking subcohort**.

### **Transfers/Exclusions**

On this screen, you must report the number of **Total transfer-out students** (column 30), **Total exclusions** (column 45), and the number of students **Still enrolled** (column 51) in the subcohort by race/ethnicity and gender for **Cohort year 2005**.

The system will calculate the **Total men + women** for each column to determine the grand total number of transfer-out students and exclusions.

In addition, for each row of data, the sum of columns 30, 45, 51 and **Total completers within 150%** (column 29) is subtracted from the subcohort (column 10) to determine the total number of students **No longer enrolled** (column 52).

The system will perform the following edits on the data entered:

- The total number of students **No longer enrolled** (column 52) must be greater than or equal to 0. To correct this value, the sum of **Total completers within 150%** (column 29), **Total transfer-out students** (column 30), **Total exclusions** (column 45), and **Still enrolled** (column 51) must be less or equal to the subcohort (column 10).

- If the number of **Total transfer-out students** (men + women) (column 30) is greater than 10, then this value is expected to be less than or equal to 40% of the total number of men and women in the subcohort (column 10).  
**Note:** Transfer-out students should ONLY include students who transferred out to another eligible institution. Do NOT include all non-completers here.
- If the number of **Total exclusions** (men + women) (column 45) is greater than 10, then this value is expected to be less than or equal to 10% of the total number of men and women in the subcohort (column 10).  
**Note:** Exclusions should ONLY include students who died or were permanently disabled; or who left school to join the military, to serve with a foreign aid service of the federal government, or to serve on an official church mission. Do NOT include all non-completers here.
- An *explanation* must be provided if your institution reported having 0 students **No longer enrolled** (column 52); and your institution reported having more than 100 men and women in the subcohort (column 10); and your institution reported having more than 10 **Total transfer-out students** (column 30).  
**Note:** Please verify that non-completers were not reported erroneously as transfer-out students (column 30) or exclusions (column 45).

[Top](#)

### [Worksheets](#)

Additional worksheet screens have been included at the end of the survey. These screens provide your institution with a summary of the data entered, along with prior year data. This includes: ***Graduation and transfer-out rates, Graduation and transfer-out rates by length of time to degree, and 4-year average Graduation rates.***

[Top](#)