# Digest of Education Statistics 2009 

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## FOREWORD

The 2009 edition of the Digest of Education Statistics is the 45 th in a series of publications initiated in 1962. The Digest has been issued annually except for combined editions for the years 1977-78, 1983-84, and 1985-86. Its primary purpose is to provide a compilation of statistical information covering the broad field of American education from prekindergarten through graduate school. The Digest includes a selection of data from many sources, both government and private, and draws especially on the results of surveys and activities carried out by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES). To qualify for inclusion in the Digest, material must be nationwide in scope and of current interest and value. The publication contains information on a variety of subjects in the field of education statistics, including the number of schools and colleges, teachers, enrollments, and graduates, in addition to data on educational attainment, finances, federal funds for education, libraries, and international comparisons. Supplemental information on population trends, attitudes on education, education characteristics of the labor force, government finances, and economic trends provides background for evaluating education data. Although the Digest contains important information on federal education funding, more detailed information on federal activities is available from federal education program offices.

The Digest contains seven chapters: All Levels of Education, Elementary and Secondary Education, Postsecondary Education, Federal Programs for Education and Related Activities, Outcomes of Education, International Comparisons of Education, and Libraries and Educational Technology. Preceding these chapters is an Introduction that provides a brief overview of current trends in American education, which supplements the tabular materials in chapters 1 through 7. The Digest concludes with three appendixes. The first appendix, Guide to Sources, provides a brief synopsis of the surveys used to generate the Digest tables; the second, Definitions, is included to help readers understand terms used in the Digest; and the third, Index of

Table Numbers, allows readers to quickly locate tables on specific topics.

In addition to updating many of the statistics that have appeared in previous years, this edition contains new material, including

- 4th- and 8th-grade public school students' average reading scale scores and selected reading achievement-level results, by specific urban district and race/ethnicity (table 122);
- 4th- and 8th-grade public school students' average reading scale scores and selected reading achievement-level results, by English language learner (ELL) status and state or jurisdiction (table 124);
- average arts scale score of 8th-graders, percentage distribution by frequency of instruction, and percentage participating in selected activities, by subject and selected student and school characteristics (table 126);
- 4th- and 8th-grade public school students’ average mathematics scale scores and selected mathematics achievement-level results, by specific urban district and race/ethnicity (table 137);
- number of U.S. students studying abroad and percentage distribution, by sex, race/ethnicity, academic level, host region, and duration of stay (table 225);
- certificates conferred by postsecondary institutions participating in Title IV programs, by race/ethnicity and sex of student (table 281); and
- graduation rates of first-time postsecondary students who started as full-time degree-seeking students, by sex, race/ethnicity, time between starting and graduating, and level and control of institution where student started (table 331).

The Digest can be accessed from http://nces.ed.gov/programs/ digest.

Val Plisko
Associate Commissioner
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## Contents

Page
Foreword ..... iii
List of Figures ..... vi
List of Text Tables ..... vii
List of Reference Tables ..... viii
Introduction ..... 1
Guide to Tabular Presentation ..... 7
Chapter 1. All Levels of Education ..... 9
Chapter 2. Elementary and Secondary Education ..... 55
Chapter 3. Postsecondary Education ..... 269
Chapter 4. Federal Programs for Education and Related Activities ..... 527
Chapter 5. Outcomes of Education ..... 553
Chapter 6. International Comparisons of Education ..... 577
Chapter 7. Libraries and Educational Technology ..... 605
Appendix A. Guide to Sources ..... 623
Appendix B. Definitions ..... 665
Appendix C. Index of Table Numbers ..... 679

## List of Figures

Figure Page

1. The structure of education in the United States ..... 11
2. Enrollment, total expenditures in constant dollars, and expenditures as a percentage of the gross domestic product (GDP), by level of education: Selected years, 1965-66 through 2008-09 ..... 12
3. Percentage of persons 25 years old and over, by highest level of educational attainment: Selected years, 1940 through 2009 ..... 13
4. Percentage of persons 25 through 29 years old, by highest level of educational attainment: Selected years, 1940 through 2009 ..... 13
5. Highest level of education attained by persons 25 years old and over: March 2009. ..... 14
6. Enrollment, number of teachers, pupil/teacher ratio, and expenditures in public schools: 1960-61 through 2007-08 ..... 60
7. Total and full-day preprimary enrollment of 3- to 5-year-olds: October 1970 through October 2008 ..... 61
8. Percentage change in public elementary and secondary enrollment, by state: Fall 2000 to fall 2007 ..... 61
9. Percentage of revenue for public elementary and secondary schools, by source of funds: 1970-71 through 2006-07 ..... 62
10. Current expenditure per pupil in fall enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools: 1970-71 through 2006-07 ..... 62
11. Enrollment, degrees conferred, and expenditures in degree-granting institutions: Fall 1960 through fall 2008 and 1960-61 through 2007-08 ..... 273
12. Percentage change in total enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by state: Fall 2000 through fall 2007 ..... 274
13. Enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by age: Fall 1970 through fall 2018 ..... 274
14. Full-time-equivalent (FTE) students per staff member in public and private degree-granting institutions, by type of staff: 1976 and 2007. ..... 275
15. Bachelor's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions in selected fields of study: 1997-98, 2002-03, and 2007-08 ..... 275
16. Percentage distribution of total revenues of public degree-granting institutions, by source of funds: 2006-07 ..... 276
17. Percentage distribution of total revenues of private not-for-profit degree-granting institutions, by source of funds: 2006-07 ..... 276
18. Federal on-budget funds for education, by level or other educational purpose: Selected years, 1965 through 2009 ..... 535
19. Percentage of federal on-budget funds for education, by agency: Fiscal year 2008 ..... 536
20. Department of Education outlays, by type of recipient: Fiscal year 2009 ..... 536
21. Labor force participation rate of persons 20 to 64 years old, by age group and highest level of education: 2008 ..... 554
22. Unemployment rates of persons 25 years old and over, by highest level of education: 2008 ..... 555
23. Labor force status of 2007-08 high school dropouts and completers not enrolled in college: October 2008 ..... 555
24. Median annual earnings of persons 25 years old and over, by highest level of education and sex: 2008 ..... 556
25. Average salaries of bachelor's degree recipients 1 year after graduation, by field: 1981, 1991, and 2001 ..... 556
26. Percentage change in enrollment, by selected areas of the world and level of education: 2000 to 2007 ..... 580
27. Bachelor's degree recipients as a percentage of the population of the typical ages of graduation, by country: 2006 ..... 581
28. Public direct expenditures on education as a percentage of the gross domestic product (GDP), by country: 2006 ..... 581
29. Percentage of all public schools and instructional rooms with internet access: Selected years, fall 1994 through fall 2005 ..... 606

## List of Text Tables

Table Page
A. Total elementary and secondary school enrollment, by overall trends: Selected years, 1949-50 to fall 2008 ..... 10
B. Number of public school staff, by selected categories: 1969-70, 1980, and 2007 ..... 56
C. Postsecondary students denied access to Title IV financial aid because eligibility was suspended due to a drug-related conviction: 2008-09. ..... 272
D. Federal on-budget funding for education, by category: Selected fiscal years, 1965 through 2008. ..... 527
E. Median annual earnings of full-time year-round workers 25 years old and over, by selected levels of educational attainment and sex: Selected years, 1995 through 2008 ..... 554
F. Population and enrollment at different levels in major areas of the world: 2000 and 2007 ..... 578

## List of Reference Tables

## Chapter 1. All Levels of Education

## Enrollment, Teachers, and Schools

Table Page

1. Projected number of participants in educational institutions, by level and control of institution: Fall 2009 ..... 15
2. Enrollment in educational institutions, by level and control of institution: Selected years, fall 1980 through fall 2009 ..... 15
3. Enrollment in educational institutions, by level and control of institution: Selected years, 1869-70 through fall 2018 ..... 16
4. Number of teachers in elementary and secondary schools, and instructional staff in postsecondary degree-granting institutions, by control of institution: Selected years, fall 1970 through fall 2018. ..... 18
5. Number of educational institutions, by level and control of institution: Selected years, 1980-81 through 2007-08 ..... 19
Enrollment Rates
6. Percentage of the population 3 to 34 years old enrolled in school, by sex, race/ethnicity, and age: Selected years, 1980 through 2008 ..... 20
7. Percentage of the population 3 to 34 years old enrolled in school, by age group: Selected years, 1940 through 2008 ..... 22
Educational Attainment
8. Percentage of persons age 25 and over and 25 to 29 , by race/ethnicity, years of school completed, and sex: Selected years, 1910 through 2009 ..... 24
9. Number of persons age 18 and over, by highest level of education attained, age, sex, and race/ ethnicity: 2009 ..... 26
10. Persons age 18 and over who hold at least a bachelor's degree in specific fields of study, by sex, race/ethnicity, and age: 2001 ..... 27
11. Educational attainment of persons 18 years old and over, by state: 2000 and 2005-07 ..... 28
12. Educational attainment of persons 25 years old and over, by race/ethnicity and state: 2005-07 ..... 29
13. Educational attainment of persons 25 years old and over, by sex and state: 2005-07 ..... 31
14. Educational attainment of persons 25 years old and over for metropolitan areas with more than 1 million persons, by sex: 2009 ..... 32
Population
15. Estimates of resident population, by age group: 1970 through 2009 ..... 33
16. Estimates of resident population, by race/ethnicity and age group: Selected years, 1980 through 2009 ..... 34
17. Estimated total and school-age resident populations, by state: Selected years, 1970 through 2008 ..... 35
Characteristics of Families With Children
18. Number and percentage distribution of family households, by family structure and presence of own children under 18: Selected years, 1970 through 2008 ..... 36
19. Number and percentage of family households with own children under 18, by age and number of children, race/ethnicity, and family structure: 2008 ..... 37
20. Household income, population poverty rates, and poverty status of 5- to 17-year-olds, by state: 1990, 2000, and 2006-08 ..... 38
21. Poverty status of all persons, persons in families, and related children under age 18, by race/ ethnicity: Selected years, 1959 through 2008 ..... 40
Opinions on and Parent Involvement in Education
22. Average grade that the public would give the public schools in their community and in the nation at large: 1974 through 2009 ..... 43
23. Percentage of elementary and secondary school children whose parents were involved in school activities, by selected child, parent, and school characteristics: 1999, 2003, and 2007 ..... 44
24. Percentage of kindergartners through fifth-graders whose parents reported doing education- related activities with their children in the past month, by selected child, parent, and school characteristics: 1999, 2003, and 2007 ..... 45
25. Percentage of kindergartners through fifth-graders whose parents reported doing various activities with their children in the past week, by selected child, parent, and school characteristics: 1999, 2003, and 2007 ..... 46
Finances
26. Expenditures of educational institutions related to the gross domestic product, by level of institution: Selected years, 1929-30 through 2008-09 ..... 47
27. Expenditures of educational institutions, by level and control of institution: Selected years, 1899-1900 through 2008-09 ..... 48
28. Amount and percentage distribution of direct general expenditures of state and local governments, by function: Selected years, 1970-71 through 2005-06 ..... 49
29. Direct general expenditures of state and local governments for all functions and for education, by level of education and state: 2005-06 ..... 50
30. Direct general expenditures per capita of state and local governments for all functions and for education, by level of education and state: 2005-06 ..... 51
31. Gross domestic product, state and local expenditures, personal income, disposable personal income, median family income, and population: Selected years, 1929 through 2008 ..... 52
32. Gross domestic product price index, Consumer Price Index, education price indexes, and federal budget composite deflator: Selected years, 1919 through 2008 ..... 53

