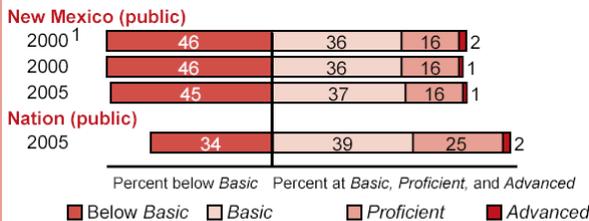


The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) assesses science in two major dimensions: Fields of Science (Earth, Physical, and Life) and Knowing and Doing Science (Conceptual Understanding, Scientific Investigation, and Practical Reasoning). The NAEP science scale ranges from 0 to 300. Scales are created separately for each grade.

Overall Science Results for New Mexico

- In 2005, the average scale score for fourth-grade students in New Mexico was 141. This was not significantly different from their average score in 2000 (140).¹
- New Mexico's average score (141) in 2005 was lower than that of the nation's public schools (149).
- Of the 44 states and one jurisdiction that participated in the 2005 fourth-grade assessment, students' average scale score in New Mexico was higher than those in 2 jurisdictions, not significantly different from those in 5 jurisdictions, and lower than those in 37 jurisdictions.²
- The percentage of students in New Mexico who performed at or above the NAEP *Proficient* level was 18 percent in 2005. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2000 (17 percent).
- The percentage of students in New Mexico who performed at or above the NAEP *Basic* level was 55 percent in 2005. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2000 (54 percent).

Student Percentages at NAEP Achievement Levels



¹ Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.
 NOTE: The NAEP grade 4 science achievement levels correspond to the following scale points: *Below Basic*, 137 or lower; *Basic*, 138–169; *Proficient*, 170–204; *Advanced*, 205 or above.

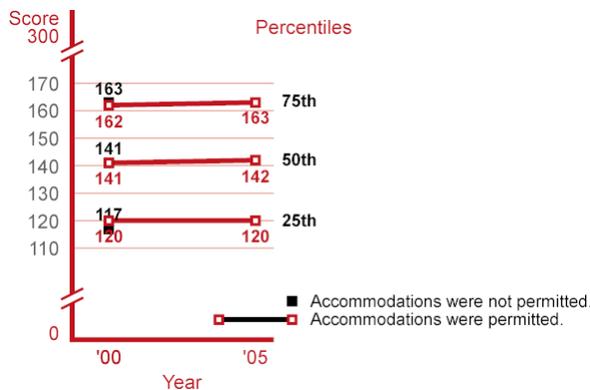
Performance of NAEP Reporting Groups in New Mexico: 2005

Reporting groups	Percent of students	Average score	Percent below <i>Basic</i>	Percent of students at or above <i>Basic</i>	Percent <i>Proficient</i>	Percent <i>Advanced</i>
Male	52	142	44	56	19	2
Female	48	139	46	54	17	1
White	31	160	19	81	37	3
Black	3	136	53	47	9	1
Hispanic	55	132	56	44	10	1
Asian/Pacific Islander	1	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
American Indian/Alaska Native	11	128	64	36	5	#
Eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch	68 [†]	133	55	45	10	#
Not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch	28	159	21	79	36	4

Average Score Gaps Between Selected Groups

- In 2005, male students in New Mexico had an average score that was not significantly different from that of female students. In 2000, there was no significant difference between the average score of male and female students.
- In 2005, Black students had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 25 points. Data are not reported for Black students in 2000, because reporting standards were not met. Therefore, the performance gap results are not reported.
- In 2005, Hispanic students had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 28 points. In 2000, the average score for Hispanic students was lower than that of White students by 25 points.
- In 2005, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of poverty, had an average score that was lower than that of students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch by 27 points. In 2000, the average score for students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch was lower than the score of those not eligible by 26 points.
- In 2005, the score gap between students at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 43 points. In 2000, the score gap between students at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 43 points.

Science Scale Scores at Selected Percentiles



Scores at selected percentiles on the NAEP science scale indicate how well students at lower, middle, and higher levels performed.

The estimate rounds to zero.

‡ Reporting standards not met.

* Significantly different from 2005.

† Significantly higher than 2000. ‡ Significantly lower than 2000.

¹ Comparisons (higher/lower/not different) are based on statistical tests. The .05 level was used for testing statistical significance. Comparisons across jurisdictions and comparisons with the nation or within a jurisdiction across years may be affected by differences in exclusion rates for students with disabilities (SD) and English language learners (ELL). The exclusion rates for SD and ELL in New Mexico were 2 percent and 1 percent in 2005, respectively. Statistical comparisons are calculated on the basis of unrounded scale scores or percentages.

² "Jurisdiction" refers to states and the Department of Defense Education Activity schools.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding and because the "Information not available" category for free/reduced-price school lunch and the "Unclassified" category for race/ethnicity are not displayed. Visit <http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/states/> for additional results and detailed information.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 2000 and 2005 Science Assessments.