The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) assesses reading in two content areas: reading for literary experience and to gain information. The NAEP reading scale ranges from 0 to 500.

## Overall Reading Results for Oregon

- In 2005, the average scale score for fourth-grade students in Oregon was 217 . This was not significantly different from ${ }^{1}$ their average score in 2003 (218), and was higher than their average score in 1998 (212).
- Oregon's average score (217) in 2005 was not significantly different from that of the Nation's public schools (217).
- Of the 52 states and other jurisdictions ${ }^{2}$ that participated in the 2005 fourth-grade assessment, students' average scale scores in Oregon were higher than those in 10 jurisdictions, not significantly different from those in 16 jurisdictions, and lower than those in 25 jurisdictions.
- The percentage of students in Oregon who performed at or above the NAEP Proficient level was 29 percent in 2005. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2003 (31 percent), and was not significantly different from that in 1998 (26 percent).
- The percentage of students in Oregon who performed at or above the NAEP Basic level was 62 percent in 2005. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2003 ( 63 percent), and was not significantly different from that in 1998 (58 percent).

Student Percentage at NAEP Achievement Levels
Oregon (public)

| Oregon ( |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1998{ }^{1}$ | 39 | 33 | 23 | 5 |
| 1998 | 42 | 32 | 21 | 5 |
| 2002 | 34 | 34 | 25 |  |
| 2003 | 37 | 33 | 24 | 7 |
| 2005 | 38 | 33 | 23 | 7 |
| Nation (p |  |  |  |  |
| 2005 | 38 | 33 | 23 | 7 |
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${ }^{1}$ Accommodations were not permitted for this assessment.
NOTE: The NAEP reading achievement levels correspond to the following scale points: Below Basic, 207 or lower; Basic, 208-237; Proficient, 238-267; Advanced, 268 or above.

Performance of NAEP Reporting Groups in Oregon

| Reporting groups | Percent of students | Average score | Percent below Basic | Percent of students at or above Basic Proficient |  | Percent Advanced |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Male | 49 | 213 | 42 | 58 | 26 | 6 |
| Female | 51 | 220 | 34 | 66 | 33 | 8 |
| White | 71 $\downarrow$ | 223 | 31 | 69 | 34 | 8 |
| Black | 4 | 200 | 55 | 45 | 15 | 1 |
| Hispanic | 16 | 194 | 64 | 36 | 10 | 1 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 5 | 220 | 34 | 66 | 35 | 8 |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | 3 | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ |
| Eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch | 39 | 204 | 52 | 48 | 17 | 2 |
| Not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch | 57 | 225 | 28 | 72 | 37 | 9 |

## Average Score Gaps Between Selected Groups

- In 2005, male students in Oregon had an average score that was lower than that of female students by 7 points. In 1998, the average score for male students was lower than that of female students by 8 points.
- In 2005, Black students had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 23 points. In 1998, the average score for Black students was lower than that of White students by 25 points.
- In 2005, Hispanic students had an average score that was lower than that of White students by 29 points. In 1998, the average score for Hispanic students was lower than that of White students by 39 points.
- In 2005, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of poverty, had an average score that was lower than that of students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch by 21 points. This performance gap was narrower than that of 1998 (30 points).
- In 2005, the score gap between students at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 48 points. In 1998, the score gap between students at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 50 points.

Reading Scale Scores at Selected Percentiles


Scores at selected percentiles on the NAEP reading scale indicate how well students at lower, middle, and higher levels of the distribution performed.
\# The estimate rounds to zero.

* Significantly different from 2005.
$\ddagger$ Reporting standards not met.
$\uparrow$ Significantly higher than 2003. $\downarrow$ Significantly lower than 2003.
${ }^{1}$ Comparisons (higher/lower/not different) are based on statistical tests. The . 05 level was used for testing statistical significance. Performance comparisons may be affected by differences in exclusion rates across years for students with disabilities ( $5 \%$ nationally in 2005) and English language learners ( $2 \%$ nationally in 2005 ) in the NAEP samples. Statistical comparisons are calculated on the basis of unrounded scale scores or percentages.
2 "Other Jurisdictions" refers to the District of Columbia and the Department of Defense Education Activity schools.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding and because the "Information not available" category for free/reduced-price lunch and the "Unclassifed" category for race/ethnicity are not displayed. Visit http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/states/ for additional results and detailed information.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), selected years, 1998-2005 Reading Assessments.