## Chapter 2. Elementary and Secondary Education

## Enrollment

33. Historical summary of public elementary and secondary school statistics: Selected years, 1869-70 through 2006-07 ..... 63
34. Enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, fall 1990 through fall 2009 ..... 65
35. Enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools, by level, grade, and state or jurisdiction: Fall 2007 ..... 67
36. Enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools, by level, grade, and state or jurisdiction: Fall 2006 ..... 69
37. Enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools, by grade: Selected years, fall 1980 through fall 2007 ..... 71
38. Number and percentage of homeschooled students ages 5 through 17 with a grade equivalent of kindergarten through 12th grade, by selected child, parent, and household characteristics: 1999, 2003, and 2007 ..... 72
39. Percentage distribution of students ages 5 through 17 attending kindergarten through 12th grade, by school type or participation in homeschooling and selected child, parent, and household characteristics: 1999, 2003, and 2007 ..... 73
40. Average daily attendance in public elementary and secondary schools, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1969-70 through 2006-07 ..... 74
41. Percentage distribution of enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools, by race/ ethnicity and state or jurisdiction: Fall 1997 and fall 2007 ..... 75
42. Number and percentage of public school students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, by state: 2000-01, 2005-06, 2006-07, and 2007-08 ..... 76
43. Enrollment of 3-, 4-, and 5-year-old children in preprimary programs, by level of program, control of program, and attendance status: Selected years, 1965 through 2008 ..... 77
44. Number of children under 6 years old and not yet enrolled in kindergarten, percentage in center- based programs, average weekly hours in nonparental care, and percentage in various types of primary care arrangements, by selected child and family characteristics: 2005 ..... 78
45. Child care arrangements of 3 - to 5 -year-old children who are not yet in kindergarten, by age and race/ethnicity: Various years, 1991 through 2005 ..... 79
46. Percentage distribution of children at about 2 and 4 years of age, by type of child care arrangement and selected child and family characteristics: 2003-04 and 2005-06 ..... 80
47. Percentage distribution of quality rating of child care arrangements of children at about 4 years of age, by type of arrangement and selected child and family characteristics: 2005-06 ..... 81
48. Children of prekindergarten through second-grade age, by enrollment status, selected maternal characteristics, and household income: 1995, 2001, and 2005 ..... 82
49. Number of 3- to 5 -year-olds not yet enrolled in kindergarten and percentage participating in home literacy activities with a family member, by type and frequency of activity and selected child and family characteristics: 1993, 2001, and 2007 ..... 83
50. Children 3 to 21 years old served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, by type of disability: Selected years, 1976-77 through 2007-08 ..... 84
51. Percentage distribution of students 6 to 21 years old served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, by educational environment and type of disability: Selected years, fall 1989 through fall 2007 ..... 85
52. Number and percentage of children served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, by age group and state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1990-91 through 2007-08 ..... 86
53. Number of gifted and talented students in public elementary and secondary schools, by sex, race/ ethnicity, and state: 2004 and 2006 ..... 87
54. Percentage of gifted and talented students in public elementary and secondary schools, by sex, race/ethnicity, and state: 2004 and 2006 ..... 88
55. Enrollment in grades 9 through 12 in public and private schools compared with population 14 to 17 years of age: Selected years, 1889-90 through fall 2009 ..... 89
56. Enrollment in foreign language courses compared with enrollment in grades 9 through 12 in public secondary schools: Selected years, fall 1948 through fall 2000 ..... 90
57. Percentage of public school districts and schools with students enrolled in technology-based distance education courses and number of enrollments in such courses, by instructional level and district characteristics: 2002-03 and 2004-05 ..... 91
Private Elementary and Secondary Schools
58. Number and percentage distribution of private elementary and secondary students, teachers, and schools, by orientation of school and selected school and student characteristics: Fall 2007 ..... 92
59. Private elementary and secondary enrollment, number of schools, and average tuition, by school level, orientation, and tuition: 1999-2000, 2003-04, and 2007-08 ..... 93
60. Private elementary and secondary school full-time-equivalent staff and student to full-time- equivalent staff ratios, by orientation of school, school level, and type of staff: 2007-08 ..... 94
61. Enrollment and instructional staff in Catholic elementary and secondary schools, by level: Selected years, 1919-20 through 2008-09 ..... 96
62. Private elementary and secondary schools, enrollment, teachers, and high school graduates, by state: Selected years, 1997 through 2007 ..... 97

## Teachers and Other Staff

63. Public elementary and secondary pupil/teacher ratios, by enrollment school size, type, percentage of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch, locale, and level of school: Fall 1987 through fall 2007 ..... 98
64. Public and private elementary and secondary teachers, enrollment, and pupil/teacher ratios: Selected years, fall 1955 through fall 2018 ..... 100
65. Public elementary and secondary teachers, by level and state or jurisdiction: Selected years, fall 2000 through fall 2007 ..... 101
66. Teachers, enrollment, and pupil/teacher ratios in public elementary and secondary schools, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, fall 2000 through fall 2007 ..... 102
67. Highest degree earned, years of full-time teaching experience, and average class size for teachers in public elementary and secondary schools, by state: 2007-08. ..... 103
68. Highest degree earned and years of full-time teaching experience for teachers in public and private elementary and secondary schools, by selected teacher characteristics: 1999-2000, 2003-04, and 2007-08 ..... 104
69. Selected characteristics of public school teachers: Selected years, spring 1961 through spring 2001 ..... 106
70. Percentage of public school teachers of grades 9 through 12, by field of main teaching assignment and selected demographic and educational characteristics: 2007-08 ..... 107
71. Percentage of teachers indicating that certain issues are serious problems in their schools and that certain problems occur daily, by level and control of school: Selected years 1987-88 through 2007-08 ..... 108
72. Teachers' perceptions about teaching and school conditions, by control and level of school: Selected years, 1993-94 through 2007-08 ..... 109
73. Mobility of public and private elementary and secondary teachers, by selected teacher and school characteristics: Selected years, 1987-88 through 2004-05 ..... 110
74. Average base salary for full-time teachers in public elementary and secondary schools, by highest degree earned and years of full-time teaching: Selected years, 1990-91 through 2007-08 ..... 111
75. Average salaries for full-time teachers in public and private elementary and secondary schools, by selected characteristics: 2007-08 ..... 113
76. Average base salary for full-time public elementary and secondary school teachers with a bachelor's degree as their highest degree, by years of full-time teaching experience and state: 1993-94, 1999-2000, 2003-04, and 2007-08 ..... 115
77. Average base salary for full-time public elementary and secondary school teachers with a master's degree as their highest degree, by years of full-time teaching experience and state: 1993-94, 1999-2000, 2003-04, and 2007-08 ..... 116
78. Estimated average annual salary of teachers in public elementary and secondary schools: Selected years, 1959-60 through 2008-09 ..... 117
79. Estimated average annual salary of teachers in public elementary and secondary schools, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1969-70 through 2008-09 ..... 118
80. Staff employed in public elementary and secondary school systems, by functional area: Selected years, 1949-50 through fall 2007 ..... 119
81. Staff employed in public elementary and secondary school systems, by type of assignment and state or jurisdiction: Fall 2007 ..... 120
82. Staff employed in public elementary and secondary school systems, by type of assignment and state or jurisdiction: Fall 2006 ..... 121
83. Staff and teachers in public elementary and secondary school systems, by state or jurisdiction: Fall 2000 through fall 2007 ..... 122
84. Staff, enrollment, and pupil/staff ratios in public elementary and secondary school systems, by state or jurisdiction: Fall 2000 through fall 2007 ..... 123
85. Number, highest degree, experience, and salaries of principals in public and private elementary and secondary schools, by selected characteristics: 1993-94, 2003-04, and 2007-08 ..... 124
Schools and School Districts
86. Number of public school districts and public and private elementary and secondary schools: Selected years, 1869-70 through 2007-08 ..... 125
87. Number and enrollment of regular public school districts, by enrollment size of district: Selected years, 1979-80 through 2007-08 ..... 126
88. Number of public elementary and secondary education agencies, by type of agency and state or jurisdiction: 2006-07 and 2007-08 ..... 127
89. Public elementary and secondary students, schools, pupil/teacher ratios, and finances, by type of locale: 2006-07 and 2007-08 ..... 128
90. Selected statistics on enrollment, teachers, dropouts, and graduates in public school districts enrolling more than 15,000 students: 1990, 2000, 2005-06, and 2007 ..... 130
91. Revenues, expenditures, poverty rate, and Title I allocations of public school districts enrolling more than 15,000 students: 2006-07 and fiscal year 2009 ..... 141
92. Enrollment, poverty, and federal funds for the 100 largest school districts, by enrollment size in 2007: Fall 2007, 2006-07, and fiscal year 2009 ..... 151
93. Public elementary and secondary schools, by type of school: Selected years, 1967-68 through 2007-08 ..... 154
94. Number and percentage distribution of public elementary and secondary schools and enrollment, by type and enrollment size of school: 2005-06, 2006-07, and 2007-08 ..... 155
95. Average enrollment and percentage distribution of public elementary and secondary schools, by type and size: Selected years, 1982-83 through 2007-08 ..... 156
96. Public elementary and secondary school students, by racial/ethnic enrollment concentration of school: Fall 1995, fall 2000, and fall 2007 ..... 157
97. Public elementary and secondary schools, by type and state or jurisdiction: 1990-91, 2000-01, and 2007-08 ..... 158
98. Public elementary schools, by grade span, average school size, and state or jurisdiction: 2007-08 ..... 159
99. Public secondary schools, by grade span, average school size, and state or jurisdiction: 2007-08 ..... 160
100. Number and enrollment of traditional public and public charter elementary and secondary schools and percentages of students, teachers, and schools, by selected characteristics: 2007-08 ..... 161
101. Percentage of public schools with permanent and portable (temporary) buildings and with environmental factors that interfere with instruction in classrooms, by selected school characteristics, type of factor, and extent of interference: 2005 ..... 163
102. Percentage of public schools with enrollment under, at, or over capacity, by selected school characteristics: 1999 and 2005 ..... 163
High School Completers and Dropouts
103. High school graduates, by sex and control of school: Selected years, 1869-70 through 2018-19 ..... 164
104. Public high school graduates, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1980-81 through 2007-08 ..... 165
105. Averaged freshman graduation rates for public secondary schools, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1990-91 through 2006-07 ..... 166
106. Public high school graduates and dropouts, by race/ethnicity and state or jurisdiction: 2006-07. ..... 167
107. General Educational Development (GED) test takers and test passers, by age: 1971 through 2008 ..... 168
108. Percentage of high school dropouts among persons 16 through 24 years old (status dropout rate), by sex and race/ethnicity: Selected years, 1960 through 2008 ..... 169
109. Percentage of high school dropouts among persons 16 through 24 years old (status dropout rate), by income level, and percentage distribution of status dropouts, by labor force status and educational attainment: 1970 through 2008 ..... 170
110. Number of 14- through 21-year-old students served under Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, who exited school, by exit reason, age, and type of disability: United States and other jurisdictions, 2005-06 and 2006-07 ..... 171

