## Overall Results

- In 2011, the average score of eighth-grade students in District of Columbia was 237 . This was lower than the average score of 255 for public school students in large cities.
- The average score for students in District of Columbia in 2011 (237) was not significantly different from their average score in 2009 (240) and in 2002 (240).
- In 2011, the score gap between students in District of Columbia at the 75th percentile and students at the 25th percentile was 59 points. This performance gap was wider than that of 2002 (44 points).
- The percentage of students in District of Columbia who performed at or above the NAEP Proficient level was 15 percent in 2011. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2009 (14 percent) and was greater than that in 2002 (10 percent).
- The percentage of students in District of Columbia who performed at or above the NAEP Basic level was 46 percent in 2011. This percentage was not significantly different from that in 2009 (48 percent) and in 2002 (48 percent).


## Scores at Selected Percentiles



* Significantly different $(p<.05)$ from 2011. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

| Results for Student Groups in 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reporting Groups | Percent of students | Avg. score | Percen at or Basic Pr | entages above Proficient | Percent at <br> Advanced |
| School Race |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 7 | 290 | 94 | 63 | 13 |
| Black | 79 | 231 | 40 | 10 | 1 |
| Hispanic | 12 | 232 | 43 | 14 | 2 |
| Asian | 1 | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | \# | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ |
| Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | \# | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ |
| Two or more races | 1 | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ | $\ddagger$ |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 50 | 229 | 40 | 12 | 1 |
| Female | 50 | 245 | 52 | 19 | 3 |
| National School Lunch Program |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eligible | 71 | 228 | 37 | 8 | \# |
| Not eligible | 29 | 259 | -68 | 34 | 6 |

$$
\text { \# Rounds to zero. } \quad \ddagger \text { Reporting standards not met. }
$$

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding, and because the Information not available category for the National School Lunch Program, which provides free/reduced-price lunches is not displayed. Black includes African American and Hispanic includes Latino. Race categories exclude Hispanic origin.

Achievement-Level Percentages and Average Score Results

| District of Columbia (DCPS) |  | Average Score |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2002 | 52 | 38* | 9* \#* |  | 240 |
| 2003 | 53 | $37^{*}$ | 9*1 |  | 239 |
| 2005 | 55 | 33 | 111 |  | 238 |
| 2007 | 52 | 36* | 11\|1 |  | 241* |
| 2009 | 52 | 34 | 13 \| 2 |  | 240 |
| 2011 | 54 | 31 | 13 \| 2 |  | 237 |
| Large city (public) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2011 | 35 | 42 | 21 | 2 | 255 |
| Nation (public) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2011 | 25 | 43 | 29 | 13 | 264 |
|  | Percent below Basic | cent at Advanc | asic, Profic |  |  |

*Significantly different ( $p<.05$ ) from district's results in 2011. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.
\# Rounds to zero

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Large city (public) includes public schools located in the urbanized areas of cities with populations of 250,000 or more.

## Average Scores for District and Large Cities



* Significantly different ( $p<.05$ ) from 2011. Significance tests were performed using unrounded numbers.

NOTE: Large city (public) includes public schools located in the urbanized areas of cities with populations of 250,000 or more.

## Score Gaps for Student Groups

- In 2011, Black students had an average score that was 58 points lower than White students. Data are not reported for White students in 2002, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2011, Hispanic students had an average score that was 58 points lower than White students. Data are not reported for White students in 2002, because reporting standards were not met.
- In 2011, female students in District of Columbia had an average score that was higher than male students by 16 points. This performance gap was wider than that in 2002 (10 points).
- In 2011, students who were eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch, an indicator of low family income, had an average score that was 32 points lower than students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch. This performance gap was wider than that in 2002 (17 points).

