2015 Reading Trial Urban District Snapshot Report
Philadelphia - Grade 4 • Public Schools

## Overall Results

- In 2015, the average score of fourth-grade students in Philadelphia was 201. This was lower than the average score of 214 for public school students in large cities.
- The average score for students in Philadelphia in 2015 (201) was not significantly different from their average score in 2013 (200) and in 2009 (195).
- The percentage of students in Philadelphia who performed at or above the NAEP Proficient level was 14 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (14 percent) and in 2009 (11 percent).
- The percentage of students in Philadelphia who performed at or above the NAEP Basic level was 44 percent in 2015. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2013 (44 percent) and in 2009 (39 percent).


## Compare the Average Score in 2015 to Other Districts

In 2015, the average score in Philadelphia (201) was

| Lower Than 14 <br> Districts | Not Significantly Different From <br> Districts | Higher Than <br> District |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Albuquerque <br> Atlanta <br> Austin <br> Boston <br> Charlotte <br> Chicago | Baltimore City <br> Cleveland <br> District of Columbia <br> Duval County (FL) <br> Hillsborough County <br> Houston <br> Jefferson County <br> Miami-Dade | Fresno <br> Los Angeles |
| New York City |  |  |
| San Diego |  |  |

## Results for Student Groups in 2015

|  | Percentage <br> of | Percentage at <br> or above <br> students <br> score | Percentage <br> at |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Reporting Groups |  |  |  |

\# Rounds to zero.
$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the "Information not available" category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches, is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results


Average Scores for District and Large Cities


* Significantly different ( $p<.05$ ) from 2015. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.


## Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2015, Black students had an average score that was 18 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2009 (24 points).
- In 2015, Hispanic students had an average score that was 28 points lower than that for White students. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2009 (28 points).
- In 2015, female students in Philadelphia had an average score that was higher than that for male students by 13 points.
- In 2015, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 14 points lower than that for students who were not eligible. This performance gap was not significantly different from that in 2009 (21 points).

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[^0]:    NOTE: Beginning in 2009, results for charter schools are excluded from the TUDA results if they are not included in the school district's Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) report to the U.S. Department of Education. Statistical comparisons are calculated on the basis of unrounded scale scores or percentages.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), various years, 2009-2015 Reading Assessments.