## Educational Achievement

111. Percentage of children demonstrating specific cognitive and motor skills at about 9 months of age, by child's age and selected characteristics: 2001-02 ..... 172
112. Percentage of children demonstrating specific mental skills, physical skills, and secure emotional attachment to parents at about 2 years of age, by selected characteristics: 2003-04 ..... 173
113. Children's specific language, literacy, mathematics, color knowledge, and fine motor skills at about 4 years of age, by age of child and selected characteristics: 2005-06 ..... 174
114. Mean reading scale scores and specific reading skills of fall 1998 first-time kindergartners, by time of assessment and selected characteristics: Selected years, fall 1998 through spring 2007 ..... 175
115. Mean mathematics and science scale scores and specific mathematics skills of fall 1998 first-time kindergartners, by time of assessment and selected characteristics: Selected years, fall 1998 through spring 2007 ..... 176
116. Average reading scale score, by age and selected student and school characteristics: Selected years, 1971 through 2008 ..... 177
117. Average reading scale score, by sex, grade, race/ethnicity, and percentile: Selected years, 1992 through 2007 ..... 178
118. Average reading scale scores and percentage distribution of 9-, 13-, and 17-year-olds, by amount of reading for school, frequency of reading for fun, and time spent doing homework and watching TV/video: Selected years, 1984 through 2008 ..... 179
119. Percentage of students at or above selected reading score levels, by age, sex, and race/ethnicity: Selected years, 1971 through 2008 ..... 180
120. Average reading scale score and percentage of 4th-graders in public schools attaining reading achievement levels, by race/ethnicity and state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1992 through 2007 ..... 181
121. Average reading scale score and percentage of 8 th-graders in public schools attaining reading achievement levels, by locale and state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1998 through 2007 ..... 183
122. Percentage distribution of 4th- and 8th-grade public school students, students' average reading scale scores, and percentage of students at or above selected reading achievement levels, by jurisdiction or specific urban district and race/ethnicity: 2007 ..... 185
123. Average reading scale scores of 4th-, 8th-, and 12th-graders, by selected student and school characteristics: Selected years, 1992 through 2007 ..... 186
124. Average reading scale scores of 4th- and 8th-graders in public schools and percentage scoring at or above selected reading achievement levels, by English language learner (ELL) status and state or jurisdiction: 2007 ..... 187
125. Average writing scale score and percentage of students attaining writing achievement levels, by selected student characteristics and grade level: 2002 and 2007 ..... 188
126. Average arts scale score of 8th-graders, percentage distribution by frequency of instruction, and percentage participating in selected activities, by subject and selected student and school characteristics: 2008 ..... 189
127. Percentage of students attaining U.S. history achievement levels, by grade level and selected student characteristics: 2001 and 2006 ..... 190
128. Average U.S. history scale score, by grade level and selected student characteristics, and percentage distribution of 12th-graders, by selected student characteristics: 1994, 2001, and 2006 ..... 191
129. Average civics scale score and percentage of students attaining civics achievement levels, by grade level and selected student characteristics: 1998 and 2006 ..... 192
130. Average economics scale score of 12th-graders, percentage attaining economics achievement levels, and percentage with different levels of economics coursework, by selected student and school characteristics: 2006 ..... 193
131. Percentage of students attaining geography achievement levels, by grade level and selected student characteristics: 2001 ..... 194
132. Average mathematics scale score, by age and selected student and school characteristics: Selected years, 1973 through 2008 ..... 195
133. Percentage of students at or above selected mathematics proficiency levels, by age, sex, and race/ethnicity: Selected years, 1978 through 2008 ..... 196
134. Mathematics performance of 17-year-olds, by highest mathematics course taken, sex, and race/ ethnicity: Selected years, 1978 through 2008 ..... 197
135. Average mathematics scale score of 4th-grade public school students and percentages attaining mathematics achievement levels and having 5 or more hours of mathematics instruction per week, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1992 through 2009 ..... 198
136. Average mathematics scale score of 8th-grade public school students and percentage attaining mathematics achievement levels, by level of parental education and state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1990 through 2009 ..... 199
137. Percentage distribution of 4th- and 8th-grade public school students, students' average mathematics scale scores, and percentage of students at or above selected mathematics achievement levels, by jurisdiction or specific urban district and race/ethnicity: 2007 ..... 201
138. Average mathematics scale scores of 4th-, 8th-, and 12th-graders, by selected student and school characteristics: Selected years, 1990 through 2009 ..... 202
139. Average mathematics scale score of 8th-graders and percentage reporting various attitudes toward mathematics work, by frequency of attitude and selected student and school characteristics: 2007 ..... 203
140. Average science scale scores and percentage of 4th-, 8th-, and 12th-graders attaining science achievement levels, by selected student characteristics and percentile: 1996, 2000, and 2005 ..... 204
141. Average science scale score for 8th-graders in public schools, by selected student characteristics and state or jurisdiction: 1996, 2000, and 2005 ..... 205
142. Average science scale score of 12th-graders and percentage reporting various attitudes toward science, by selected student and school characteristics: 2005 ..... 207
143. SAT mean scores of college-bound seniors, by race/ethnicity: Selected years, 1986-87 through 2008-09 ..... 208
144. SAT mean scores of college-bound seniors, by sex: 1966-67 through 2008-09 ..... 209
145. SAT mean scores of college-bound seniors, by selected student characteristics: Selected years, 1995-96 through 2008-09 ..... 210
146. SAT mean scores of college-bound seniors and percentage of graduates taking SAT, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1987-88 through 2008-09 ..... 212
147. ACT score averages and standard deviations, by sex and race/ethnicity, and percentage of ACT test takers, by selected composite score ranges and planned fields of study: Selected years, 1995 through 2009 ..... 213
148. Percentage distribution of elementary and secondary school children, by average grades and selected child and school characteristics: 1996, 2003, and 2007 ..... 214

## Coursetaking

149. Average number of Carnegie units earned by public high school graduates in various subject fields, by selected student characteristics: Selected years, 1982 through 2005 ..... 215
150. Average number of Carnegie units earned by public high school graduates in career/technical education courses, by selected student characteristics: Selected years, 1982 through 2005 ..... 218
151. Percentage of public and private high school graduates taking selected mathematics and science courses in high school, by sex and race/ethnicity: Selected years, 1982 through 2005 ..... 221
152. Percentage distribution of public and private high school graduates, by highest level of mathematics and science course completed and selected student characteristics: 2003-04 ..... 222
153. Percentage of public and private high school graduates earning minimum credits in selected combinations of academic courses, by sex and race/ethnicity: Selected years, 1982 through 2005 ..... 223
154. Public high schools that offered and students enrolled in dual credit, Advanced Placement, and International Baccalaureate courses, by school characteristics: 2003 ..... 224
Student Activities and Behavior
155. Percentage of high school seniors who say they engage in various activities, by selected student and school characteristics: 1992 and 2004 ..... 225
156. Percentage of high school seniors who participate in various school-sponsored extracurricular activities, by selected student characteristics: 1994 and 2004 ..... 226
157. Percentage of elementary and secondary school students who do homework outside of school, whose parents check that homework is done, and whose parents help with homework, by frequency and selected student and school characteristics: 2003 and 2007 ..... 227
158. Tenth-graders' attendance patterns, by selected student and school characteristics: 1990 and 2002 ..... 229
159. Number and percentage of public schools reporting crime incidents, and number and rate of incidents, by school characteristics and type of incident: 1999-2000, 2005-06, and 2007-08 ..... 230
160. Percentage of schools with various security measures, by school control and selected characteristics: 2007-08 ..... 234
161. Number of students suspended and expelled from public elementary and secondary schools, by sex, race/ethnicity, and state: 2006 ..... 235
162. Percentage of students suspended and expelled from public elementary and secondary schools, by sex, race/ethnicity, and state: 2006 ..... 237
163. Percentage of students in grades 9 through 12 who reported experience with drugs and violence on school property, by race/ethnicity, grade, and sex: Selected years, 1997 through 2007 ..... 238
164. Percentage of 12- to 17-year-olds reporting use of illicit drugs, alcohol, and cigarettes during the past 30 days and the past year, by substance used, sex, and race/ethnicity: Selected years, 1982 through 2007 ..... 239
165. Percentage of high school seniors reporting drug use, by type of drug and reporting period: Selected years, 1975 through 2008 ..... 240
State Regulations
166. Age range for compulsory school attendance and special education services, and policies on year- round schools and kindergarten programs, by state: Selected years, 1997 through 2008 ..... 241
167. Minimum amount of instructional time per year and policy on textbook selection, by state: 2000, 2006, and 2008 ..... 242
168. Credit requirements and exit exam requirements for a standard high school diploma and the use of other high school completion credentials, by state: 2008 and 2009 ..... 243
169. States that use criterion-referenced tests (CRTs) aligned to state standards, by subject area and level: 2006-07 ..... 244
170. States using minimum-competency testing, by grade levels assessed, expected uses of standards, and state or jurisdiction: 2001-02 ..... 245
171. States requiring testing for initial certification of elementary and secondary teachers, by skills or knowledge assessment and state: 2008 and 2009 ..... 246
Revenues and Expenditures
172. Revenues for public elementary and secondary schools, by source of funds: Selected years, 1919-20 through 2006-07 ..... 247
173. Revenues for public elementary and secondary schools, by source and state or jurisdiction: 2006-07 ..... 248
174. Revenues for public elementary and secondary schools, by source and state or jurisdiction 2005-06 ..... 249
175. Summary of expenditures for public elementary and secondary education, by purpose: Selected years, 1919-20 through 2006-07 ..... 250
176. Students transported at public expense and current expenditures for transportation: Selected years, 1929-30 through 2006-07 ..... 251
177. Current expenditures for public elementary and secondary education, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1969-70 through 2006-07 ..... 252
178. Total expenditures for public elementary and secondary education, by function and state or jurisdiction: 2006-07 ..... 254
179. Total expenditures for public elementary and secondary education, by function and state or jurisdiction: 2005-06 ..... 256
180. Total expenditures for public elementary and secondary education, by function and subfunction: Selected years, 1990-91 through 2006-07 ..... 258
181. Expenditures for instruction in public elementary and secondary schools, by subfunction and state or jurisdiction: 2005-06 and 2006-07 ..... 260
182. Total and current expenditures per pupil in public elementary and secondary schools: Selected years, 1919-20 through 2006-07 ..... 261
183. Total and current expenditures per pupil in fall enrollment in public elementary and secondary education, by function and state or jurisdiction: 2006-07 ..... 262
184. Total and current expenditures per pupil in fall enrollment in public elementary and secondary education, by function and state or jurisdiction: 2005-06 ..... 263
185. Current expenditure per pupil in fall enrollment in public elementary and secondary schools, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1969-70 through 2006-07 ..... 264
186. Current expenditure per pupil in average daily attendance in public elementary and secondary schools, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1959-60 through 2006-07 ..... 266
Chapter 3. Postsecondary Education
Enrollment
187. Enrollment, staff, and degrees conferred in postsecondary institutions participating in Title IV programs, by type and control of institution, sex of student, type of staff, and type of degree: Fall 2007 and 2007-08 ..... 277
188. Historical summary of faculty, students, degrees, and finances in degree-granting institutions: Selected years, 1869-70 through 2007-08 ..... 278
189. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by attendance status, sex of student, and control of institution: Selected years, 1947 through 2008 ..... 279
190. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by control and type of institution: 1963 through 2008 ..... 280
191. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by sex, age, and attendance status: Selected years, 1970 through 2018 ..... 281
192. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by level of enrollment, sex, age, and attendance status of student: 2007 ..... 282
193. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by control and type of institution, age, and attendance status of student: 2007 ..... 283
194. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by level of enrollment, sex, attendance status, and type and control of institution: 2008 ..... 284
195. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by level of enrollment, sex, attendance status, and type and control of institution: 2007 ..... 285
196. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by attendance status, sex of student, and type and control of institution: Selected years, 1970 through 2008 ..... 286
197. Fall enrollment and number of degree-granting institutions, by control and affiliation of institution: Selected years, 1980 through 2008 ..... 287
198. Total first-time freshmen fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by attendance status, sex of student, and type and control of institution: 1955 through 2008 ..... 289
199. Total first-time freshmen fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by attendance status, sex, control of institution, and state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 2000 through 2008 ..... 290
200. Recent high school completers and their enrollment in college, by sex: 1960 through 2008 ..... 291
201. Recent high school completers and their enrollment in college, by race/ethnicity: 1960 through 2008 ..... 292
202. Graduation rates of previous year's 12th-graders and college attendance rates of those who graduated, by selected high school characteristics: 1999-2000, 2003-04, and 2007-08 ..... 294
203. Estimated rate of 2005-06 high school graduates attending degree-granting institutions, by state: 2006 ..... 295
204. Enrollment rates of 18 - to 24 -year-olds in degree-granting institutions, by type of institution and sex and race/ethnicity of student: 1967 through 2008 ..... 296
205. Total undergraduate fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by attendance status, sex of student, and control of institution: 1967 through 2008 ..... 297
206. Total postbaccalaureate fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by attendance status, sex of student, and control of institution: 1967 through 2008 ..... 298
207. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1970 through 2007 ..... 299
208. Total fall enrollment in public degree-granting institutions, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1970 through 2007 ..... 300
209. Total fall enrollment in private degree-granting institutions, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1970 through 2007 ..... 301
210. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by attendance status, sex, and state or jurisdiction: 2006 and 2007 ..... 302
211. Total fall enrollment in public degree-granting institutions, by attendance status, sex, and state or jurisdiction: 2006 and 2007 ..... 303
212. Total fall enrollment in private degree-granting institutions, by attendance status, sex, and state or jurisdiction: 2006 and 2007 ..... 304
213. Total fall enrollment in private not-for-profit degree-granting institutions, by attendance status, sex, and state or jurisdiction: 2006 and 2007 ..... 305
214. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by control and type of institution and state or jurisdiction: 2006 and 2007 ..... 306
215. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by level of enrollment and state or jurisdiction: 2005, 2006, and 2007 ..... 307
216. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by control, level of enrollment, type of institution, and state or jurisdiction: 2007 ..... 308
217. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by control, level of enrollment, type of institution, and state or jurisdiction: 2006 ..... 309
218. Full-time-equivalent fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by control and type of institution: 1967 through 2008 ..... 310
219. Full-time-equivalent fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by control and type of institution and state or jurisdiction: 2000, 2005, 2006, and 2007 ..... 311
220. Full-time-equivalent fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by control and state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1980 through 2007 ..... 312
221. Total full-year enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by control and type of institution and state or jurisdiction: 2006-07 and 2007-08 ..... 313
222. Residence and migration of all freshmen students in degree-granting institutions, by state or jurisdiction: Fall 2008 ..... 314
223. Residence and migration of all freshmen students in degree-granting institutions who graduated from high school in the previous 12 months, by state or jurisdiction: Fall 2008 ..... 315
224. Residence and migration of all freshmen students in 4 -year degree-granting institutions who graduated from high school in the previous 12 months, by state or jurisdiction: Fall 2008 ..... 316
225. Number of U.S. students studying abroad and percentage distribution, by sex, race/ethnicity, academic level, host region, and duration of stay: 1996-97 through 2006-07 ..... 317
226. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by race/ethnicity, sex, attendance status, and level of student: Selected years, 1976 through 2008 ..... 318
227. Total fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by race/ethnicity of student and type and control of institution: Selected years, 1976 through 2008 ..... 320
228. Fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by race/ethnicity of student and by state or jurisdiction: 2008 ..... 322
229. Fall enrollment in degree-granting institutions, by race/ethnicity of student and by state or jurisdiction: 2007 ..... 324
230. Fall enrollment of specific racial/ethnic groups in degree-granting institutions, by type and control of institution and percentage of students in the same racial/ethnic group: 2008 ..... 326
231. Number and percentage distribution of students enrolled in postsecondary institutions, by level, disability status, and selected student characteristics: 2003-04 and 2007-08 ..... 328
232. Enrollment in postsecondary education, by student level, type of institution, age, and major field of study: 2003-04 ..... 329
233. Graduate enrollment in science and engineering programs in degree-granting institutions, by discipline division: Fall 1995 through fall 2007. ..... 331
234. Number of degree-granting institutions and enrollment in these institutions, by size, type, and control of institution: Fall 2007 ..... 332
235. Enrollment of the 120 largest degree-granting college and university campuses, by selected characteristics and institution: Fall 2007 ..... 333
236. Selected statistics for degree-granting institutions enrolling more than 15,000 students in 2007 : Selected years, 1990 through 2007-08 ..... 334
237. Enrollment and degrees conferred in degree-granting women's colleges, by selected characteristics and institution: Fall 2007 and 2007-08 ..... 344
238. Enrollment and degrees conferred in degree-granting institutions that serve large proportions of Hispanic undergraduate students, by selected characteristics and institution: Fall 2007 and 2007-08 ..... 345
239. Fall enrollment and degrees conferred in degree-granting tribally controlled institutions, by institution: Fall 2000 through fall 2007, and 2006-07 and 2007-08 ..... 352
240. Fall enrollment, degrees conferred, and expenditures in degree-granting historically Black colleges and universities, by institution: 2006, 2006-07, 2007, and 2007-08 ..... 353
241. Selected statistics on degree-granting historically Black colleges and universities, by control and type of institution: Selected years, 1990 through 2008 ..... 355
242. Fall enrollment in degree-granting historically Black colleges and universities, by type and control of institution: 1976 through 2007 ..... 356
Staff
243. Employees in degree-granting institutions, by sex, employment status, control and type of institution, and primary occupation: Selected years, fall 1987 through fall 2007 ..... 357
244. Total and full-time-equivalent staff in degree-granting institutions, by employment status, control of institution, and occupation: Fall 1976, fall 1997, and fall 2007 ..... 358
245. Employees in degree-granting institutions, by employment status, sex, control and type of institution, and primary occupation: Fall 2007 ..... 359
246. Employees in degree-granting institutions, by race/ethnicity, sex, employment status, control and type of institution, and primary occupation: Fall 2007 ..... 361
247. Number of full-time-equivalent (FTE) staff and faculty, and FTE staff and faculty/FTE student ratios in public degree-granting institutions, by type of institution and state or jurisdiction: Fall 2007. ..... 362
248. Number of full-time-equivalent (FTE) staff and faculty, and FTE staff and faculty/FTE student ratios in private degree-granting institutions, by type of institution and state or jurisdiction: Fall 2007 . ..... 363
249. Number of instructional faculty in degree-granting institutions, by employment status, sex, control, and type of institution: Selected years, fall 1970 through fall 2007 ..... 364
250. Full-time instructional faculty in degree-granting institutions, by race/ethnicity, sex, and academic rank: Fall 2003, fall 2005, and fall 2007 ..... 365
251. Percentage distribution of full-time faculty and instructional staff in degree-granting institutions, by type and control of institution, selected instruction activities, and number of classes taught for credit: Fall 2003 ..... 366
252. Percentage distribution of part-time faculty and instructional staff in degree-granting institutions, by type and control of institution, selected instruction activities, and number of classes taught for credit: Fall 2003 ..... 368
253. Full-time and part-time faculty and instructional staff in degree-granting institutions, by type and control of institution and selected characteristics: Fall 1992, fall 1998, and fall 2003 ..... 370
254. Full-time and part-time faculty and instructional staff in degree-granting institutions, by race/ ethnicity, sex, and selected characteristics: Fall 2003 ..... 372
255. Full-time and part-time faculty and instructional staff in degree-granting institutions, by field and faculty characteristics: Fall 1992, fall 1998, and fall 2003 ..... 374
256. Full-time and part-time faculty and instructional staff in degree-granting institutions, by race/ ethnicity, sex, and program area: Fall 1998 and fall 2003 ..... 376
257. Average salary of full-time instructional faculty on 9-month contracts in degree-granting institutions, by academic rank, control and type of institution, and sex: Selected years, 1970-71 through 2008-09 ..... 378
258. Average salary of full-time instructional faculty on 9-month contracts in degree-granting institutions, by sex, academic rank, and control and type of institution: Selected years, 1999-2000 through 2008-09 ..... 381
259. Average salary of full-time instructional faculty on 9-month contracts in degree-granting institutions, by control and type of institution and state or jurisdiction: 2008-09 ..... 382
260. Average salary of full-time instructional faculty on 9-month contracts in degree-granting institutions, by control and type of institution and state or jurisdiction: 2007-08 ..... 383
261. Average salary of full-time instructional faculty on 9 -month contracts in 4-year degree-granting institutions, by type and control of institution, rank of faculty, and state or jurisdiction: 2008-09 ..... 384
262. Average salary of full-time instructional faculty on 9-month contracts in 4-year degree-granting institutions, by type and control of institution, rank of faculty, and state or jurisdiction: 2007-08 ..... 385
263. Average benefit expenditure for full-time instructional faculty on 9-month contracts in degree- granting institutions, by type of benefit and control of institution: Selected years, 1977-78 through 2008-09 ..... 386
264. Percentage of full-time instructional staff with tenure for degree-granting institutions with a tenure system, by academic rank, sex, and control and type of institution: Selected years, 1993-94 through 2007-08 ..... 388
Institutions
265. Degree-granting institutions, by control and type of institution: Selected years, 1949-50 through 2008-09 ..... 389
266. Degree-granting institutions and branches, by type and control of institution and state or jurisdiction: 2008-09 ..... 390
267. Degree-granting institutions that have closed their doors, by control and type of institution: 1969-70 through 2008-09 ..... 392
Degrees
268. Degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: Selected years, 1869-70 through 2018-19 ..... 393
269. Associate's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by discipline division: 1996-97 through 2007-08. ..... 394
270. Associate's degrees and other subbaccalaureate awards conferred by degree-granting institutions, by length of curriculum, sex of student, and discipline division: 2007-08. ..... 395
271. Bachelor's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by field of study: Selected years, 1970-71 through 2007-08 ..... 396
272. Master's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by field of study: Selected years, 1970-71 through 2007-08 ..... 397
273. Doctor's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by field of study: Selected years, 1970-71 through 2007-08 ..... 398
274. Bachelor's, master's, and doctor's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by field of study and year: Selected years, 1970-71 through 2007-08 ..... 399
275. Bachelor's, master's, and doctor's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by sex of student and discipline division: 2007-08 ..... 400
276. Degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by control of institution and level of degree: 1969-70 through 2007-08. ..... 415
277. Degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by control of institution, level of degree, and field of study: 2007-08 ..... 416
278. Number of degree-granting institutions conferring degrees, by control, level of degree, and field of study: 2007-08 ..... 417
279. Number of institutions and first-professional degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions in dentistry, medicine, and law, by sex of student: Selected years, 1949-50 through 2007-08 ..... 418
280. First-professional degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by sex of student, control of institution, and field of study: Selected years, 1985-86 through 2007-08 ..... 419
281. Certificates conferred by postsecondary institutions participating in Title IV programs, by race/ ethnicity and sex of student: 1998-99 through 2007-08 ..... 420
282. Associate's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by race/ethnicity and sex of student: Selected years, 1976-77 through 2007-08 ..... 421
283. Associate's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by sex, race/ethnicity, and field of study: 2007-08 ..... 422
284. Associate's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by sex, race/ethnicity, and field of study: 2006-07 ..... 423
285. Bachelor's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by race/ethnicity and sex of student: Selected years, 1976-77 through 2007-08 ..... 424
286. Bachelor's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by sex, race/ethnicity, and field of study: 2007-08 ..... 425
287. Bachelor's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by sex, race/ethnicity, and field of study: 2006-07 ..... 426
288. Master's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by race/ethnicity and sex of student: Selected years, 1976-77 through 2007-08 ..... 427
289. Master's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by sex, race/ethnicity, and field of study: 2007-08 ..... 428
290. Master's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by sex, race/ethnicity, and field of study: 2006-07 ..... 429
291. Doctor's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by race/ethnicity and sex of student: Selected years, 1976-77 through 2007-08 ..... 430
292. Doctor's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by sex, race/ethnicity, and field of study: 2007-08 ..... 431
293. Doctor's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by sex, race/ethnicity, and field of study: 2006-07 ..... 432
294. First-professional degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by race/ethnicity and sex of student: Selected years, 1976-77 through 2007-08 ..... 433
295. First-professional degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by sex, race/ethnicity, and field of study: 2007-08 ..... 434
296. First-professional degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by sex, race/ethnicity, and field of study: 2006-07 ..... 434
297. Degrees in agriculture and natural resources conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: 1970-71 through 2007-08 ..... 435
298. Degrees in architecture and related services conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: Selected years, 1949-50 through 2007-08 ..... 436
299. Degrees in the biological and biomedical sciences conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: Selected years, 1951-52 through 2007-08 ..... 437
300. Degrees in biology, microbiology, and zoology conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree: 1970-71 through 2007-08 ..... 438
301. Degrees in business conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: Selected years, 1955-56 through 2007-08 ..... 439
302. Degrees in communication, journalism, and related programs and in communications technologies conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: 1970-71 through 2007-08 ..... 440
303. Degrees in computer and information sciences conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: 1970-71 through 2007-08 ..... 441
304. Degrees in education conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: Selected years, 1949-50 through 2007-08 ..... 442
305. Degrees in engineering and engineering technologies conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: Selected years, 1949-50 through 2007-08 ..... 443
306. Degrees in chemical, civil, electrical, and mechanical engineering conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree: 1970-71 through 2007-08 ..... 444
307. Degrees in English language and literature/letters conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: Selected years, 1949-50 through 2007-08 ..... 445
308. Degrees in modern foreign languages and literatures conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: Selected years, 1949-50 through 2007-08 ..... 446
309. Degrees in French, German, Italian, and Spanish conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree: Selected years, 1949-50 through 2007-08 ..... 447
310. Degrees in Arabic, Chinese, Korean, and Russian conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree: 1969-70 through 2007-08 ..... 448
311. Degrees in the health professions and related sciences conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: 1970-71 through 2007-08 ..... 449
312. Degrees in mathematics and statistics conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: Selected years, 1949-50 through 2007-08 ..... 450
313. Degrees in the physical sciences and science technologies conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: Selected years, 1959-60 through 2007-08 ..... 451
314. Degrees in chemistry, geology and earth science, and physics conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree: 1970-71 through 2007-08 ..... 452
315. Degrees in psychology conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: Selected years, 1949-50 through 2007-08 ..... 453
316. Degrees in public administration and social services conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: 1970-71 through 2007-08 ..... 454
317. Degrees in the social sciences and history conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: 1970-71 through 2007-08 ..... 455
318. Degrees in economics, history, political science and government, and sociology conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree: Selected years, 1949-50 through 2007-08 ..... 456
319. Degrees in visual and performing arts conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and sex of student: 1970-71 through 2007-08 ..... 457
320. Statistical profile of persons receiving doctor's degrees, by field of study and selected characteristics: 2004-05 and 2005-06 ..... 458
321. Degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by control, level of degree, and state or jurisdiction: 2007-08 ..... 459
322. Bachelor's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by field of study and state or jurisdiction: 2007-08 ..... 460
323. Master's degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by field of study and state or jurisdiction: 2007-08 ..... 461
324. Degrees conferred by degree-granting institutions, by level of degree and state or jurisdiction: 2006-07 and 2007-08 ..... 462
325. Doctor's degrees conferred by the 60 institutions conferring the most doctor's degrees: 1998-99 through 2007-08 ..... 463
Outcomes
326. Percentage distribution of 1990 high school sophomores, by highest level of education completed through 2000 and selected student characteristics: 2000 ..... 464
327. Mean number of semester credits completed by bachelor's degree recipients, by course area and major: 1976, 1984, and 1992-93 ..... 465
328. Number and percentage of degree-granting institutions with first-year undergraduates using various selection criteria for admission, by type and control of institution: Selected years, 2000-01 through 2008-09 ..... 466
329. Number of applications, admissions, and enrollees; their distribution across institutions accepting various percentages of applications; and SAT and ACT scores of applicants, by type and control of institution: 2008-09 ..... 467
330. Percentage of degree-granting institutions offering remedial services, by control and type of institution: 1989-90 through 2008-09 ..... 468
331. Graduation rates of first-time postsecondary students who started as full-time degree-seeking students, by sex, race/ethnicity, time between starting and graduating, and level and control of institution where student started: Selected cohort entry years, 1996 through 2004 ..... 469
332. Percentage distribution of enrollment and completion status of first-time postsecondary students starting during the 1995-96 academic year, by type of institution and other student characteristics: 2001 ..... 473
333. Average scores on Graduate Record Examination (GRE) general and subject tests: 1965 through 2008 ..... 475
Student Charges and Student Financial Assistance
334. Average undergraduate tuition and fees and room and board rates charged for full-time students in degree-granting institutions, by type and control of institution: 1964-65 through 2008-09 ..... 477
335. Average undergraduate tuition and fees and room and board rates charged for full-time students in degree-granting institutions, by type and control of institution and state or jurisdiction: 2007-08 and 2008-09 ..... 480
336. Undergraduate tuition and fees and room and board rates for full-time students in degree-granting institutions, by percentile of charges and control and type of institution: 2000-01 through 2008-09 ..... 481
337. Average graduate and first-professional tuition and required fees in degree-granting institutions, by first-professional field of study and control of institution: 1987-88 through 2008-09 ..... 482
338. Percentage of undergraduates receiving aid, by type and source of aid and selected student characteristics: 2007-08 ..... 483
339. Full-time, first-time degree/certificate seeking undergraduate students enrolled in degree-granting institutions, by participation and average amount awarded in financial aid programs, and type and control of institution: 2000-01 through 2007-08 ..... 484
340. Average amount of financial aid awarded to full-time, full-year undergraduates, by type and source of aid and selected student characteristics: 2007-08 ..... 485
341. Average amount of financial aid awarded to part-time or part-year undergraduates, by type and source of aid and selected student characteristics: 2007-08 ..... 486
342. Amount borrowed, aid status, and sources of aid for full-time and part-time undergraduates, by control and type of institution: 2003-04 and 2007-08 ..... 487
343. Percentage of full-time, full-year undergraduates receiving aid, by type and source of aid and control and type of institution: Selected years, 1992-93 through 2007-08 ..... 488
344. Average amount of financial aid awarded to full-time, full-year undergraduates, by type and source of aid and control and type of institution: Selected years, 1992-93 through 2007-08 ..... 489
345. Percentage of part-time or part-year undergraduates receiving aid, by type and source of aid and control and type of institution: Selected years, 1992-93 through 2007-08 ..... 491
346. Percentage of full-time and part-time undergraduates receiving federal aid, by aid program and control and type of institution: 2003-04 and 2007-08 ..... 492
347. Amount borrowed, aid status, and sources of aid for full-time, full-year postbaccalaureate students, by level of study and control and type of institution: Selected years, 1992-93 through 2007-08 . ..... 493
348. Amount borrowed, aid status, and sources of aid for part-time or part-year postbaccalaureate students, by level of study and control and type of institution: Selected years, 1992-93 through 2007-08 ..... 494
349. Percentage of full-time, full-year postbaccalaureate students receiving aid, by type of aid, level of study, and control and type of institution: Selected years, 1992-93 through 2007-08 ..... 495
350. Percentage of part-time or part-year postbaccalaureate students receiving aid, by type of aid, level of study, and control and type of institution: Selected years, 1992-93 through 2007-08 ..... 496
Revenue
351. Current-fund revenue of degree-granting institutions, by source of funds: Selected years, 1919-20 through 1995-96 ..... 497
352. Revenues of public degree-granting institutions, by source of revenue and type of institution: 2003-04 through 2006-07. ..... 498
353. Revenues of public degree-granting institutions, by source of revenue and state or jurisdiction: 2006-07 ..... 500
354. Appropriations from state and local governments for public degree-granting institutions, by state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 1990-91 through 2006-07 ..... 501
355. Total revenue of private not-for-profit degree-granting institutions, by source of funds and type of institution: 1997-98 through 2006-07 ..... 502
356. Total revenue of private not-for-profit degree-granting institutions, by source of funds and type of institution: 2006-07 ..... 504
357. Total revenue of private for-profit degree-granting institutions, by source of funds and type of institution: 1999-2000 through 2006-07 ..... 505
358. Total revenue of private for-profit degree-granting institutions, by source of funds and type of institution: 2006-07 ..... 506
359. Revenue received from the federal government by the 120 degree-granting institutions receiving the largest amounts, by control and rank order: 2006-07 ..... 507
360. Voluntary support for degree-granting institutions, by source and purpose of support: Selected years, 1959-60 through 2007-08 ..... 508
361. Endowment funds of the 120 colleges and universities with the largest endowments, by rank order: 2006 and 2007 ..... 509
Expenditures
362. Expenditures of public degree-granting institutions, by purpose of expenditure and type of institution: 2003-04 through 2006-07 ..... 510
363. Expenditures of public degree-granting institutions, by type of institution, purpose of expenditure, and state or jurisdiction: 2004-05, 2005-06, and 2006-07 ..... 512
364. Total expenditures of private not-for-profit degree-granting institutions, by purpose and type of institution: 1996-97 through 2006-07 ..... 513
365. Total expenditures of private not-for-profit degree-granting institutions, by purpose and type of institution: 2006-07 ..... 515
366. Total expenditures of private for-profit degree-granting institutions, by purpose and type of institution: 1998-99 through 2006-07 ..... 516
367. Total expenditures of private for-profit degree-granting institutions, by purpose and type of institution: 2006-07 ..... 518
368. Total expenditures of private not-for-profit and for-profit degree-granting institutions, by level and state or jurisdiction: 1999-2000 through 2006-07 ..... 519
Adult Education
369. Participants in state-administered adult basic education, secondary education, and English as a second language programs, by type of program and state or jurisdiction: Selected fiscal years, 1990 through 2007 ..... 520
370. Participation of employed persons, 17 years old and over, in career-related adult education during the previous 12 months, by selected characteristics of participants: Various years, 1995 through 2005. . ..... 521
371. Participation rate of persons, 17 years old and over, in adult education during the previous 12 months, by selected characteristics of participants: Selected years, 1991 through 2005 ..... 524
Vocational Education
372. Number of non-degree-granting Title IV institutions offering postsecondary education, by control and state or jurisdiction: Selected years, 2000-01 through 2008-09 ..... 526
Chapter 4. Federal Programs for Education and Related Activities
373. Federal support and estimated federal tax expenditures for education, by category: Selected fiscal years, 1965 through 2009 ..... 537
374. Federal on-budget funds for education, by agency: Selected fiscal years, 1970 through 2008 ..... 539
375. Federal on-budget funds for education, by level/educational purpose, agency, and program: Selected fiscal years, 1970 through 2009 ..... 540
376. Estimated federal support for education, by type of ultimate recipient and agency: Fiscal year 2008 ..... 546
377. U.S. Department of Education outlays, by type of recipient and level of education: Selected fiscal years, 1980 through 2009 ..... 547
378. U.S. Department of Education appropriations for major programs, by state or jurisdiction: Fiscal year 2008 ..... 548
379. Appropriations for Title I and selected other programs under the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, by program and state or jurisdiction: Fiscal years 2008 and 2009. ..... 549
380. Federal obligations for research, development, and R\&D plant, by performers, fields of science, and category of obligation: Fiscal years 2000 through 2008 ..... 550
Chapter 5. Outcomes of Education
Educational Characteristics of the Workforce
381. Labor force participation rates and employment to population ratios of persons 16 to 64 years old, by highest level of education, age, sex, and race/ethnicity: 2008 ..... 557
382. Unemployment rate of persons 16 years old and over, by age, sex, race/ethnicity, and educational attainment: 2006, 2007, and 2008 ..... 558
383. Occupation of employed persons 25 years old and over, by educational attainment and sex: 2008 ..... 559
384. Median annual earnings of year-round, full-time workers 25 years old and over, by highest level of educational attainment and sex: 1990 through 2008 ..... 560
385. Distribution of earnings and median earnings of persons 25 years old and over, by highest level of educational attainment and sex: 2008 ..... 563
386. Literacy skills of adults, by type of literacy, proficiency levels, and selected characteristics: 1992 and 2003 ..... 565
387. Percentage of 12th-graders working different numbers of hours per week, by selected student characteristics and school locale type: 1992 and 2004 ..... 566
Recent High School and College Graduates
388. College enrollment and labor force status of 2006, 2007, and 2008 high school completers, by sex and race/ethnicity: 2006, 2007, and 2008 ..... 567
389. Labor force status of high school dropouts, by sex and race/ethnicity: Selected years, 1980 through 2008 ..... 569
390. Among special education students out of high school up to 6 years, percentage attending and completing postsecondary education, living independently, and working competitively, and mean competitive wage earned, by type of disability: 2007 ..... 570
391. Percentage distribution of 1999-2000 bachelor's degree recipients 1 year after graduation, by field of study, time to completion, enrollment status, employment status, occupational area, job characteristics, and annual salaries: 2001 ..... 571
392. Enrollment in postbaccalaureate certificate or advanced degree programs and highest degree attained by 1992-93 bachelor's degree recipients, by education characteristics: 2003 ..... 572
393. Percentage of bachelor's degree recipients employed full time 1 year after graduation and average annual salary, by field of study: Selected years, 1976 through 2001. ..... 573
394. Percentage of 18- to 25-year-olds reporting use of illicit drugs, alcohol, and cigarettes during the past 30 days and the past year, by substance used: Selected years, 1982 through 2007 ..... 574
395. Percentage of 18- to 25-year-olds reporting use of illicit drugs, alcohol, and cigarettes during the past 30 days and the past year, by substance used and selected characteristics: 2002 and 2007 ..... 575
396. Percentage of 1972 high school seniors, 1992 high school seniors, and 2004 high school seniors who felt that certain life values were "very important," by sex: Selected years, 1972 through 2004 ..... 576
Chapter 6. International Comparisons of Education
Population, Enrollment, and Teachers
397. Population, school enrollment, and teachers, by major areas of the world: Selected years, 1980 through 2007 ..... 582
398. Selected population and enrollment statistics for countries with populations over 10 million, by continent: Selected years, 1990 through 2007 ..... 583
399. School-age populations as a percentage of total population, by age group and country: Selected years, 1985 through 2006 ..... 585
400. Percentage of population enrolled in secondary and postsecondary education, by age group and country: Selected years, 1985 through 2006 ..... 586
401. Pupils per teacher in public and private elementary and secondary schools, by level of education and country: Selected years, 1985 through 2007 ..... 587
Achievement, Instruction, and Student Activities
402. Average mathematics literacy, reading literacy, and science literacy scores of 15-year-old students, by sex and country: 2006 ..... 588
403. Mean scores and percentage distribution of 15-year-old students scoring at each mathematics literacy proficiency level, by country: 2006 ..... 589
404. Mean scores and percentage distribution of 15 -year-old students scoring at each science literacy proficiency level, by country: 2006 ..... 590
405. Average fourth-grade mathematics scores, by content and cognitive domain, index of time spent doing mathematics homework, and country: 2007 ..... 591
406. Average eighth-grade mathematics scores overall and in content and cognitive domains, by country: 2007 ..... 592
407. Percentage distribution of mathematics lesson time spent by eighth-grade students on various activities in a typical week, by country: 2007 ..... 593
408. Mathematics class sizes and average scores of eighth-grade students, yearly mathematics instructional time, and mathematics instructional time as a percentage of total instructional time, by country: 2007 ..... 594
409. Average mathematics scores and percentage distribution of eighth-graders, by index of self- confidence in learning mathematics, index of time spent doing mathematics homework, and country: 2007 ..... 595
410. Average fourth-grade science scores overall and in content and cognitive domains, yearly science instructional time, and science instructional time as a percentage of total instructional time, by country: 2007 ..... 596
411. Average eighth-grade science scores overall and in content and cognitive domains, by country: 2007 ..... 597
412. Percentage distribution of science lesson time spent by eighth-grade students on various activities in a typical week, by country: 2007 ..... 598
Postsecondary Degrees
413. Number of bachelor's degree recipients per 100 persons of the typical age of graduation, by sex and country: 2002 through 2006 ..... 599
414. Percentage of bachelor's degrees awarded in mathematics and science, by field and country: Selected years, 1985 through 2006 ..... 600
415. Percentage of graduate degrees awarded in mathematics and science, by field and country: Selected years, 1985 through 2006 ..... 601
Finances
416. Public and private education expenditures per student, by level of education and country: Selected years, 2000 through 2006 ..... 602
417. Total public direct expenditures on education as a percentage of the gross domestic product, by level of education and country: Selected years, 1985 through 2006 ..... 603
Foreign Students in the United States
418. Foreign students enrolled in institutions of higher education in the United States, by continent, region, and selected countries of origin: Selected years, 1980-81 through 2007-08 ..... 604
Chapter 7. Libraries and Educational Technology
Libraries
419. Selected statistics on public school libraries/media centers, by level of school: 1999-2000, 2003-04, and 2007-08 ..... 607
420. Selected statistics on public school libraries/media centers, by level and enrollment size of school: 2007-08 ..... 608
421. Selected statistics on public school libraries/media centers, by state: 2007-08 ..... 609
422. Collections, staff, and operating expenditures of degree-granting institution libraries: Selected years, 1976-77 through 2005-06 ..... 610
423. Collections, staff, and operating expenditures of the 60 largest college and university libraries: 2005-06 ..... 611
424. Public libraries, books and serial volumes, library visits, circulation, and reference transactions, by state: Fiscal years 2006 and 2007 ..... 612
Computers and Technology
425. Public schools and instructional rooms with internet access, by selected school characteristics: Selected years, 1994 through 2005 ..... 613
426. Use of the Internet by persons 3 years old and over, by type of use and selected characteristics of students and other users: 2003 ..... 615
427. Number and percentage of home computer users, by type of application and selected characteristics: 1997 and 2003 ..... 617
428. Number and percentage of student home computer users, by type of application and selected characteristics: 2003 ..... 618
429. Student use of computers, by level of enrollment, age, and student and school characteristics: 1993, 1997, and 2003 ..... 619
430. Percentage of workers, 18 years old and over, using computers on the job, by type of computer application and selected characteristics: 1993, 1997, and 2003 ..... 621
Appendix A. Guide to Sources
A-1. Respondent counts for selected High School and Beyond surveys: 1982, 1984, and 1986 ..... 661
A-2. Design effects (DEFF) and root design effects (DEFT) for selected High School and Beyond surveys and subsamples: 1984 and 1986 ..... 662
A-3. Respondent counts of full-time workers from the Recent College Graduates survey, by field of study: Selected years, 1976 to 1991 ..... 662
A-4. Sampling errors ( 95 percent confidence level) for percentages estimated from the Gallup Poll: 1992, 1993, and 1996 through 2009 ..... 663
A-5. Sampling errors ( 95 percent confidence level) for the difference in two percentages estimated from the Gallup Poll: 1992, 1993, and 1996 through 2009 ..... 663
A-6. Maximum differences required for significance ( 90 percent confidence level) between sample subgroups from the "Status of the American Public School Teacher" survey: 2000-01 ..... 663

## INTRODUCTION

In fall 2009 , about 75.2 million people were enrolled in American schools and colleges (table 1). About 4.7 million people were employed as elementary and secondary school teachers or as college faculty, in full-time equivalents (FTE). Other professional, administrative, and support staff at educational institutions totaled 5.4 million. All data for 2009 in this Introduction are projected. Some data for other years are projected or estimated as noted. In discussions of historical trends, different time periods and specific years are cited, depending on the timing of important changes as well as the availability of relevant data.

## Elementary/Secondary Education

## Enrollment

A pattern of annual increases in total public elementary and secondary school enrollment began in 1985 (table 3). Between 1985 and 2009, public school enrollment rose 26 percent, from 39.4 million to 49.8 million (table 2). Private school enrollment grew more slowly than public school enrollment during this period, rising 5 percent, from 5.6 million to 5.8 million. As a result, the percentage of elementary and secondary students enrolled in private schools declined from 12.4 percent in 1985 to 10.5 percent in 2009.

In public schools between 1985 and 2009, there was a 29 percent increase in elementary enrollment (prekindergarten through grade 8 ), compared with a 20 percent increase in secondary enrollment (table 2). Part of the relatively fast growth in public elementary school enrollment resulted from the expansion of prekindergarten programs (table 37). Between 1985 and 2007, enrollment in prekindergarten increased 614 percent, while enrollment in other elementary grades (including kindergarten through grade 8 plus ungraded elementary programs) increased 23 percent. The number of children enrolled in prekindergarten increased from 0.2 million in 1985 to 1.1 million in 2007, and the number enrolled in other elementary grades increased from 26.9 million to 33.1 million. Public secondary school enrollment declined 8 percent from 1985 to 1990 , but then started increasing. For most of the period after 1992, secondary enrollment increased more rapidly than elementary enrollment, leading to relatively large secondary enrollment gains in recent years. For example, between 1999 and 2009, public secondary school enrollment rose 11 percent, compared with 4 percent for public elementary school enrollment (table 2 ).

Overall, public school enrollment rose 6 percent between 1999 and 2009.

Since the enrollment rates of 5- and 6-year-olds, 7- to 13-year-olds, and 14- to 17 -year-olds changed by about 2 or fewer percentage points between 1985 and 2008, increases in public and private elementary and secondary school enrollment have been driven primarily by increases in the number of children in these age groups (tables 7 and 15). Increases in both the enrollment rate of 3- and 4-year-old children (from 39 percent in 1985 to 53 percent in 2008) and the number of children in this age group (from 7.1 million to 8.3 million) also contributed to overall enrollment increases.

The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) forecasts record levels of total elementary and secondary enrollment through at least 2018, reflecting expected increases in the size of the school-age population. For public schools, the projected fall 2009 enrollment is expected to be a new record, and new records are expected every year through 2018, the last year for which NCES enrollment projections have been developed (table 3). Public elementary school enrollment (prekindergarten through grade 8) is projected to increase by 9 percent between 2009 and 2018. Public secondary school enrollment (grades 9 through 12) is expected to increase 6 percent between 2009 and 2018. Overall, total public school enrollment is expected to increase 8 percent between 2009 and 2018.

## Teachers

A projected 3.7 million full-time-equivalent (FTE) elementary and secondary school teachers were engaged in classroom instruction in fall 2009 (table 4). This number has risen 12 percent since 1999. The 2009 projected number of FTE teachers includes 3.2 million public school teachers and 0.5 million private school teachers.

The number of public school teachers has risen faster than the number of public school students over the past 10 years, resulting in declines in the pupil/teacher ratio (table 64). In the fall of 2009, there were a projected 15.3 public school pupils per teacher, compared with 16.1 public school pupils per teacher 10 years earlier.

The average salary for public school teachers in 2008-09 was $\$ 53,910$, about 2 percent higher than in 1998-99, after adjustment for inflation (table 78). The salaries of public school teachers have generally maintained pace with inflation since 1990-91.

## Student Performance

Most of the student performance data in the Digest are drawn from the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP). The NAEP assessments have been conducted using three basic designs: the national main NAEP, state NAEP, and long-term trend NAEP. The national main NAEP and state NAEP provide current information about student performance in a variety of subjects, while long-term trend NAEP provides information on performance since the early 1970s in reading and mathematics only. Results from long-term trend NAEP are included in the discussion in chapter 2 of the Digest, while the information in this Introduction includes only results from the national main and state NAEP.

The main NAEP reports current information for the nation and specific geographic regions of the country. The assessment program includes students drawn from both public and nonpublic schools and reports results for student achievement at grades 4,8 , and 12 . The main NAEP assessments follow the frameworks developed by the National Assessment Governing Board and use the latest advances in assessment methodology. The state NAEP is identical in content to the national main NAEP, but the state NAEP reports information only for public school students. Chapter 2 presents more information on the NAEP designs and methodology, and additional details appear in Appendix A: Guide to Sources.

## Reading

Reported on a scale of 0 to 500, national average reading scores of 4th- and 8th-graders were higher in 2007 than in 1992, by 4 and 3 points, respectively (table 123). These 2007 scores were also higher than the 2005 scores. The reading score of 12th-graders was 6 points lower in 2005 (the most recent assessment year for grade 12) than in 1992. In the most recent assessment, females at each grade level outscored their male counterparts. For example, 12th-grade females scored 13 points higher than males in 2005. Average scores were higher in 2007 than in 1992 for White, Black, Hispanic, and Asian/Pacific Islander 4th-graders (ranging from 6 to 16 points) and for White, Black, and Hispanic 8thgraders (ranging from 5 to 7 points), while scores were lower in 2005 than in 1992 for White, Black, and Hispanic 12th-graders (ranging from 5 to 7 points).

The 2007 main NAEP reading assessment of states found that the average reading proficiency of public school 4thand 8th-graders varied across participating jurisdictions (the 50 states, the Department of Defense overseas and domestic schools, and the District of Columbia). For 4th-graders in public schools, the U.S. average score was 220, with average scores in participating jurisdictions ranging from 197 in the District of Columbia to 236 in Massachusetts (table 120). For 8th-graders in public schools, the U.S. average score was 261, with average scores in participating jurisdictions ranging from 241 in the District of Columbia to 273 in the Department of Defense schools, Massachusetts, and Vermont (table 121).

## Mathematics

From 2007 to 2009, gains in average NAEP mathematics scores seen in earlier years continued at grade 8 but not at grade 4. At grade 8 , the average NAEP mathematics score (reported on a scale of 0 to 500) increased 2 points from 2007 to 2009 and was higher in 2009 than in any previous assessment year (table 138). At grade 4, the average score in 2009 was unchanged from the score in 2007 but still higher than the scores in the six assessment years from 1990 to 2005. From 2007 to 2009, no significant score changes occurred at grade 4 for males or females or for any of the racial/ethnic groups. At grade 8, average scores increased from 2007 to 2009 for both male and female students as well as for White, Black, Hispanic, and Asian/Pacific Islander students. For American Indian/Alaska Native 8th-graders, no measurable differences were detected in average scores over the assessment years.

The 2009 main NAEP assessment of states found that the average mathematics proficiency of public school 4th- and 8th-graders varied across participating jurisdictions (the 50 states, the Department of Defense overseas and domestic schools, and the District of Columbia). For 4th-graders in public schools, the U.S. average score was 239 , with average scores in participating jurisdictions ranging from 219 in the District of Columbia to 251 in New Hampshire and 252 in Massachusetts (table 135). For 8th-graders in public schools, the U.S. average score was 282, with average scores in participating jurisdictions ranging from 254 in the District of Columbia to 299 in Massachusetts (table 136).

## Science

NAEP has assessed the science abilities of students in grades 4,8 , and 12 in both public and private schools since 1996, using a separate scale of 0 to 300 for each grade. The national average 4th-grade science score increased from 147 in 1996 to 151 in 2005; there was no measurable change in the 8th-grade score; and the 12th-grade score decreased from 150 in 1996 to 147 in 2005 (table 140). Certain subgroups outperformed others in science in 2005. For example, males outperformed females at all three grades. Male 4th-graders had a higher average score in 2005 than in 1996, and both male and female 12th-graders had lower scores in 2005 than in 1996. White students scored higher, on average, than Black and Hispanic students at all three grades in 2005. At grade 4, average scores were higher for White, Black, Hispanic, and Asian/ Pacific Islander students in 2005 than in 1996. At grade 8, the average score for Black students was higher in 2005 than in 1996, but the scores did not measurably change for other racial/ethnic groups. At grade 12, there were no measurable changes in average scores for any racial/ethnic group when comparing results from 2005 with those from 1996.

## International Comparisons

The 2007 Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS) assessed students' mathematics and science performance at grade 4 in 36 countries and at grade 8 in 48 countries. The assessment is curriculum based and
measures what students have actually learned against the subject matter that is expected to be taught in the participating countries by the end of grades 4 and 8 . At both grades, TIMSS scores are reported on a scale of 0 to 1,000 , with the scale average fixed at 500. In 2007, the average mathematics scores of U.S. 4th-graders (529) and 8th-graders (508) were higher than the scale average (tables 405 and 406). U.S. 4th-graders scored higher in mathematics, on average, than their counterparts in 23 countries and lower than those in 8 countries (table 405). Average mathematics scores in the other 4 countries were not measurably different from the U.S. average. At grade 8, the average U.S. mathematics score was higher than those of students in 37 countries in 2007 and below the average scores of students in 5 countries (table 406). Average 8th-grade mathematics scores in the other 5 countries were not measurably different from the U.S. average. The average science scores of both U.S. 4thgraders (539) and eighth-graders (520) were higher than the fixed TIMSS scale average of 500 in 2007 (tables 410 and 411). The average U.S. 4th-grade science score was higher than those of students in 25 countries, lower than those of students in 4 countries, and not measurably different from those in the remaining 6 countries (table 410). At grade 8, the average U.S. science score was higher than the average scores of students in 35 of the 47 other countries, lower than those in 9 countries, and not measurably different from those in the other 3 countries (table 411).

In the Program for International Student Assessment (PISA) 2006, U.S. 15-year-old students' average mathematics literacy score of 474 was lower than the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) average of 498 and placed U.S. 15-year-olds in the bottom quarter of participating OECD nations (table 402). Fifteen-year-old students in 23 of the 29 other participating OECD-member countries outperformed their U.S. peers. There was no measurable change in U.S. 15-year-olds' average mathematics literacy score between 2003 and 2006, in its relationship to the OECD average, or in its relative position to the countries whose scores increased or decreased. In PISA 2006, U.S. 15-year-old students' average science literacy score of 489 was lower than the OECD average of 500 and placed U.S. 15-year-olds in the bottom third of participating OECD nations. Fifteen-year-old students in 16 of the 29 other participating OECD-member countries outperformed their U.S. peers in terms of average scores.

## High School Graduates and Dropouts

About 3,329,000 high school students are expected to graduate during the 2008-09 school year (table 103), including about $3,019,000$ public school graduates and 311,000 private school graduates. High school graduates include only recipients of diplomas, not recipients of equivalency credentials. The number of high school graduates projected for 2009-10 is lower than the record-high projec-
tion for 2008-09, but exceeds the high point during the baby boom era in 1975-76, when $3,142,000$ students earned diplomas. In 2006-07, an estimated 73.9 percent of public high school students graduated on time-that is, received a diploma 4 years after beginning their freshman year (table 105).

The number of General Educational Development (GED) credentials issued by the states to GED test passers rose from 330,000 in 1977 to 487,000 in 2000 (table 107). A record number of 648,000 GED credentials were issued in 2001. In 2002, there were revisions to the GED test and to the data reporting procedures. In 2001, test takers were required to successfully complete all five components of the GED or else begin the five-part series again with the new test that was introduced in 2002. Prior to 2002, reporting was based on summary data from the states on the number of GED credentials issued. As of 2002, reporting has been based on individual GED candidate- and test-level records collected by the GED Testing Service. In 2008, about 469,000 passed the GED tests, up from 330,000 in 2002, the first year of the new test series. ${ }^{1}$

The percentage of dropouts among 16- to 24 -year-olds has shown some decreases over the past 20 years. This percentage, known as the status dropout rate, includes all people in the 16- to 24 -year-old age group who are not enrolled in school and who have not completed a high school program, regardless of when they left school. (People who left school but went on to receive a GED credential are not treated as dropouts in this measure.) Between 1988 and 2008, the status dropout rate declined from 12.9 percent to 8.0 percent (table 108). Although the status dropout rate declined for both Blacks and Hispanics during this period, their rates in 2008 ( 9.9 and 18.3 percent, respectively) remained higher than the rate for Whites ( 4.8 percent) in 2008. This measure is based on the civilian noninstitutionalized population, which excludes people in prisons, people in the military, and other people not living in households.

## Educational Technology

The number of computers in public elementary and secondary schools has increased. In 2005, the average public school contained 154 instructional computers, compared with 90 in 1998 (table 425). One important technological advance that has come to classrooms following the introduction of computers has been connections to the Internet. The percentage of instructional rooms with access to the Internet increased from 51 percent in 1998 to 94 percent in 2005 (figure 29). Nearly all schools had access to the Internet in 2005 (table 425).

[^0]
## Postsecondary Education

## College Enrollment

College enrollment was a projected 19.6 million in fall 2009, higher than in any previous year (table 3). College enrollment is expected to continue setting new records from fall 2010 through fall 2018. Between fall 2009 and fall 2018, enrollment is expected to increase by 9 percent. Despite decreases in the size of the traditional college-age population (18 to 24 years old) during the late 1980s and early 1990s, total enrollment increased during this period (tables $7,15,189$, and 204). The traditional college-age population rose 14 percent between 1998 and 2008, which was reflected by an increase of 32 percent in college enrollment. Between 1998 and 2008, the number of full-time students increased by 37 percent, compared to a 24 percent increase in parttime students (table 189). During the same time period, the number of males enrolled increased 29 percent, while the number of females enrolled increased 34 percent.

## Faculty

In fall 2007, degree-granting institutions-defined as postsecondary institutions that grant an associate's or higher degree and are eligible for Title IV federal financial aid programs-employed 1.4 million faculty members, including 0.7 million full-time and 0.7 million part-time faculty (table 245). In addition, degree-granting institutions employed 0.3 million graduate assistants.

## Postsecondary Degrees

During the 2007-08 academic year, postsecondary degrees numbered 750,000 associate's degrees; 1,563,000 bachelor's degrees; 625,000 master's degrees; 91,300 firstprofessional degrees; and 63,700 doctor's degrees (table 268). Between 1997-98 and 2007-08, the number of degrees conferred rose at all levels. The number of associate's degrees was 34 percent higher in 2007-08 than in 1997-98, the number of bachelor's degrees was 32 percent higher, the number of master's degrees was 45 percent higher, the number of first-professional degrees was 16 percent higher, and the number of doctor's degrees was 38 percent higher.

Between 1997-98 and 2007-08, the number of bachelor's degrees awarded to males increased 28 percent, while the number awarded to females increased 35 percent. As a result, females earned 57 percent of all bachelor's degrees in 2007-08, compared with 56 percent in 1997-98. Between 1997-98 and 2007-08, the number of White students earning bachelor's degrees increased 25 percent, compared with the larger increases of 55 percent for Black students, 86 percent for Hispanic students, 52 percent for Asian/Pacific Islander students, and 46 percent for American Indian/Alaska Native students (table 285). In 2007-08, White students earned 72 percent of all bachelor's degrees awarded (vs. 76 percent in 1997-98), Black students earned

10 percent (vs. 8 percent in 1997-98), Hispanic students earned 8 percent (vs. 6 percent in 1997-98), and Asian/ Pacific Islander students earned 7 percent (vs. 6 percent in 1997-98). American Indian/Alaska Native students earned about 1 percent of the degrees in both years.

## Undergraduate Prices

For the 2008-09 academic year, annual prices for undergraduate tuition, room, and board were estimated to be $\$ 12,283$ at public institutions and $\$ 31,233$ at private institutions (table 334). Between 1998-99 and 2008-09, prices for undergraduate tuition, room, and board at public institutions rose 32 percent, and prices at private institutions rose 24 percent, after adjustment for inflation.

## Educational Attainment

The U.S. Census Bureau collects annual statistics on the educational attainment of the population. Between 1999 and 2009, the percentage of the adult population 25 years of age and over who had completed high school rose from 83 percent to 87 percent, and the percentage of adults with a bachelor's degree increased from 25 percent to 30 percent (table 8). High school completers include those people who graduated from high school with a diploma, as well as those who completed high school through equivalency programs. The percentage of young adults (25- to 29 -year-olds) who had completed high school in 2009 was about the same as it was in 1999 ( 89 and 88 percent, respectively). The percentage of young adults who had completed a bachelor's degree increased from 28 percent in 1999 to 31 percent in 2009.

## Education Expenditures

Expenditures for public and private education, from prekindergarten through graduate school (excluding postsecondary schools not awarding associate's or higher degrees), are estimated at $\$ 1.1$ trillion for 2008-09 (table 26). Expenditures of elementary and secondary schools are expected to total $\$ 661$ billion, while those of degree-granting postsecondary institutions are expected to total $\$ 432$ billion. Total expenditures for education are expected to amount to 7.6 percent of the gross domestic product in 2008-09, about 0.7 percentage points higher than in 1998-99.

## Interpreting Statistics

Readers should be aware of the limitations of statistics. These limitations vary with the exact nature of a particular survey. For example, estimates based on a sample of institutions will differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same survey procedures. Standard errors are available for sample survey data appearing in this report. In most cases, standard errors for all items appear in the printed table. In some cases, only standard errors for key items appear in the printed table. Standard errors that do not
appear in the tables are available from NCES upon request. Although some of the surveys conducted by NCES are census or universe surveys (which attempt to collect information from all potential respondents), all surveys are subject to design, reporting, and processing errors and errors due to nonresponse. Differences in sampling, data collection procedures, coverage of target population, timing, phrasing of questions, scope of nonresponse, interviewer training, data processing, coding, and so forth mean that the results from the different sources may not be strictly comparable. More information on survey methodologies can be found in Appendix A: Guide to Sources.

Estimates presented in the text and figures are rounded from original estimates, not from a series of roundings. Percentages in the text are rounded to whole numbers, while ratios and percentage distributions are normally presented to one decimal place, where applicable.

Unless otherwise noted, all data in this report are for the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Unless otherwise noted, all financial data are in current dollars, meaning not adjusted for changes in the purchasing power of the dollar due to inflation. Price indexes for inflation adjustments can be found in table 32.

Common data elements are collected in different ways in different surveys. Since the Digest relies on a number of data sources, there are discrepancies in definitions and data across tables in the volume. For example, several different
surveys collect data on public school enrollment, and while similar, the estimates are not identical. The definitions of racial/ethnic groups also differ across surveys, particularly with respect to persons of two or more races. Individual tables note the definitions used in the given studies.

All statements cited in the text about differences between two or more groups or changes over time were tested for statistical significance and are statistically significant at the . 05 level. Various test procedures were used, depending on the nature of the statement tested. The most commonly used test procedures were $t$ tests, equivalence tests, and linear trend tests. Equivalence tests were used to determine whether two statistics are substantively equivalent or substantively different. This was accomplished by using a hypothesis test to determine whether the confidence interval of the difference between sample estimates is substantively significant (i.e., greater or less than a preset substantively important difference). In most cases involving percentages, a difference of 3.0 was used to determine substantive equivalence or difference. In some comparisons involving only very small percentages, a lower difference was used. In cases involving only relatively large values, a larger difference was used, such as $\$ 1,000$ in the case of annual salaries. Linear trend tests were conducted by evaluating the significance of the slope of a simple regression of the data over time, and a $t$ test comparing the end points.

## GUIDE TO TABULAR PRESENTATION

This section is intended to assist the reader in following the basic structure of the Digest tables and to provide a legend for some of the common symbols and indexes used throughout the book. Unless otherwise noted, all data are for the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Changes in survey instruments sometimes mean that data for specific categories are not available in a consistent manner over the entire reporting period. Because of these survey limitations, data for these specific categories may be noted as included with other categories where applicable.

## Table Components

Title Describes the table content concisely. (Tables may not include data for all years implied in table titles. When this is the case, the title will include the term "Selected years.")

Unit indicator Informs the reader of the measurement unit in the table-"In thousands," "In millions of dollars," etc. Noted below the title unless several units are used, in which case the unit indicators are generally given in the spanner or individual column heads.

Spanner Describes a group of two or more columns.
Column head Describes a specific column.
Stub Describes a row or a group of rows. Each stub row is followed by a number of dots (leaders).

Field The area of the table which contains the data elements.

## Example of Table Structure



Special notes Symbols used to indicate why data do not appear in designated cell.

- Not available.
$\dagger$ Not applicable.
\# Rounds to zero.
! Interpret data with caution.
$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
Footnote Describes a unique circumstance relating to a specific item within the table. Following are two typical examples:

Estimated Based on available information from a subset of the population of interest.
Projected Calculated from a forecasting model based on historical information.

Note Furnishes general information that relates to the entire table.

Source The document or reference from which the data are drawn. This note may also include the organizational unit responsible for preparing the data.

## Descriptive Terms

Measures of central tendency A number that is used to represent the "typical value" of a group of numbers. It is regarded as a measure of "location" or "central tendency" of a group of numbers.

Arithmetic mean (average) is the most commonly used measure of central tendency. It is derived by summing the individual item values of a particular group and dividing that sum by the number of items. This value is often referred to simply as the "mean" or "average."
Median is the measure of central tendency that occupies the middle position in a rank order of values. It generally has the same number of items above it as below it. If there is an even number of items in the group, the median is the average of the middle two items.

Average per capita, or per person, figure represents an average computed for every person in a specified group, or population. It is derived by dividing the total for an item (such as income or expenditures) by the number of persons in the specified population.

Index number A value that provides a means of measuring, summarizing, and communicating the nature of changes that
occur from time to time or from place to place. An index is used to express changes in prices over periods of time, but may also be used to express differences between related subjects at a single point in time.

The Digest most often uses the Consumer Price Index to compare purchasing power over time.

To compute a price index, a base year or period is selected. The base-year price is then designated as the base or reference price to which the prices for other years or periods are related.

A method of expressing the price relationship is:
Index number $=$
$\frac{\text { Price of a set of one or more items for related year }}{\text { Price of the same set of items for base year }} \times 100$
When 100 is subtracted from the index number, the result equals the percent change in price from the base year.

Current and constant dollars are used in a number of tables to express finance data. Unless otherwise noted, all figures are in current dollars, not adjusted for inflation. Constant dollars provide a measure of the impact of inflation on the current dollars.

Current dollar figures reflect actual prices or costs prevailing during the specified year(s).

Constant dollar figures attempt to remove the effects of price changes (inflation) from statistical series reported in dollar terms.

The constant dollar value for an item is derived by dividing the base-year price index (for example, the Consumer Price Index for 1999) by the price index for the year of data to be adjusted and multiplying by the price of item to be adjusted. The result is an adjusted dollar value as it would presumably exist if prices were the same as the base year-in other words, as if the dollar had constant purchasing power. Any changes in the constant dollar amounts would reflect only changes in the real values.

In the 2009 edition of the Digest, the following 23 tables include finance data that are adjusted to school year 2007-08 dollars: tables $27,33,74,78,79,85,172,175$, $176,182,185,186,257,263,334,337,352,355,357$, 362, 364, 366, and 422. Data adjusted to calendar year 2008 dollars appear in tables 20, 384, 393, and 416. Table 373 includes adjustments to fiscal year (FY) 2009 dollars.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information on changes in GED test series and reporting is based on the 2003 edition of Who Passed the GED Tests?, by the GED Testing Service of the American Council on Education, as well as communication with staff of the GED Testing Service.

